Annual Report 2015

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COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Mrs. Nilofar Mukhtar Mr. Faisal Mukhtar

Mrs. Mahwesh Faisal Mukhtar

Miss Abida Mukhtar

Mr. Muhammad Rafique Khan Mr. Muhammad Yousaf

Mr. Ejaz Akbar Khan

Chairperson & Director Chief Executive Officer

Audit Committee

Miss Abida Mukhtar Muhammad Rafique Khan Mr. Ejaz Akbar Khan

Chairman Member Member

HR & Remuneration

Committee

Mrs. Mahwesh Faisal Mukhtar Mr. Faisal Mukhtar

Miss Abida Mukhtar

Chairman Member Member

Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

Mr. Shahid Amin Chaudhry

Share Registrar

M/S Corplink (Pvt) Ltd

Wing Arcade, 14-K, Commercial, Model Town, Lahore.

Tel: 042-35839182, 042-35869037

Auditors

M/s Hassan Naeem & Co. Chartered Accountants

Bankers

National Bank of Pakistan The Bank of Punjab United Bank Limited BankIslami Pakistan Limited

Faysal Bank Limited

Registered Office

63-B-I, Gulberg-III, Lahore. Phones: (042) 35878643

Factory

10th Km Muridke-Sheikupura Road, Muridke.

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 26th Annual General Meeting of the company will be held on Friday 30 th October, 2015 at 10:00 a.m. at Four Seasons Hall, 34-Shahrah-e-Fatima Jinnah, Queens Road, Mozang, Lahore to transact the following business.

- To confirm the minutes of 25th Annual General Meeting held on 31-10-2014.
- To receive and adopt the audited accounts of the company along with the Directors and auditor's report for the year ended June 30, 2015.
- To appoint the auditors and fix their remuneration for the next financial year 2015-2016.
- 4. To elect the seven Directors including Chief Executive for three years in accordance with Companies Ordinance, 1984 under section 158 of (Amendment) ordinance 2002. However the existing board will complete the tenure. The retiring Directors are as under:

2.

- Mr. Faisal Mukhtar (CEO)
- Mrs. Nilofar Mukhta
- Mrs. Mahwesh Faisal Mukhtar
- 4. Miss Abida Mukhta
- Muhammad Rafique Khan
- 6. Muhammad Yousaf
- 7. Mr. Ejaz Akbar Khan

The retiring Directors are eligible for re-election.

5. Any other matter with the permission of the chair.

By the order of the Board

Date: October 08, 2015

Muhammad Rafique Khan (Director)

Place: LAHORE

NOTES:

- Any member who seeks to contest election to the Office of Director shall file a Notice of his / her intention at the registered office in term of Section 178(3) of the Companies Ordinance 1984 at least 14 days before the date of meeting.
- II. A member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting may appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Proxies in order to be executive must be received to Shares Registrar M/S Corplink (Pvt) Ltd Wing Arcade, 1-K, Commercial, Model Town, Lahore not later than 48 hours before commencement of the meeting.
- III. The Proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, addresses and NIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- IV. Attested copies of NIC / Passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- V. The proxy shall produce his original NIC/Passport at the time of the meeting.
- VI. The shares transfer books of the company will remain closed for fifteen days from 24-10-2015 to 30-10-2015. (Both days inclusive)
- VII. Share holders whose shares are deposited with Central Depositary System (CDS) are requested to bring their National Identity Card (NIC) along with their Account Number in CDS for verification. In case of corporate entity, the Board of Directors Resolution / Power of Attorney with specimen signatures of the nominee shall be produced (unless provided earlier) at the time of meeting.
- VIII. Shareholders are advised to notify change in their addresses, if any and send their e-mail addresses for easily correspondence.

Vision Statement

To achieve the highest possible return on investment through a process of continuous improvement and while upholding the highest standards of integrity in all operations.

Mission Statement

To be a result-oriented and profitable Company by consistently improving in terms of productivity, quality, technological expertise, diversity, presentation, reliability and customer acceptance.

To establish the company as a growing concern while ensuring optimum return on investment for shareholders.

To be a responsible employer and create an environment where a professional, highly-motivated management team can prosper.

To be a good corporate citizen who supports charitable causes and follows environmentally friendly policies.

Statement of Ethics and Business Practices

Continuous improvement in total quality performance by achieving high standards in our products and providing these to our customers without error, on time and every time. We are dedicated to supply the product of highest quality and standards, yet at a reasonable cost for our national and international customer's satisfaction. All of our commitments, actions and products must be recognized as an expression of quality. We are committed to improve our skills and know-how, competency, practical experience and training of employees by implementing quality system. We continuously improve the performance of quality standards through practical participation of our employees at all levels. Our mission is to meet National and International Standards, Customers' Satisfaction and Continuous Improvements in our standards through use of latest methods and employees satisfaction. We believe that a complete code of ethics is essential for the maintenance of integrity and professionalism in the day-to-day functioning of Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited. We always place the Company's interest first through resource management namely human, financial and other infra structural facilities and to ensure reasonable return to all the shareholders. Conduct business as a responsible and law abiding corporate member of society to achieve its legitimate commercial objective and supports unconditionally the Compliance with best Practices of Corporate Governance for the betterment of corporate culture. We develop and observe cost effective practices in our activities and strive for excellence and quality. We encourage initiative and self-realization in employees through meaningful empowerment.

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

The Director's of Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited ("the Company") present the 26th annual report of the Company together with audited accounts and auditor's report thereon for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Overview and Performance

The company continues to suffer operationally and financially during this difficult period being faced by the entire textile spinning sector. Every possible step to overcome this extremely difficult phase is being discussed. Operational losses on account of inadequate power and availability of cheaper Indian yarn have played havoc with the industry.

	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Description	Rupees	Rupees
Turnover net	32,585,974	1,363,715,008
Cost of Sales	114,345,172	1,483,815,417
Gross (Loss) / Profit	(81,759,197)	(120,100,409)

Earnings per Share

Loss per share of your company for the year ended June 30, 2015 is Rs. (8.24) as compared to Rs. (13.78) for the comparative year 30-June-2014.

Business, Risk, Challenges and Future Outlook

The industry is facing unprecedented crises. International economic conditions also seem to continue on their recessionary path. The industry in Pakistan may struggle further till international demand improves or the government provides and industry stimulus for its revival.

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

Your company gives high priority to its social responsibilities and is committed to the highest standards of corporate behavior. The company's CS responsibilities are fulfilled through monetary contributions in the areas of healthcare, education, environment protection, water and sanitation, child welfare, infrastructure development and other social welfare activities. Our CSR includes contributions to hospitals and education programs engaged in assisting the under privileged patients students and children's of various walks of life.

Health Safety and Environment

Your company is well aware of the importance of skilled workers and staff therefore the company is strongly committed towards all aspects of safety, health and environment connected with our business.

Financial Statements

The Financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015 were approved by the Board of Directors on October 07, 2015 and authorized for their issuance. Operating and financial data of last seven years is annexed.

Code of corporate governance

The requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance set out by the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges in their listing regulations, relevant for the year ended June 30, 2015 have been adopted by the company and have been duly complied with Statement to this effect is annexed to the report.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding and additional information regarding pattern of shareholding is attached separately. No trade in the shares of company was carried out by CEO, CFO and Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children except those that have been duly reported as per law.

Board Meeting and Attendance

During the year four meetings of the Board of Directors of the company were held attendance by each director is narrated below:-

Sr.No	Name	Attendance
1.	Mr. Faisal Mukhtar	4
2.	Mrs. Nilofar Mukhtar	4
3.	Mrs. Mahwesh Faisal Mukhtar	4
4.	Miss Abida Mukhtar	4
5.	Mr. Ejaz Akbar Khan	4
6.	Mr. Parvez Ashraf	3
7.	Mr. Irfan Nasar	3
8.	Mr. Rafique Khan	1
9.	Mr. Yousaf	1

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Audit Committee Meeting and Attendance

During the year four meetings of the audit committee of the company were held; attendance by each member is as under.

Sr. No	Name	Attendance
1.	Mr. Sheikh Pervaiz Ashraf	3
2.	Mr. Irfan Nasar	3
3.	Miss Abida Mukhtar	4
4.	Mr. Muhammad Rafique Khan	1
5.	Mr. Ejaz Akbar Khan	1

HR and Remuneration Committee

During the year, one meeting of HR and Remuneration Committee of the company was held; attendance by each member is as under.

Sr. No	Name	Attendance
1.	Mr. Irfan Nasar	1
2.	Mr. Faisal Mukhtar	1
3.	Miss Abida Mukhtar	1

Auditors

The present auditors M/S. Hassan Naeem & Co Chartered Accountants retire and being eligible offer themselves for re-appointment as auditors of the company for the year 2015-16. The audit committee has recommended the appointment of aforesaid auditors M/S. Hassan Naeem & Co. Chartered Accountants, as external auditor for the year ended June 30, 2016.

Acknowledgement

Yours directors record with appreciation technicians, staff and workers who have vigorously to meet the target. Your directors also extend their appreciation to the compan cooperation.

For and on behalf of the Board

FAISAL MUKHTAR

Chief Executive Officer

Lahore: October 07, 2015

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in Regulation No. 35 of listing regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange Limited for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The company has applied the principles contained in the Code of Corporate Governance in the following manner:

 The company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its board of directors. At present the board includes

Category	Name
Executive Directors	Mr. Faisal Mukhtar
	Mr. Ejaz Akbar Khan
Non-Executive Directors	Mrs. Nilofar Mukhtar
	Mrs. Mahwesh Faisal Mukhtar
	Miss Abida Mukhtar
	Muhammad Rafique Khan
	Muhammad Yousaf

 $The independent directors \, meets \, the \, criteria \, of independence \, under \, clause \, i \, (b) \, of \, the \, Code \, of \, Corporate \, Governance.$

- The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed companies, including this
 company.
- All the resident directors of the company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, a DFI or an NBFI or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by that stock exchange.
- The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A
 complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been
 maintained.
- All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO, other executive and non-executive directors, have been taken by the board/shareholders.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose and the board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of the board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes of the meetings were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 8. None of Director has obtained certification under Directors Training Program during the year.

DAR ES SALAAM

Requirements under listing Regulation No. 5.19.7 has been complied with.

- The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.
- The directors' report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the board. However, in the
 absence of CEO, financial statements were signed by two Directors and CFO in the compliance of section 241 (2) of the
 companies ordinance, 1984.
- The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- The company has complied with all the corporate and financial reporting requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance.
- 14. The board has formed an Audit Committee. It comprises three members, of whom all are nonexecutive directors and the chairman of the committee is an independent director.
- 15. The meetings of the audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and final results of the company and as required by the Code of Corporate Governance. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 16. The board has formed an HR and Remuneration Committee. It comprises three members, of whom two are non-executive directors and the chairman of the committee is a executive director.
- 17. The Board of Directors has put in place a mechanism for undertaking annually an evaluation of the Board's own performance and of its committee to enhance performance of the Board and its Committees.
- 18. The board has set up an effective internal audit function.
- No causal vacancy occurred on the Board during the year 2014-15.
- 20. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 21. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 22. The 'closed period', prior to the announcement of interim/final results, and business decisions, which may materially affect the market price of company's securities, was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchange(s).
- Material/price sensitive information has been disseminated among all market participants at once through stock exchange(s).
- 24. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the Code of Corporate Governance have been complied with.

