

**ANNUAL REPORT****2015****CONTENTS**

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COMPANY INFORMATION

| | |
|--|--|
| Chairman / Chief Executive | Mr. Naeem Omer |
| Directors | Mr. Naeem Omer Mr. Anwaar Abbass Mr. Muhammad Sarwar Mr. Muhammad Zubair Mr. Muhammad Asghar Mr. Irfan Hussain Mr. Osama Saeed |
| Audit committee | |
| Chairman: | Mr. Osama Saeed |
| Member: | Mr. Anwaar Abbass |
| Member: | Mr. Muhammad Zubair |
| Human Resource & Remuneration committee | |
| Chairman: | Mr. Anwaar Abbass |
| Member: | Mr. Muhammad. Sarwar |
| Member: | Mr. Irfan Hussain |
| Secretary | Mr. Muhammad Ijaz Shahid |
| Auditors | M/s Mushtaq and Company Chartered Accountants 406-407 Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi. |
| Bankers | The Bank of Punjab NIB Bank Limited Silk Bank Limited |
| Share Registrar | M/s Corplink (Pvt.) Ltd. Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial, Model Town, Lahore. Phone: 0423-591-6714, 35916719 Fax: 0423 -5869037 |
| Legal Advisor | Syed Waqar Hussain Naqvi 2nd Floor, Nawa-e-Waqt Building, 4 Shahrah-e-Fatima Jinnah Road, Lahore. Tel: 042-36360624-5 |
| Head office/ Registered office | 112-B, Block E/1, Ghalib Road, Gulberg III, Lahore. Telephone: 0423-5717701-6 Fax No. 0423-5717707 Email: info@bilalfibres.com Web site: www.bilalfibres.com |
| Mills | 38th KM, Shiekhupura Road, Tehsil Jaranwala, District Faisalabad. Telephone: 041-4689075, 4689076 Fax No. 042-4689279 Email: mills@bilalfibres.com Email: bilalfib@fsd.comsats.net.pk |

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given to all share holders of **BILAL FIBRES LIMITED** that the 29th **ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** of the Company will be held at the registered office of the company, 112-B, Block-E/1, Ghalib Road, Gulberg III, Lahore on 31st of October 2015 (Saturday) at 10:00 A.M, to transact the following business:

1. To confirm the Minutes of last Extra Ordinary General Meeting of the Company held on 20th of December 2014.
2. To receive, consider and adopt the Annual Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended 30th June 2015 together with the Directors' and Auditors' reports thereon.
3. To appoint auditors and fix their remuneration for the next year ending on June 30, 2016.
4. To transact any other business with the permission of the chair.

By order of the Board

(Muhammad Ijaz Shahid)
Company Secretary

Lahore.

Dated: 7th October 2015

NOTES:

- 1) The share transfer books of the company will remain closed from 24th October 2015 to 31st October 2015 (both days inclusive).
- 2)
 - a) A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the registered office of the company not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting. A proxy must be a member of the company.
 - b) For identification, CDC Account holders who wish to attend the Annual General Meeting are requested to please bring with them original/attested copy of their Computerized National Identity Card along with the participants I.D number and their account numbers in Central Depository Company of Pakistan to facilitate identification at Annual General Meeting. In case of proxy, an attested copy proxy's Identity card, Accounts & participants I.D numbers be enclosed. In case of corporate entity, the BOD, resolution/ Power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced at the time of the meeting (unless it has been provided earlier).
 - c) Shareholders are requested to notify any change in their addresses, if any, immediately.

CORPORATE VISION / MISSION STATEMENT**VISION**

To be a customer oriented company having wide & diversified customer base with a team of professionals working together to add value to all the stakeholders and contributing to society to help build a strong and progressive Pakistan.

MISSION

To be a distinctive yarn seller with international presence delivering best quality yarn through innovative techniques and effective resource management by maintaining high ethical and professional standards.

To accomplish excellent financial results which can benefit all the stakeholders including members and employees of the company.

To fulfill obligations toward the society, being a good corporate citizen.

DIRECTORS' REPORT

Dear Shareholders

The Directors of the Company welcome you to the 29th Annual General Meeting and are pleased to present the annual report together with Audited Accounts of the Company for the financial year ended June 30, 2015.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

During the financial year under review, the sales of the company has decreased from Rs. 2,042.478 million to Rs.1,638.364 million mainly due to decrease in yarn prices. The Company has suffered after tax loss of Rs.126.493 million in the current period as compared to after tax loss of Rs.16.275 million in the previous year.

The profitability of the Company has been affected mainly due to squeezed gap between sales price and cost of raw materials, decline in demand of yarn in export market, shortage & high cost of energy.

