

COMPANY INFORMATION

COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Mr. Tariq Rehman

Mr. Shafiq A. Siddiqi (late) Mr. Haris Noorani (late) Mr. Suhail Mannan

Mr. Javaid Shafiq Siddiqi

Mr. Usman Haq Mr. Pervaiz Shafiq Siddiqi (appointed as on 16-02-2017)

Mr. Salem Rehman

Mr. Ahsan Suhail Mannan

Mr. Awais Noorani (appointed as on 08-02-2017)

Audit Committee

Mr. Usman Haq Mr. Jayaid Shafiq Siddiqi

Mr. Salem Rehman

Mr. Ahsan Suhail Mannan

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Riaz Ahmad

Auditors

A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants, Lahore.

Bankers

Habib Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited Faysal Bank Limited Bank of Punjab NIB Bank Limited

Share Registrar

Corplink (Pvt) Limited Wings Arcade. I-K, Commercial, Model Town, Lahore.

Registered Office

4th Floor, National Tower, 28-Egerton Road, Lahore.

Factory

19-Kilometre, Lahore Sheikhupura Road, Lahore.

BUSINESS ITEMS

Porcelain Insulators

- · Suspension Insulator
- Pin Însulator
- Line Post Insulator
- · Cap and pin Insulator
- Station Post Insulator
- Indoor Switch and Bus Insulator
- Apparatus Insulator
- Insulator for Railway Electrification
- Telephone Insulator
- Low Voltage Insulator
- Dropout Cutout Insulator
- Bushings

Switchgear

- Disconnect Switch upto 145 kv
- Metal Oxide Surge Arresters upto 430 kv (Under License from Siemens Genmany)

Chemical Porcelain

- · Acid Proof Wares and Bricks
- Rasching Ring and Saddles
- Acid Proof Porcelain Pipes and Fitting
- Acid Proof Cement

Special Porcelain

- High Alumina Porcelain
- Lining Special Refractories & Grinding Media



DIRECTORS' REVIEW

Dear Shareholders

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I present Un-audited condensed Interim financial information of the Company for the half year ended December 31, 2016.

Sale for the period under review was driven entirely by the Insulator Division and recorded at Rs. 482.136 Million as compared to sale of Rs. 527.66 Million for the corresponding period. Your company has earned profit after tax of Rs.20.94 million as compared to net loss after tax of Rs. 11.574 million in the same period last year. Turnaround of results is mainly owing to effective management of resources and economies of scale of operations. However company is booking full depreciation of Rs. 21.572 million of tile division for the period under review.

By the grace of Allah and continuous efforts of Management, Company results are showing growth. Operational profit from the Insulator plant is on an upward trajectory and continues to support the overhead burden of the entire company.

Company continues to re-align its vision and strengthen its focus on the Insulator Division and operational results will continue to improve in future -InshAllah.

The key highlights of the six months under review are as under:

Insulator Plant Operation

Demand for the company's Insulators remained strong during the current period, which has resulted in a profit from operation of Rs.56.42 Million in the period as compared to Rs. 26.647 million for the corresponding period last year.

Given the reallocation of resources to the Insulator Division, average monthly production showed a strong improvement from 334 tons to 396 tons against the corresponding period. However, sales for the period decreased from Rs.527.66 Million to Rs. 482.14 Million due to change in sales mix.

Major investment in the energy infrastructure in Pakistan is generating significant demand for Insulators within the country. We foresee that with the current orders in hand and future demand the company will see a significant improvement in the results of the company in the near future.

The Auditors in their report have qualified conclusion on the receivables of the Tile Division. The Management would like to place on record that it is continuously striving to recover these receivables and will continue to make progress.

The Auditors in their report have also emphasized on the matters relating to the current liabilities exceeding its current assets. The Management would like to state that company has shown continuous improvement in the profitability during the last year and in current period and reduced the gap between current liabilities and current assets and expects this gap to reduce substantially by the end of the calendar year.

Tile Plant Operation

Operations were kept suspended as stated above during the period. The decision will be reviewed during second half of FY 2016 - 17 based on availability of the options.

The Management would like to place on record that the results of the period have been prepared for the first time in the new SAP based system.

The directors are thankful to our valued customers, dealers, financial institutions and other stakeholders for their continued trust. The hard work of all employees is recognized and appreciated.

On behalf of board

Tariq Rehman Managing Director

February 28, 2017 Lahore

HALF YEARLY REPORT 2016 | 1

<u>ڈائر یکٹرز کا جائزہ</u>

محتر م حصص يافتـگان!