For and on behalf of the Board

FAISAL MUKHTAR Chief Executive Officer

Lahore: October 07, 2015

REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS ON STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH BEST PRACTICES OF THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance ("the Code") for the year ended 30 June 2015, prepared by the Board of Directors of Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited ("the Company") to comply with the requirement of Listing Regulation No.35 of Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges where the Company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Code and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compalince with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Code.

As a part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal controls covers all risks and controls, or to form an opinion on the effectiveness fo such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2015.

Further, we would like to highlight an instance of non-compliance with the requirements of the Code as reflected in paragraph 8 of the Statement of Compliance that the orientation courses of directors were not conducted.

Lahore: 0 7 0CT 2015

HY Hassan Naeem & Co Chartered Accountants Ibne Hassan, FCA

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS OF THE LAST SEVEN YEARS

PARTICULARS	Rs.	June 30 2015	June 30 2014	June 30 2013 (Restated)	June 30 2012 (Restated)	June 30 2011	June 30 2010	June 30 2009
2011	192	33 505 074	1,363,715,008	1,707,872,729	1,339,935,803	1,436,870,778	1,083,859,573	850,027,163
Sales	Rs.	32,585,974	(120,100,409)	118,265,770	14.317.112	24,601,141	111.342.061	1,747,909
Gross Profit/(Loss)	Rs.	(81,759,197)	(123,246,487)	(36,681,086)	(97,807,375)	(84.911,503)	9.156.049	(28,220,621)
Profit (Loss) Before Tax	Rs.	(80,697,238)	(110.228,525)	(37,508,866)	(114,709,314)	(95,777,469)	484,174	(103,646,519)
Profit (Loss) After Tax	Rs.	(65,891,493) 80,000,000	80.000,000	80,000,000	80,000,000	80.000.000	80,000,000	80,000,000
Share Capital	Rs.		234,536,297	248,030,762	285,539,628	410,450,018	404,986,110	104,702,479
Share Holders Equity	Rs.	168,644,803	792,217,341	794,121,699	861,345,847	1,000,229,725	882,363,050	562,339,280
Fixed Assets-Net	Rs.	723,583,143	898.673,614	1,113,545,226	1,189,515,037	1,328,429,621	1,081,078,262	752,753,260
Total Assets	Rs.	798,826,969	856,073,014	1,113,343,220	1,103,313,037	1,520,423,021	1,001,010,000	
Production	Kgs	120,547	5,044,848	6.170,956	5,124,830	3,778,319	5,125,323	5,479,610
Sales	Kgs	120,905	5,059,863	6,199,397	5,072,575	3,825,347	5,172,905	5,110,542
Dividend-Cash	Orman			10-			90	100
Ratios Profitability								
Gross Margin		-250.90%	-8.81%	5.92%	1.07%	1.71%	10.27%	0.21%
Profit (Loss) Before Tax		-247.64%	-9.04%	-2.15%	-7.30%	-5.91%	0.84%	-3.32%
Profit (Loss) After Tax		-202.21%	-8.08%	-2.20%	-8.56%	-6.67%	0.04%	-12.19%
Return To Shareholders								
Return on Equity (BT)		-47.85%	-52.55%	-14.79%	-34.25%	-20.69%	2.26%	-26.95%
Return on Equity (AT)		-39.07%	-47.00%	-15.12%	-40.17%	-23.33%	0.12%	-98.99%
Earnings Per Share (BT)	Rs.	(10.09)	(15.41)	(4.59)	(12.23)	(10.61)	1.14	(3.53
Earnings Per Share (AT)	Rs.	(8.24)	(13.78)	(4.69)	(14.34)	(11,97)	0.06	(12.96
Activity								
Sales to Total Assets (Times)		0.04	1.52	1.53	1.13	1.08	1	1.13
Sales to Fixed Assets (Times)		0.05	1.72	2.15	1.56	1,44	1.23	1.5
Liquidity								
Current Ratio (Times)		0.13	0.19	0.51	0.52	0.53	0.46	0.4
Break Up Value Per Share	Rs.	21.08	29.32	31	35.69	51.31	50.62	13.0

THE COMPANIES ORDINANCE 1984 (Section 236(1) and 464) PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

FORM 34

- 1. Incorporation Number L-01895
- 2. Name of the Company DAR-ES-SALAAM TEXTILE MILLS LTD.
- 3. Pattern of holding of the shares held by theestroaders as at

30-06-2015

	Sha	reholding	
4. No. of Shareholders	From	То	Total Shares Held
128	1	100	6,922
975	101	500	476,309
65	501	1000	62,665
58	1001	5000	143,913
20	5001	10000	158,693
4	10001	15000	47,700
3	15001	20000	56,500
1	20001	25000	24,391
3	25001	30000	77,500
1	30001	35000	32,500
1	35001	40000	36,500
1	40001	45000	44,750
1	65001	70000	70,000
1	75001	80000	80,000
1	110001	115000	112,291
1	165001	170000	168,568
1	240001	245000	241,750
1	265001	270000	266,787
1	300001	305000	302,500
1	515001	520000	516,750
1	820001	825000	824,125
1	1290001	1295000	1,290,960
1	1420001	1425000	1,420,697
1	1535001	1540000	1,537,229
1272			8,000,000

5. Categories of shareholders	Share held	Percentage
5.1 Directors, Chief Executive Officers, and their spouse and minor childern	4,153,532	51.9192
5.2 Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties.		-
5.3 NIT and ICP	4,200	0.0525

5.4 Banks Development	649	0.0081
Financial Institutions, Non		
Banking Financial Institution	S.	
5.5 Insurance Companies		<u> </u>
5.6 Modarabas and Mutual	266,787	3.3348
Funds		
5.7 Share holders holding 10%	5,384,761	67.3095
or more		
5.8 General Public		
a. Local	3,500,575	43.7572
b. Foreign	3,791	0.0474
5.9 Others (to be specified)		
1- Joint Stock Companies	44,719	0.5590
2- Pension Funds	24,391	0.3049
3- Trust	1,356	0.0170
6. Signature of		
Company Secretary		
7. Name of Signatory		
8. Designation	Company Secretary	
9. NIC Number		
10 Date	30 06 2015	

- Wheeler	Cotton of Characterist Characte	ONLY FOR	NECOMATION
	Categories of Share Holders As on 30th June, 2015		R INFORMATION PRINTING
S. No.	NAME	HOLDING	% AGE
DIRECTO	ORS, CEO THEIR SPOUSES & MINOR CHILDREN	HOLDING	70 AGE
1	MISS NELOFAR MUKHTAR	44,750	0.5594
	MISS NELOFAR MUKHTAR (CDC)	824,125	10.3016
2	MRS. MEHWESH FAISAL MUKHTAR	302,500	3.7813
3	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR	241,750	3.0219
	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR (CDC)	1,420,697	17.7587
4	MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR	25,250	0.3156
5	MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR (CDC) MR. MUHAMMAD EJAZ AKBAR KHAN (CDC)	1,290,960	16.1370
6	MR. MUHAMMAD YOUSUF	2,500	0.0313
7	MR. MUHAMMAD RAFIQ KHAN	500 500	0.0063 0.0063
	THE THE PARTY OF T	4,153,532	51.9192
		4,100,002	31.3132
ASSOCIA	ATED COMPANIES	0	0.0000
NIT & ICI	INVESTMENT CORP. OF PAKISTAN	4 200	0.0505
4.5	INVESTMENT CORP. OF PARISTAIN	4,200 4,200	0.0525 0.0525
BANKS.	DEVELOPMENT FINANCE INSTITUTIONS, NON BANKIN G	4,200	0.0525
	INSTITUTIONS		
1	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN (CDC)	149	0.0019
2	ESCORTS INVESTMENT BANK LIMITED (CDC)	500	0.0063
		649	0.0081
MODARA	ABA & MUTUAL FUNDS		
1	CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST:(CDC)	266,787	3.3348
		266,787	3.3348
PENSIO	N FUNDS		
1	TRUSTEE NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN EMPLOYEES PENSIONUND (CDC)	24,391	0.3049
		24,391	0.3049
IOINT ST	TOCK COMPANIES	21,001	0.0040
1	AMIN TEXTILE MILLS (PVT) LIMITED	0.000	0.4405
2	S.H. BUKHARI (PVT) LIMITED	9,000	0.1125
3	CAPITAL VISION SECURITIES (PVT) LTD. (CDC)	2,900 193	0.0363
4	H M INVESTMENTS (PVT) LTD. (CDC)	100	0.0024
5	M.R. SECURITIES (SMC-PVT) LTD. (CDC)	25	0.0003
6	MAPLE LEAF CAPITAL LIMITED (CDC)	1	0.0000
7	SAAO CAPITAL (PVT) LIMITED. (CDC)	32,500	0.4063
	CONTRACTOR SALUTANCES AND THE	44,719	0.5590
Others	87		3,000
1	TRUCTES MATIONAL BANK OF PANCOTAN SUB-DENSION SUB-SECTION SUB-	050	0.0407
	TRUSTEE NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN EMP BENEVOLENT FIND TRUST (CDC)	856	0.0107
2	THE TRUSTEE GHULAMAN-E-ABBAS EDUCATIONAL & MEDICALTRUST	500	0.0063
		1,356	0.0170
EXECUTI	VES	0	0.0000
SHARES	HELD BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC (FOREIGN)	3,791	0.0474
SHARES	HELD BY THE GENERAL PUBLIC (LOCAL)	3,500,575	43.7572
		8,000,000	100.0000
	=	0,000,000	100.000

	HOLDERS HOLDING 10% OR MORE OF TOTAL CAPITAL	Holding	%Age
1	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR	1,662,447	20.7806
2	AHMED SAUD KHAN MANJ (CDC)	1,537,229	19.2154
2	MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR	1,316,210	16.4526
4	MISS NELOFAR MUKHTAR	868,875	10.8609
275		5.384.761	67.3095
ARE	HOLDERS HOLDING 5% OR MORE OF TOTAL CAPITAL		%Age
ARE		Holding	%Age
1	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR	Holding 1,662,447	20.7806
1 2	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR	Holding 1,662,447 1,316,210	20.7806 16.4526
1 2 3	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR	Holding 1,662,447 1,316,210 1,537,229	20.7806 16.4526 19.2154
1 2	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR	Holding 1,662,447 1,316,210 1,537,229 868,875	20.7806 16.4526 19.2154 10.8609
1 2 3	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR AHMED SAUD KHAN MANJ (CDC)	Holding 1,662,447 1,316,210 1,537,229	20.7806 16.4526 19.2154

During the financial year the trading in shares of the company by the Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary and their spouses and minor children is as follows

S. No.	NAME	SALE	PURCHASE
1	MRS. MEHWESH FAISAL MUKHTAR		120,000
2	MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR	1,000	
3	MR. MUHAMMAD YOUSUF	7	500
4	MR. MUHAMMAD RAFIQ KHAN	44	500

Catagories of Shareholding required under Code of Coprorate Governance (CCG) As on June 30, 2015

