ANNUAL 2017 REPORT



IN MEMORY OF SHAHEED MOHTARMA BENAZIR BHUTTO





وَيُلْأَوْلُ خُلِّالِيالُوْلُ خُلِيالُوْلُ خُلِيالُوْلُ خُلِيلًا الْمُعَالَىٰ فَا الْمُعَالِينَا الْمُعَالَىٰ فَا الْمُعَالَىٰ فَالْمُعَالَىٰ فَا الْمُعَالَىٰ فَا الْمُعَالِمُ اللَّهُ فَا الْمُعَالَىٰ فَالْمُعَالِمُ فَا الْمُعَالَىٰ فَا الْمُعَالَىٰ فَا الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ فَالْمُعِلَّمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ فَالْمُعِلَّمُ الْمُعَالِمُ فَا الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ فَالْمُعِلَّى الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ فَالْمُعِلَّمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعِلَّمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعِلِمُ الْمُعِلَّمُ الْمُعِمِّ فَالْمُعِلَّمُ الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعِلَّى الْمُعَالِمُ الْمُعَ

And We have sent you not but as a mercy for Al-Alamin.



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Vision & Mission Statements

VISION

Our vision is to be one of the leading Islamic Financial Institution within Modaraba sector by offering Shari'ah compliant solutions for an optimal satisfaction of customers.

MISSION

The basic aim of Sindh Modaraba is to seek Allah's blessing for transformation of our business dealings in accordance with the principles enshrined in the Islamic Shari'ah and to develop an Islamic Institution by implementing Allah's will in the line with the practices of His Prophet (P.B.U.H.) by meeting its stated objectives built on Trust, Integrity, Innovation and good governance for meeting expectation of its stakeholders.

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Mr. Muhammad Bilal Sheikh

Syed Hasan Nagvi

Mr. Muhammad Shahid Murtaza

Mr. Asif Haider Mirza Mr. Kamal Ahmed'

Mr. Muhammad Naimuddin Farooqui

-Chairman

-Non-Executive Director

-Non-Executive Director

-Independent Director

-Independent Director

-Independent Director

-Chief Executive

Shariah Advisor

CFO & Company Secretary

Mr. Zulfigar Ali

Audit Committee

Mr. Muhammad Shahid Murtaza

Mr. Asif Haider Mirza Mr. Kamal Ahmed

-Chairman -Member

-Member

Human Resource Committee

Mr. Muhammad Bilal Sheikh Mr. Muhammad Shahid Murtaza

Mr. Asif Haider Mirza

Mr.Muhammad Naimuddin Faroogui

-Chairman -Member

-Member

-Member

Legal Advisor

Mohsin Tayebaly & Co.

Mufti Zeeshan Abdul Aziz

Nomination Committee

Syed Hasan Naqvi

Mr. Muhammad Bilal Sheikh Mr. Muhammad Shahid Murtaza

Mr. Asif Haider Mirza

-Chairman

-Member -Member

-Member

Share Registrar

Technology Trade (Pvt.) Ltd Dagia House, 241-C Block 2, P.E.C.H.S., Shara-e-Quaideen,

Karachi.

Tel: (92-21) 34391316

Procurement Committee

Syed Hasan Nagvi

Mr. Muhammad Shahid Murtaza

Mr. Asif Haider Mirza

-Chairman

-Member

-Member

Risk Management Committee

Mr. Muhammad Bilal Sheikh

Mr. Muhammad Shahid Murtaza

Mr. Asif Haider Mirza

Mr. Muhammad Naimuddin Faroogui

-Chairman

-Member

-Member

-Member

Registered/Head Office

1st Floor, Imperial Court,

Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed Road,

Karachi.

Tel: (92-21) 35640708-9

Bankers

Sindh Bank Limited-Islamic Banking (Saadat)

Lahore Branch

Escort House No. 28.

Davis Road, Lahore.

Auditors

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman

Chartered Accountants

*Appointed w.e.f 15th August 2017.



On behalf of the Board of Directors of Sindh Modaraba Management Limited, we are presenting the 3rd annual report of Sindh Modaraba together with Audited Accounts for the year ended June 30, 2017.

1. Economy

The financial indicators of the country are showing improving trends with the GDP growth rate at 5.2%, highest in last 10 years. Service and Industrial sectors registered growth of 6% and 5% respectively. The Government has put emphasis on the growth of Agriculture Sector and as a result of continuous monitoring of disbursements of Agri Credit by the Commercial Banks, the SBP has reported meeting the Agri Credit target for the fiscal year 2016-17 by the Commercial Banks.

Inflation has been contained at around 4% while the Rupee has remained stable at about Rs. 105/106 per US\$, though temporarily there has been a glitch when the rupee had touched Rs.108.0/US\$.

All the foregoing factors augur well for the Corporate Sector and hence expected improved utilization of Credit from the Financial Sector.

The political situation appears to have stabilized in the country after the in house change by electing a new Prime Minister. The Stock Market which had fallen to 43,000 levels has bounced back to 45,000 level reflecting business confidence. However, 2018, being an election year, much would depend on the continuation of Government Policies for consolidating and further improving the economic gains. Government would have to focus on improvement of power supply in the country, reduction of current account deficit and improvement of exports which are hurting the economic growth.

2. Operating Results and Business Overview

	(Rupe	es)
Balance Sheet		
	0,000,000	450,000,000
- 1/1/2019 (CONT.) - 1/1/2019 (C	3,671,641	473,134,681
Investment in Ijarah/Diminishing Musharaka 63	1,611,597	458,637,100
Profit & Loss		
Revenue (net of Ijarah asset depreciation) 5	5,107,914	34,633,861
Operating expenses 2	4,123,893	17,232,616
	0,240,620	23,890,309
Net Profit 2	6,286,960	20,743,478
Appropriations		
Profit distribution @ 4.5% (2016: 3.50%)	0,250,000	15,750,000
Statutory Reserve	5,257,392	4,148,696
Earning per Certificate	0.58	0.46

The Modaraba earned net profit of Rs. 26.286 million during the year under review as compared to profit of Rs. 20.743 million earned during period ended June 30, 2016. Financing facilities worth Rs. 342 million were disbursed to reputable customers during the year bringing the total financing portfolio to Rs 632 million. The Management Company provided interest free loan of Rs. 500 million to support the growth of the Modaraba. Exercising tight control over expenses, the operating expenses increased by approx 40% as compared to 60% growth in the revenue. This ratio would be endeavored to be reduced further in the coming periods. Despite increasing portfolio and advancing financial facilities to diversified sectors, we are pleased to report Non-performing loans at zero level.



3. Outlook

The Modaraba will continue its policy of building a high quality financing portfolio while keeping its mandate in mind to finance SMEs. With the availability of liquidity and credit lines the Modaraba is well positioned to capitalize on the opportunities available for the Islamic Finance Institutions in the country. In addition to the credit lines from banks, the management also intends to generate additional funds for future growth of the Modaraba by issuing Shariah compliant instruments, with the approval of the regulators. All efforts will be made to keep the operating cost at sustainable level and non-performing loans at zero level.

4. Profit distribution

The Board of Directors has approved cash dividend @ 4.5% (2016:3.50%) i.e. Re. 0.45 (2016: Re. 0.35) per certificate for the year ended 30th June 2017.

As per Prudential Regulations issued by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan, Modarabas are required to transfer a minimum 20% and maximum 50% post-tax profit to statutory reserves. The Board of Directors has appropriated Rs. 5,257,392/- (20%) towards the Statutory Reserve.

5. External Annual Audit

The financial statements of Modaraba have been audited without any qualification by the auditors namely M/s Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants.

6. Corporate Governance

The Modaraba is required to comply with various requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) contained in Pakistan Stock Exchange Regulations as well as Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013 (Rules) issued by the SECP.

The statutory auditors are also required to issue their review report over the compliance statement of the best practices, which is published with the financial statements.

The Board of Directors has reviewed the CCG and Rules and confirms that:

- The Board has consistently complied with the relevant principles of corporate governance and has identified
 the rules that have not been complied with the period in which such non-compliance continued and the
 reasons for such non-compliance.
- Financial statements, prepared by the management, present fairly the state of affairs, the results of its
 operations, cash flows and change in equity.
- Proper books of account have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- The appointment of chairman and other members of the Board and the terms of their appointment along with the remuneration policy adopted are in the best interests of the Modaraba as well as in line with the best practices.
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable to modarabas in Pakistan, have been followed
 in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed and
 explained.



- . There are no significant doubts upon the Modaraba's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges which are outstanding as on June 30, 2017, except for those disclosed in financial statements.
- The value of Investment in Employees Provident Fund based on financial statements of the Fund as of June 30, 2017 is Rs. 3.35 million.
- Key operating and financial data of last three years is annexed as this is the third year of Modaraba's operations.
- Six Board meetings of the Modaraba Company were held during the year. Attendance of each director is appended hereunder:

No. of Meetings attended			
6			
4			
5			
6			
5			
- *			
6			
1			

Leave of absences were granted to the director who could not attend the meeting.

Four Audit Committee meetings of the Modaraba Company were held during the year under review.
 Attendance of each member is appended hereunder:

Name of Directors	No. of Meetings attende				
Mr. Muhammad Shahid Murtaza	4				
Mr. Muhammad Naimuddin Farooqui	2				
Syed Shahnawaz Nadir Shah	3				
Mr. Moin Mohajir	-				
Mr. Asif Haider Mirza	2				

- The Board has also established Human Resource, Risk Management, Nomination and Procurement Committees as required under the Rules. Only one meeting of Nomination Committee was held during the period under review which was attended by Mr. Muhammad Bilal Sheikh, Mr. Muhammad Shahid Murtaza and Mr. Asif Haider Mirza.
- The pattern of certificate holding is annexed to this report.
- The Directors, CEO, Executives and their spouses and minor children did not carry our any transaction in the certificates of the Modaraba during the year.



7. The Board of Directors

During the year, Government of Sindh appointed Syed Hassan Naqvi as Secretary Finance Department. Accordingly, he has been co-opted as director on the Board of the Modaraba Company in place of Mr. Sohail Khan Rajput. Mr. Moin Mohajir, an independent director and Syed Shahnawaz Nadir Shah also resigned from the Board during FY-2017. Furthermore, Mr. Javed Iqbal also resigned as CEO of the Company. Mr. Muhamad Naimuddin Farooqui, an existing director of the Company, has been appointed as CEO in his place.

The Board wishes to place on record its appreciation for the valuable contributions made by Mr. Sohail Khan Rajput, Syed Shahnawaz Nadir Shah and Mr. Moin Mohajir as directors and Mr. Javed Iqbal as CEO of the Company.

8. Social Responsibility

Corporate social responsibility (CSR) refers to business practices involving initiatives that benefit society. The Modaraba ensures its role of a Responsible Corporate Citizen by adhering to the following principles:

- Conducting business in a socially responsible and ethical manner.
- · Protecting the environment and the safety of people.
- · Supporting human rights; and
- Supporting the communities and cultures with which it works.

The Modaraba is committed to maintain the highest standards of integrity and corporate governance practices in order to maintain excellence in its daily operations, and to build-up confidence in its governance systems.

The Modaraba constantly strives to build trust and demonstrate respect for human dignity and rights in all relationships, including respect for cultures, customs and values of individuals and groups.

9. Credit Rating

JCR-VIS has assigned long term and short term credit rating of A+ and A1 respectively to the Modaraba with a stable outlook.

10. Auditors

On the recommendation of Audit Committee, the Board has approved the reappointment of present auditors M/s Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants, as auditors for the financial year ending June 30, 2018. However, their appointment will be subject to the approval of Registrar Modaraba.