میں بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزی جانب ہے کمپنی کے غیرنظر خانی شدہ نتائج برائے ششاہی 2016-11 دختمہ پیش کرتا ہوں ، زیرِ جائزہ مدت میں آمدن مکمل طور پر انولیٹر ڈویژن سے حاصل کی گئی۔جو کہ گزشتہ ششاہی میں ہونے والی آمدنی مبلخ 527.66 ملین روپے کے مقابلے میں اس ششاہی کے دوران حاصل ہونے والی آمدنی مبلخ 482.136 ملین روپے تھی۔ آپ کی گئی نے گزشتہ ششاہی کے دوران مبلخ 11.574 ملین روپے خالصاً بعداز نگیس نقصان کے مقابلے میں 20.94 ملین روپے بعداز نگیس منافع کمایا ہے۔ نتائج میں اس شبت تبدیلی کی خاص وجو دسائل اور مالیاتی آپریشن کی بہتر اور مورکور منتجزت ہے۔ تاہم کمپنی نے زیرِ جائزہ مدت میں ٹائل ڈویژن کی انحطاط کی مدمیں 21.572 ملین روپے کی ہے۔

الله تعالى كى مهر پانى اورمبينىمىن كى مسلسل كاوشوں كى بدولت كمپنى اچھے نتائج غا ہر كر رہى ہے۔انسوليٹر پلانٹ كا آپريشنل منافع كمپنى كے تمام اضافى يوجيكوا شانے ميں لگا تاريد دكر تاريا ہے۔

سمیٹی اپنے نصور کےمطابق اپنی تمام تر توجہ انسولیٹرڈویشن پر مرکوز کیے ہوئے ہے اور آپریشنل نتائج مستقبل میں مزید بہتر ہوں گے انشاءاللہ۔

گزشته 6ماه کے نتائج کی اہم جھلکیاں مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

انسوليٹر بلانٹ آپریشن:

گزشتہ 6ماہ کے دوران کمیٹی کے انسولیٹر کی طلب مضبوط رہی۔ جس کی وجہ سے گزشتہ برس ای عرصہ کے دوران پیداواری منافع 26.647 ملین سے بڑھ کراس ششاہی میں 56.42 ملین روپے رہا۔ انسولیٹر ڈویژن کے وسائل کی از سرنوع تعیناتی سے اوسط ماہانہ پیداوار گزشتہ برس ای عرصہ کے دوران 334 ٹن سے بڑھ کر 396 ٹن ہو گئی۔ تاہم گزشتہ برس اس عرصہ میں سیل 527.66 ملین روپے سے کم ہوکراس ششاہی میں 482.14 ملین روپے رہی۔ اس کی کی وجیسل کمس میں تبدیل ہے۔

پاکستان میں تو انائی کے بنیادی ڈھانچے پر بڑے پیانے پرسر ماریکاری سے ملک کے اندرانسولیٹر کی واضح طلب پیدا ہورہی ہے۔انتظامیہ ستقبل میں موجودہ آرڈراور مستقبل کی طلب میں اہم اضافہ کی چیش میٹی کرتی ہے اوراس مستقبل قریب میں کمپنی کے مالیاتی نتائج میں واضح بہتری آنے کا امکان ہے۔

آ ڈیٹرز نے ٹاکل ڈویژن کی وصولیوں پراپئی کوالیفائیڈر پورٹ جاری کی ہے۔ منیجنٹ اس چیز کوریکارڈ پر رکھنا جا ہتی ہے کدوہ ان قابل وصول رقو م کی وصولی کے لیے سلسل کوشاں ہے اوراس مللے میں بیش رونت جاری رکھے گی۔

<u>ٹائل بلانٹ آپریش:</u>

اویربیان کرده مدت کے دوران ٹاکل پلانٹ آپریشنز کو عطل رکھا گیا تھا۔ مالی سال 2017-2016 کے دوسر نصف کے دوران موجودہ آپشنز کو میر نظرر کھتے ہوئے اس فیصلہ یزنظر ٹانی کی جائے گی۔

مینجبند اس بات کوریکارڈ پرلانا چاہتی ہے کہ اس مدت کے نتائج کہلی مرتبہ نئے سیپ سٹم (SAP SYSTEM) میں تیار کیے جارہے ہیں۔ ڈائز میکٹرزا پے معزز کسٹمرز اڈیلرز امالیاتی اداروں اور دیگر حصد داروں کے لگا تاراعتا دیران کے مشکور ہیں۔ ابتظامیہ نے تمام ملاز مین کی محنت کوشلیم کیا ورتعریف کی -

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر کی جانب سے

ر مان، چيف ايگزيكٽو طارق رحمان، چيف ايگزيکٽو

28-02-2017

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed interim balance sheet of EMCO Industries Limited (here-in-after referred to as the "Company")as at December 31, 2016 and the related condensed interim profit and loss account, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim cash flow statement and condensed interim statement of changes in equity and notes to the accounts for the half year then ended (here-in-after referred to as the "interim financial information"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on our review. The figures of the condensed interim profit and loss account and condensed interim statement of comprehensive income for the quarters ended December 31, 2016 and 2015 have not been reviewed, as we are required to review only the cumulative figures for the half year ended December 31, 2016.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Basis for Qualified Conclusion

Included in trade debts - unsecured is an amount of Rs 89.366 million in relation to the sale of tiles which are long outstanding. As at reporting date, general provision against doubtful receivables amounts to Rs 34.432 million. The management considers that the provision of Rs 34.432 million is sufficient and considers that the company has a high chance of recovering the remaining amount owing by the customers. We were unable to ascertain the extent of recoverability of Rs 54.934 million through our review procedures. As a result we were unable to determine whether any adjustments would be required in provision against doubtful debts and related elements making up profit or loss account, statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and cash flows.

Qualified Conclusion

Based on our review, except for the effects of the matter described in the preceding paragraph, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial information as of and for the half year ended December 31, 2016 is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting.