Sr. No.	Name	No. of Shares Held	Percentage
Associate	d Companies, Undertakings and Related Parles (Name Wise Detail):	Rú Pú	*
Mutual F	unds (Name Wise Detail)		
1	CDC - TRUSTEE NATIONAL INVESTMENT (UNIT) TRUST(CD	266,787	3.3348
Directors	and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail):		
1	MISS NELOFAR MUKHTAR	868,875	10.8609
2	MRS. MEHWESH FAISAL MUKHTAR	302,500	3.7813
3	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR	1,662,447	
4	MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR	1,316,210	16.4526
5 6	MR. MUHAMMAD EJAZ AKBAR KHAN (CDC)	2,500	0.0313
6	MR. MUHAMMAD YOUSUF	500	0.0063
7	MR. MUHAMMAD RAFIQ KHAN	500	0.0063
Executive	es:	F-90	26
Public Se	ctor Companies & Corporations:	(4)	•
	evelopment Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance	25,040	0.3130
Compani	es, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabasand Pension Funds:		
Shareho	ders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed compa	any (Name Wise D	etail)
1	MR. FAISAL MUKHTAR	1,662,447	20.7806
2	MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR	1,316,210	
3	AHMED SAUD KHAN MANJ (CDC)	1,537,229	
4	MISS NELOFAR MUKHTAR	868,875	
5	CH. AHMED MUKHTAR	685,318	8.5665

All trades in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, Executives and their spouses and minor children shall also be disclosed:

S.No	NAME	SALE	PURCHASE
1	MRS. MEHWESH FAISAL MUKHTAR	(1)	120,000
2	MRS. ABIDA MUKHTAR	1000	-
3	MR. MUHAMMAD YOUSUF	S188	500
4	MR. MUHAMMAD RAFIQ KHAN		500

AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS

We have audited the annexed statement of financial position of Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited ("the Company") as at June 30, 2015 and the related condensed statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the Company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that—

- (a) We were unable to verify the amount payable to banks of Rs. 398.34 million on account of short and long term financing and markup accrued thereon , due to non-confirmation of balances from such banks. Further, markup expense for the year of Rs. 36.56 million could not be confirmed in the absence of such confirmations.
- (b) Bank balances of Rs. 0.434 million were circularized for direct confirmation of balances held in the bank accounts, however no response received till the date of reporting.
- (c) Physical verification of store and spares of Rs. 6.93 million was not carried out and it could also not be verified by applying alternative audit procedures. Also, adjustment of written off of Rs. 6.43 million, in absence of necessary detail, could not be verified.
- (d) In the absence of confirmation from Creditors amounting to Rs. 130.05 million and Other Payables of Rs. 24.35 million, could not be verified. Moreover, during the year a sum of Rs. 61.10 million was written off against Creditors, confirmation of such balances was not provided for verification.
- (e) Confirmation form Company's lawyer regarding detail and status of pending cases filed by or against the Company, was not provided. Due to non-availability of such confirmation, status of such cases and their financial implications could not be ascertained.

- (f) In our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984.
- (g) In our opinion, except for the effects, if any, of the matters referred to in paragraphs (a) to (e):
 - the statement of financial position and condensed statement of comprehensive income together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied except for the changes as stated in note 3 which we concur;
 - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Company's business; and
 - the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the Company;
- (h) In our opinion, except for the effects, if any, of the matters referred to in paragraphs (a) to (e) above, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, condensed statement of comprehensive income, statement of cash flows and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2015 and of the loss, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- In our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Usher Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 2.2 in the financial statements, which indicates that the Company incurred loss before tax of Rs. 80.70 million (2014: Rs. 123.25 million) during the year ended June 30, 2015 resulting into accumulated loss of Rs. 347.32 million and negative equity of Rs. 267.32 million. Also, as of that date, the Company's current liabilities exceeded its total assets by Rs. 504.85 million. These conditions, along with other matters as set forth in note 2.2, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and, therefore, that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Lahore: 0 7 OCT 2015

HY Hassan Naeem & Co. Chartered Accountants Ibne Hassan, FCA

tatement of Financial Position		2015	2014
As at June 30, 2015	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Non-current assets			111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Fixed assets	5 6	723,583,143	792,217,341
Long term deposits	6 _	1,649,458 725,232,601	1,649,458 793,866,799
Current assets	-		
Stores and spares	7	6,933,740	20,483,648
Stock-in-trade	8	10,189	10,116,397
Trade debts	9	-	6,211,739
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	10	14,044,357	8,988,283
Tax refunds due from Government	11	52,016,715	51,913,897
Cash and bank balances	12	589,367	7,092,851
		73,594,368	104,806,81
Current liabilities			
Trade and other payables	13	180,096,579	223,318,09
Short term borrowings	14	172,674,481	172,720,669
Current portion of long term loan	17	158,539,547	126,546,477
Mark-up accrued	15	67,131,592	30,859,42
Provision for taxation			
	L	578,442,199	553,444,66
Working capital employed		(504,847,831)	(448,637,85
Non-current liabilities		220,384,770	345,228,94
	16		
Subordinated sponsors' loan	17		31,993,07
Long term loan	18		12,749,10
Retirement benefits	19	51,739,967	65,950,47
Deferred tax liability	***	51,739,967	110,692,65
Contingencies and commitments	20	3.1, 3.3, 3.	
Net capital employed		168,644,803	234,536,29
Represented by:			SHIPS NO.
Share capital and reserves			
Authorized share capital			
(15,000,000 Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each)		150,000,000	150,000,00
Share capital	21	80,000,000	80,000,00
Accumulated losses	1480	(347,318,671)	(313,581,82
		(267,318,671)	(233,581,82
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net of tax	22	435,963,474	468,118,12
akov. • 2000.000 (2000.000 a 2000.000)	33	168,644,803	234,536,29
The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these fina	ncial statements.		
	Faisal Mukhta	ir A	bida Mukht
Lahore: 0 7 0CT 20%	Chief Executive C	- TO	Director

Condensed Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended June 30, 2015	Note	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
Sales	23	32,585,974	1,363,715,008
Cost of sales	24	114,345,172	1,483,815,417
Gross loss		(81,759,197)	(120,100,409)
Operating expenses:			72 - 1 - 1 7 - 1 1 - 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
Administrative expenses	25	21,571,727	68,006,837
Distribution cost	26	36,180	2,156,957
		21,607,907	70,163,794
Operating loss		(103,367,104)	(190,264,203)
Finance cost	27	(39,526,763)	(42,212,033)
Other income	28	70,935,394	158,082,308
Other operating charges	29	(8,738,765)	(48,852,559)
Profit/(loss) before taxation		(80,697,238)	(123,246,487)
Taxation	30	14,805,745	13,017,962
Profit/(loss) after taxation		(65,891,493)	(110,228,525)
Other comprehensive income for the year			
Items that will never be reclassified to comprehensive income			
Incremental depreciation for the year		32,154,649	26,093,615
Revaluation gain realize over disposals	22	7	13,280,680
Re-measurement of defined benefit liability	18		421,054
		32,154,649	39,795,349
Total comprehensive icome/(loss) for the year		(33,736,845)	(70,433,176)
Profit/(loss) per share - basic and diluted	31	(8.24)	(13.78)

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Lahore: 0 7 0CT 2015

Faisal Mukhtar Chief Executive Officer Abida Mukhtar Director

Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited			NO DECEMBER OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN NAME
Statement of Cash Flows			
For the year ended June 30, 2015		2015	2014
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Cash flow from operating activities			
Loss before taxation		(80,697,238)	(123,246,487
Adjustments for:		(33,377,1230)	(125,210,40)
Depreciation	5.1.1	64,374,078	70,593,791
Amortization	25	95,426	293,684
Sponsors loan written off	56	33,120	(80,240,000
Finance cost	27	39,526,763	42,212,033
Bad debts written off	- X-2	37,520,703	8,591,686
Trade and other payables written off	28	(61,099,356)	(77,842,308
Trade debts written off	29	2,304,987	32,797,203
Loss / (profit) on disposal of fixed assets	28	(836,038)	12,038,674
Provision for gratuity	5000	(0.0,0.0)	3,753,946
Obsolete spares written off	29	6,433,778	2,7 23,7 10
Loss from operations		(29,897,600)	(111,047,778
Working capital changes		(,0,,,000)	(111,017,770
Stores and spares		7,116,130	14,381,105
Stock-in-trade		10,106,208	143,706,998
Trade debts		3,906,752	31,858,431
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables		(5,056,074)	(21,133,092)
Trade and other payables		8,741,224	18,518,558
₹7 ±2°		24,814,241	187,332,000
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		(5,083,360)	76,284,222
Finance cost paid	10	(3,254,588)	702-0-4-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0-0
Gratuity paid		(3,612,495)	(25,892,160)
Taxation paid		492,420	(7,734,259) (8,193,977)
*************************************		(6,374,663)	(41,820,396)
Net cash generated from/(used) in operating activities Cash flow from investing activities	8	(11,458,023)	34,463,826
10 Cal (1) (1) (1)			
Additions in property, plant and equipment Long term deposits	5.1	(484,272)	(2,806,619)
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets			(307,373)
Net cash flow from investing activities	5.1.4	5,485,000	31,540,000
The control of the co		5,000,728	28,426,008
Cash flow from financing activities		4100	
Long term loans			(26,164,073)
Short term finance		(46,188)	(35,634,114)
Net cash used in financing activities		(46,188)	(61,798,187)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6-5	(6,503,483)	1,091,647
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	92	7,092,851	6,001,204
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	12	589,367	7,092,851

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Lahore: 0 7 0CT 2015

Faisal Mukhtar Chief Executive Officer

Abida Mukhtar Director

Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited

Statement of Changes in Equity For the year ended June 30, 2015	Share capital Rupees	Accumulated losses Rupees	Total Rupees
D. I. J. D. 2014	80,000,000	(243,148,650)	(163,148,650)
Balance as at July 01, 2014 Total comprehensive income for the year	50,500,000	(70,433,176)	(70,433,176)
Balance as at June 30, 2014	80,000,000	(313,581,826)	(233,581,826)
Balance as at July 01, 2014	80,000,000	(313,581,826)	(233,581,826)
Total comprehensive loss for the year	3	(33,736,845)	(33,736,845)
Balance as at June 30, 2015	80,000,000	(347,318,671)	(267,318,671)

The annexed notes 1 to 41 form an integral part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2015

1 Reporting entity

Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited ("the Company") was incorporated in Pakistan on September 28, 1989 as public unlisted company under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and was subsequently listed on the Karachi and Lahore Stock Exchanges in 1991. The registered of the Company is situated at 63-B-I, Gulberg III, Lahore. The principal activity of the Company is to manufacture and sale of yarn.

2 Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Approved Accounting Standards comprise of such International Accounting Standards as notified under the provisions of the Companies Ordinance, 1984. Wherever, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 or the directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan differ with the requirements of these standards, the requirements of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 or the requirements of the said directives take precedence.

2.2 Going concern assumption

The Company has been facing operational issues for the last couple of years including shut down of eletricity due to heavy rain storm and shortage of gas supplies due to which the Company has incurred loss before tax of Rs. 80.70 million (2014: Rs. 123.25 million) and has accumulated losses amounting to Rs. 347.32 millionat the year end. In addition, the Company current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rs. 504.84 million (2014: Rs. 448.638 million) at the year end. The Company has not been able to meet its various obligations for long term loans and short term borrowings.