11. Acknowledgment

The Board would like to thank the SECP for its continued guidance and support. It would also like to thank the valued customers of the Modaraba for their continued trust and support. The Board also appreciates dedication and hard work of the employees of the Modaraba.

(On behalf of the Board)

Muhammad Naimuddin Farooqui

Chief Executive Officer

Muhammad Bilal Sheikh Chairman

Karachi

August 16, 2017

ڈائر یکٹرز کی ربورٹ

سندھ مضاربہ نبجین کمیٹڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائر میٹرز کی جانب ہے، ہم سندھ مضاربہ کی تیسری سالانہ رپورٹ بتاریخ 30 جون، <u>2017</u>ء کو ککمل ہونے والے سال کے آڈٹ شدہ اکا ونٹس کے ہمراہ پیش کررہے ہیں۔

(1) معيشت

جی ڈی پی کے 2.5 فیصد شروع نموجو کہ گزشتہ دس سالوں میں سب سے زیادہ ہے کے ساتھ ملک کے مالیاتی اشار ہے بہتری کے رجان کو ظاہر کررہے ہیں خدمات اور صنعتی شعبے میں بالتر تیب 6 فیصد اور 5 فیصد نموظاہر ہوئی۔ گورنمنٹ نے زراعت کے شعبے پر خاص توجہ دی اور کمرشل بینکوں کے زرعی قرضوں کی فراہمی کی مسلسل نگرانی کے سبب اسٹیٹ بینک نے کمرشل بینکوں کے سال 17۔ 2016 کے اہداف کو حاصل کرنے کی آگا ہی دی۔

افراط ذَركو 4 فیصدتک محدود کیا گیا جبکہ روپیہ ڈالر کے مقابلے میں 106/105 پڑتھکم رہا۔ اگر چہ عارضی طور پرخرابی کی وجہ سے روپیہ 108 کی سطح تک بھی پہنچا تھا۔ مندرجہ بالاتمام عضر کارپوریٹ شعبے کے لیے شبت ثابت ہوئے اور مالیاتی شعبے سے قرضوں کے استعال میں بہتری آئی۔

نے وزیراعظم کے اندرونی خاندامتخاب کے باعث ملک کی سیاس صورتحال میں استحکام آیا۔اسٹاک مارکیٹ جو کہ 43000 کی سطح تک گرگئی تھی وہ 45000 کی سطح پرواپس آئی جو کاردباری اعتماد کا مظہر ہے جبکہ سال 2018 امتخابی سال ہونے کی وجہ سے بہت کچھ حکومتی پالیسیوں کے تسلسل اور محاشی کا میابیوں کومزید بہتر بنانے پرمخصر ہیں۔ گورنمنٹ کو ملک میں توانائی کی فراہمی میں بہتری، کرنٹ اکا ؤنٹ خسارے میں کی اور برآ مدات میں اضافہ پر توجہ دینی ہوگی جو کہ محاشی نموکومتا ٹر کر رہی ہیں۔

(2) آيريننگ نتائج اور كاروبار كاجائزه

2046 41220	2047 112 20
30 جون، 2016	2017:09:30
IJ	2
450,000,000	450,000,000
473,134,684	983,671,641
458,637,100	631,611,597
34,633,861	55,107,914
17,232,616	24,123,893
23,890,309	30,240,620
23,090,309	30,240,020
20,743,478	26,286,960
15,750,000	20,250,000
4,148,696	5,257,392
0.46	0.58

ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ

مضار بہ نے گذشتہ سال 30 جون <u>2016</u>ء ختم ہونے والے سال میں 20 اعشار یہ 74 ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں زیرغور سال کے دوران 26 اعشار یہ 28 ملین روپے کمائے۔ سال کے دوران اپنے معزز گا کہوں کو 342 ملین روپے مالیت کے قرضہ جات کی سہولیات فراہم کی گئیں۔ جس نے پورٹ فولیو کی سطح کو 632 ملین تک پہنچادیا۔

مضاربہ کی نمویس مدد کیلئے مینجنٹ کمپنی نے 500 ملین روپے کا بلاسود قرضہ فراہم کیا۔ آمدنی میں 60 فیصداضافہ کے برعکس اخراجات پرسخت قابو کی وجہ سے تقریباً 40 فیصداضافہ ہوا۔ آنے والے وقتوں میں اس تناسب میں مزید کی کی کوشش کی جائے گی۔ پورٹ فولیو میں اضافی اور متنوع شعبوں میں قرضوں کی فراہمی کے باوجود ہم یہ بتانے پرخوثی محسوں کر رہے ہیں کہ نان پر فارمنگ قرضوں کی سطح صفر فیصد ہے۔

(3) اميد منتقبل

مضار بہایں ایم ای کوقر ضوں کی فراہمی کے مینڈیٹ کومبر نظرر کھتے ہوئے اعلیٰ معیار کے فائینشل پورٹ فولیو بنانے کی پالیسی کو جاری رکھے گا۔لیکویڈیٹی اور قرضوں کی سہولیات کے علاوہ پینجنٹ مضار بہ کی نموکیلئے دستیانی کے باعث ،مضار بہاسلا مک فنانس اداروں کومیسر مواقع سے فائدہ اٹھانے کی بہتر پوزیشن میں ہے۔ بینکوں سے قرضوں کی سہولیات کے علاوہ پینجنٹ مضار بہ کی نموکیلئے رکھوں کے بعد شرعی آلات کے اجراع کے ذریعے فنڈ زاکٹھا کرنے کا ارادہ رکھتی ہے آپریٹنگ اخراجات کو قابل برداشت حداور نان پر فارمنگ قرضوں کو صفر فیصد رکھنے کیلئے تمام کا وشیس بروئے کا رلائی جائینگی۔

(4) منافع كي تقسيم

بورة آف دائر كيٹرز نے 30 جون 2017ء كوختم ہونے والے سال كے لئے ديو يغيد في اعشاريد 50 فيصد (31 عشاريد 50 فيصد : 2016) يعنى 45 پيے: 2016) في سرفيفيكيك كا علان كيا ہے۔

سکیوریٹیز اینڈ ایکسیخ کمیشن آف پاکستان کے جاری کردہ پرڈیشیل ریگولیشنز کے مطابق مضاربہ کے لئے لازم ہے کہ وہ بعداز ٹیکس منافع کا کم سے کم 20 فیصد اور زیادہ سے ریادہ 50 فیصد دستوری زخائر لے لیے مختص کرے۔ بورڈ آف دائر یکٹرز نے دستوری ذخائر کے لیے5,257,392 روپے(20 فیصد) مختص کئے ہیں۔

(5) سالانه بيروني آۋك

مضار بہ کے مالیاتی الٹیٹمنٹس کو بغیر کسی کولیفیکیشن کے آڈیٹرز گرانٹ تھورنٹن انجم رحمان، چارٹرڈ ا کا وٹٹینٹس آڈٹ کر چکے ہیں۔

(6) كاربوريث كورننس

مضار بہ کے لیے لازم ہے کہ وہ پاکستان اٹاک ایکیجینج ریگولیشنز میں درج کار پوریٹ گورننس (سی سی جی) اور اس کے ساتھ ساتھ الیں ای بی پی کے جاری کردہ پیلک پیکٹر کمپینیز (کار پوریٹ گورننس) قوانین 2013 کے ضوابط کی پابندی کرے۔

دستوری آڈیٹر کے لیے ضروری ہے کدوہ بہترین طریقوں پڑ مملدر آمد کرنے کے بارے میں اپنی جائزہ رپورٹ بھی دے جو مالیاتی اسیٹمنٹس کے ساتھ شاکع کی جاتی ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرزی سی جی اورقوانین کا جائزہ لے بچے ہیں اورتصدیق کرتے ہیں کہ

- بورهٔ متعلقه اصولوں کی پابندی کر چکا ہے اور جن پرعملدرآ مزہیں ہواان کی شناخت کر چکا ہے اور وہ مدت جس میں عدم عملدرآ مدجاری رہااوران کی وجوہات کیا تھیں۔
 - مینجنٹ کے تیار کردہ مالیاتی المیمنٹس معاملات، آپریش کے نتائج، کیش فلواورا یکوٹی میں ردوبدل کی درست تصویر پیش کرتے ہیں۔
 - مناسب طور سے کھا توں کی بکس رکھی گئی ہے۔
 - مالياتي اليشمنل كى تيارى مين مناسب اكاؤنتنگ پاليسيول كواستعال كيا گيا ہے اور اكاؤنتنگ تخمينوں كى بنياد مناسب اور محفوظ اندازے ہيں۔
 - اندرونی تگرانی نظام کا ڈیزائن مضبوط ہے اوراس کا مؤثر طور پر نفاذ کیا جاچکا ہے اوراس کی مؤثر تگرانی کی جاتی ہیں۔
- چیئر مین اور بورڈ کے دیگرممبران کا بتخاب ان کے انتخاب کی مدت اوران کے مشاہدوں کی پالیسی مضاربہ کے بہترین مفادیس اور بہترین طریقوں کے مطابق ہیں۔

ڈائر یکٹرز کی ربورٹ

- مالیاتی اشیمنش کی تیاری میں مین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ اسٹینڈرڈزجو پاکستان میں مضاربہ پرلاگوں ہوتے ہیں ان پرعملدرآ مدکیا گیااوران پرعملدرآ مدنہ ہونے کی صورت میں ان کومناسب طور برطام کرکیااوراس کی وضاحت کی گئی ہے۔
 - مضاربے ایک جاری رہے والے ادارے کے ہونے کی صلاحیت کے بارے میں کوئی خاص شبہات نہیں ہیں۔
 - 30 جون 2017ء برنیکس، ڈیوٹیوز، لیویز اور چار جز کی مدمین کوئی دستوری ادائیگیاں نہیں ہیں ماسوائے ان کے جو مالیاتی المیٹمنٹس میں ظاہر کیے گئے ہیں۔
 - 30 جون 2017ء تک ملاز مین کے پراویڈینڈ فنڈ زے 3.35 ملین کی سرماییکاری کی گئی ہے۔
 - گذشتة تين سالول كالهم آيريننگ اور مالياتي ديثانسلك بے كيونكه مضارب كي آيريشن كايي تيسراسال ہے۔
 - سال میں مضاربہ کمپنی کے بورڈ کے چھا جلاس ہوئے۔ ہرڈ ائر یکٹری حاضری کی تفصیل درج ذیل ہیں۔

ا تر یکٹرز کے نام	میٹنگز میں حاضری کی تعداد
بناب محمد بلال شيخ	6
سيد حسن نقوى	4
بناب محمرنعيم الدين فاروقي	5
بناب محمد شابد مرتضلي	6
سيدشا ہنواز نادر شاہ	5
جناب معين مبها جر	-
جنابآ صف حيدر مرزا	6
جناب جاويدا قبال (سابق عي اي او)	1

- جو ڈائریکٹر اجلاس میں شرکت نہ کر سکے ان کورخصت دے دی گئی۔
- سال میں مضاربہ مینی کی آ ڈے کمیٹی کے جاراجلاس ہوئے۔ ہر ڈائر بکٹر کی حاضری کی تفصیل درج ذیل ہے۔

میٹنگزیس حاضری کی تعداد	ڈائریکٹرز کے نام
4	جناب محمد شاہد مرتضٰی
2	جناب محم ^{رنع} يم الدين فاروقي
3	سيدشا هنواز ناور شاه
-	جناب معین مهاجر
2	جناب آصف حيدرمرزا