Emphasis of matter

We draw attention to note 1.2 to the interim financial information which indicates that the current liabilities of the company have exceeded its current assets by Rs 206.696 million and the reserves of the company have been significantly depleted. Further, the company has shut down its tile manufacturing unit since January 2014. These factors, along with other matters as set forth in note 1.2 indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. Our report is not qualified in respect of this matter.

Other matter

The condensed interim financial information for the half year ended December 31, 2015 and financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016 were reviewed and audited by another firm of Chartered Accountants who expressed an unmodified conclusion and opinion thereon vide their reports dated February 29, 2016 and September 22, 2016, respectively. However, their reports contained an emphasis of matter paragraph with regard to going concern assumption.

A.F. Ferguson & Co. Chartered Accountants LAHORE, February 28, 2017 (Engagement Partner: Asad Aleem Mirza)

CONDENSED INTERIM BALANCE SHEET

	Note	Un-audited December 31, 2016 Rupees	Audited June 30, 2016 Rupees
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			_
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorized capital 40,000,000 (June 30, 2016: 40,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each		400,000,000	400,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital 35,000,000 (June 30, 2016: 35,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Reserves Sponsors' loan Accumulated loss		350,000,000 129,898,526 115,708,828 (543,973,290) 51,634,064	350,000,000 129,898,526 115,708,828 (574,299,548) 21,307,806
SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		737,016,739	746,402,897
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term financing Deferred liabilities Deferred taxation	6	228,353,034 25,887,484 92,301,608	238,885,384 34,854,948 90,885,492
		346,542,126	364,625,824
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables Accrued finance cost Short term borrowings Current portion of non-current liabilities	7 6	277,247,625 182,772,763 666,830,073 52,115,233	263,745,534 171,091,408 645,460,193 62,566,631
		1,178,965,694	1,142,863,766
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	8	-	
		2,314,158,623	2,275,200,293
ml 1 . 4 . 40 f 1 . f .	1 . 1	1	. 1

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

Lahore February 28, 2017 



AS AT DECEMBER 31, 2016

	Note	Un-audited December 31, 2016 Rupees	Audited June 30, 2016 Rupees
ASSETS			_
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Intangible assets Long term loans Long term deposits	9	1,337,385,608 2,541,617 1,690,768 271,163	1,348,691,088 2,675,387 1,882,771 271,163
		1,341,889,156	1,353,520,409
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores and spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts		109,253,735 386,680,849 354,153,248	107,266,583 381,895,545 292,246,677
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Income tax refundable from the Government Cash and bank balances		57,808,484 62,184,873 2,188,278	58,506,225 72,908,786 8,856,068
		972,269,467	921,679,884
		2,314,158,623	2,275,200,293

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

(Ahsan Suhail Mannan) Director

HALF YEARLY REPORT 2016 $\mid 5$

CONDENSED INTERIM PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE QUARTER AND HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UN-AUDITED)

	Un-audited Quarter Ended		Un-au Half Yea	idited ar Ended
Note	December 31, 2016 Rupees	December 31, 2015 Rupees	December 31, 2016 Rupees	December 31, 2015 Rupees
Sales	280,200,819	258,310,341	482,136,135	527,655,578
Cost of sales 10	(216, 264, 588)	(231,063,971)	(373,933,655)	(455,897,800)
Gross profit	63,936,231	27,246,370	108,202,480	71,757,778
Administrative expenses	(11,733,728)	(11,531,323)	(25,703,999)	(24,919,720)
Selling and distribution expenses	(18,182,598)	(6,910,538)	(26,078,122)	(20,190,703)
	(29,916,326)	(18,441,861)	(51,782,121)	(45,110,423)
Operating profit	34,019,905	8,804,509	56,420,359	26,647,355
Other income Other operating expenses Finance cost	2,847,084 (1,030,399) (15,475,386)	5,534,184 (297,500) (20,857,799)	2,967,386 (1,430,399) (30,779,770)	6,053,273 (663,729) (41,301,067)
Profit / (loss) before taxation	20,361,204	(6,816,606)	27,177,576	(9,264,168)
Taxation	(4,218,122)	383,145	(6,237,477)	(2,310,307)
Profit / (loss) for the period	16,143,082	(6,433,461)	20,940,099	(11,574,475)
Earnings / (loss) per share - Basic and Diluted (Rupees) 11	0.46	(0.18)	0.60	(0.33)

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

Lahore February 28, 2017 Tang, Zam... (Tariq Rehman) Chief Executive

(Ahsan Suhail Mannan) Director



CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE QUARTER AND HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UN-AUDITED)

(udited er ended		udited ar ended
Note	December 31, 2016 Rupees	December 31, 2015 Rupees	December 31, 2016 Rupees	December 31, 2015 Rupees
Profit / (loss) for the period	16,143,082	(6,433,461)	20,940,099	(11,574,475)
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income/ (loss) for the period	16,143,082	(6,433,461)	20,940,099	(11,574,475)

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

Lahore February 28, 2017 Tang, Kam... (Tariq Rehman) Chief Executive

(Ahsan Suhail Mannan) Director

HALF YEARLY REPORT 2016 $\mid 7 \mid$

CONDENSED INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT

FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2 016 (UN-AUDITED)