These conditions indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

The financial statements have been prepared on going concern basis on the grounds that the Companywill be able to achieve satisfactory levels of profitability in the future based on the plans drawn up by the management for this purpose and bringing its liabilities to serviceable level and availability of adequate working capital through support from sponsors. The Company is confident that it will continue to be supported by the sponsors, the lenders and also be able to reschedule remaining of its existing over-due borrowings as well. Management expects that:

- the Company will continue to get support of sponsors;
- the Company will continue to get support of its lenders and will be able to obtain relaxation in payment terms of its over-due borrowings; and
- the Companywill be able to generate adequate liquiditythrough new short term borrowingsand will be successful in utilising such funds to increase its operations and achieve its budgeted targets for production of yarn.

The financial statements consequently do not include any adjustment relating to the realization of the assets and liquidation of its liabilities that might be necessary would the Company be unable to continue as a going concern.

2.3 Financial liabilities

The Companycould not make timely repayments of principal and interest / mark-up related to long term debts as referred to in Note 35. Further, as at the reporting date, the Companycould not comply with certain financial and other covenants imposed by the lenders. As per the agreed terms of long term debts the lenders have unconditional light to call the loans if timely repayments are not made or covenants are not complied with International Accounting Standard on Presentation of financial statements (IAS - 1) requires that if an entity breaches a provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand, it should classify the liability as current.

2.5 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for recognition of certain staff retirement benefits at present value as stated in note 3 (b) and revaluation of certain fixed assets referred to note 5.6 of the financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

2.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. The area involving a higher degree of judgments or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows:

a. Property, plant and equipment

The management of the Companyreassesses useful lives, depreciation method and rates for each item of property, plant and equipment annually by considering expected pattern of economic benefits that the Companyexpects to derive from that item and the maximum period up to which such benefits are expected to be available. The rates of depreciation are specified in note 5.1.

b. Taxation

The Companytakes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by appellate authorities while estimating its tax liabilities.

c. Provisions

Provisions are based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, that is, the amount that the Companywould rationally pay to settle the obligation at the reporting date or to transfer it to a third party

d. Revaluation of fixed assets

Revaluation of fixed assets is carried out by independent professional valuer. Revalued amounts of nondepreciable items are determined by reference to local market values and that of depreciable items are determined by reference to present depreciated replacement values.

The frequency of revaluations depends upon the changes in fair values of the items of property, plant and equipment being revalued. When the fair value of a revalued asset differs materially from its carrying amount, a further revaluation is required. Such frequent revaluations are unnecessary for items of property, plant and equipment with only insignificant changes in fair value. Instead, it may be necessary to revalue the item only every three or five years.

e. Contingencies

The Companyhas disclosed its contingent liabilities for the pending litigations and claims against the Companybased on its judgment and the advice of the legal advisors for the estimated financial outcome. The actual outcome of these litigations and claims can have an effect on the carrying amounts of the liabilities recognized at the balance sheet date. However, based on the best judgment of the Companyand its legal advisors, the likely outcome of these litigations and claims is remote and there is no need to recognize any liability at the balance sheet date.

f. Provision for doubtful debts, advances and other receivables

The Companyreviews the recoverability of trade debts, advances and other receivables at each reporting date to assess whether provision should be recorded in profit and loss account. In particular, judgement by management is required in estimates of the amount and timing of future cash flows when determining the level of provision required. Such estimates are based on certain assumptions about a number of factors and actual results may differ, resulting in future changes to the provision.

g. Stores, spare parts, loose tools and stock in trade

The Companyreviews the stores, spare parts, loose tools and stock in trade for possible impairment on an annual basis. Anychange in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of stores, spare parts, loose tools and stock in trade with a corresponding affect on the provision.

2.5 Functional Currency

These financial statements have been prepared in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional currency

3 Initial application of new standards, interpretations or amendments to existing standards and forthcoming requirements

3.1 New and revised approved accounting standards, interpretations and amendments thereto

There were certain new standards and amendments to the approved accounting standards which became effective during the period but are considered not to be relevant or having significant effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not disclosed in these financial statements.

The following standards, amendments and interpretations of approved accounting standards will be effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 July 2015:

• Amendmentsto IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 Intangible Assets (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016) introduces ever estrictions on the use of revenue-based amortization for intangible assets and explicitly state that revenue-based methods of depreciation cannot be used for property, plant and equipment. The rebuttable presumption that the use of revenue-based amortisation methods for intangible assets is inappropriate can be overcome only when revenue and the consumption of the economic benefits of the intangible asset are 'highly correlated', or when the intangible asset is expressed as a measure of revenue. The amendments are not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.

- IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces the part of IAS 27 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements'. IFRS 10 introduces a new approach to determining which investees should be consolidated. The single model to be applied in the control analysis requires that an investor controls an investee when the investor is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. IFRS 10 has made consequential changes to IAS 27 which is now called 'Separate Financial Statements' and will deal with only separate financial statements. Certain further amendments have been made to IFRS 10, IFRS 12 and IAS 28 clarifying the requirements relating to accounting for investment entities and would be effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
 - IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces IAS 31 'Interests in Joint Ventures'. Firstly, it carves out, from IAS 31 jointly controlled entities, those cases in which although there is a separate vehicle, that separation is ineffective in certain ways. These arrangements are treated similarly to jointly controlled assets / operations under IAS 31 and are now called joint operations. Secondly, the remainder of IAS 31 jointly controlled entities, now called joint ventures, are stripped of the free choice of using the equity method or proportionate consolidation; hey must now always use the equity method. IFRS 11 has also made consequential changes in IAS 28 which has now been named 'Investmentin Associates and Joint Ventures'. The amendments requiring business combination accounting to be applied to acquisitions of interests in a joint operation that constitutes a business are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
 - IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) combines the disclosure requirements for entities that have interests in subsidiaries, joint arrangements (i.e. joint operations or joint ventures), associates and/or unconsolidated structured entities, into one place. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
- IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) defines fair value, establishes a frameworkfor measuring fair value and sets out disclosure requirements for fair value measurements. IFRS 13 explains how to measure fair value when it is required by other IFRSs. It does not introduce new fair value measurements, nor does it eliminate the practicability exceptions to fair value measurements that currently exist in certain standards. The adoption of this standard is not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
- Amendments IAS 27 'SeparateFinancialStatements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The amendments o IAS 27 will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements. The adoption of the amended standard is not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.

- Agriculture:Bearer Plants [Amendmentsto IAS 16 and IAS 41] (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). Bearer plants are now in the scope of IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment for measurement and disclosure purposes. Therefore, a company can elect to measure bearer plants at cost. However, the produce growing on bearer plants will continue to be measured at fair value less costs to sell under IAS 41 Agriculture A bearer plant is a plant that: is used in the supply of agricultural produce; is expected to bear produce for more than one period; and has a remote likelihood of being sold as agricultural produce. Before maturity, bearer plants are accounted for in the same way as self-constructed items of property, plant and equipment during construction. The adoption of the amended standard is not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) [effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016]. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary. The adoption of these amendments is not likely to have an impact on Company's financial statements.

AnnualImprovements2012-2014 cycles (amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The new cycle of improvements contain amendments to the following standards:

- IFRS 5 Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations. IFRS 5 is amended to
 clarify that if an entity changes the method of disposal of an asset (or disposal group) i.e.
 reclassifies an asset from held for distribution owners to held for sale or vice versa withoutany
 time lag, then such change in classification is considered as continuation of the original plan of
 disposal and if an entitydetermines that an asset (or disposal group) no longer meets the criteriato
 be classified as held for distribution; then it ceases held for distribution accounting in the same way
 as it would cease held for sale accounting.
- IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments- Disclosures'. IFRS 7 is amended to clarify when servicing
 arrangements are in the scope of its disclosure requirements on continuing involvement in
 transferred financial assets in cases when they are derecognized in their entirety. IFRS 7 is also
 amended to clarify that additional disclosures required by 'Disclosures: Offsetting Financial Assets
 and Financial Liabilities (Amendments to IFRS7)' are not specifically required for inclusion in
 condensed interim financial statements for all interim periods.
- IAS 19 'EmployeeBenefits'. IAS 19 is amended to clarify that high quality corporate bonds or governmentbonds used in determining the discount rate should be issued in the same currency in which the benefits are to be paid.
- IAS 34 'InterimFinancialReporting' IAS 34 is amended to clarify that certain disclosures, if they
 are not included in the notes to interim financial statements and disclosed elsewhere should be
 cross referred.

4 Significant accounting policies

4.1 Borrowings

Loans and borrowingsare recorded at the proceeds received. Financial charges are accounted for on accrual basis and included in mark-up payable.

All mark-ups, interest and other charges on long term and short term borrowings are charged to profit in the period in which they are incurred.

Exchange gain or loss arising in respect of foreign currency is covered under provision of SBP FE. Circular No 25 dated 20th June 1998.

4.2 Staff retirement benefits

Defined contribution plan

The Companyhas an approved contributory Provident Fund Scheme for its employees. The Companyand the employees both make monthly equal contribution as per Provident Fund Rules. The Company implemented Funded Gratuity Scheme for all the employees in place of Provident Fund effective July 01, 2008 however, executives are continued to remain in contributory Provident Fund Scheme.

4.3 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payables are carried at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in future for goods and services received whether or not billed to the Company.

4.4 Provisions

Provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that an outflow of resource embodying economic benefit will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

4.5 Contingencies and commitments

Contingencies and commitments are recognized only when they become due.

4.6 Fixed assets

Operating fixed assets

Property plant and equipment (except freeholdland, buildings on freeholdland and plant & machinery) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. Freehold land, buildings on freehold land and plant & machinery are stated at revalued amounts less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any.

Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment is credited to the surplus on revaluation account. To the extent of the incremental depreciation charged on the revalued assets the related surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment (net of deferred taxation) is transferred directly to unappropriated profit.

Cost of assets includes purchase price and other incidental expenses incurred up to the date of operation.

Depreciation is calculated on reducing balance method at the rates specified in note 5.1 to the financial statements. Depreciation and additions is charged from the date when the asset is available for use and on deletions up to the date when the assets is derecognized.

The carryingamount of the Company assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment/ reversal of previous impairment. If such indication exists, the recoverable amount is estimated and loss / reversal of previous loss are recognized. Impairment loss or its reversal, if any, is charged to the income. Wherean impairment loss is recognized the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

Maintenanceand normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred while major repairs and improvements are capitalized. Gain or loss on disposal of assets is included in the current year income.

Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss.

Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost and amortized over a period of useful life of the assets.

4.7 Finance lease

Assets subject to finance lease are stated at fair value of the leased assets at inception of the lease or, if lower at the present value of minimum lease payments. Depreciation is charged at the rates and basis applicable to owned assets.

The outstandingobligations under finance lease less finance charges allocated to future periods are shown as liability. The finance charges are calculated at the rates implicitin the leases and were charged to profit and loss account for the year.

4.8 Stores and spares

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost is calculated according to moving average method. Stores in transit are valued at invoice value including other charges, if any, incurred thereon.

4.9 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade is valued at the lower of weighted average cost and estimated net realizable value.

Cost comprises all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less net estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

4.10 Trade debts

Receivables are carried at original invoiced amount less an estimated provision for doubtful receivables based on reviewof outstandingamountat the year-end. Known bad debts are writtenoff against profit and loss account.

4.11 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized on the dispatch of goods to the customers.

Return on deposits is accrued on a time basis by reference to the principaloutstanding and the applicable rate of return.