- ، بورڈ ہیوئن ریسورس ،رسک مینجنٹ ، نامزدگی اور پروکیورمنٹ کی کمیٹیوں کوقوا نین کے مطابق قائم کر چکا ہے۔ زیرغور مدت کے دوران صرف نامزدگی کمیٹی کا ایک اجلاس ہوا جس میں جناب محمد بلال شیخ ، جناب محمد شاہد مرتضی اور جناب آصف حیدر مرز اشریک ہوئے۔
 - اس رپورٹ کے ساتھ سریفیکیٹ ہولڈیک کا خاکہ نسلک ہے۔
 - ڈائریکٹرز سی او ایزیکیویٹوز اور ان کے شریک حیات اور ان کے نابالغ بچوں نے سال کے دوران مضاربہ کے شیفیکٹس کا کوئی لین دین نہیں کیا۔

(7) يورۇز آف ۋائر يكثرز

سال کے دوران حکومت سندھ نے سید حسن نقوی کی تقر ری بطور سیریٹری فٹانس ڈیپارٹمنٹ کی اوراس طرح سے ان کو جناب سہیل خان را جیوت کی جگہ بورڈ میں شامل کیا۔ جناب معین مہاجر نے جو کہ آزاد ڈائز کیٹر تھے اور سید شاہنواز نا در شاہ نے مالی سال 2017ء میں استعفاد سے سے علاوہ ازیں جناب جاویدا قبال نے بھی بطور کمپنی کے می ای اور کے استعفاد یا۔ جناب فیم فاروقی جو کہ کمپنی کے موجودہ ڈائز کیٹر ہیں، کوان کی جگہ ہی ای اومقرر کیا گیا۔

بورڈ جناب سہیل خان راجپوت ،سیدشا ہنواز نادر شاہ اور معین مہاجر کی بطور ڈائر کیٹرز اور جناب جاویدا قبال کی بطور گپنی کے سی ای او کے کمپنی کے لیے گرانفذرخد مات کوسرا ہتے ہوئے ریکارڈ برلا نا چاہتا ہے۔

ڈائر یکٹرز کی رپورٹ

(8) ساجی ذمهداری

ادارے کی ساجی ذمہداری (سی ایس آر) سے مرادوہ اقدامات ہیں جومعاشر ہے کوفائدہ پہنچائے۔مضاربدا پنے کردارکوبطور ذمہدارکار پوریٹ شہری کے درج ذیل اصولوں کی بنیاد پر بیٹنی بنا تا ہے۔

- كاروبارساجي طور برذمه داراوراخلاقي طريقے سے اداكرنا۔
 - ماحول كاتحفظ اورلوگون كى حفاظت كرنا_
 - انسانی حقوق کی حمایت کرنا۔
- جن معاشرتی گروہوں اور تہذیب میں کام کرے ان کی مدوکر نا۔

مضاربہ پرعزم ہے کہ وہ سالمیت اور کارپوریٹ گورنس کے اعلیٰ ترین طریقہ کارکو برقر ارر کھتا کہ روز مرہ کے کاروباری معاملات میں اعلیٰ کارکردگی دکھا سکے اور اپنی گورنس (حسن کارکردگی) پراعتاد پیدا کرسکے۔

مضاربه سلسل کوشش کررہاہے کہ اعتماد کو پڑھائے اور تمام تعلقات میں انسانی و قار اور حقوق کا مظاہرہ دکھائے۔بشمول افراد اورگروہوں کی تہذیبوں، رواجوں اور اقدار کا احترام کرے۔

(9) كريدك ريثنك

جے ہی۔ آر۔وی۔ آئی۔ ایس نے مضاربہ کوطویل اور قلیل مدت کے لئے بالتر تیب+ A اور 1 Aریٹنگ تفویض کے ہے۔

(10) آؤیٹرز

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی سفارش پر بورڈ موجودہ آڈیٹر نمیسرز گرانٹ تھورنٹن انجم رحمان، چارٹرڈ اکا ویٹینٹس کی بطور آ ڈیٹرز برائے مالی سال جس کا اختیام 30 جون <u>2018</u>ء کو ہوگا۔ دوبارہ انتخاب کی منظوری دے چکا ہے۔ کیکن ان کا انتخاب رجشر ارمضار یہ کی منظوری ہے۔ شروط ہے۔

(11) اعتراف

بورڈ ایس ای بی کی مسلسل رہنمائی اور حمایت کے لئے شکر بیادا کرنا چاہتا ہے اور وہ مضاربہ کے معزز گا کھوں کا اس پراعثا داور حمایت کرنے کا بھی شکر بیادا کرنا چاہتا ہے۔ بورڈ مضار بہ کے ملاز مین کے خلوص اور سخت محنت کو بھی سراہتا ہے۔

بورڈ کی جانبے

مريال شيخ محمد بلال شيخ چيزمين مرسیم الدین فاروقی چیف ایکزیکیوآفیسر

کراچی 16 اگست 2012



Key Operating and Financial Data

Reserves 33,671,641 23,134,681 9,591,207 20,207	Particulars	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015
Certificate capital Reserves 33,671,641 23,134,681 9,591,201 20,2485 20,000,000 250,000 20,25			Rupees	
Reserves 33,671,641 23,134,681 9,591,203 Total equity 983,671,641 473,134,681 459,591,203 Total Assets 1,028,593,706 515,424,898 478,410,051 Current Assets 468,490,917 77,776,379 324,459,811 Current Liabilities 25,344,941 9,604,892 9,491,875 Total Liabilities 44,922,065 42,290,217 18,818,847 Profit & Loss	Balance Sheet			
Reserves 33,671,641 23,134,681 9,591,207 20,207	Certificate capital	450,000,000	450,000,000	450,000,000
Total equity Total Assets Total Assets Tinancing Portfolio Current Assets Current Liabilities Total Liabilities Total Liabilities Revenue (net of Ijarah asset depreciation) Operating expenses Profit before management fee Net Profit Profit distribution Profit distribution Statutory Reserve Ratios Earning per Certificate P/E Ratio Braken Earning asset to total asset (%) P98.3,671,641 473,134,681 473,134,681 473,134,681 473,134,681 473,134,681 478,410,05 515,424,898 478,410,05 515,424,898 478,410,05 515,424,898 478,410,05 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,898 515,424,989 515,424,981 515,444,941 516,324,861 516,32	Reserves			9,591,203
Financing Portfolio Current Assets Current Assets Current Liabilities Current Assets Current Assets Current Liabilities Current Assets Current Liabilities Current Reserve	Total equity	0.000	12 12	459,591,203
Current Assets 468,490,917 77,776,379 324,459,816 Current Liabilities 25,344,941 9,604,892 9,491,875 Total Liabilities 44,922,065 42,290,217 18,818,845 Profit & Loss Revenue (net of Ijarah asset depreciation) 55,107,914 34,633,861 22,683,644 Operating expenses 24,123,893 17,232,616 4,501,896 Profit before management fee 30,240,620 23,890,309 11,071,200 Net Profit 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,200 Appropriations Profit distribution (%) 4.50% 3.50% 1.60% Profit distribution (%) 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,247 Ratios Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18	Total Assets	1,028,593,706	515,424,898	478,410,050
Current Liabilities 25,344,941 9,604,892 9,491,875 Total Liabilities 44,922,065 42,290,217 18,818,845 Profit & Loss Revenue (net of Ijarah asset depreciation) 55,107,914 34,633,861 22,683,644 Operating expenses 24,123,893 17,232,616 4,501,896 Profit before management fee 30,240,620 23,890,309 11,071,203 Net Profit 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,203 Appropriations Profit distribution (%) 4.50% 3.50% 1.60% Profit distribution (%) 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,245 Ratios Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83% </th <th>Financing Portfolio</th> <th>631,611,597</th> <th>458,637,100</th> <th>163,224,858</th>	Financing Portfolio	631,611,597	458,637,100	163,224,858
Total Liabilities 44,922,065 42,290,217 18,818,84* Profit & Loss Revenue (net of Ijarah asset depreciation) 55,107,914 34,633,861 22,683,644 Operating expenses 24,123,893 17,232,616 4,501,890 23,890,309 11,071,200 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,200 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,200 4,500 4,		468,490,917	77,776,379	324,459,810
Profit & Loss Revenue (net of Ijarah asset depreciation) 55,107,914 34,633,861 22,683,644 Operating expenses 24,123,893 17,232,616 4,501,890 Profit before management fee 30,240,620 23,890,309 11,071,202 Net Profit 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,203 Appropriations Profit distribution (%) 4.50% 3.50% 1.60% Profit distribution 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,244 Ratios Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%		25,344,941	9,604,892	9,491,879
Revenue (net of Ijarah asset depreciation) 55,107,914 34,633,861 22,683,644 Operating expenses 24,123,893 17,232,616 4,501,890 Profit before management fee 30,240,620 23,890,309 11,071,202 Net Profit 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,203 Appropriations 4.50% 3.50% 1.60% Profit distribution (%) 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,247 Ratios 0.58 0.46 0.21 Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 32.80 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Total Liabilities	44,922,065	42,290,217	18,818,847
Operating expenses 24,123,893 17,232,616 4,501,890 Profit before management fee 30,240,620 23,890,309 11,071,203 Net Profit 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,203 Appropriations 4.50% 3.50% 1.60% Profit distribution (%) 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,247 Ratios Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Profit & Loss			
Operating expenses 24,123,893 17,232,616 4,501,890 Profit before management fee 30,240,620 23,890,309 11,071,203 Net Profit 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,203 Appropriations 4.50% 3.50% 1.60% Profit distribution (%) 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,247 Ratios Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Revenue (net of Ijarah asset depreciation)	55,107,914	34.633.861	22.683.644
Profit before management fee 30,240,620 23,890,309 11,071,202 Net Profit 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,203 Appropriations 4.50% 3.50% 1.60% Profit distribution (%) 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,247 Ratios Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%				4,501,890
Net Profit 26,286,960 20,743,478 9,591,203 Appropriations 4.50% 3.50% 1.60% Profit distribution (%) 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,247 Ratios Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Profit before management fee			11,071,202
Profit distribution (%) 4.50% 3.50% 1.60% Profit distribution 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,247 Ratios 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Net Profit	26,286,960	20,743,478	9,591,203
Profit distribution 20,250,000 15,750,000 7,200,000 Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,247 Ratios 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Appropriations			
Statutory Reserve 5,257,392 4,148,696 1,918,247 Ratios 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Profit distribution (%)	4.50%	3.50%	1.60%
Ratios Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Profit distribution	20,250,000	15,750,000	7,200,000
Earning per Certificate 0.58 0.46 0.21 P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Statutory Reserve	5,257,392	4,148,696	1,918,241
P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Ratios			
P/E Ratio 7.87 8.46 32.80 Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Earning per Certificate	0.58	0.46	0.21
Breakup Value 10.75 10.51 10.21 Current ratio 18.48 8.10 34.18 Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%				32.80
Earning asset to total asset (%) 97.24% 97.79% 98.83%	Breakup Value	10.75	10.51	10.21
	Current ratio	18.48	8.10	34.18
Peturn on asset (%) 4 170/ 2 000/		97.24%	97.79%	98.83%
	Return on asset (%)	3.41%	4.17%	2.00%
Return on equity (%) 3.61% 4.45% 2.09%	Return on equity (%)	3.61%	4.45%	2.09%



This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance (CCG) contained in regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange and Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules 2013 (the Rules) for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance for the year ended June 30, 2017.