The directors have injected equity for Rs.31.184 million in the current year for the smooth operations of the company. The company has invested Rs.31.736 million in the plant & machinery to enhance the profitability and liquidity of the Company and to improve quality of yarn as well. The Company is having regular business with Silk Bank and NIB Bank and debts are being paid off regularly. The Company is negotiating with The Bank of Punjab and the management is quite optimistic to resolve the matter amicably & in favor of the Company.

The financial results are summarized hereunder: -

| | YEAR | | | |
|----------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2015 | | 2014 | |
| | Rs. in Million | % age to sales | Rs. in Million | % age to sales |
| Sales | 1,638.364 | | 2,042.478 | |
| Gross Profit | (69,913) | (4.27) | 106.109 | 5.20 |
| Finance Cost | 55.966 | 3.42 | 58.645 | 2.87 |
| Net pre-tax profit/ (loss) | (171.831) | (10.49) | 3.511 | 0.17 |
| Net (Loss) / profit | (126.493) | (7.72) | (16.275) | (0.80) |
| Earning per share (Rs.) | (8.971) | | (1.154) | |

OPERATING PERFORMANCE

The factory remained operational throughout the year and worked on 3 shifts basis, except during shutdown of gas/electricity. The total yarn produced during the year is 7.149 Million Kgs (2014 - 7.323 million kgs.). The 20 single yarn converted production worked out for the year is 10.763 Million Kgs (2014 - 11.356 million kgs).

The Company is not paying the installments of long term financing from banking companies (The Bank of Punjab) and liabilities against assets subject to finance lease (The Bank of Punjab) for Rs.56.861 million and Rs.12.350 million respectively as the case is pending in Lahore High Court.

The management & staff are working very hard and quite optimistic that with the efforts, self commitment and above all with blessing of Allah (SWT) the company will overcome these problems soon.

FUTURE PROSPECTS

The energy crises in the country are still unresolved. The Company is suffering production losses due to scheduled / unscheduled load shedding of electricity and gas. Gas is being provided to the industry in Punjab for eight to six hours a day. These factors pushed our energy cost to higher side resulting in disparity between Punjab and Sindh industry. Due to unavailability of continuous supply of energy, full capacity utilization of resources is not possible and this uncertain situation has restrained the industry to make any future planning. The management cognizant of these factors and strives to take all steps to protect the interest of the Company.

AUDITRS REPORT

The Auditors has shown uncertainty in their "Auditors Report" that significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern that the company incurred a net loss of Rupees 126.493 million during the year ended June 30, 2015 and, as of that date, the company's current liabilities exceeds its current assets by Rupees 245.210 million.

Reasons for loss are that the gap between sales price and cost raw material due to volatile price changes in raw materials cost,

energy schedule / un-schedule load shedding, un-availability of export orders.

Management is taking steps to reduce the production cost and improving its production quality. The Directors have injected Rs.31.184 million as loan in the current year for the smooth operations of the company and willing to inject more loans if needed.

CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

Regarding Director training program as specified in clause (xi) of CCG, the Company is taking measures to get its director registered with Director training program in accordance with the requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance in the following year.

PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, fairly present its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.

BOOKS OF ACCOUNTS

The company has maintained proper books of accounts.

ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgments.

INTERNATIONAL ACCOUNTING STANDARDS (IAS)

International accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.

ACCOUNTING YEAR

The accounting year of the company is from 1st July to 30th June.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The board of directors in compliance to the code of corporate governance has established an audit committee and the following one independent non-executive director and two non-executive directors are its member.

| | |
|---------------------|----------|
| Mr. Osama Saeed | Chairman |
| Mr. Anwar Abbas | Member |
| Mr. Muhammad Zubair | Member |

HUMAN RESOURCE AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The board of directors in compliance to the code of corporate governance has established human resource and remuneration committee in the last quarter of the financial year and the following non-executives directors are its member.

| | |
|---------------------|----------|
| Mr. Anwar Abbas | Chairman |
| Mr. Muhammad Sarwar | Member |
| Mr. Irfan Hussain | Member |

DIVIDEND

Due to Accumulated losses of the company, directors do not recommend any dividend for the year ended 30th June 2015.

AUDITORS

The present Auditors M/s Mushtaq & Co., Chartered Accountants, being due for retirement has offered themselves for reappointment for the next year ending June 30, 2016.