Un-audited half year ended December 31,

		Decen	nber 31,
No	te	2016 Rupees	2015 Rupees
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations Finance cost paid Gratuity paid Payments against discontinued provident fund Income tax refunded / (paid) - net	13	29,853,950 (16,385,110) (1,102,660) (134,945) 5,902,552	98,567,355 (38,417,569) (4,096,304) (1,196,936) (34,232,087)
Net cash generated from operating activities		18,133,787	20,624,459
Cash flows from investing activities			
Fixed capital expenditure Intangible assets Long term loans Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipmen	nt	(23,003,245) 192,003 260,000	(9,904,336) (1,762,827) 429,262
Net cash used in investing activities		(22,551,242)	(11,237,901)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Long term financing from related parties - net Long term financing from banking companies - net Lease rentals paid Short term loan from related parties - net Short term borrowings from banking companies - net		1,400,000 (25,020,215) 65,305,795 (43,935,915)	1,000,000 (22,767,581) (800,000) 22,934,810 (11,346,060)
Net cash used in financing activities		(2,250,335)	(10,978,831)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the period		(6,667,790) 8,856,068	(1,592,273) 6,699,210
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period		2,188,278	5,106,937
m 1	, =	1	. 1. 0

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

Lahore February 28, 2017 (Ahsan Suhail Mannan) Director



CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UN-AUDITED)

	Ordinary Share Capital Rupees	Rese Share Premium Rupees	General Reserve Rupees	Sponsors' Loan Rupees	Accumulated Loss Rupees	Total Rupees
Balance as on July 01, 2015	350,000,000	39,898,526	90,000,000	115,708,828	(623,934,633)	(28,327,279)
Net loss for the period Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	(11,574,475)	(11,574,475)
Total comprehensive loss for the period Incremental depreciation for the period on surplus on revaluati	e on	-	-	-	(11,574,475)	(11,574,475)
of property, plant and equipm net of deferred tax Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company recognised		-	-	-	9,661,956	9,661,956
directly in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as on December 31, 2015	350,000,000	39,898,526	90,000,000	115,708,828	(625,847,152)	(30,239,798)
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive	-	-	-	-	38,796,934	38,796,934
income for the period Total comprehensive loss	-	-	-	-	366,892	366,892
for the period Incremental depreciation for the	-	-	-	-	39,163,826	39,163,826
period on surplus on revaluati of property, plant and equipm net of deferred tax Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company recognised	on	-	-	-	12,383,778	12,383,778
directly in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as on June 30, 2016	350,000,000	39,898,526	90,000,000	115,708,828	(574,299,548)	21,307,806
Net profit for the period Other comprehensive income for the period	-	-	-	-	20,940,099	20,940,099
Total comprehensive loss for the period	-	-	-	-	20,940,099	20,940,099
Incremental depreciation for the period on surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment net of deferred tax Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company recognised	on	-	-	-	9,386,159	9,386,159
directly in equity	-	-	-	-	-	-
Balance as on December 31, 2016	350,000,000	39,898,526	90,000,000	115,708,828	(543,973,290)	51,634,064

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of this condensed interim financial information.

Lahore February 28, 2017

Director

HALF YEARLY REPORT $2016 \mid 9$

SELECTED NOTES TO CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

FOR THE QUARTER AND HALF YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2016 (UN-AUDITED)

1. The Company and its operations

1.1 EMCO Industries Limited ("the Company") is incorporated in Pakistan and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company was incorporated as a Joint Stock Company in Pakistan under the Companies Act, 1913, (now the Companies Ordinance, 1984) as a private limited company on August 17, 1954 by the name of Electric Equipment Manufacturing Company (Private) Limited. Later, it was converted into a public company on August 20, 1983 and its name was changed to EMCO Industries Limited on September 12, 1983. The Company was listed on the stock exchanges on December 29, 1983. Its registered office is situated at 4th Floor, National Tower, 28 Egerton Road, Lahore. The manufacturing facility is situated at 19-Kilometer, Lahore Sheikhupura road, Lahore.

The Company is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of high / low tension electrical porcelain insulators, switchgear and ceramic tiles.

1.2 Going concern assumption

As at the reporting date, the current liabilities of the Company have exceeded its current assets by Rs 206.696 million (June 30, 2016: Rs 221.184 million) and the reserves of the Company have been significantly depleted. The Company has shut down its tile manufacturing unit since January 2014. The Company has not been able to meet obligations towards its lenders, including repayment of principal and markup thereon in respect of its borrowings. These conditions raise significant doubts on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The management of the Company however, is continuously engaged with its lenders for restructuring of its borrowings. Subsequent to the period end, National Bank of Pakistan has offered, which the Company has accepted, to restructure its short term borrowings aggregating to Rs 116.250 million on terms mentioned in note 7.1. The Company is also enjoying continued support from its sponsors and related parties. During the year the Company received Rs 65 million from ICC (Private) Limited, a related party on terms mentioned in note 7.2.

The above plan is expected to be augmented by other actions of the management of the Company which include improving operational results through high volume of sales and reduction in operating costs. As a result the Company earned profit during the last year and the current period.

The condensed interim financial information has been prepared on a going concern basis based on the management's expectations that:

- the Company will be able to obtain relaxation from its lenders as highlighted above; and
 the Company will be able to sustain satisfactory level of profitability.
- The condensed interim financial information consequently, does not include any adjustment relating to the realisation of its assets and liquidation of liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2. Basis of preparation

This condensed interim financial information is un-audited and is being submitted to the members in accordance with section 245 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. It has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard (IAS)



34 - 'Interim Financial Reporting' and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case where requirements differ, the provisions of or directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 have been followed. The figures for the half year ended December 31, 2016 have, however, been subjected to limited scope review by the auditors as required by the Code of Corporate Governance. This condensed interim financial information does not include all the information required for annual financial statements and therefore, should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016.