4.12 Borrowing costs

Borrowingcosts that are directlyattributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset is capitalized. All other borrowing costs are charged against income as and when incurred.

4.13 Taxation

Current

The charge for the currenttaxation for the year is based on taxable income at the current rate of taxation after taking into account tax credits, tax rebates and other allowances available for set off, if any in accordance with the provisions of Income Tax Ordinance 2001.

Deferred

Deferred tax is provided in full using the balance sheet liabilitymethod on all temporary differences arising at the balance sheet date, between the tax bases of the assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Carrying amount of all deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax assets to be utilized. Deferred tax asset and liability is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

4.14 Foreign currencies

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange approximating hose prevailing at the dates of transactions. Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into rupees at the rates of exchange approximating hose prevailing at the balance sheet date. Exchange gains and losses are included in profit and loss account currently.

4.15 Cash and cash equivalent

Cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand and current or deposit accounts held with banks. Running finance facilities, if any, availed by the Company, which are payable on demand and form an integral part of the Company's cash managementare included as part of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of statement of cash flows.

4.16 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets and liabilities are recognized when the Company becomes a part to the contractual provision of the instrument. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statement associated with each item. Any gain or loss on subsequent measurement is charged to income.

4.17 Off setting

Financialassets and financialliabilities are set off and the net amount is reported in the financial statements when there is a legally enforceable right to set off and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.18 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties and associated undertakings are entered into arm's length prices determined in accordance with comparable uncontrolled pricing method as approved by the Board of Directors.

4.19 Dividend and reserves

Dividend is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is declared.

Similarly an appropriation to reserves is recognized in the period in which it is appropriated.

5	Fixed assets		2015	2014
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Property, plant and equipment	5.1	723,033,529	791,572,301
	Intangibles	5.2	549,614	645,040
		-	723,583,143	792,217,34

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2015

eduipment
plant and
Property,
5.1

Cost Balance at July 01, 2013 Additions Transfers Revaluation surplus				Owne	Owned assets			
Cost Balance at July 01, 2013 Additions Transfers Revaluation surplus	Freehold land	Building on freehold land	Plant and machinery	Furniture and fittings	Office equipment	Computer	Vehicles	Total
Balance at July 01, 2013 Additions Transfers Revaluation surplus								
Additions Transfers Revaluation surplus	39,578,125	223,173,525	1.145.822.030	4.302.653	19.894.187	4 117 250	7 480 436	1 444 368 201
Transfers Revaluation surplus			1 885 419	80,000	1016, 2062	000 40	741 300	102,000,1711,1
Revaluation surplus		3 001 174	11,000,1	000,00		20,100	777,300	410,000,017
Kevaluation surplus	, ,	+/1,+/0,7	•	XC.	\$31 	0	Ti.	2,004,1/4
Denoted	4,155,704	26,048,565	79,550,903	90	(T)	×	ì	109,755,172
Lysbrosar		20	(58,299,482)	r	*	*	(344,000)	(58,643,482)
Balance at June 30, 2014	43,733,830	251,226,264	1,168,958,870	4,382,653	19,894,182	4,215,150	7,879,736	1,500,290,684
Balance as at July 01, 2014	43,733,830	251,226,264	1,168,958,870	4,382,653	19,894,182	4,215,150	7,879,736	1,500,290,684
Additions	7			•	-	,	484,264	484,264
Transfers	٠	14	,	0)9	(4)			- C
Revaluation surplus		S		(4)		1 60		-
Disposal/ (Adjustment)							(7,398,000)	(7,398,000)
Balance at June 30, 2015	43,733,829	251,226,266	1,168,958,869	4,382,653	19,894,182	4,215,150	000'996	1,493,376,949
Depreciation								
Balance as at July 01, 2013	×	83,874,816	549,600,674	2,665,576	12,638,336	2,495,126	1,914,871	653,189,400
For the year		7,462,618	60,380,065	159,926	1,327,193	163,841	1,100,148	70,593,791
Disposal			(14,803,571)	·			(261,237)	(15,064,808)
Balance at June 30, 2014		91,337,434	595,177,168	2,825,502	13,965,529	2,658,967	2,753,782	708,718,383
Balance as at July 01, 2014	1378	91,337,434	595,177,168	2,825,502	13,965,529	2,658,967	2,753,782	708,718,382
For the year	ĕ	7,813,756	54,587,817	107,068	1,229,528	284,234	351,675	64,374,078
Disposal							(2,749,038)	(2,749,038)
Balance at June 30, 2015		99,151,190	649,764,986	2,888,919	15,195,058	2,943,201	356,419	770,343,422
Carrying value 2014	43,733,830	159,888,830	573,781,702	1,557,151	5,928,653	1,556,183	5,125,954	791,572,301
Carrying value 2015	43,733,829	152,075,075	519,193,884	1,493,734	4,699,124	1,271,949	185,609	723,033,527
Rate of depreciation (%)	%0	5%	10%	10%	20%	10%	20%	

5.1.1	Depreciation for the year has been allocated as under:	Note	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
	Cost of sales	24	63,086,596	69,123,244
	Administrative expenses	25	1,287,482	1,470,547
			64,374,078	70,593,791

- 5.1.2 The machinery imports from year 2002 to 2004 resulted waiver off of custom duty amounting to Rs. 20.277 millionunder SRO 554 (I)/98 dated June 12, 1998 in respect of bonded warehouse. The resulting audit under Section 26 of Customs Act, 1969 is pending till reporting date.
- 5.1.3 If the freehold land, building and plant and machinerywere measured using the cost model, the carrying amount would be as follows.

Particulars	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Net book value
2015			
Freehold land	2,346,030	34	2,346,030
Building on freehold land	68,979,500	45,627,019	23,352,481
Plant and machinery	468,278,699	343,302,478	124,976,221
	539,604,229	388,929,497	150,674,732
2014			
Freehold land	2,346,030		2,346,030
Building on freehold land	68,979,500	44,397,941	24,581,559
Plant and machinery	468,278,699	329,416,231	138,862,468
	539,604,229	373,814,172	165,790,057

5.1.4 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

Opening balance

Closing balance

For the year

Particulars	Cost	Accumulated depreciation	Carrying value	Sales proceeds	Profit/ (loss)
Suzuki Cultus	1,060,000	290,132	769,868	850,000	80,132
Toyota Altas	1,840,000	731,753	1,108,247	1,285,000	176,753
Hundai Santro	619,000	477,828	141,172	350,000	208,828
Toyota Vitz	1,125,000	159,287	965,713	900,000	(65,713)
Suzuki Swift	1,075,000	415,843	659,157	900,000	240,843
Toyota Corolla	1,679,000	674,195	1,004,805	1,200,000	195,195
2015	7,398,000	2,749,038	4,648,962	5,485,000	836,038
2014	58,643,482	15,064,808	43,578,674	31,540,000	(12,038,674
5.2 Intangible Cost Amortiza	es - computer soft	ware		1,874,241	1,874,241

1,229,201

1,324,627

95,426

549,614

935,517

293,684

1,229,201

645,040

5.2.1 Amortization for the year has been charged to administrative expenses.

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6	Long term deposits		2015	2014
			Rupees	Rupees
	Security deposits against utilities	\ <u>-</u>	1,649,458	1,649,45
7	Stores and spares		2015	2014
			Rupees	Rupees
	Stores		595,053	950,332
	Spares		12,208,484	17,386,83
	Packing material		905,036	2,487,54
		557	13,708,573	20,824,70
	Less: Provision for obsolete items Obsolete spares written off	29	(341,055) (6,433,778)	(341,05
		_	6,933,740	20,483,64
8	7.2 This represents spares tools written off during the year Stock-in-trade		2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
	ver 1 :		S411	7.010.00
	Work-in-process Finished goods		10.100	7,848,08
	rinished goods	1	10,189	2,268,31
		=	10,107	10,110,57
9	Trade debts		2015	2014
			Rupees	Rupees
	Considered good - unsecured	22		6,211,73
		-		
10	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables	-	2015	2014
10	2 A 1941 0 000000 TH 4 COT A 190000 1 APP AS 100 COT 3 MARKED 1 TO MARKED 1 TO 1941 OF THE TOTAL STATE OF TH	,	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
10	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good			Rupees
10	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good		Rupees 361,910	Sept. 599,513
10	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers		361,910 341,840	599,513 2,356,733
10	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers - Expenses		361,910 341,840 102,197	7599,515 2,356,733 132,533
10	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers - Expenses Prepayments		361,910 341,840 102,197 720,362	720,362
10	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers - Expenses Prepayments Short term security deposits		361,910 341,840 102,197 720,362 3,349,324	2,356,733 132,533 720,362 3,349,324
10	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers - Expenses Prepayments		Rupees 361,910 341,840 102,197 720,362 3,349,324 9,168,724	7599,515 2,356,735 132,535 720,366 3,349,326 1,829,815
10	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers - Expenses Prepayments Short term security deposits Others		Rupees 361,910 341,840 102,197 720,362 3,349,324 9,168,724 14,044,357	7599,515 2,356,732 132,532 720,362 3,349,324 1,829,818 8,988,283
110	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers - Expenses Prepayments Short term security deposits		Rupees 361,910 341,840 102,197 720,362 3,349,324 9,168,724 14,044,357 2015	Rupees 599,513 2,356,733 132,533 720,362 3,349,324 1,829,813 8,988,283
77679	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers - Expenses Prepayments Short term security deposits Others	Note	Rupees 361,910 341,840 102,197 720,362 3,349,324 9,168,724 14,044,357	7599,515 2,356,733 132,533 720,363 3,349,324 1,829,815 8,988,283
77679	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers - Expenses Prepayments Short term security deposits Others	Note 11.1	Rupees 361,910 341,840 102,197 720,362 3,349,324 9,168,724 14,044,357 2015	Rupees 599,515 2,356,732 132,532 720,362 3,349,324 1,829,818 8,988,283
77679	Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advances to employees - secured - considered good Advances - unsecured - considered good - Suppliers - Expenses Prepayments Short term security deposits Others Tax refunds due from Government		Rupees 361,910 341,840 102,197 720,362 3,349,324 9,168,724 14,044,357 2015 Rupees	7599,515 2,356,732 132,532 720,362 3,349,324 1,829,818 8,988,283 2014 Rupees

	11.1 Income tax deducted at source Opening balance Add: Paid during the year Less: Adjustments	20.1.1 & 20.1.2	43,984,770 (929,436) 43,055,334 - 43,055,334	33,527,930 9,372,594 42,900,524 1,084,246 43,984,770
12	Cash and bank balances		2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
	Cash in hand		155,701	21,315
	Cash at banks - current accounts	_	433,667	7,071,536
		_	589,367	7,092,851
13	Trade and other payables		2015	2014
	20.000	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Creditors	13.1	130,050,735	182,377,570
	Accrued liabilities		16,418,264	15,435,356
	Tax deducted at source		7,356,844	4,990,306
	Advances from customers		757,829	2,031,749
	Payable to Provident Fund Trust		8 + 8	2,340,385
	Unclaimed dividend		1,159,777	1,159,777
	Workers' profit participation fund		[: * :]	491,732
	Workers' welfare fund		120	186,858
	Others	13.2	24,353,131	14,304,365
			180,096,579	223,318,098

13.1 During the year an amount of Rs. 61.099 million relating to payables to parties has been written off.

13.2 This includes an amount of Rs.9.13 millionrelating to gratuity payable to employees who were terminated during the year but their dues are pending for settlement.