CORPORATE & FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAME WORK

In compliance with new listing regulations of stock exchanges & as required under the Companies Ordinance 1984, your

directors are pleased to state as under: -

- a) The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- b) Board is satisfied with the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- c) There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations of the Stock Exchanges.
- d) Significant deviations from last year operating results of the Company and reasons thereof have been explained.
- e) There are no statutory payments on account of taxes, duties, levies and charges those are outstanding as on June 30, 2015 except for those disclosed in the financial statements.
- f) There are no significant plans for corporate restructuring, business expansions and discontinuation of operations except for improvement in the normal business activities to increase the business.
- g) Key operating and financial data for the last six years in summarized form is included in this annual report.
- h) Statement showing "Pattern of shareholding" as on 30-06-2015 is also enclosed herewith.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITIES (CSR)

Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) is about business giving back to society. As a routine, we strive to safeguard the health and well being of our employees, neighbors and customers. As well as the communities in which we live, work and operate. The Company continuously takes initiatives for CSR activities as mentioned in paragraphs to follow.

Society

We strive to contribute to society's welfare through providing educational opportunities and employment.

Employment Initiatives

With respect to our employment opportunities, there are more than 894 employees who are directly serving to the Company and earning the livelihood of their families.

Safety and Health

Safety is a fundamental component in all our operations. We strict our workers to follow the safety as specified.

Employee Welfare

Company has provided employees Medical Services such as medical insurance to employees and their families. Group life insurance is also given to staff, workers. Fair Price Shop at mill offers our workers basic necessity food and related items at affordable prices. It operates on a "No Profit" basis while certain products are available to workers at subsidized prices.

Training

Bilal Fibres gives training to students who want to complete their internships, we also provide necessary apprenticeship to industrial diploma holders in our production departments.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors would like to express their profound appreciation for continued /devoted services and hard work rendered by the company's executives, staff and workers. The Directors are also thankful and wish to place on record their deep gratitude to the bankers of our company.

DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

During the year 11 meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each director is as follows:

| <u>Name of Director</u> | <u>Number of Meetings attended</u> |
|--------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Mr. Naeem Omer | 09 |
| Mr. Anwar Abbass | 09 |
| Mr. Muhammad Ijaz Shahid | 08 |
| Mr. Muhammad Zubair | 09 |
| Mr. Muhammad Asghar | 09 |
| Mr. Osama Saeed | 10 |
| Mr. Muhammad Sarwar | 08 |

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Lahore

Dated: 7th October, 2015

(Naeem Omer)
Chief Executive

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

This statement is being presented to comply with the Code of Corporate Governance contained in listing Regulations No. 35 of listing regulations of Karachi Stock Exchange (Guarantee) Ltd., for the purpose of establishing a framework of good governance, whereby a listed company is managed in compliance with the best practices of corporate governance.

The Company has applied the principles contained in the code in the following manner:

- 1) The company encourages representation of independent non-executive directors and directors representing minority interests on its Board of Directors. However, at present the Board includes:

| Category | Name |
|-------------------------|---|
| Independent Director | Mr. Irfan Hussain |
| Executive Director | Mr. Naeem Omer |
| Non-Executive Directors | Mr. Anwar Abbas Mr. Muhammad Zubair Mr. Muhammad Sarwar Mr. Muhammad Asghar Mr. Osama Saeed |

- 2) The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director in more than seven listed companies, including this Company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 3) All the resident directors of the company are registered as taxpayers and none of them has defaulted in payment of any loan to a banking company, or a DFI or an NBFIs or, being a member of a stock exchange, has been declared as a defaulter by the stock exchange.
- 4) Casual vacancy was filled by Mr. Irfan Hussain s/o Muhammad Ansar Hussain in place of Mr. Muhammad Ijaz Shahid s/o Mr. Nawaz Ahmad in the Board during the period under report.
- 5) The company has prepared a 'Statement of Ethics and Business Practices', which has been signed by all the directors and employees of the Company.
- 6) The Board has developed a vision / mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 7) All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and the Board has taken decisions on material transactions, including appointment and determination of remuneration and terms and conditions of employment of the CEO and other executive and non-executive directors have been taken by the board/shareholders.
- 8) The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose and the board met at least once in every quarter. Written notices of Board meetings, along with agenda and working papers, were circulated at least seven days before the meetings. The minutes were appropriately recorded and circulated.
- 9) Appropriate arrangement to carry out Director training program has not been carried out as specified in clause (xi) of CCG. Subsequent to the year company is taking measure to get its director register with Director training program in accordance with the requirements of the Code.
- 10) The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment, as determined by the CEO, when new appointments are made.