- 3. Significant accounting policies
- 3.1 The accounting policies adopted for the preparation of this condensed interim financial information are the same as those applied in the preparation of preceding annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2016.
- 3.2 Initial application of standards, amendments or an interpretation to existing standards. The following amendments to existing standards have been published that are applicable to the Company's financial statements covering annual periods, beginning on or after the following dates:
- 3.2.1 Amendments to published standards effective and relevant in current year

There were certain new standards, amendments to the approved accounting standards and new interpretations issued by the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC). Interpretations which became effective during the period but are not considered to be relevant and are, therefore, not disclosed in this condensed interim financial information except for the amendments as explained below:

Annual improvements 2014 applicable for annual periods beginning on or after January 01, 2016. The amendments include changes from the 2012-14 cycle of the annual improvements project that affect 4 standards: IFRS 5, 'Non current assets held for sale and discontinued operations' regarding methods of disposal, IFRS 7, 'Financial instruments: Disclosures', (with consequential amendments to IFRS 1) regarding servicing contracts, IAS 19, 'Employee benefits' regarding discount rates and IAS 34, 'Interim financial reporting' regarding disclosure of information. The application of these amendments do not have a material impact on this condensed interim financial information.

Amendment to IAS 1, 'Presentation of financial statements' on the disclosure initiative. These amendments are part of the IASB initiative to improve presentation and disclosure in financial reports. Effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016, subject to EU endorsement. The application of this amendment does not have a material impact on this condensed interim financial information.

Amendments to IAS 16, 'Property, plant and equipment' and IAS 38, 'Intangible assets' are applicable on accounting periods beginning on or after January 01, 2016. IASB has clarified that the use of revenue based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset. The IASB has also clarified that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset. The application of these amendments do not have a material impact on this condensed interim financial information.

$3.2.2\ Standards, amendments\ and\ interpretations\ to\ existing\ standards\ that\ are\ not\ yet\ effective\ and\ have\ not\ been\ early\ adopted\ by\ the\ Company$

Effective date (accounting

Standards or Interpretations Annual improvements 2014–2016	Effective date (accounting periods beginning on or after
IFRS 1,' First-time adoption of IFRS', regarding the deletion of short term exemptions for first-time adopters regarding IFRS 7, IAS 19, and IFRS 10.	January 01, 2018
IFRS 12,'Disclosure of interests in other entities' regarding clarification of the scope of the standard.	January 01, 2018
IAS 28, Investments in associates and joint ventures' regarding measuring an associate or joint venture at fair val	January 01, 2018 ue.
IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 01, 2018
IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with customers'	January 01, 2018
IFRS 16 'Leases'	January 01, 2019
Amendments to IAS 7, Statement of cash flows on disclosure initiative	January 01, 2017
Amendments to IAS 12, 'Income taxes' on Recognition of deferred tax assets for unrealised losses	January 01, 2017
Amendment to IAS 40, Investment property' relating to transfers of investment property	January 01, 2018
Amendments to IFRS 2, 'Share based payments', on clarifyin to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions.	ng how January 01, 2018 ctions
Amendments to IFRS 4, Insurance contracts' regarding the implementation of IFRS 9, 'Financial instruments'	January 01, 2018
Amendment to IFRS 15, 'Revenue from contracts with custo	omers' January 01, 2018

Taxation

The provision for taxation for the half year ended December 31, 2016 has been made using the tax rate that would be applicable to expected total annual earnings.

IFRIC 22,' Foreign currency transactions and advance consideration' January 01, 2018

Estimates

The preparation of condensed interim financial information requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2016, with the exception of changes in estimates that are required in determining the provision for income taxes as referred to in Note 4. Note 4.



		Note	Un-audited December 31, 2016 Rupees	Audited June 30, 2016 Rupees
6.	Long term loans			
	- Secured - Unsecured	$\begin{array}{c} 6.1 \\ 6.2 \end{array}$	125,122,373 155,345,894	145,039,859 156,412,156
	Less: Current portion shown under current lia	abilities	280,468,267 52,115,233	301,452,015 62,566,631
			228,353,034	238,885,384
3.1	Long term loans - secured			
	NIB Bank Limited The Bank of Punjab		9,627,467	14,211,492 8,181,112
	Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited		115,494,906	122,647,255
	Less: Current portion shown under current lia	abilities	125,122,373 35,394,852	145,039,859 43,379,988
			89,727,521	101,659,871
6.2	Loans from associated companies - unsecure	ed		
	- Associated Engineering (Private) Limited - Imperial Electric Company (Private) Limited - EMCO Industries Limited Provident Fund		19,498,518 2,569,995 133,277,381	18,098,518 2,569,995 135,743,643
			155,345,894	156,412,156
	Less: Current portion shown under current lia	abilities	16,720,381	19,186,643
			138,625,513	137,225,513
7.	Short term borrowings			
	Interest bearing Banking companies - secured: - Running finances	7.1	193,107,966	206,216,658
	- Export and import finances		125,188,705	156,015,925
			318,296,671	362,232,583
	Related parties - unsecured: - Associated company - ICC (Private) Limited - Directors	7.2 7.3	75,000,000 90,683,933	10,000,000 63,231,516
			165,683,933	73,231,516
	Interest free Related parties - unsecured: - Associated company - ICC (Private) Limited - Directors and close relatives thereof	7.3	80,750,000 102,099,469	80,750,000 129,246,094
			182,849,469	209,996,094
			666,830,073	645,460,193
			=======================================	310,100,100