The Board of Directors of Sindh Modaraba Management Limited - the Modaraba Management Company (the Management Company) is responsible for management of affairs of Sindh Modaraba (the Modaraba). The Management Company has complied with the provisions of the Rules in the following manner:

S.					Tick the			
No.		Provision of the Rule	S	Rule No.	releva	nt box	Remarks	
1.	The independent as defined under	directors meet the crite the Rules.	2(d)	1				
	The Board has the At present the bo	requisite percentage of ard includes :	independent directors.					
	Category	ndependent - M. Shahid Murtaza 31st Oct. 2014						
2.	Independent Directors		3(2)	1		i.		
	Executive Directors	- M. Naimuddin Farooqi	22 nd Sep. 2016					
	Non-Executive Directors	- M. Bilal Sheikh - Syed Hasan Naqvi	31st Oct. 2014 11th Nov. 2016					
3.	The directors have director on more companies sim	3(5)	~		Except one for which exemption granted by SECP			
4.	given in the Annex	thorities have applied the cure in making nominati nembers under the provis	ons of the persons for	3(7)	1			
5.	The chairman of the executive of the C	he board is working sep company.	parately from the chief	4(1)	1			
6.	The chairman has	been elected by the bo	pard of directors.	4(4)	1			
7.	chief executive on	aluated the candidates the basis of the fit and specified by the Commi	5(2)	1				
8.	ensured that ap it throughout th and procedures	has prepared a "Code propriate steps have been been company along with s, including posting the sisindhmodarabaltd.com)	en taken to disseminate its supporting policies	5(4)	/			



S.		Dula	Tick the		
No.	Provision of the Rules	Rule No.	releva	nt box	Remarks
	(b) The Board has set in place adequate systems and controls for the identification and redressal of grievances arising from unethical practices.		•		
9.	The Board has established a system of sound internal control, to ensure compliance with the fundamental principles of probity and propriety; objectivity, integrity and honesty; and relationship with the stakeholder, in the manner prescribed in the Rules.	5(5)	1		
10.	The Board has developed and enforced an appropriate conflict of interest policy to lay down circumstances or considerations when a person may be deemed to have actual or potential conflict of interests, and the procedure for disclosing such interest.	5(5)(b) (ii)	1		
11.	The Board has developed and implemented a policy on anti- corruption to minimize actual or perceived corruption in the company.	5(5)(b) (vi)	/		
12.	(a) The Board has ensured equality of opportunity by establishing open and fair procedures for making appointments and for determining terms and conditions of service.(b) A Committee has been formed to investigating deviations from the company's code of conduct.	5(5)(c) (ii)	/		jih.
13.	The Board has ensured compliance with the law as well as the company's internal rules and procedures relating to public procurement, tender regulations, and purchasing and technical standards, when dealing with suppliers of goods and services, in accordance with the SPPRA Rules.	5(5)(c) (iii)	~		
4.	The Board has developed a vision or mission statement, corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.	5(6)	~		
15.	The Board has quantified the outlay of any action in respect of any service delivered or goods sold by the Company as a public service obligation, and have submitted its request for appropriate compensation to the Government for consideration.	5(8)			N/A
	a) The Board has met at least four times during the year.	6(1)	/		
6.	 b) Written notices of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. 	6(2)	~		
	 The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated. 	6(3)	1		



S. No.	Pro	ules	Rule No.	Tick to	100	Remarks	
17.	The board has monito senior management or		sed the performance of	8	1		
18.	The Board has revie transactions placed bef committee. A party wise the related parties duri	ore it after reco	9	~			
19.	The Board has approve balance sheet as at the well as the financial year statements on the Corr	end of first, se r end and has p	10	~			
20.	All the board members of by the company to apparent and information as spe	rise them of th	11	~			
	in the Rules. (b) The Committees we defining their duties	re provided with , authority and			✓ ✓		<i>y</i> -
	to all the board men	nbers. re chaired by the	e following non-executive		\rightarrow \right		
21.	Audit Committee	Members 2	- M. Shahid Murtaza	12			
	Risk Management Committee	4	- M. Bilal Sheikh				
	Human Resources	es 4 - M. Bilal Sheikh					
	Committee						
	Procurement Committee	3	- Syed Hasan Naqvi				
	Procurement	3	- Syed Hasan Naqvi - Syed Hasan Naqvi				
22.	Procurement Committee Nomination Committee The Board has approve Company Secretary a	d appointment and Chief Intes and condition		13/14	~		Internal Audit function is outsourced to a reputed Chartered Accountant firm.



S.					Tick	the				
No.	Provis	Provision of the Rules		Rule No.	releva	nt box	Remarks			
24.	The directors' report for this with the requirements of the and fully described the sa	ne Companies Act,	2017 and the Rules	17	~	N				
25.	The directors, CEO and the shares of the company of shareholding.	executives do not	18	~						
26.	A formal and transparent packages of individual cannual report of the commendation of each direction.	lirectors has been pany contains crit	19			N/A				
27.	The financial statements by the chief executive and of the board.		20	1						
	The Board has formed a written terms of reference	e, and having the f								B
	Name of Member	Category	background							
00	M. Shahid Murtaza	Independent	Banker				Syed Shahnawaz			
28.	Asif Haider	Independent	Chartered Accountant	21	/	Nadir Shah resigned w.e.f. April 18, 2017				
	Syed Shahnawaz Nadir Shah	Non-Executive Director	Investment Specialist							
	The Chief Executive and C of the audit committee.	hairman of the Boa	rd are not members							
29.	The Board has set up and has an audit charter, duly a worked in accordance	approved by the cor	mmittee, and which	22	~					
30.	The Company has appoint requirements envisaged u	23	~							
31.	The external auditors of the firm and all its partners and Federation of Accountants as applicable in Pakistan.	23(4)	~							
32.	The external auditors have audit services and the auditobserved applicable guid	23(5)	~							
					_					



CERTAIN ADDITIONAL DISCLOSURES REQUIRED UNDER CCG

- All the directors of the Company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including
 appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other
 executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the Board.
- The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may
 materially affect the market price of Modaraba's certificates, was determined and intimated to directors,
 employees and stock exchange.
- Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange.
- The Company has complied with the requirements relating to maintenance of register of persons having inside
 information by designated senior management officer in a timely manner and maintained proper record
 including basis for inclusion or exclusion of names of persons from the said list.

Muhammad Naimuddin Farooqui Chief Executive Officer Muhammad Bilal Sheikh Chairman

Shari'ah Advisor's Report



I have conducted the Shari'ah review of Sindh Modaraba managed by Sindh Modaraba Management Limited for the financial year ended June 30, 2017 in accordance with the requirements of the Shari'ah Compliance and Shari'ah Audit Mechanism for Modarabas issued by SECP and report that except the observations as reported hereunder, in my opinion:

- i. The Modaraba has introduced a mechanism which has strengthened the Shari'ah compliance, in letter and spirit and the systems, procedures and policies adopted by the Modaraba are in line with the Shari'ah principles;
- ii. During the year, the financings were mainly done on Diminishing Musharakah mode.
- iii. The agreement(s) entered into by the Modaraba are Shari'ah compliant and the financing agreement(s) have been executed on the formats as approved by the Religious Board of SECP and all the related conditions have been met;
- iv. To the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, the business transactions undertaken by the Modaraba and all other matters incidental thereto are in conformity with the Shari'ah requirements as well as the requirements of the Prospectus, Islamic Financial Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan and the Shari'ah Compliance and Shari'ah Audit Regulations for Modarabas.
- v. The Modaraba does not have any deposit raising product at the moment, therefore no profit sharing ratios, profits and charging of losses (if any) relating to any deposit raising product apply.
- vi. No earnings that have been realized from the sources or by means prohibited by Shari'ah.

Observation(s)

The Modaraba has a part of its portfolio of assets covered through conventional insurance companies instead
of Shariah Compliant Takaful. It must be converted into Takaful as soon as possible upon the next renewal.

Recommendation(s)

1. It is recommended that the Modaraba completely gets it financial assets covered through Takaful.

Conclusion

In my opinion and to the best of my knowledge and information provided by the Modaraba, I am of the view that during the period overall business activities of the Modaraba are Shariah Compliant.

And Allah knows best.

Mufti Zeeshan Abdul Aziz

Shari'ah Advisor

Sindh Modaraba Dated: 08-08-2017



Auditors' Review Report to the Members on the Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance and Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rule, 2013

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance (the Statement) with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) and Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013 (the Rules) for the year ended June 30, 2017 prepared by the Board of Directors (the Board) of Sindh Modaraba Management Limited (the Management Company) to comply with the respective Listing Regulations of the Pakistan Stock Exchange, where in the Modaraba is listed and the provisions of Public Sector Companies (Corporate Governance) Rules, 2013.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code and the Rules is that of the Board of Modaraba Management Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement reflects the status of the Modaraba's compliance with the provisions of the Code and the Rules and report if it does not as to highlight any non - compliance with the requirements of the Code or the Rules. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Management Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Management Company to comply with the Code and the Rules.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal controls covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Modaraba's corporate governance procedures and risks.

Further, the Code and the Rules require the Modaraba to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board upon recommendation of the audit committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the 'Statement of Compliance' does not appropriately reflect the Modaraba's compliance, in all material respects with the best practices contained in the Code and the Rules as applicable to the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2017.

Date: August 16, 2017

Karachi.

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman Chartered Accountants

Muhammad Shaukat Naseeb Engagement Partner

Independent Auditors' Report to the Certificate Holders

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of the Sindh Modaraba (the Modaraba) as at June 30, 2017 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof (here in after referred to as the 'financial statements'), for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

These financial statements are the Modaraba Company's (Sindh Modaraba Management Company Limited) responsibility who is also responsible to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the Management Company in respect of the Sindh Modaraba, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that:

- in our opinion, proper books of account have been kept by the Modaraba Company in respect of Sindh Modaraba, as required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981;
- (b) in our opinion:
 - (i) the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in agreement with the accounting policies consistently applied;
 - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Modaraba's business; and
 - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects, terms and conditions of the Modaraba;
- in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Modaraba's affairs as at June 30, 2017 and of the profit, comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion, Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Modaraba and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

Date: August 16, 2017

Karachi.

Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman Chartered Accountants

Muhammad Shaukat Naseeb Engagement Partner



BALANCE SHEET

AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

AS AT 30NE 30, 2017			
	Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
ASSETS		(Rup	ees)
Current assets			
Cash and bank balances	4	370,776,004	40,445,905
ljarah rental receivables	5	3,546,890	1,711,015
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	6	17,721,303	9,341,792
Current portion of Diminishing Musharaka	7	76,122,720	25,953,667
Current portion of long term loan	9	324,000	324,000
Total current assets	v	468,490,917	77,776,379
Non-current seeds			
Non - current assets Diminishing Musharaka	7	419,108,369	224,349,085
ljarah assets	8	136,380,508	208,334,348
Long term loan	9	540,000	864,000
Fixed assets - in own use	10	4,073,912	4,101,086
Total non - current assets	10	560,102,789	437,648,519
TOTAL ASSETS		1,028,593,706	515,424,898
LIABILITIES AND EQUITY			
Current liabilities			
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	11	12,029,419	9,598,094
Current portion of customers' security deposit	12	13,258,571	3,030,034
Profit distribution payable	12	56,951	6,798
		25,344,941	9,604,892
Non - current liabilities			
Customers' security deposit	12	19,577,124	32,685,325
The Country of the Section 2017 of the	12		100
TOTAL LIABILITIES		44,922,065	42,290,217
CERTIFICATE HOLDERS' EQUITY			
Certificate capital			
Authorised certificate capital	13	500,000,000	500,000,000
Issued, subscribed, and paid - up certificate capital	13	450,000,000	450,000,000
Reserves	14	33,671,641	23,134,681
Long term loan	15	500,000,000	-
		983,671,641	473,134,681
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY		1,028,593,706	515,424,898
Contingencies and commitments	16		
STAND A POWER SHARE THE STANDARD OF THE PORT OF THE STANDARD O			

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Sindh Modaraba Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive

Director

PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
		(Rupe	ees)
Income from: - Diminishing Musharaka - Ijarah rental - Bank deposits		23,339,004 89,630,101	14,867,889 59,085,026
Gain on disposal of investments		19,607,349	10,259,851 1,280,724
		132,576,454	85,493,490
Administrative and operating expenses Depreciation - Ijarah assets General provision for doubtful receivables	17 8	(24,123,893) (77,468,540) (1,240,021)	(17,232,616) (50,859,629) (1,266,401)
		(102,832,454)	(69,358,646)
		29,744,000	16,134,844
Other income	18	496,620	7,755,465
		30,240,620	23,890,309
Modaraba Management Company's remuneration Sindh sales tax on Management Company's remuneration Workers' welfare fund	19	(3,024,062) (393,129) (536,469)	(2,389,031) (334,464) (423,336)
		(3,953,660)	(3,146,831)
Profit before taxation		26,286,960	20,743,478
Taxation	20	-	-
Profit for the year		26,286,960	20,743,478
Earnings per certificate - basic and diluted	21	0.58	0.46

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Sindh Modaraba Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive

Director



Director

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
	(Rupe	ees)
Profit for the year	26,286,960	20,743,478
Other comprehensive income for the year - items that may be reclassified to profit and loss account - items that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account subsequently	:	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	26,286,960	20,743,478

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Sindh Modaraba Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive

CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017			
	Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
		(Rup	ees)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Profit before taxation		26,286,960	20,743,478
Adjustments for non - cash and other items Depreciation on ljarah assets Depreciation on fixed assets - in own use Amortisation of Intangible assets General provision for doubtful receivables Workers' welfare fund Gain on disposal of ljarah assets Gain on disposal of investments Income on bank deposits Provision for provident fund (employer's contribution) Provision for gratuity Reversal of preliminary expenses	8 17 17	77,468,540 976,451 291,860 1,240,021 536,469 - (19,607,349) 419,835 352,015	50,859,629 660,655 102,158 1,266,401 423,336 (262,933) (1,280,724) (10,259,851) 336,435 (7,189,552)
Working capital changes Increase in advances, prepayments and other receivables Increase in Ijarah rental receivables Increase in Diminishing Musharaka Increase in creditors, accrued and other liabilities Increase in security deposit against Ijarah assets		(6,209,733) (1,845,101) (246,159,132) 1,542,841 150,370 (252,520,755)	34,655,554 (7,922,031) (989,096) (134,348,737) 4,756,206 23,358,357 (115,145,301)
Provident fund contribution paid (employer's contribution) Recovery of loan Net cash used in operations		(419,835) 324,000 (164,651,788)	(336,435) 324,000 (59,758,704)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of Ijarah assets Sale proceeds from disposal of Ijarah assets Purchase of fixed assets-owned Purchase of Intangibles-owned Fixed capital expenditure Income received on bank deposits	8 10.1 10.2 10.3	(5,514,700) - (87,587) (553,550) (600,000) 17,437,571	(224,987,527) 12,069,523 (1,947,587) (525,432) - 13,185,310

Net cash generated from/(used in) investing activities

CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES
Loan from Management Company
Profit distribution

15
500,000,000
(15,699,847)
(7,193,202)

Net cash generated from/(used in) financing activities

484,300,153
(7,193,202)

Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

4 370,776,004

(269,157,619)
309,603,524

40,445,905

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Sindh Modaraba Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive

Director



STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

	Issued,	Reserve					
	subscribed, and paid-up certificate capital	Statutory reserve	Unappropriated profit	Total	Long term loan	Total	
			(Rup	ees)			
Balance as at June 30, 2015	450,000,000	1,918,241	7,672,962	9,591,203	12	459,591,203	
Profit for the year	u.	2	20,743,478	20,743,478		20,743,478	
Other comprehensive income for the period	-				-		
Transfer to statutory reserve	=	4,148,696	(4,148,696)	-			
Tansaction with Certificate Holders Profit distribution for the period ended June 30, 2015 at Re. 0.16 (1.6%) per certificate		-	(7,200,000)	(7,200,000)		7,200,000)	
Balance as at June 30, 2016	450,000,000	6,066,937	17,067,744	23,134,681		473,134,681	
Profit for the year		-	26,286,960	26,286,960		26,286,960	
Other comprehensive income for the period		-	-	-			
Transfer to statutory reserve	-	5,257,392	(5,257,392)	-	_	-	
Loan from Management Company	-	_	_	2	500,000,000	500,000,000	
Tansaction with Certificate Holders Profit distribution for the period ended June 30, 2016 at Re. 0.35 (3.5%) per certificate	e e	-	(15,750,000)	(15,750,000)	-	(15,750,000)	
Balance as at June 30, 2017	450,000,000	11,324,329	22,347,312	33,671,641	500,000,000	983,671,641	

The annexed notes 1 to 31 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Sindh Modaraba Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

Sindh Modaraba (the Modaraba) has been floated under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 and the Rules framed thereunder and is managed by Sindh Modaraba Management Limited (the Management Company), which is a wholly owned subsidiary of Government of Sindh. The registered office of the Modaraba is situated at 1st Floor, Imperial Court, Dr. Ziauddin Ahmed Road, Karachi.

The Modaraba is a perpetual, multi-purpose and multi-dimensional Modaraba and is primarily engaged in providing Shariah compliant financing facilities to credit worthy customers. The Modaraba is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange.

The JCRVIS Credit Rating Company Limited has assigned long term rating of A+ and short term rating of A-1 to the Modaraba. Outlook on the assigned rating is 'Stable'.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan (except for IAS 17) and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 and Prudential Regulations for Modaraba issued by the SECP. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs), International Accounting Standards (IFASs) as notified under the provisions Companies Ordinance, 1984. Wherever the requirements of approved accounting standards differ with requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984, the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980, Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, Islamic Financial Accounting Standards (IFASs) and the directives issued by the SECP, the requirements of later take precedence.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

2.3 Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Modaraba operates. The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupees, which is the Modaraba's functional and presentational currency. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Rupees, unless stated otherwise.

2.4 Use of significant estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. It also requires the management to exercise judgment in application of the Modaraba's accounting policies. The estimates, judgments and associated assumptions are based on the management's experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of revision and future periods if the revision affects both the current and future periods. The areas where various assumptions and estimates are significant to the Modaraba's financial statements or where judgment was exercised in the application of accounting policies are as follows:

- a) estimates of residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods of fixed assets in own use (note 3.3) and ljarah assets (note 3.4);
- b) investments & loans, advances, prepayments and other receivables (note 3.2 and 3.5); and
- provision for taxation (note 3.6).



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

2.5 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the approved accounting standards

2.5.1 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant and adopted by the Modaraba

The Modaraba has adopted the following new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations of IFRSs which became effective during the current year.

Standards, amendments and interpretations	Effective date
IAS 1 'Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 1 Presentation of Financial Statement	s)' January 1, 2016
IAS 16 and IAS 38 'Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortization (Amendments to IAS 16 and IAS 38)'	January 1, 2016
IAS 7 'Disclosure Initiative (Amendments to IAS 7)'	January 1, 2017
IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement'	January 1, 2015

Adoption of the above revisions, amendments and interpretations of the standards have no significant effect on the amounts for the year ended June 30, 2017.

2.5.2 Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective but not relevant to the Modaraba

The other new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the financial year beginning on July 1, 2016 are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Modaraba's financial reporting and operations and are therefore not presented here.

2.5.3 Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards that are relevant but not yet effective and not early adopted by the Modaraba

The following new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation.

Standards, amendments and interpretations	Effective date
IFRS 10 and IAS 28 - Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28)	Postponed
IFRS 2 - Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transaction (Amendements to IFRS 2)	January 1, 2018
IFRS 1 and IAS 28 - Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2014-2016	January 1, 2018
IFRIC 22 - Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration	January 1, 2018
IAS 40 - Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40)	January 1, 2018
IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	January 1, 2019

The Modaraba is in the process of assessing the impact of these Standards, amendments and interpretations to the published standards on the financial statements of the Modaraba.

2.5.4 Standards that are not yet notified by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) for adoption in Pakistan

Following new standards have been issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

IASB effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

IFRS 14 'Regulatory Deferral Accounts'

IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

IFRS 09 'Financial Instruments (revised 2014)'

IFRS 16 'Leases'

January 1, 2016

January 1, 2018

January 1, 2018

January 1, 2019

3 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted and applied in the preparation of these financial statements as set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented unless other wise stated.

3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried in the balance sheet at cost. These include balances with banks in deposit and current accounts and stamps in hand.

3.2 Financial instruments

3.2.1 Financial assets

3.2.1.1 Classification

Financial assets in the scope of IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement", are classified as either financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or available-for-sale financial assets, as appropriate. When financial assets are recognized initially, they are measured at fair value, plus (in the case of investments not at fair value through profit or loss) directly attributable transaction cost. The Modaraba determines the classification of its financial assets after initial recognition and, where allowed and appropriate, re-evaluates this designation at each financial year-end.

a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets classified as held for trading are included in the category 'Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss'. Financial assets are classified as held for trading if they are acquired for the purpose of selling in the near term. Derivatives, if any, are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on investments held for trading are recognized in profit and loss account.

b) Held-to-maturity

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity are classified as held-to maturity when the Modaraba has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. Investments intended to be held for an undefined period are not included in this classification. Other long-term investments, that are intended to be held-to-maturity, are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

This cost is computed as the amount initially recognized minus principal repayments, plus or minus the cumulative amortization, using the effective interest rate method, of a difference between the initially recognized amount and the maturity amount. This calculation includes all fees and charges paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction cost and all other premiums and discounts. For investments carried at amortized cost, gains and losses are recognized in profit and loss account when the investments are derecognized or impaired, as well as, through the amortization process.

c) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. Such assets are carried at amortized cost using the effective interest rate method. Gains and losses are recognized in profit and loss account when the loans and receivables are derecognized or impaired, as well as, through the amortization process.



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d) Available-for-sale

Available-for-sale financial assets are those non derivative financial assets that are designated as available-for-sale or are not classified in any of the three preceding categories. After initial recognition available-for-sale financial assets are measured at fair value with gains and losses being recognized as a separate component of equity until the investment is derecognized or until the investment is determined to be impaired at which time the cumulative gain or loss previously reported in equity is included in the profit and loss account.

The fair value of investments that are actively traded in organized financial markets is determined by reference to quoted market bid price at the close of business on the balance sheet date. For investments where there is no active market, value is determined using valuation technique.

3.2.1.2 Impairment (including provision for potential Ijarah losses and write offs)

The carrying amount of the Modaraba's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment in any asset or group of assets. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the assets is estimated and impairment losses are recognised immediately as an expense in the profit and loss account.

For loans and receivables, a provision for impairment is established when there is objective evidence that the Modaraba will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective profit rate.

Provision for non-performing facilities, if any, is made in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and is charged to the profit and loss account in the current period. Outstanding balances in net investment in Ijarah finance are written off when there is no realistic prospect of recovery.

3.2.2 Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are recognised at the time the Modaraba becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and include creditors, accrued and other liabilities. These are initially recognised at fair values and subsequently stated at amortised cost.

3.2.3 Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised at the time when the Modaraba loses control of the contractual rights that comprise the financial assets. Financial liabilities are derecognised at the time when these are extinguished i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled, or expires. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is taken to the profit and loss account.

3.2.4 Off-setting of financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.3 Fixed assets - In own use

3.3.1 Tangible assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amounts or recognised as separate assets, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the items will flow to the Modaraba and the cost of the items can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance expenses are charged to the profit and loss account as and when incurred.

Depreciation on all fixed assets is charged to income on a straight - line basis in accordance with the specified rates. The useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date. Depreciation is charged on additions from the month the asset is available for use and on disposals upto the month preceding the month of disposal.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the sale proceeds with the carrying amounts. These are recorded in the profit and loss account in the period in which these arise.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

3.3.2 Intangible assets

Intangible assets having a finite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Subsequent costs are included in the assets' carrying amounts or recognised as separate assets, as appropriate, only where it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the assets will flow to the Modaraba and the cost of the items can be measured reliably.