- 11) The director's report for this year has been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Code and fully describes the salient matters required to be disclosed.
- 12) The financial statements of the company were duly endorsed by CEO and CFO before approval of the Board.
- 13) The directors, CEO and executives do not hold any interest in the shares of the Company other than that disclosed in the pattern of shareholding.
- 14) The Company has complied with all the corporate & financial reporting requirements of the code.
- 15) The Board has formed an audit committee. It comprises three members; none of them are executive directors including the Chairman of the committee, who is a independent non executive director
- 16) The meetings of audit committee were held at least once every quarter prior to approval of interim and financial results of the Company and as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 17) The Board has formed human resource and remuneration committee. It comprises three members; none of them are executive directors including the Chairman of the committee.
- 18) The meetings of human resource and remuneration committee will be held at least once every quarter as required by the Code. The terms of reference of the committee have been formed and advised to the committee for compliance. In last quarter only one meeting was held and attended by the members.
- 19) The Board has set-up an effective internal audit function for which staff appointment who are suitable qualified and experience for the purpose and conversant with policies and procedure of the company.
- 20) The statutory auditors of the Company have confirmed that that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review programme of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouse and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.
- 21) The statutory Auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services expect in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 22) The close period prior to the announcement of interim/final results and business decisions which may materially affect the market price of the company's securities was determined and intimated to directors, employees and stock exchanges.
- 23) Material/price sensitivity information has been disseminated among or market participants at once to stock exchanges.
- 24) We confirm that all other material principles contained in the Code have been complied with.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

(NAEEM OMER)

Chairman/CEO

N.I.C No.33100-0571105-5

Lahore

Dated: 7th October, 2015

MUSHTAQ & CO.**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi. Tel: 32638521-4 Fax: 32639843

Branch Office: 20-B, Block-G, Gulberg-III, Lahore. Tel: 35884926 Fax: 35843360

Email Address: mushtaq_vohra@hotmail.com

**REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS***On the Statement of Compliance with Best Practices of the Code of Corporate Governance*

We have reviewed the enclosed statement of compliance with the best practices contained in the Code of Corporate Governance (the Code) prepared by the Board of Directors of Bilal Fibres Limited for the year ended June 30, 2015 to comply with the requirements of Listing Regulation of the Karachi Stock Exchange Limited and Lahore Stock Exchange Limited where the company is listed.

The responsibility for compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is that of the Board of Directors of the company. Our responsibility is to review, to the extent where such compliance can be objectively verified, whether the statement of compliance reflects the status of the company's compliance with the provisions of the Code of Corporate Governance and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Code. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the company to comply with the Code.

As part of our audit of financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board's statement on internal controls covers all the risks and control or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Code requires the company to place before the audit committee and upon recommendation of audit committee, places before the Board of Directors for their review and approval its related party transactions distinguishing between transactions carried out on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions and transactions which are not executed at arm's length price and recording proper justification for using such alternate pricing mechanism. We are only required and have ensured compliance of requirement to the extent of approval of related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the audit Committee. We have not carried out any procedures to determine whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the statement of compliance does not appropriately reflect the company's compliance, in all material respects, with the best practices contained in the Code as applicable to the company for the year ended June 30, 2015.

MUSHTAQ & CO.**CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS**

407, Commerce Centre, Hasrat Mohani Road, Karachi. Tel: 32638521-4 Fax: 32639843

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Email Address: mushtaq_vohra@hotmail.com

**AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS**

We have audited the annexed Balance Sheet of **Bilal Fibres Limited** as at June 30, 2015 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement, and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof, for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purpose of our audit.

It is the responsibility of the company's management to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards and the requirements of the companies Ordinance, 1984. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the above said statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the above said statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the management, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the above said statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verifications, we report that;

- (a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the company as required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984;
- (b) in our opinion;
 - (i) the Balance Sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Ordinance, 1984, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in accordance with accounting policies consistently applied;
 - (ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the company's business; and
 - (iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects of the company;
- (c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Balance Sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Companies Ordinance, 1984, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at June 30, 2015 and of the loss, comprehensive loss, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- (d) in our opinion no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).
- (e) Without qualifying our opinion, we draw attention to note 1.2 in the financial statements which indicates that the company incurred a net loss of Rupees 126,493,208 during the year ended June 30, 2015 and, as of that date, the company's current liabilities exceeds its current assets by Rupees 245,210,409. These conditions, along with other matters as explained in note 1.2 indicate the existence of a material uncertainty that may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern. These financial statements, however, have been prepared on the going concern basis on the assumptions as detailed in aforesaid note.