- 7.1 Subsequent to the period end, National Bank of Pakistan ('the Bank') has offered, which the Company has accepted, to restructure its short term borrowings aggregating to Rs 116.250 million along with their accrued markup of Rs 31.716 million on following key terms:
 - the Company will make upfront down payment of Rs 22.602 million to the Bank; conversion of existing short term borrowings aggregating to Rs 98.649 million to Demand Finance I ('DFI'). DFI to be repaid in six years including one year grace period and markup to charged at one month KIBOR; and
 - conversion of accrued markup of Rs 31.716 million to Demand Finance II ('DFII') to be repaid in six years including one year grace period in 60 monthly instalments.
- 7.2 During the current period the Company has obtained an additional Rs 65 million loan as an unsecured loan priced at 3 months KIBOR plus 3% per annum. The aggregate balance is repayable on demand.
- 7.3 During the current period the Company converted interest free director's loan of Rs 23.948 million to interest bearing. The rate of markup to be charged @ 6 month KIBOR plus 2%.
- 8. Contingencies and commitments
- 8.1 Contingencies

There has been no material change in contingencies since last audited annual financial statements.

8.2 Commitments

Letters of credit other than for capital expenditure amount to Rs 45.20 million as on December $31,\,2016$ (June $30,\,2016$: Rs 23.183 million).

Bank guarantees amount to Rs 162.238 million as on December 31, 2016 (June $30\,2016$: Rs 181.087 million) that have been issued in favor of the following companies:

		Note	Un-audited December 31, 2016 Rupees	Audited June 30, 2016 Rupees
	Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited WAPDA		29,806,000 132,431,901	22,406,000 158,680,600
			162,237,901	181,086,600
9.	Property, plant and equipment			
	Operating assets Capital work-in-progress	9.1	1,315,412,513 21,973,095	$\substack{1,315,164,858\\33,526,230}$
			1,337,385,608	1,348,691,088
9.1	Operating assets - at net book value			
	Opening book value Add: Additions during the period / year Add: Revaluation adjustment	9.1.1	1,315,164,858 41,331,371	1,164,054,464 17,035,533 212,972,725
	Less: Disposals during the period / year - veh Less: Depreciation charged during the period		1,356,496,229 76,030 41,007,686	1,394,062,722 108,764 78,789,100
	Closing book value		1,315,412,513	1,315,164,858



				Un-audited	Audited
				December 31,	June 30,
				2016	2016
				Rupees	Rupees
.1.1	Additions during the peri-	od / year			
	Buildings on freehold land	Ì		31,241,230	_
	Plant, machinery and equi	l Inmant			1 / /77 709
	Flant, machinery and equ	ipinent		9,299,491	14,477,763
	Furniture and fixture			-	914,889
	Vehicles			-	638,141
	Office equipment			790,650	1,004,740
				41,331,371	17,035,533
		∐n₌a	udited	IIn-ai	ıdited
			er Ended		ir Ended
		December	December	December	December
		31, 2016	31, 2015	31, 2016	31, 2015
		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
		ниреев	Nupces	парсез	ниреев
0.	Cost of sales				
	Raw and packing material				
	consumed	83,684,705	97,181,831	165,840,096	183,366,360
	Stores and spares	0.510.101	7 057 000	15 004 001	10.010.507
	consumed	6,513,121	7,657,088	15,004,931	18,910,507
	Salaries, wages and benefits	56,709,237	50,536,404	113,025,631	102,626,574
	Power and gas	27,543,802	19,224,442	54,256,240	42,450,904
	Vehicle maintenance	171,700	145,959	323,619	284.794
	Repairs and maintenance	1,144,106	316,130	2,367,372	936,322
	Insurance Communication and	768,220	909,193	1,671,536	1,818,386
	stationery	242,467	235,390	529,369	539.977
	Rent, rates and taxes	385,783	431.689	869,566	996.809
	Travelling and conveyance	1,047,408	3,401,778	2,524,521	4,701,262
	Testing and inspection	1,824,247	3,819,823	7,721,288	6,037,160
	Others	300,408	70,587	773,555	145,133
	Depreciation on property,	300,400	10,361	113,333	143,133
	plant and equipment	20,996,625	17,354,762	40,626,217	36,378,103
	Depreciation on assets	20,330,023	17,334,702	40,020,217	30,376,103
	subject to finance lease	-	161,638	-	350,910
		201,331,829	201,446,714	405,533,941	399,543,201
	*** 1 .	201,001,020	201,110,711	100,000,011	000,010,201
	Work in process:	19,214,396	29,738,420	21.295.773	30,571,716
	Opening work in processClosing work in process	(25,685,997)	(33,396,231)	(25,685,997)	(33,396,231)
	- closing work in process	, , , , ,			_ , , , , ,
		(6,471,601)	(3,657,811)	(4,390,224)	(2,824,515)
	Cost of goods				
	manufactured	194,860,228	197,788,903	401,143,717	396,718,686
	Finished goods:				
	- Opening finished goods	235,568,371	216,440,668	186,953,949	242,344,714
	- Closing finished goods	(214, 164, 011)	(183,165,600)	(214,164,011)	(183, 165, 600)
		21,404,360	33,275,068	(27,210,062)	59,179,114
				373,933,655	455,897,800
		216,264,588	231,063,971	3/3 933 022	