14	Short term borrowings	2015 201		
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Short term borrowings - from commercial banks	14.1	172,674,481	172,720,669

14.1 These facilities have been obtained from various commercial bank for working capital requirements and are secured by charge over current assets of the Company, pledge of stocks and personal guarantees of directors of the Company, at reporting date balance of stock-in-trade does not support these pledge amounts.

These finances carry mark-up at rates ranging from one to six months KIBOR plus a spread of 1.75 to 3.50 percent per annum (2014: one to six months KIBOR plus a spread of 1.75 to 3.50 percent per annum), payable quarterly.

The aggregate availableshort term funded facilities amounts to Rs. 188.56 million (2014: 140.37 million). Total balance at reporting date Rs.172.67 million pertains to a facilities expired before reporting date.

15	Mark-up accrued		2015	2014
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Mark-up on short term borrowings		36,317,713	15,709,089
	Mark-up on long term loan		30,813,878	15,079,226
	Mark-up on workers' profit participation fund payable			71,106
	The second section of the second seco		67,131,592	30,859,421

16	Subordinated sponsors' loan		2015	2014
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Opening balance		00+00	80,240,000
	Balance written off during the year	28	4	(80,240,000
		16.1	1.61	

16.1 This represented interest free unsecured loan from sponsor directors of the Company. The said amount has been written off during the year after obtaining consent from sponsors.

17	Long term loan - secured		2015	2014
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Demand finance from commercial banks:			
	- Bank of Punjab	17.1	14,900,000	14,900,000
	- United Bank Limited (NIDF-V)	17.2	14,959,062	14,959,062
	- United Bank Limited (NIDF-VI)	17.3	20,000,000	20,000,000
	- National Bank of Pakistan	17.4	78,749,958	78,749,958
	- Silk Bank Limited (FIM swap)	17.5	9,406,527	9,406,527
	- National Bank of Pakistan (CF swap)	17.6	15,976,000	15,976,000
	- National Bank of Pakistan (Frozen mark-up)	17.7	4,548,000	4,548,000
		-	158,539,547	158,539,547
	Less: Current portion		(158,539,547)	(126,546,477)
		\$ =	-	31,993,070

- 17.1 This represents Demand Finance of Rs. 60.00 million sanctioned by Bank of Punjab for swapping of demand finance from UnitedBank Limited. It carries mark up at the rate of average 6 Month KIBOR plus 350 basis points with floor rate of 12%. As per rescheduled term, the loan is repayable in 1.5 years commencing from February 07, 2013 in quarterly instalments of Rs. 3,000 million each.
- 17.2 This represents demand finance (NIDF-V) of Rs. 16.830 millionsanctioned by United Bank Limited on December 18, 2009 for restructuring financial requirements As per rescheduled terms, it carries markup at the rate of 6 month KIBOR plus 200 basis points with no floor and cap. The loan is repayable from June 18, 2012 in 15 equal quarterly instalments of Rs. 1.868 million each.
- 17.3 This represents demand finance (NIDF-VI) of Rs. 22.50 millionconverted from FE-25 / NICF-Pledge for restructuring of financial requirements by United Bank Limited on June 03, 2013. It carries mark up at the rate of 3 Month KIBOR plus 150 basis points. The loan is repayable in equal quarterly instalments coinciding with existing NIDF-V loan.
- 17.4 This represents demand finance of Rs. 90.00 millionsanctioned by the NationalBank of Pakistan for reprofiling of the Company's balance sheet/swapping of short term debts of Standard Chartered Bank (Pakistan) Limited and United Bank Limited. It carries mark up at the rate of 6 months KIBOR plus 150 basis points. The loan is repayable in 6 years including 2 years of grace period from Dec 03, 2012 in 08 equal bi-annual instalments of Rs. 11.250 million each.
- 17.5 This represent the outstanding balance of FIM converted into term loan by the Silk Bank Limited on November 12, 2012. The converted term loan carries mark-up at the rate of 3 months KIBOR plus 3.50. The loan is repayable in 21 equal monthly instalments of Rs. 1.00 million each.
- 17.6 These represent the outstanding balances of cash finance pledge facility and outstanding mark-up thereon after restructuring of the said facilities by the National Bank of Pakistan as on April 08, 2013. The converted cash finance facility carries mark up at the rate of 1 month KIBOR plus 200 basis points. No mark-up is charged on frozen mark-up. The loans was repayable in equal quarterly instalments till December 31, 2013.
- 17.7 The above loans are secured against 1st pari passu charge on fixed assets for Rs 532.00 million.
- 17.8 Current portion include an amount of Rs. 126.55 payable during the financial year June 30, 2015.

	nent benefits		XT	2015 Punsos	2014
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
18.1	Principal actuarial assumption	ons			
	Discount rate				13.25% p.a.
	Expected rate of increase in	salam level			12.25% p.a.
	Average remaining working	Sylvation of the percentage			10 years
	riverage remaining working	, inc			0.50%/50757
18.2	Movement in net liability reco	gnised			
	Opening liability	9 10130000		12,749,108	17,150,47
	Charge for the year		18.4	-	3,753,94
	Re-measurement of defined be	nefit liability			(421,05
	Benefits paid in the year			(3,612,495)	(7,734,25
	Transferred to other payables		18.6	(9,136,613)	
			<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	12,749,10
	Present value of benefit obli Fair value of plan assets	9	_	7 -	12,800,16 (51,05
	Fair value of plan assets		-		(51,05
			=		12,7 17,11
18.4	Charged to statement of comp	rehensive income i	or the year		
	Current service cost			12	2,555,32
	Interest cost			170	1,198,62
	Expected return on plan ass	ets	_	<u> </u>	
			<u>_</u>		
					3,753,94
18.5	Historical information		-		3,753,94
18.5	Historical information 2015	2014	2013	2012	3,753,94
resent value			-4704747573 Snorros		2011
		2014 12,800,166	2013	13,553,852	
resent value	of defined		-4704747573 Snorros		2011

^{18.6} This represents balance payable to employees who were terminated during the year. The liability has been rearranged due to change in the nature of liability (note 13.2).

19 Deferred tax liability

Opening balance	Charge for the year	Closing balance
67,077,184	14,099,675	52,977,509
(48,398,265)	706,070	(48,509,097)
47,271,555		47,271,555
65,950,474	14,805,745	51,739,967
94,560,625	27,483,441	67,077,184
(70,485,534)	(22,087,269)	(48,398,265)
47,271,555	*	47,271,555
71,346,646	5,396,172	65,950,474
	67,077,184 (48,398,265) 47,271,555 65,950,474 94,560,625 (70,485,534) 47,271,555	balance year 67,077,184 14,099,675 (48,398,265) 706,070 47,271,555 - 65,950,474 14,805,745 94,560,625 27,483,441 (70,485,534) (22,087,269) 47,271,555 -

20 Contingencies and commitments

20.1 Contingencies

- 20.1.1In 2005, the department has not given credit of tax deducted on exports u/s 154 amounting to Rs. 6,617,590 and Rs. 4,250,270 against minimumtax liabilityunder reference for the tax year ended 2004 and 2005 respectively. The Companyfiled an appeal against the orders of the department issued under section 122 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 before Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeal) but the plea was rejected. The Companybeing aggrieved filed an appeal before Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue which is pending for hearing. The management is very much positive that the case will be settled in the Company's favour in light of previous cases settled by the High Court in favour of the Company.
- 20.1.2 Returnfor the tax year 2008 was filed declaring taxable loss of Rs. 36,672,658 for the year. The assessment u/s 122 of the Income Tax Ordinance,2001 was finalized by the department resulting taxable income of Rs. 60,530,080 and computed net tax payable amounting to Rs. 19,130,819. However, the Company had filed an appeal before Commissione finland Revenue (Appeal) on the basis of legal grounds as well as on the merits of the case. The legal ground constitutes that the order passed by the department was illegal being barred by the limitation of time and the manegement is very positive that the case will be settled in favour of the Comapnyin appellate forum on the basis of precedents available from Income Tax Appellate Tribunaland Lahore High Court decesions, and resulting liabilities will be nullified and taxable loss will be restored.
- 20.1.3 The tax departmentissued notice amounting to Rs.1,282,588 relating to crest case of different yarn parties, the Companyappealled to the Commissiner Inland Revenue (Appeals) for re-assessment on merit as the Companyhas provided all the required documents and record to tax authorities, the case was sent back in appeal to the Commissiner Inland Revenue for re-assessment. The management is hopeful that such liability will be withdrawn by tax authorities in favour of the Company.
- 20.1.4 The SNGPL levied surchage amounting to Rs.8,213,847 under Gas InfrastructureDevelopmentSurcharge on industrial undertakings. Later the Lahore High Court has nullefied the order and resulting levied surcharge. The Government of Pakistanhas filled an appeal in the Supereme Court of Pakistanand case is pending till reporting date.

20.2 Commitments

- 20.2.1 Letter of credit amounting to Nil (2014: Nil).
- 20.2.2 Letter of guarantee issued in favour of SNGPL amounting to Rs. 14.906 million (2014: Rs. 14.906 millions).

21	Share	capital	2015	2014
			Rupees	Rupees
	21.1	Issued, subscribed and paid-up:		
		8,000,000 Ordinary shares (2014: 8,000,000 ordinary shares) of Rs. 10/- each, issued for consideration in cash.	80,000,000	80,000,000

21.2 The shareholders'are entitled to receive all distributions to them including dividend and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares as and when declared by the Company All shares carry "one vote" per share without restriction.

22	Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets - net of tax	2015	2014
		Rupees	Rupees
			100
	Opening balance	515,389,678	458,450,967
	Revaluation surplus on fixed assets		109,755,172
		515,389,678	568,206,139
	Transferredto accumulatedloss on account of incremental		
	depreciation-net of tax	(32, 154, 649)	(39,535,781)
	Realized on disposal of property, plant and equipment	4	(13,280,680)
		483,235,029	515,389,678
	Less: Related deferred tax liability	47,271,555	47,271,555
		435,963,474	468,118,123

The Company's freehold land, buildings on freehold land and plant and machinery were revalued by an independent valuator member of "The Insurance Surveyor Association of Pakistan" which is not connected with the Company and. The basis of revaluation for items of fixed assets were as follows:

Freehold Land

Property brokers, dealers and estate agents were contacted to ascertain the asking and selling prices for properties of the same nature in the immediate neighbourhood and adjoining areas. Neighbouring properties which have been recently sold or purchased, were investigated to ascertain a reasonable selling / buying price. Properties that were up for sale were examined for asking price. An average of the above values was then assigned to the property.

Buildings on freehold land

Construction specifications were noted for each building and structure and new construction rates / GI sheet with iron structure were used to obtain replacement values of buildings, to which a depreciation formula was applied, based upon our estimates of balance life to arrive at the current assessed value.

Plant and machinery

Plant and machinery have been evaluated / assessed by keeping in view their present physical condition, the remaining useful life / economic life and technological obsolescence. Further, new replacement values for the similar type of plant and machinery were inquired from various dealers / vendors and manufacturers of plant accessories. The new replacement values were depreciated using reducing balance method of depreciation to determine the best estimates of the assessed / depreciated replacement values.