Amortisation is charged to income using the straight line method in accordance with the specified rates. The useful lives and amortisation method are reviewed and adjusted, as appropriate, at each reporting date. Amortisation is charged from the month the asset is available for use while in the case of assets disposed of, it is charged till the month preceding the month of disposal.

Intangible assets having an indefinite useful life are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any,

Gain or loss on disposal of intangible assets, if any, is taken to the profit and loss account in the period in which these arise.

3.3.3 Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress, if any, is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any, and represents expenditure on fixed assets in the course of installation and advances for capital expenditure. Transfers are made to the relevant category of tangible/intangible assets as and when the assets are available for intended use.

3.4 Ijarah assets given to customers under agreement

Assets leased out under Ijarah are recorded as Ijarah assets and are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses (if any). Depreciation is charged to income by applying the straight line method whereby the cost of an asset less salvage value is written off over the lease term, which is considered to be the estimated useful life of the asset.

- Muj`ir (lessors) presents the assets subject to Ijarah in their balance sheet according to the nature of the asset, distinguished from the assets in own use.
- Costs, including depreciation on the assets given on Ijarah, incurred in earning the Ijarah income are recognised as expenses.
- Initial direct costs incurred specifically to earn revenues from Ijarah are recognised as an expense in the profit and loss account in the period in which they are incurred.

3.5 Loans, advances, prepayments and other receivables

These are stated at cost less estimates made for doubtful receivables based on a review of all outstanding amounts at the reporting date. Balances considered bad and irrecoverable are written off when identified.

3.6 Taxation

Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income for the year at the current rates of taxation after taking into account applicable tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. The income of non-trading modarabas is exempt from tax provided that not less than 90% of their profits for the period as reduced by amount transferred to a mandatory reserve as required under the provisions of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980) are distributed to the certificate holders.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet liability method, on all temporary differences arising between the tax bases and carrying amounts of assets and liabilities appearing in the financial statements. Deferred tax liability is recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax asset is recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the future and taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Deferred tax asset and liability is measured at the tax rate that is expected to apply to the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. However, the Modaraba has not recognised any amount in respect of deferred tax in these financial statements as the Modaraba intends to continue availing the tax exemption in future years by distributing at least 90% of its profits to its certificate holders every year.

3.7 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of the Modaraba's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If such an indication exists, the assets' recoverable amounts are estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss. The resulting impairment loss is recognised in the profit and loss account.

3.8 Creditors, accrued and other liabilities

These are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services.

3.9 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Modaraba has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past obligating events, and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates.

Provision is maintained as per the regulatory requirement or 0.5% of the ijarah rental receivables and diminishing musharaka, whichever is higher. Such provision is charged to profit and loss account.

3.10 Staff retirement benefits

The Modaraba operates a provident fund for all eligible employees and equal contributions by the employer and employee to the provident fund are made at the rate of 10% of the basic salaries of employees.

The Modaraba operates a gratuity fund for all eligible employees and provision of gratuity by the employer is made at the rate of 10% of the basic salaries of employees.

3.11 Revenue recognition

For Ijarah arrangements, Ijarah rentals are recognised as income on accrual basis, as and when rentals become due. In case of Ijarah arrangements with staggered rentals, the income is recognised on a straight line basis over the Ijarah term.

- Income in respect of non-performing Ijarah finance is held in suspense account, where necessary, in accordance with the requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas issued by the SECP.
- Documentation charges, front end fees and other Ijarah related income are taken to the profit and loss account on an accrual basis.
- Profit on Diminishing Musharaka arrangements is recognised under the effective mark-up rate method based on the amount outstanding.
- Mark-up / return on deposits / investments is recognised on accrual basis using the effective profit rate method.
- Other income is recognised on an accrual basis.

3.12 Proposed profit distribution to certificate holders and transfers between reserves

Dividends declared and transfers between reserves made subsequent to the reporting date are considered as non-adjusting events and are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which such dividends are declared / transfers are made.

3.13 Earnings per certificate

Basic earnings per certificate is calculated by dividing the profit after taxation for the period by the weighted average number of certificates outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per certificate is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary certificate holders by taking into account the conversion of any dilutive potential ordinary certificates.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

3.14 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in foreign currencies are converted into Pakistani Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing on the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pakistani Rupees at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates are recognised in the profit and loss account.

3.15 Segment reporting

As per IFRS 8: "Operating Segments", segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The Chief Executive Officer has been identified as the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the Modaraba's entire product portfolio and considers the business to have a single operating segment.

The Modaraba's asset allocation decisions are based on a single integrated investment strategy and the Modaraba's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

3.16 Related party transactions

All transactions with related party are priced on arm's length basis. Prices of these transactions are determined on the basis of admissible valuation methods.

3.17 Dividend income

Dividend income is recognised when the Modaraba's right to receive dividend is established.

3.18 Ijarah rental receivable

These are stated at amount recoverable net of provision (if any).

3.19 Compensated absences

The Modaraba makes provision in the financial statements for its liability towards compensated absences based on the leaves accumulated upto the balance sheet date.

		Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
			(Rupo	ees)
4.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Stamp papers in hand		58,250	47,200
	Balances with banks - on deposit accounts - on current accounts	4.1	370,627,330 90,424	40,379,487 19,218
			370,776,004	40,445,905

4.1 This represents balance held with Sindh Bank Limited - Islamic Banking Unit, a related party. This carry profit at the rates ranging from 6.1% per annum. (2016: 6.1% per annum).

		Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
5	IJARAH RENTAL RECEIVABLES		(Rupe	ees)
	ljarah rental receivables - Considered good Less: Provision for ijarah rental receivables	5.1	3,564,714 (17,824)	1,719,613 (8,598)
			3,546,890	1,711,015

5.1 This represents general provision made at the rate of 0.5% (2016: 0.5%) against Ijarah rental receivables.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
6.	ADVANCES, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLES		(Rup	ees)
	Advances Prepayments Accrued income from bank deposits Accrued income from Diminishing Musharaka Other receivables	6.1	11,632,885 1,284,028 2,341,958 2,434,912 27,520 17,721,303	6,143,847 515,251 172,180 2,477,394 33,120 9,341,792

6.1 This includes advance to vendors in respect of acquisition of assets under Diminishing Musharaka arrangement and acquisition of Ijarah assets for onward delivery to lessee (Musta'jir) amounting to Rs. 10,962,000 (June 30, 2016: Rs. Nil) and Rs. Nil (June 30, 2016: Rs. 4,862,700), respectively.

		Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
7.	DIMINISHING MUSHARAKA		(Rupe	ees)
	Receivables- secured Less: Current portion of Diminishing Musharaka	7.1	497,719,687 (76,122,720)	251,560,555 (25,953,667)
	Less: Provision in respect of Diminishing Musharaka	7.2	(2,488,598)	(1,257,803)
	Long term portion of Diminishing Musharaka		419,108,369	224,349,085

- 7.1 This represents the finance provided to Individual and Corporate clients under Diminishing Musharaka arrangements for periods ranging 3 to 20 years (2016: 3 to 20 years) which is secured against mortgage of property, lien on title documents and charge on assets.
- 7.2 This represents general provision made at the rate of 0.5% (2016: 0.5%) on diminishing musharaka receivables.

8. IJARAH ASSETS

			Jt	ine 30, 2017				
		Cost			Depreciation		Net book	
Particulars	Opening balance	Additions/ (Disposals)	Closing balance	Opening balance	Charge for the year	Closing balance	value as at June 30, 2017	Depreciation Rate
				(Rup	ees)			
Plant and machinery	194,470,625	-	194,470,625	33,919,180	55,567,164	89,486,344	104,984,281	33.33%
Vehicles	63,248,000	5,514,700	68,762,700	15,465,097	21,901,376	37,366,473	31,396,227	20-50%
	257,718,625	5,514,700	263,233,325	49,384,277	77,468,540	126,852,817	136,380,508	

			Jt	ine 30, 2016				
Particulars	Cost			Depreciation			Net book	
	Opening balance	Additions/ (Disposals)	Closing balance	Opening balance	Charge/ (Adjustment) for the year	Closing balance	value as at June 30, 2016	Depreciation Rate
	(Rupees)							
Plant and machinery	46,634,838	147,835,787	194,470,625	621,798	33,297,382	33,919,180	160,551,445	33.33%
Vehicles		77,151,740	63,248,000	-	17,562,247	15,465,097	47,782,903	20-50%
	120	(13,903,740)	2	2	(2,097,150)	-	-	
× -	46,634,838	224,987,527	257,718,625	621,798	50,859,629	49,384,277	208,334,348	
	202 73	(13,903,740)	2	_	(2,097,150)			



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

8.1 The Modaraba has entered into Ijarah arrangements for periods ranging 2 to 5 years (2016: 2 to 5 years) against which security deposits were obtained at the time of disbursement (note 12).

		Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
	Contractual contai receivables, lierab escata		(Rup	ees)
	Contractual rental receivables - Ijarah assets Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years		78,029,547 48,240,479	85,566,462 112,822,903
	Total		126,270,026	198,389,365
9.	LONG TERM LOAN			
	Long term loan - considered good Less: current portion of long term loan	9.1	864,000 (324,000)	1,188,000 (324,000)
			540,000	864,000
9.1	This represents car loan provided to Chief Financia by the Board.	l Officer in accordan	ce with the Monetizat	ion Policy approved
10.	FIXED ASSETS - In own use			
	Tangible assets Intangible assets Capital work in progress	10.1 10.2 10.3	2,788,948 684,964 600,000	3,677,812 423,274
			4,073,912	4,101,086

10.1 TANGIBLE ASSETS

			Jı	ine 30, 2017					
Particulars	Cost			Depreciation			Net book		
	Opening balance	Additions	Closing balance	Opening balance	Charge for the year	Closing balance	value as at June 30, 2017	Depreciation Rate	
	(Rupees)								
Furniture and fittings	1,312,935	14,000	1,326,935	100,006	131,756	231,762	1,095,173	10%	
Office Equipment	1,324,474	35,100	1,359,574	214,897	267,244	482,141	877,433	20%	
Vehicles	43,500	-	43,500	12,325	8,700	21,025	22,475	20%	
Computer and accessories	1,677,504	38,487	1,715,991	353,373	568,751	922,124	793,867	33.33%	
	4,358,413	87,587	4,446,000	680,601	976,451	1,657,052	2,788,948		

			Ju	une 30, 2016					
Particulars	Cost			Depreciation			Net book	harana para compressione	
	Opening balance	Additions	Closing balance	Opening balance	Charge for the year	Closing balance	value as at June 30, 2016	Depreciation Rate	
	(Rupees)								
Furniture and fittings	95,017	1,217,918	1,312,935	3,313	96,693	100,006	1,212,929	10%	
Office Equipment	-	1,324,474	1,324,474	-	214,897	214,897	1,109,577	20%	
Vehicles	43,500	7	43,500	3,625	8,700	12,325	31,175	20%	
Computer and accessories	156,084	1,521,420	1,677,504	13,008	340,365	353,373	1,324,131	33.33%	
	294,601	4,063,812	4,358,413	19,946	660,655	680,601	3,677,812		



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

10.2 INTANGIBLE ASSETS

			Jı	une 30, 2017				
		Cost			Amortisation		Net book	. (21) 7794 747 457
Particulars	Opening balance	Additions	Closing balance	Opening balance	Charge for the year	Closing balance	value as at June 30, 2017	Amortisation Rate
				(Rup	ees)			
Software licenses	525,432	553,550	1,078,982	102,158	291,860	394,018	684,964	33.33%
2016	-	525,432	525,432	-	102,158	102,158	423,274	33.33%

		Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
10.3	CAPITAL WORK IN PROGRESS		(Rup	ees)
	Opening Addition Transfer to fixed assets	10.3.1	600,000	-
			600,000	-

10.3.1 This represents fee paid for development of modules of the software of the Modaraba namely "Almanac". Total cost amounts to Rs.800,000 out of which 75% has been paid to the vendor.

		Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
11.	CREDITORS, ACCRUED AND OTHER LIABILITIES		(Rup	ees)
	Management remuneration payable Sindh sales tax payable on management remuneration Creditors Other liabilities Accrued expenses		3,024,062 904,732 138,747 4,345,425 3,616,453 12,029,419	3,496,150 511,603 2,249,264 1,547,760 1,793,317 9,598,094
12.	CUSTOMERS' SECURITY DEPOSIT			
	Security deposit against Ijarah finance less: current portion of long term security deposit		32,835,695 (13,258,571)	32,685,325
	Security deposit against Ijarah finance	12.1	19,577,124	

12.1 This represents amounts received under Ijarah finance repayable / adjustable at the expiry of the arrangement.

13. CERTIFICATE CAPITAL

Number of certificates

June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016			June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
50,000,000	50,000,000	Authorised certificate capital Modaraba certificates of Rs.10 each	_	500,000,000	500,000,000
45,000,000	45,000,000	Issued, subscribed and paid - up certificate capital Modaraba certificates of Rs.10 each fully paid in cash	13.1	450,000,000	450,000,000

13.1 As at June 30, 2017, Sindh Modaraba Management Limited (Management Company and a related party) holds 42,461,000 (2016: 42,847,500) certificates of the Modaraba.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
14.	RESERVES		(Rup	ees)
	Capital Reserve Statutory reserve	14.1	11,324,329	6,066,937
	Revenue Reserve Unappropriated profit		22,347,312	17,067,744
			33,671,641	23,134,681

14.1 Statutory reserve represents profit set aside by the Modaraba to comply with the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas issued by the SECP. These regulations require the Modaraba to transfer not less than 20% and not more than 50% of its profit after tax till such time that reserves equal 100% of the paid up certificate capital. Thereafter, a sum not less than 5% of the after tax profit is to be transferred.

During the year, the Modaraba has transferred an amount of Rs. 5,257,392 (2016: Rs.4,148,696) which represents 20% of the net profit for the year.

June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
(Rup	ees)
500.000.000	2

15. LONG TERM LOAN

This represents interest free loan provided by the Management Company to the Modaraba on 30th day of December 2016. The loan is repayable at the discretion of the Modaraba.

The loan may be ranked sub-ordinated to senior debts in future. The Modaraba has the option to issue equity certificates in future against this loan, subject to necessary regulatory approvals.

16. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

There are no contingencies and commitments at the balance sheet date (2016: Nil).

	Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
17. ADMINISTRATIVE AND OPERATING EXPENSES		(Rup	ees)
Salaries, allowances and other benefits	17.1	15,132,625	10,722,975
Legal and professional charges		1,725,594	1,306,677
Repairs and maintenance		521,654	527,284
Utility services		891,653	696,077
Insurance - owned assets		123,768	73,698
Insurance - Ijarah and Diminishing Musharaka		574,025	248,610
Postage, Courier and Telegraphs		82,098	86,376
Generator Sharing and fuel charges		529,371	549,053
Entertainment		155,093	105,715
Advertisement and Publications		63,900	136,523
Staff Orientation and Training		44,000	14,000
Rent, Rates and Taxes		199,994	99,996
Registration and subscription fee		698,110	535,318
Travelling and conveyance		597,123	367,163
Security services		409,988	341,988
Printing, stationery and photocopy		728,184	365,098
Auditors' remuneration	17.2	193,099	160,151
Depreciation expense - tangible assets		976,451	660,655
Amortisation expense - intangible assets		291,860	102,158
Miscellaneous		185,303	133,101
		24,123,893	17,232,616

17.1 This includes amount of Rs. 419,835 (2016: Rs. 336,435) paid to provident fund and provision for gratuity of Rs. 352,015 (2016: Nil).



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

		Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
17.2	Auditors' remuneration		(Rup	ees)
	Audit fee Half yearly review fee Special certifications Out of pocket expenses		108,000 32,400 32,400 20,299 193,099	91,425 26,500 30,475 11,751
18.	OTHER INCOME Reversal of preliminary expenses Documentation and processing fee Gain on disposal of Ijarah assets Others		424,146	7,189,552 299,480 262,933 3,500
			496,620	7,755,465
19.	MODARABA MANAGEMENT COMPANY'S REMUNERATION		3,024,062	2,389,031

The Modaraba Management Company is entitled to remuneration for services rendered to the Modaraba under the provisions of the Modaraba Companies and Modarabas (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 upto a maximum of 10% per annum of annual profits of the Modaraba computed in the prescribed manner. The remuneration for the year ended June 30, 2017 has been recognised at 10% of the profit for the year before charging such remuneration and taxation.

20. TAXATION

The income of a non-trading modaraba is exempt from income tax provided that it distributes at least 90% of its profits to its certificate holders. As the Management Company of the Modaraba, subsequent to the year end, has approved the required distribution as detailed in note 29, no provision for taxation has been made in these financial statements.

21. EARNINGS PER CERTIFICATE - BASIC AND DILUTED

Basic

Basic earnings per certificate is calculated by dividing the net profit after taxation for the year by the weighted average number of certificates outstanding during the year as follows:

June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
(Rupe	ees)
26,286,960	20,743,478
45,000,000	45,000,000
0.58	0.46
	26,286,960 45,000,000

Diluted

Diluted earnings per certificate has not been presented as the Modaraba does not have any convertible instruments in issue as at June 30, 2017 which would have any effect on the earnings per certificate.

		June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
22.	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES Total number of employees	9	12



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

23. RELATED PARTY BALANCES AND TRANSACTIONS

The Modaraba has related party relationship with the Management Company, its associated companies, Directors and key management personnel i.e. CFO of the Modaraba.

The details of related party transactions and balances as at June 30, 2017 are as follows:

	Note	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
BALANCES AS AT YEAR END		(Rupe	es)
Sindh Bank Limited			
Balance at deposits account Accrued income on balances at deposits account	6	370,627,330 2,341,958	40,379,487 172,180
Accided income on balances at deposits account	0	Water St. Consultant St. Co. Co.	Supposes a sumir record text
		372,969,288	40,551,667
Sindh Modaraba Management Limited			
Management remuneration payable	19	3,024,062	3,496,150
Long term loan	15	500,000,000	
Purchase of fixed assets		-	2,116,225
Others		24,000	
		503,048,062	5,612,375
Key Management Personnel			-
Long term loan	9	864,000	1,188,000
10 -			1,100,000
Sindh Insurance Limited			252 312
Sharing of Expenses payable		218,430	218,430
TRANSACTIONS FOR THE YEAR			
Sindh Bank Limited			
Income from deposits		19,607,349	10,259,851
mosmo nom doposio		10,007,040	10,239,031
Sindh Modaraba Management Limited			
Management Company remuneration	19	3,024,062	2,389,031
Long term loan Purchase of fixed assets	15	500,000,000	
Reversal of preliminary expenses		1.0	2,116,225
reversal of preliminary expenses			(7,189,552)
		503,024,062	(2,684,296)
Sindh Insurance Limited			
Insurance of assets		1,563,001	675,549
Sharing of expenses		436,860	436,860
		1,999,861	1,112,409
Kay Management Personnel			
Key Management Personnel Salaries, allowances and benefits		4,410,383	3,937,339
Same of anomalious and politicity		4,410,303	3,937,338
Sindh Modaraba Employees Provident Fund			
Contribution paid (both employer's and employee's contri	ribution)	843,222	809,498



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

Loans and receivables	Available for sale	Total
-----------------------	--------------------	-------

24. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

ASSETS

Current assets

Cash and bank balances ljarah rental receivables Advances and other receivables Current portion of Diminishing Musharaka Current portion of long term loan

Non-current assets

Long term portion of Diminishing Musharaka Long term loan

886,797,008	0 4 1	886,797,008
419,648,369	-	419,648,369
540,000	-	540,000
419,108,369	72	419,108,369
467,148,639	-	467,148,639
324,000	-	324,000
76,122,720		76,122,720
16,437,275	-	16,437,275
3,546,890	_	3,546,890
370,717,754	2	370,717,754

LIABILITIES Current liabilities

Creditors, accrued and other liabilities Security Deposit Profit distribution payable

At amortised cost	Fair value through profit and loss	Total		
(Rupees)				
12,029,419	-	12,029,419		
12,029,419 32,835,695 56,951	-	12,029,419 32,835,695 56,951		

ASSETS

Current assets

Cash and bank balances Ijarah rental receivables Advances and other receivables Current portion of Diminishing Musharaka Current portion of long term loan

Non-current assets

Long term portion of Diminishing Musharaka Long term loan

June 30, 2016				
Loans and receivables	Available for sale	Total		
(Rupees)				
40,398,705	-	40,398,705		
1,711,015	-	1,711,015		
3,963,841	-	3,963,841		
25,953,667		25,953,667		
324,000		324,000		
72,351,228	7.5	72,351,228		
224,349,085	-	224,349,085		
1,188,000	-	864,000		
225,537,085	40	225,213,085		
297,888,313	Ē.	297,564,313		



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

LIABILITIES
Current liabilities
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities
Security Deposit
Profit distribution payable

At an artist of Fateratus thereats					
At amortised cost	Fair value through profit and loss	Total			
(Rupees)					
9,598,094		9,598,094			
32,685,325					
	- - -	9,598,094 32,685,325 6,798			

25. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The activities of the Modaraba expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors of the Management Company has the overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Modaraba's risk management framework.

25.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or the future cash flows of a financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three types of risks: currency risk, profit rate risk and other price risk.

25.1.1 Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist in foreign currencies. As at June 30, 2017, Modaraba has no financial assets and liabilities in foreign currencies.

25.1.2 Profit rate risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in the market profit rates. The Modaraba has adopted appropriate policies to minimise its exposure to this risk.

25.1.3 Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from profit rate risk or currency risk) whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. As on June 30, 2017, the Modaraba did not hold any instruments which exposed it to price risk.

25.2 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss. The risk generally emanates from balances with banks, Ijarah rentals receivable, Investments and Diminishing Musharaka arrangements, Deposits and Other receivables.

The maximum exposure to credit risk at the end of the reporting period without taking into account any collateral held or other credit enhancement amounts are as follows:

Cash and bank balances ljarah rental receivables Diminishing Musharaka Advances, prepayments and other receivables Long term loan

June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	
(Rupe	es)	
370,717,754	40,398,705	
3,546,890	1,711,015	
495,231,089	250,302,752	
16,437,275	9,341,792	
864,000	1,188,000	
886,797,008	302,942,264	



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

As at June 30, 2017, there were no financial assets which were pledged as collateral for liabilities or contingent liabilities of the Modaraba.

As at June 30, 2017, there were no Financial assets which were past due.

25.2.1 Concentration of credit risk

Concentration of credit risk exists when changes in economic or industry factors affect groups of counterparties whose aggregate credit exposure is significant in relation to the Modarabas total credit exposure. Concentrations of credit risk indicate the relative sensitivity of the Modarabas performance to developments affecting a particular industry.

The Modaraba manages credit risks and its concentration through diversification of activities to avoid undue concentration of risk with individuals, groups or specific industry segments. For this purpose, the Modaraba has established exposure limits for individuals and industrial sectors.