		Quart	audited er Ended	Half Yea	udited ar Ended
		December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015	December 31, 2016	December 31, 2015
11.	Earnings / (loss) per share	e			
11.1	Basic loss per share				
	Earnings / (loss) per share (Rupees)	16,143,082	(6,433,461)	20,940,099	(11,574,475)
	Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period				
	(number)	35,000,000	35,000,000	35,000,000	35,000,000
	Earnings / (loss) per share (Rupees)	0.46	(0.18)	0.60	(0.33)

11.2 Diluted earnings / (loss) per share

Diluted earnings / (loss) per share has not been presented as the Company does not have any convertible instruments in issue as at December 31, 2016 and December 31, 2015, which would have any effect on the earnings / (loss) per share if the option to convert is exercised.

12. Transactions with related parties

Related parties comprise associated companies, related group companies, directors of the Company and their close relatives, key management personnel and post employment benefit plans. The Company in the normal course of business carries out the following significant transactions with various related parties:

Related party	Nature of transaction	Un-audited December 31, 2016 Rupees	Un-audited December 31, 2015 Rupees
Directors and close relatives thereof	Short term borrowing obtained Short term borrowing repaid Markup on short term borrowing Markup on short term borrowing paid Conversion of interest free loan to interest bearing	265,262,724 264,944,133 2,277,892 1,512,375 23,948,000	268,007,957 245,073,147 2,563,879 903,599
Post employment benefit plan	Markup on long term financing Markup paid Principal repaid Gratuity expense	4,985,419 250,000 2,466,262 1,479,204	6,127,401 3,496,308 1,830,762
Others	Short term borrowing obtained Long term financing obtained Markup on long term financing Markup on short term borrowing Markup on short term borrowing paid Rent expense Remuneration of key management personnel	65,000,000 1,400,000 357,072 3,429,243 3,574,047 660,000 7,761,610	1,000,000 357,072 2,477,247 8,947,822 660,000 7,302,979



		Un-audited December 31, 2016 Rupees	Audited June 30, 2016 Rupees
12.1	Period end balances		
	Payable to related parties: - Directors and close relatives thereof - Post employment benefit plan - Others	310,470,781 239,914,298 388,215,804	309,399,472 237,645,141 320,596,966
	Receivable from related parties: - Directors and close relatives thereof - Others	521,908 400,713	521,908 400,713
		Un-audited December 31, 2016 Rupees	Un-audited December 31, 2015 Rupees
13.	Cash generated from operations		
	Profit/(loss) before taxation	27,177,576	(9,264,168)
	Adjustments for: - Depreciation on property, plant and equipment-owned - Depreciation on assets subject to finance lease - Amortization of intangible assets - Provision for gratuity	41,007,686 133,770 1,479,204	36,893,534 350,910 863,915 2,349,417
	 Lease liability adjustment Bad debts Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Liabilities written back Exchange (gain) / loss 	6,985,402 (183,970) (2,292,267)	65,845 147,500 (4,322,377) (1,633,337)
	- Finance cost	30,779,770	41,301,067
	Profit before working capital changes	105,087,171	66,752,306
	Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes - (Increase) / decrease in stores and spares - (Increase) / decrease in stock-in-trade - (Increase) / decrease in trade debts - Decrease in advances, deposits, prepayments	(8,762,143) (4,785,304) (68,891,973)	3,329,082 24,788,246 2,286,815
	and other receivables - Increase / (decrease) in trade and other payables	697,741 6,508,458	9,995,287 (8,584,381)
		(75,233,221)	31,815,049
	Cash generated from operations	29,853,950	98,567,355

14. Segment Reporting

A business segment is a group of assets and operations engaged in providing products that are subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other business segments. The management has determined the operating segments based on the information that is presented to the Chief Executive Officer for allocation of resources and assessments of

performance. Based on internal management reporting structure and products produced and sold, the Company is organized into following two operating segments:

Types of segments

Nature of business

- Insulator Manuf

Manufacture and sale of high/low tension electrical porcelain

insulators and switchgears

- Tile Manufacture and sale of ceramic tiles

The management monitors the operating results of its business units separately for the purpose of making decision about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is generally evaluated based on certain key performance indicators including business volume, gross profit, profit from operations, reduction in operating cost and free cash flows.

Segment assets include all operating assets used by a segment and consist principally of receivables, inventories and property, plant and equipment, net of impairment and provisions but do not include deferred taxes. Segment liabilities include all operating liabilities and consist principally of trade and bills payable.

14.1 Segment analysis

The segment information for the reportable segments for the period ended December 31, 2016 and year ended June 30, 2016 is as follows.