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23				2015	2014
	Sales		Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Local sa	1ae		33,101,648	1,398,410,813
	Export				
	Laport	Sales	100 m	33,101,648	1,398,410,813
	Less:	10+00+008			(3,960,956)
	Sales			(515,674)	(30,734,849)
	Dates	cus.	_	(3/3/03/3/3/2/2/2/	
			_	32,585,974	1,363,715,008
24	Cost of	sales	5500	2015	2014
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Salarias	, wages and other benefits	24.1	9,444,989	96,925,857
		aterial consumed	24.2	17,834,790	1,070,957,197
		d power		11,498,001	178,547,747
	Deprec		5.1.1	63,086,596	69,123,244
		g material		482,518	17,582,066
	Short and the same	and spares		483,848	31,514,639
		and maintenance		736,757	3,073,611
	Insuran		201	671,465	3,522,629
	77777777777		_	104,238,964	1,471,246,990
	Openin	ig work-in-process		7,848,082	15,809,469
		work-in-process	440	(#	(7,848,082
		goods manufactured		112,087,046	1,479,208,37
	Openir	og stock of finished goods		2,268,315	6,8/5,355
		ng stock of finished goods		2,268,315 (10,189)	
		ng stock of finished goods g stock of finished goods	_	2,268,315 (10,189) 114,345,172	(2,268,315
	Closing	stock of finished goods	- s. nil million(2014: Rs. 3.0	(10,189) 114,345,172	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41
				(10,189) 114,345,172	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41
	Closing	stock of finished goods Salaries, wages and other benefits include Re	= s. nil million(2014: Rs. 3.0	(10,189) 114,345,172	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retiremen
	Closins	stock of finished goods Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed	= s. nil million(2014: Rs. 3.0	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 sect of retirement 131,138,571
	Closins	stock of finished goods Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rs benefit.	= s. nil million(2014: Rs. 3.0	(10,189) 114,345,172	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirement 131,138,571 948,173,771
	Closins	stock of finished goods Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly	= s. nil million(2014: Rs. 3.0	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirement 131,138,571 948,173,771
	Closins	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases		(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp - - 17,834,790	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirement 131,138,571 948,173,771 (8,355,145
	Closins	stock of finished goods Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly	= s. nil million(2014: Rs. 3.0	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp - 17,834,790 - 17,834,790	131,138,571 948,173,771 (8,355,145 - 1,070,957,19
25	24.1 24.2	stock of finished goods Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly	<u>-</u>	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp - 17,834,790 - 17,834,790 2015	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirement 131,138,571 948,173,771 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19
25	24.1 24.2 Admir	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance	Note	(10,189) 114,345,172 203 million)in resp 17,834,790 17,834,790 2015 Rupees	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirement 131,138,571 948,173,771 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees
25	24.1 24.2 Admir	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance pistrative expenses wages and other benefits	<u>-</u>	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp 17,834,790 17,834,790 2015 Rupees 9,212,917	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirement 131,138,571 948,173,771 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19
25	24.1 24.2 Admin	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance instrative expenses wages and other benefits ing and conveyance	Note	(10,189) 114,345,172 203 million)in resp 17,834,790 17,834,790 2015 Rupees	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirement 131,138,571 948,173,771 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees 26,817,746 5,337,795
25	24.1 24.2 Admir Salaries Travell Postage	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance istrative expenses s, wages and other benefits ling and conveyance e, telephone and telegram	Note	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp 17,834,790 2015 Rupees 9,212,917 2,071,705	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirement 131,138,577 948,173,77 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees 26,817,745 5,337,795 1,875,666
25	24.1 24.2 Admir Salaries Travell Postage Rents,	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance istrative expenses s, wages and other benefits ing and conveyance e, telephone and telegram rates and taxes	Note	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp 17,834,790 17,834,790 2015 Rupees 9,212,917 2,071,705 191,923	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirements 131,138,57 948,173,77 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees 26,817,74 5,337,79 1,875,666 2,596,63
25	24.1 24.2 Admin Salaries Travell Postage Rents, Vehicle	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance sistrative expenses as wages and other benefits ling and conveyance as telephone and telegram rates and taxes running and maintenance	Note	(10,189) 114,345,172 203 million)in resp 17,834,790 2015 Rupees 9,212,917 2,071,705 191,923 272,214 1,173,685 761,869	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirements 131,138,57 948,173,77 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees 26,817,745 5,337,795 1,875,666 2,596,635 5,731,196 1,413,386
25	24.1 24.2 Admin Salaries Travell Postage Rents, Vehicle	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance Distrative expenses Salaries, wages and other benefits Salaries and conveyance Salaries and taxes Salaries and taxes Salaries and maintenance Salaries and maintenance Salaries, wages and other benefits Salaries and taxes Salaries, wages and other benefits	Note	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp 17,834,790 2015 Rupees 9,212,917 2,071,705 191,923 272,214 1,173,685 761,869 1,974,108	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirements 131,138,571 948,173,771 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees 26,817,745 5,337,795 1,875,666 2,596,635 5,731,196 1,413,386 3,489,600
25	24.1 24.2 Admir Salaries Travell Postage Rents, Vehicle Fees ar Electri	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance Distrative expenses Salaries, wages and other benefits Salaries and conveyance Salaries and taxes Salaries and taxes Salaries and maintenance Salaries and maintenance Salaries, wages and other benefits Salaries and taxes Salaries, wages and other benefits	Note	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp 17,834,790 2015 Rupees 9,212,917 2,071,705 191,923 272,214 1,173,685 761,869 1,974,108 104,667	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirements 131,138,57 948,173,77 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees 26,817,74 5,337,79 1,875,66 2,596,63 5,731,19 1,413,38 3,489,60 1,375,74
25	24.1 24.2 Admir Salaries Travell Postage Rents, Vehicle Fees ar Electri Repair Legal a	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance cistrative expenses s, wages and other benefits sing and conveyance e, telephone and telegram rates and taxes e running and maintenance and subscription city and maintenance and professional charges	Note 25.1	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp 17,834,790 2015 Rupees 9,212,917 2,071,705 191,923 272,214 1,173,685 761,869 1,974,108 104,667 623,664	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirements 131,138,57 948,173,77 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees 26,817,74 5,337,79 1,875,66 2,596,63 5,731,19 1,413,38 3,489,60 1,375,74 4,822,89
25	Admir. Salaries Travell Postage Rents, Vehicle Fees ar Electri Repair Legal a Depres	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance distrative expenses s, wages and other benefits ling and conveyance to the telephone and telegram rates and taxes to running and maintenance and subscription city and maintenance and professional charges tiation	Note	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp 17,834,790 17,834,790 2015 Rupees 9,212,917 2,071,705 191,923 272,214 1,173,685 761,869 1,974,108 104,667 623,664 1,287,482	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirements 131,138,57 948,173,77 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees 26,817,74 5,337,795 1,875,666 2,596,63 5,731,196 1,413,386 3,489,60 1,375,74 4,822,896 1,470,545
25	Administrated Administrated Administrated Postage Rents, Vehicle Fees ar Electric Repair Legal a Deprese Enterts	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rebenefit. Raw material consumed Opening balance Purchases Raw material sold directly Closing balance cistrative expenses s, wages and other benefits sing and conveyance e, telephone and telegram rates and taxes e running and maintenance and subscription city and maintenance and professional charges	Note 25.1	(10,189) 114,345,172 003 million)in resp 17,834,790 2015 Rupees 9,212,917 2,071,705 191,923 272,214 1,173,685 761,869 1,974,108 104,667 623,664	(2,268,315 1,483,815,41 pect of retirement 131,138,571 948,173,771 (8,355,145 1,070,957,19 2014 Rupees 26,817,748

		rs' remuneration	25.2	250,000	430,000
		expenses		179,448	784,25
	Amort		5.2	95,426	293,68
		ots written off		-	8,591,68
		on for obsolete store and spares		12	131,05
	Miscell	aneous	_	3,137,402	412,60
			-	21,571,727	68,006,837
	25.1	Salaries, wages and other benefits include Rs. nil milli benefit.	on(2014: Rs 0.)	751 million)in resp	ect of retiremen
	25.2	Auditors' remuneration			
		Annual audit fee		200,000	200,000
		Half yearly review		50,000	50,000
		Tax consultancy		50,000	180,000
			-	250,000	430,000
26	Distrib	ution cost		2015	2014
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
		g charges		36,180	1,876,772
		charges			131,025
	100	and octroi		10	14,500
	Adverti	sement		**	6,980
	Others		P==	20	127,680
			_	36,180	2,156,957
27	Finance	cost		2015	2014
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
		on long term loans		15,734,651	14,847,671
		on short term borrowings		20,559,238	25,015,285
		ssion and bank charges		3,232,874	2,277,971
	Mark-up	on workers' profit participation fund payable	600		71,106
			_	39,526,763	42,212,033
28	Other is	ncome		2015	2014
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
		s loan written off	16	12	80,240,000
	Profit or	n disposal of property, plant and equipment - net	5.1.4	836,038	0.00
		d other payables written off	13.1	61,099,356	77,842,308
	Lease rer	ntals-factory	28.1	9,000,000	
				70,935,394	

28.1 This represents the lease agreement bewteen Companyand Sally Textile Mills limited (lessee) commencing from October 15, 2014 on monthlyrent amounting to Rs. 1,000,000. Wherebythe lessee is responsible for maintenance and administration of the plant, running expenses including utilities, salaries and other expenses.

29	Other operating charges	Note	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
3/15/2			14	3,489,482
	Loss on disposal of cotton	29.1		511,585
	Exchange loss - net	27.1		15,615
	Excise duty receivable written off	5.1.4	(2	12,038,674
	Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment - net Trade debts written off	2.1.	2,304,987	32,797,203
	Obsolete spares written off	13.1	6,433,778	Consider Actives and Const
	Obsolete spares written on	2 .	8,738,765	48,852,559
		-		0.0

29.1 The exchange loss is on account of short term borrowings in foreign currency and export sales realization.

30	Taxation	Note	2015 Rupees	2014 Rupees
	Current taxation			
	Current year			- (7,621,790)
	Prior year adjustments	_		(7,621,790
	Deferred tax	19	14,805,745	(5,396,172)
	Deterred tax		14,805,745	(13,017,962
		· -		

- 30.1 Provision for current taxation is not made as per clause 1 of section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- 30.2 The assessments have been completed up-to the income year 2011-2012 (Tax year 2012).
- 30.3 The relationship between tax expense and accounting profit has not been presented in these financial statements as the total income of the company attracts minimum tax under section 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

31	Loss pe	er share		2015	2014
-55	31.1	Loss per share - basic			
		Profit/(loss) after taxation	Rupees	(65,891,493)	(110,228,525)
		Weighted average number of ordinary shares	Number	8,000,000	8,000,000
		van best build	Runees	(8.24)	(13.78)

31.2 Loss per share - diluted

Loss per share - basic

There is no dilution effect on the basic loss per share as the Company has no such commitments.