25.2.2 Details of the sector analysis of gross investment portfolio is as follows:

June 30, 2017		June 30,	2016
Rupees	%	Rupees	%
131,399,180	21.64	85,270,013	19.77
91,418,001	15.06	91,467,593	21.20
35,107,624	5.78	65,434,856	15.17
137,703,855	22.68	35,324,770	8.19
12,670,980	2.09	9,983,981	2.31
4,698,219	0.77	6,095,123	1.41
1,247,605	0.21	(4)	-
19,051,734	3.14	*	140
3,782,498	0.62	-	(+)
25,995,747	4.28		-
144,042,291	23.73	137,830,249	31.95
607,117,734	100	431,406,585	100
	Rupees 131,399,180 91,418,001 35,107,624 137,703,855 12,670,980 4,698,219 1,247,605 19,051,734 3,782,498 25,995,747 144,042,291	Rupees % 131,399,180 21.64 91,418,001 15.06 35,107,624 5.78 137,703,855 22.68 12,670,980 2.09 4,698,219 0.77 1,247,605 0.21 19,051,734 3.14 3,782,498 0.62 25,995,747 4.28 144,042,291 23.73	Rupees % Rupees 131,399,180 21.64 85,270,013 91,418,001 15.06 91,467,593 35,107,624 5.78 65,434,856 137,703,855 22.68 35,324,770 12,670,980 2.09 9,983,981 4,698,219 0.77 6,095,123 1,247,605 0.21 - 19,051,734 3.14 - 3,782,498 0.62 - 25,995,747 4.28 - 144,042,291 23.73 137,830,249

25.2.3 Management of credit risk

The Modaraba's policy is to enter into financial contracts in accordance with the internal risk management polices and the requirements of the Prudential Regulations (PRs) for Modarabas issued by the SECP. The Modaraba seeks to manage its credit risk exposure through diversification of its Ijarah and Diminishing Musharka arrangements to avoid undue concentration of risks with individuals or groups of customers in specific locations or businesses.

The credit quality of Modaraba's financial assets with banks is assessed with reference to external credit ratings.

	Rating	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016
Credit risk ratings		(Rupe	ees)
Bank balances - Sindh Bank Llmited	AA/A-1+	370,627,330	40,379,487

25.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Modaraba will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations as they fall due. Liquidity risk arises because of the possibility that the Modaraba will be required to pay its liabilities earlier than expected or will face difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial liabilities as they fall due. The Modaraba's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Modaraba's reputation.



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

The maturity profile of Modaraba's financial assets and liabilities based on the contractual maturities is as follows:

Maturities of assets and liabilities

				June 30, 201	7		
ſ		Profit bearing		N	on-profit bearing	g	
,	Maturity upto 1 year	Maturity after 1 year and upto 5 years	Sub Total	Maturity upto 1 year	Maturity after 1 year and upto 5 years	Sub Total	Total
				Rupees			
Financial assets							
Cash and bank balances	370,717,754	-	370,717,754	-			370,717,754
ljarah rentals receivable				3,546,890		3,546,890	3,546,890
Diminishing Musharaka	76,122,720	419,108,369	495,231,089	•	0	-	495,231,089
Long term loan	-	-	-	324,000	540,000	864,000	864,000
Advances, prepayments and other receivables			7.00	16,437,275		16,437,275	16,437,275
	446,840,474	419,108,369	865,948,843	20,308,165	540,000	20,848,165	886,797,008
Financial liabilities				01/01/01/01/01/01			100000000000000000000000000000000000000
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities	*	*	(#S)	12,029,419		12,029,419	12,029,419
Security deposit	-	-	23	13,258,571	19,577,124	32,835,695	32,835,695
Profit distribution payable	-	-		56,951		56,951	56,951
			*	25,344,941	19,577,124	44,922,065	44,922,065
			J	lune 30, 2016			
		Profit bearing		N	on-profit bearing	3	
	Maturity upto 1 year	Maturity after 1 year and upto 5 years	Sub Total	Maturity upto 1 year	Maturity after 1 year and upto 5 years	Sub Total	Total
				Rupees			
Financial assets							
Cash and bank balances	40,398,705		40,398,705		-		40,398,705
ljarah rentals receivable Diminishing Musharaka	25.953.667	224.349.085	250,302,752	1,711,015		1,711,015	1,711,015
Long term loan	25,955,007	224,349,005	250,302,752	324,000	864,000	1.188.000	250,302,752 1,188,000
Advances, prepayments and other receivables	-		-	3,963,841	-	3,963,841	3,963,841
Section 2 restrictions (Co. 1975) and American Dr. St. and General Co. 1975 (Co. 1986) and Co. 1975	66,352,372	224,349,085	290,701,457	5,998,856	864,000	6,862,856	297,564,313
Financial liabilities							
Creditors, accrued and other liabilities		2.0	2	9,598,094	7.5	9,598,094	9.598.094
Long term loan	20	2		6,798		6,798	6,798
	-	-		9,604,892	100	9,604,892	9,604,892
	-	-		7515555		1.011.000.	7-10-6-

26. CAPITAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board's policy is to maintain a sound capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital, which the Modaraba defines as net profit for the year divided by total Certificate holders' equity. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividend to ordinary certificate holders.

The Modaraba is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

27. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences can arise between carrying values and the fair value estimates.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Modaraba is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

International Financial Reporting Standard (IFRS) 7, 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' requires the Modaraba to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in



FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2017

making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1);
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e., as prices) or indirectly (i.e., derived from prices) (level 2); and
- inputs for the assets or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e., unobservable inputs) (level 3).

As at 30 June 2017, there were no financial instruments which were measured at fair values in the financial statements.

28. SEGMENT INFORMATION

As per IFRS 8: "Operating Segments", segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by the chief operating decision-maker. The Chief Executive Officer has been identified as the chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the Modaraba's entire product portfolio and considers the business to have a single operating segment. The Modaraba's asset allocation decisions are based on a single integrated investment strategy and the Modaraba's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The internal reporting provided to the Chief Executive Officer for the Modaraba's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan.

The Modaraba is domiciled in Pakistan. All of the Modaraba's income is from investments in entities incorporated in Pakistan.

The financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

Revenue from operation from seven major customers of the modarba constitutes 85% (2016: 91% from six major customers) of the total revenue from operations during the year ended 30 June 2017.

29. NON - ADJUSTING EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Board of Directors of the Management Company in their meeting held on August 16, 2017 approved a cash distribution of Rs. 0.45 per certificate. The financial statements of the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2017 do not include the effect of this distribution which will be accounted for in the financial statements of the Modaraba for the year ending June 30, 2018.

30. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

Corresponding figures, wherever necessary, have been reclassified for the purpose of better presentation and comparison.

31. DATE OF AUTHORISATION

These financial statements were authorised for issue on August 16, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

For Sindh Modaraba Management Limited (Management Company)

Chief Executive

Director



PATTERN OF HOLDING OF CERTIFICATES BY THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2017

No. of Contificate Haldon	Certificate	e Holding	Total Certificate Held	
No. of Certificate Holders	From	То	Total Certificate Heid	
100	1	100	622	
492	101	500	246,000	
66	501	1000	65,006	
83	1001	5000	224,011	
16	5001	10000	119,361	
6	10001	15000	71,500	
3	15001	20000	52,500	
2	20001	25000	47,000	
2	25001	30000	52,500	
1	30001	35000	35,000	
2	40001	45000	86,000	
1	45001	50000	46,000	
1	55001	60000	56,500	
1	95001	100000	100,000	
Ĩ.	1335001	1340000	1,337,000	
1	42460001	42465000	42,461,000	
778		_	45,000,000	

Categories of Certificate Holders	No. of Certificate Held	Percentage	
DIRECTORS, CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER, AND THEIR SPOUSE AND MINOR CHILDREN			
MUHAMMAD NAIMUDDIN FAROOQUI MUHAMMAD BILAL SHEIKH	1,000 3,000		
	4,000	0.01	
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKING AND RELATED PARTIES.			
SINDH MODARABA MANAGEMENT LTD.	42,461,000	94.36	
MODARABAS AND MUTUAL FUNDS.			
CDC - TRUSTEE NAFA STOCK FUND	1,337,000	2.97	
OTHERS			
MRA SECURITIES LIMITED - MF	10,000	0.02	
Individual			
Local - Individuals	1,188,000	2.64	
TOTAL	45,000,000	100.00	



NOTICE OF ANNUAL REVIEW MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the 3rd Annual Review Meeting of certificate holders of Sindh Modaraba will be held on 19th October 2017 at 4:00 pm at 602, Progressive Centre, 30-A, Block-6, P.E.C.H.S., Shahrah-e-Faisal, Karachi to review the performance of the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2017 in terms of clause 20 of the Prudential Regulations for Modaraba issued vide Circular number 4/2004 by Registrar Modaraba Companies and Modarabas.

On behalf of the Board

Zulfiqar Ali Company Secretary

Place: Karachi

Date: August 16, 2017

Note:

- 1. The Modaraba Certificate transfer book shall remain closed from October 12, 2017 to October 19, 2017 (both days inclusive) to determine the names of Certificate Holders entitled to receive dividend and to attend the Annual Review Meeting. Transfers received in order at the registrar's office of the Modaraba up to the close of the business on October 11, 2017 will be treated in time for the entitlement of profit distribution and to attend Annual Review Meeting.
- 2. The certificate holders are advised to notify to the registrar of Sindh Modaraba, any change in their addresses.
- 3. CDC certificate holders desiring to attend the meeting are requested to bring their original CNIC, Account, and Participant's ID number, for identification purpose.

اطلاع برائے سالانہ جائزہ اجلاس

بذر بعیر ہذا اطلاع دی جاتی ہے کہ سندھ مضاربہ کے سمر ٹیفکیٹ ہولڈرز کا تیسرا سالانہ جائزہ اجلاس 19اکتوبر2017ء کوسہ پہر 4 بجے کمرہ نمبر 2ءچھٹی منزل، پروگریسیوسینٹر، 130 ہے بلاک نمبر 6، شارع فیصل، کراچی میں منعقد ہوگا جس میں رجٹر ارمضاربہ کے سرکلرنمبر 2004/4 اور پروڈینشل ریگولیشن کے شق 20 کے تحت 30 جون 2017 کوشتم ہونے والے سال میں مضاربہ کی کارکردگی کا جائزہ لیا جائے گا۔

> ذوالفقارعلى سمپنی سیریٹری 16 اگست2017ء کراچی

نوش:

- 1 سرٹیفکیٹسٹرانسفربکس12 اکتوبر2017ء ہے 19 اکتوبر2017ء تک (بشمول دونوں ایام) بندر ہیں گی تا کہ اجلاس میں شرکت اور ڈویڈنڈ کے حقدار کا تعین ہوسکے۔ سرٹیفیکٹ منتقلی کے لیے بروز جمعہ 11 اکتوبر2017ء کو کاروباری اوقات ختم ہونے سے پہلے تک سندھ مضاربہ کے رجسٹرار آفس میں موصول ہونے والی تمام درخواست سالانہ جائزہ اجلاس میں شرکت اور ڈویڈنڈ کی تقسیم کیلئے برونت تصور کی جائیں گی۔
 - 2 سرشیفیك مولدرز سے درخواست بكا اگران كا يدريس ميس كوئى تبديلى موتورجشر اركوآگاه كريں۔
 - 3 سى ڈى تى سرٹيفيك بولڈرز جواجلاس ميں شركت كرنا چاہتے ہيں، اپنے ساتھ اصل شناختى كار ڈ، اكا ؤنٹ اور پارٹيسپينٹ آئى ڈى نمبرلاز مى لائىس

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Islamic Financing Products Offered by Sindh Modaraba

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- Diminishing Musharaka
- · Morabaha
- · Musharaka
- · Salam
- · Istisna