	Insulator Rupees	Tiles Rupees	Total Rupees		
Segment Results for the Period ended December 31, 2016					
Sales	482,136,135		482,136,135		
Segment result from operations	77,992,583	(21,572,224)	56,420,359		
Other operating expenses Other income Finance costs			(1,430,399) 2,967,386 (30,779,770)		
Profit before taxation			27,177,576		
Segment Results for the Period ende	ed December 31, 20)15			
Sales	527,655,578		527,655,578		
Segment results from operations	50,898,161	(24,250,806)	26,647,355		
Other operating expenses Other income Finance costs			(663,729) 6,053,273 (41,301,067)		
Loss before taxation			(9,264,168)		
Segment asset as at December 31, 2 Segment asset	016 1,342,705,404	844,768,036	2,187,473,440		
Segment asset as at June 30, 2016 Segment asset	1,262,754,348	867,345,545	2,130,099,893		



Un-audited December 31, 2016 Rupees	Audited June 30, 2016 Rupees
2,187,473,440 124,496,905 2,188,278	2,130,099,893 136,244,332 8,856,068
2,314,158,623	2,275,200,293
1,525,507,820	1,507,489,590
	December 31, 2016 Rupees 2,187,473,440 124,496,905 2,188,278 2,314,158,623

15. Fair value estimation

Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms. The carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these financial statements approximate their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

The tables below analyze assets carried at fair value as at December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016.

The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices) (level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The following is categorization of assets measured at fair value at December 31, 2016:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Assets: Recurring fair value measurement of proprty plant and equipment: Freehold land Plant and machinery Buildings	; - - -	265,930,000	713,047,764 328,659,112 1,041,706,876	265,930,000 713,047,764 328,659,112 1,307,636,876

The following is categorization of assets measured at fair value at June 30, 2016:

	Level 1 Rupees	Level 2 Rupees	Level 3 Rupees	Total Rupees
Recurring fair value measurement of proprty, plant and property: Freehold land Plant and machinery Buildings	- - -	265,930,000 - -	731,907,952 309,429,645	265,930,000 731,907,952 309,429,645
	-	265,930,000	1,041,337,597	1,307,267,597

There were no transfers between Levels 1 and 2 & Levels 2 and 3 during the period and there were no changes in valuation techniques during the periods.

Valuation techniques used to measure level 2 and 3 assets

The fair value of these assets is determined by an independent professionally qualified valuer. Latest valuation of these assets was carried out on December 31, 2015. The level 2 fair value of freehold land has been derived using the sales comparison approach. The most significant input into this valuation approach is price per acre. Level 3 fair value of Buildings has been determined on the basis of present condition of the plant and building.

Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs (level 3)

The following table presents the changes in level 3 items for the period and year ended December 31, 2016 and June 30, 2016 for recurring fair value measurements:

	Un-audited December 31, 2016 Rupees	Audited June 30, 2016 Rupees
Opening value Additions during the period / year Add: Revaluation gain during the period / year Less: depreciation during the period / year	1,041,337,597 40,540,721 (40,171,442)	964,890,960 23,740,823 129,292,725 (76,586,911)
Closing value	1,041,706,876	1,041,337,597

TThe revaluation gain (net of tax) is credited to Surplus on Revaluation of Property, plant and equipment in the balance sheet.

Valuation inputs and relationship to fair value

The following table summarises the quantitative and qualitative information about the significant unobservable inputs used in recurring level 3 fair value measurements. See paragraph above for the valuation techniques adopted.



Description	Fair Value at		Significant	Quantitative Data /	
	Dec 31, 2016 Rs'000	Jun 30, 2016 Rs'000		Range and relationship to the fair value	
Plant and machinery	713,047,764	731,907,952	Cost of setup of a new similar plant Suitable depreciation rate to arrive at depreciated replacement value	The market value has been determined by using a suitable depreciation factor, depending upon age and condition, on cost of setup a similar new plant. Higher, the estimated cost of setup of a new plant, higher the fair value. Further, higher the depreciation rate, the lower the fair value of the plant.	
Buildings	328,659,112	309,429,645	Cost of construction of a new similar building Suitable depreciation rate to arrive at depreciated replacement value	The market value has been determined by using a depreciation factor of approximately 3% per annum on cost of constructing a similar new building. Higher, the estimated cost of construction of a new building, higher the fair value. Further, higher the depreciation rate, the lower the fair value of the building.	

16. Financial risk management

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, fair value interest rate risk, cash flow interest rate risk and price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The condensed interim financial information dose not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the company's annual financial statements.

There have been no significant changes in the risk management policies since the year end.

17. Date of authorization for issue

This condensed interim financial information was authorised for issue on February 28, 2017 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

18. Corresponding figures

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged and reclassified, wherever necessary, for the purposes of comparison and better presentation as per reporting framework.

In order to comply with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 34 - 'Interim Financial Reporting', the condensed interim balance sheet and condensed interim statement of changes in equity have been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the condensed interim profit and loss account, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income and condensed interim cash flow statement have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

Lahore February 28, 2017 (Tariq Rehman) Chief Executive (Ahsan Suhail Mannan) Director

HALF YEARLY REPORT 2016 | 21

BOOK POST
UNDER POSTAL CERTIFICATE





EMCO INDUSTRIES LIMITED

4th Floor, National Tower, 28-Egerton Road, Lahore -54000 Phone: (+92) (42) 3630 6545 - 6 Fax: (+92) (42) 3636 8119 Email: info@emco.com.pk