Rupees

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended June 30, 2015

32 Remuneration of Chief Executive, Director and Executives

The aggregate amount charged in the financialstatements for the year for remuneration including certain benefits, to the chief executive, full time working directors and executives of the Company is as follows:

	Chairman	rman	Chief executive	ecutive	Executive	Executive Directors Non Executive Directors	n Executi	ve Directo	rs Executives	ives
i i	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015 (Rupees)	2014	2015	015 2014 20	2015	2014
Managerial remuneration	90	*	571,430	3,428,580	1,428,575	3,428,580	r.	*	2,385,272	7,155,822
Medical	12	34	57,142	342,852	142,855	342,852	3	Ž.	238,528	715,582
Utilities	0.50			٠		٠		•	255,760	767,290
Retirement benefits		18	.00		100		50		*)	355
Group insurance	18	12	(8)		37	*	9	9	2	35
Rent and house maintenance	7.	8	171,428	1,028,568	428,570	1,028,568			715,584	2,146,747
			800,000	4,800,000	2,000,000	4,800,000			3,595,144	10,785,441
Number of key executives / non executives 1	cs 1	1	4.1	- *	-	1	2	2	5	9

The Chief executive hold 1,676,447 shares of the Company.

32.1 The Chief Executive and certain Executives are provided with free use of Company maintained cars in accordance with their entitlement.

32.2 Executives are employees whose basic salaries exceed Rs. 500,000 in a financial year.

33 Operating segments

- 33.1 These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of single reportable segment.
- 33.2 Revenue from sale of cotton yarn represents 98 % (2014: 99.03%) of the total revenue of the Company.
- 33.3 100% (2014: 100 %) sales of the Company relates to customers in Pakistan.
- 33.4 All non-current assets of the Company as at 30 June 2015 are located in Pakistan.

34 Financial assets and liabilities

Financial assets

		Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year up to five year	Maturity after five year	2015	2014
				Rupees		
Non-interest bearing						
Long term deposits		85	1,649,458	72	1,649,458	1,649,458
Trade debts		*	1.5	8	*	6,211,739
Advances, deposits, prepayments and other						0.000.202
receivables		14,044,357		0.5	14,044,357	8,988,283
Cash and bank balances		589,367	4 7 7 7 7 7 7		589,367	7,092,851
		14,633,724	1,649,458		16,283,182	23,942,331
Financial liabilities						
	Effective yield / mark up rate	Maturity upto	Maturity after one year up to five year	Maturity after five year	2015	2014
Interest bearing						
Balance sheet items						
Long term loan	10.% to 13.50%	158,539,547	迢	82	158,539,547	158,539,547
Retirement benefits		158,539,547	8	12 15	158,539,547	
Retirement benefits	13.50%	158,539,547 - 172,674,481	10 5	82 88 82	158,539,547 172,674,481	12,749,108
Retirement benefits Short term borrowings Non - interest bearing	13.50% 12,00% 10.% to	13	12 15 12			12,749,108
Retirement benefits Short term borrowings Non - interest bearing	13.50% 12,00% 10.% to	13				158,539,547 12,749,108 172,720,669 221,286,349
Retirement benefits Short term borrowings	13.50% 12,00% 10.% to	- 172,674,481			172,674,481	12,749,108 172,720,669 221,286,349
Retirement benefits Short term borrowings Non - interest bearing	13.50% 12,00% 10.% to	172,674,481 179,338,750		(\$ 	172,674,481 179,338,750	12,749,108 172,720,669

The Company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk
- Liquidity risk
- Market risk

The Board of Directorshas overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's isk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies.

Credit risk and concentration of credit risk

Creditrisk represents the accountingloss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counterparties fail completely to perform as contracted.

DAR ES SALAAM

Creditrisk from cash and cash equivalents, derivative financial instruments and deposits with banks and financial institution as well as credit exposures to customers, including trade receivables and committed transactions. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 16.849 million (2014: Rs. 23.942 million), the financial assets that are subject to credit risk amounted to Rs. 14.04 million (2014: Rs. 16.849 million).

For trade receivable, internal risk assessments process determines the credit quality of the customer, taking into account its financial position, past experience and other factors. Individual risk limits are set based on internal and external ratings in accordance with the limits set by the management. The utilization of credit limit is regularly monitored. Accordingly rhe credit risk is minimal and the company also believes that it is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk.

Concentration of the credit risk arises when the number of counter parties engaged in similar business activities or have similar economic features that would cause their abilities to meet contractual obligation to be similarly effected by the changes in economic, political or other conditions. The company believes that it is not exposed to major concentration risk.

The carryingamount of the financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure before any credit enhancements. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is:

		2015	2014
		Rupees	Rupees
Trade debts			6,211,739
Advances, deposits, p	repayments and other receivables	14,044,357	8,988,283
Cash and bank balance		589,367	7,092,851
		14,633,724	22,292,873
The maximum expos	ure to credit risk for trade debts at the balance shee	et date by geographical region is as foll	ows.
Due from local cus	tòmers		6,211,739
			6,211,739
Foreign customers ar			
The maximum expos	ure to credit risk for trade debts at the balance shee	t date by type of customer is as follow	7S.
Yarn		V	6,211,739
			6,211,739
The aging of trade de	ots at the reporting date is:		
Past due	0- 30 days	3223	4,720,922
Past due	31- 60 days	141	1,055,996
Past due	61-90 days	0.88	248,470
Past due	91- 120 days	4	62,117
Past due	121 days or more	0.42	124,235
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6.211.740

No provision for doubtful debt has been made during the year for local and foreign customers.

Liquidity risk

The Company'sapproach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation.

However, the Company during the year faced operationalissues due to revamp of existing plant and machinery and extended gas load shedding from SNGPL. As a result, the Company is facing a liquidity shortfall due to which it was unable to meet its obligations in respect of various debt finances. The details are as follows:

Name of bank	Principle	Mark-up	Total	
		Rupees		
Bank of Punjab	14,900,000	4,224,299	19,124,299	
United Bank Limited NIDF-V)	14,959,062	2,723,100	17,682,162	
United Bank Limited NIDF-VI)	20,000,000	3,465,461	23,465,461	
National Bank of Pakistan	78,749,958	20,401,019	99,150,977	
Silk Bank Limited (FIM swap)	9,406,527	2,718,228	12,124,755	
National Bank of Pakistan (CF swap)	15,976,000	2,266,711	18,242,711	
National Bank of Pakistan (Frozen mark-up)	4,548,000	-	4,548,000	
	158,539,547	35,798,818	194,338,365	

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market price, such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will effect the Company's income or the value of its holdings of financial instruments.

Currency risk

There wasn't any transaction involving foreign currency dring the year therefore the Company is not exposed to this risk

Interest rate risk

At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Company's significant interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

Effective interest rate		Carrying	amount
2015	2014	2015	2014
Percentage	Percentage	Rupees	Rupees
10.% to 13.50%	10.% to 13.50%	158,539,547	158,539,547
10.% to 13.50%	10.% to 13.50%	172,674,481	172,720,669
	2015 Percentage		2015 2014 2015 Rupees 10.% to 13.50% 10.% to 13.50% 158,539,547

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have decreased / (increased) loss for the year by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for 2014.

	Profit and loss 100 bp		
	Increase	decrease	
As at 30 June 2015	24 0001		
Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial liabilities	(362,939)	362,939	
As at 30 June 2014			
Cash flow sensitivity-Variable rate financial liabilities	(399,341)	399,341	

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on loss for the year and assets / liabilities of the Company.

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Fair value of financial instruments

The carryingvalues of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Capital risk management

The company's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the entity's ability to continue as a going concern, so that it can continue to provide adequate returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses. The Company manages its capital structure which comprises capital and reserves by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders, appropriation of amounts to capital reserves or/and issue new shares.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Companymanages its capital risk by monitoring its debt levels and liquid assets and keeping in view future investment requirements and expectations of the shareholders. Debt is calculated as total borrowings ("long term loan" and "short term borrowings" as shown in the balance sheet). Total capital comprises shareholders equity as shown in the balance sheet under "share capital and reserves".

The salient information relation to capital risk management of the Company as of June 30, 2015 and June 30, 2014 were as follows:

	Rupees	Rupees
Total borrowings	331,214,028	331,260,216
Less: Cash and cash equivalents	(589,367)	(7,092,851)
Net debt	330,624,661	324,167,365
Total equity	(267,318,671)	(233,581,826)
Total capital	63,305,990	90,585,539
Gearing ratio	522.26	357.86

5	Number of employees		2015 Number	2014 Number
	Average number of employees for the year		317	628
	Total number of employees at year end		6	498
6	Provident fund trust	Unit	2015	2014

The following information is based on latest audited financial statements of Provident Fund Trust.

Size of fund - total assets	Rupees	4,900,757	4,900,757
Cost of investments made	Rupees	195,820	195,820
Percentage of investments made	Percentage	4.00%	4.00%
Fair value of investment	Rupees	5,053,709	3,385,555

The breakup of fair value of investments is as follows:

	2015		2014	
	Rupees	Percentage	Rupees	Percentage
Shares in listed companies	4,088,834	80.91%	2,420,680	71.50%
Cash at bank	964,875	19.09%	964,875	28.50%
	5,053,709	100.00%	3,385,555	100.00%

The investments of the Provident Fund Trust are in compliance with the provision of section 227 of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the rules formulated for this purpose.

37 Plant capacity and production	2015	2014
Number of spindles installed	16,320	16,320
Installed capacity converted into 20's count (Million Kgs.)	7.530	7.530
Actual production converted into 20's count (Million Kgs.)	1.074	4.350
Number of shifts worked	276	1,095
Days worked	92	364

37.1 The company operated during the year for a period from July 01, 2014 till September 30, 2014. Later it was leased from October 15, 2014 (note 28.1).

37.2 It is difficult to describe precisely the production capacity in textile industry since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarnspun, spindle speed, twist per inch and raw materialused etc. It would also vary according to the pattern of production adopted in a particular year.

38 Related party transactions

The related parties comprise directors of the Company, key employees and provident fund trust. Details of transactions with related parties, other than those which have been specially disclosed elsewhere in these financial statements are as follows:

	2015	2014
	Rupees	Rupees
Sponsor's loan written off	82	80,240,000
Provident fund contribution	is.	456,182

39	Events	after	the	statement	of	financial	position	date
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There are no subsequent events occurring after the statement of financial position date.

40 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue on 7 OCT 2015 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

41 General

- 41.1 Figures have been rearranged / reclassified whenever necessary for the purpose of comparison.
- 41.2 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited FORM OF PROXY ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

The Company Secretary Dar Es Salaam Textile Mills Limited 63-B-I, Gulberg-III, Lahore.	L/F NO.		
	of 644555		
	NO. OF SHARES		
Dear Sir,			
I/We			
of			
being a member of DAR ES SALAAM		oy appoint	
(NAME)			
of			
(another member of the Company) to	attend, act and vote for me/us a	and on my/ou	
behalf at the Annual Ordinary Genera	Meeting of the Company to be	held on Frida	
the October 30, 2015 at 10:00 A.M. a			
and at any adjournment thereof.			
As witness my hand this	doy of	2015	
As witness my hand this	day or		
	\$2 .7	Signature on Revenue	
	Stamp		
(Signature should agree with the s Signature registered with the Com			
Date:			

Note: Proxies must be received at the Registered office of the Company mot later than 48 hours before time of holding the meeting duly stamped, Signed and

witnessed.

50



DAR ES SALAAM TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED HEAD OFFICE:

63-B-I, Gulberg-III, Lahore. (Pakistan)

Ph: 042-35878643-4

MILLS:

10th Km, Muridke-Sheikhupura Road, Muridke.