Lahore:

Dated: 7th October, 2015

MUSHTAQ & COMPANY
Chartered Accountants
Engagement Partner:
Abdul Qadoos, F.C.A

KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA FOR LAST SIX YEARS

| PARTICULARS | Year Ended 30th June | | | | | |
|--|----------------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 | 2010 |
| ASSETS EMPLOYED | | | | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 1,065.256 | 1,044.195 | 1,054.930 | 876.684 | 879.203 | 740.645 |
| Long term deposits | 3.609 | 3.601 | 3.601 | 3.594 | 3.594 | 3.374 |
| Current assets | 254.202 | 303.972 | 290.650 | 297.678 | 287.997 | 263.264 |
| Total assets employed | 1,323.066 | 1,351.769 | 1,349.182 | 1,177.956 | 1,170.794 | 1,007.283 |
| FINANCED BY | | | | | | |
| Shareholders' equity | (94.302) | 19.956 | (69.983) | (137.552) | (101.669) | (92.725) |
| Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets | 319.215 | 323.212 | 332.625 | 228.606 | 237.230 | 158.464 |
| Loan from directors/sponsors | 63.705 | 40.633 | 52.500 | 52.500 | 52.500 | 38.500 |
| | 288.618 | 383.802 | 315.142 | 143.554 | 188.061 | 104.239 |
| Deferred Income | 9.713 | 14.570 | 19.426 | 24.283 | 29.139 | 33.996 |
| Long term liabilities | 435.749 | 464.981 | 549.656 | 493.630 | 490.866 | 525.717 |
| Deferred tax liability | 72.973 | 127.231 | 129.339 | 57.544 | 76.259 | 15.799 |
| Other deferred liabilities | 16.601 | 19.236 | 22.455 | 20.242 | 8.996 | 10.140 |
| | 89.574 | 146.467 | 151.793 | 77.786 | 85.255 | 25.939 |
| Current Liabilities | 499.412 | 341.949 | 313.164 | 438.703 | 377.473 | 317.392 |
| Total funds invested | 1,323.066 | 1,351.769 | 1,349.182 | 1,177.956 | 1,170.794 | 1,007.283 |
| PROFIT & LOSS | | | | | | |
| Turnover (net) | 1,638.364 | 2,042.478 | 1,823.174 | 1,634.807 | 1,930.499 | 1,309.870 |
| Gross (Loss)/profit | (69.913) | 106.109 | 136.468 | 79.496 | 140.924 | 113.695 |
| Operating (Loss)/profit | (115.865) | 62.156 | 156.287 | 36.582 | 96.921 | 47.912 |
| Finance cost | 55.966 | 58.645 | 55.182 | 64.848 | 73.295 | 62.357 |
| (Loss)/Profit before taxation | (171.831) | 3.511 | 101.105 | (28.266) | 23.625 | (14.445) |
| (Loss)/Profit after taxation | (126.493) | (16.275) | 62.816 | (34.950) | (17.960) | (9.393) |
| Earnings per share (Rs.) | (8.97) | (1.15) | 4.46 | (2.48) | (1.27) | (0.67) |
| Number of spindle installed | 29,016 | 29,016 | 29,016 | 29,016 | 29,016 | 29,016 |
| Number of spindle worked | 29,016 | 29,016 | 29,016 | 29,016 | 29,016 | 29,016 |
| Number of shifts per day | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Actual production converted into 20's count (Kgs in million) | 10.763 | 11.356 | 10.308 | 11.262 | 12.050 | 12.536 |

BALANCE SHEET AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

| | Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|--|------|----------------------|----------------------|
| NON - CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 5 | 1,065,255,729 | 1,044,194,871 |
| Long term deposits | 6 | 3,608,820 | 3,601,320 |
| | | 1,068,864,549 | 1,047,796,191 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools | 7 | 10,787,876 | 12,808,869 |
| Stock in trade | 8 | 150,961,044 | 149,667,927 |
| Trade debts | 9 | 35,657,187 | 51,007,743 |
| Loans and advances | 10 | 25,170,076 | 20,475,085 |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments | 11 | 5,717,347 | 25,989,074 |
| Other receivables | 12 | 509,094 | 509,094 |
| Tax refunds due from Government | 13 | 19,555,188 | 34,426,927 |
| Cash and bank balances | 14 | 5,843,916 | 9,087,624 |
| | | 254,201,728 | 303,972,343 |
| | | 1,323,066,277 | 1,351,768,534 |
| SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | |
| Authorized capital 15,000,000 (2013: 15,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each | | 150,000,000 | 150,000,000 |
| Issued, subscribed and paid up capital 14,100,000 (2013: 14,100,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash | 15 | 141,000,000 | 141,000,000 |
| Accumulated loss | | (235,302,161) | (121,043,726) |
| | | (94,302,161) | 19,956,274 |
| SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT - net of tax | 16 | 319,215,038 | 323,211,781 |
| DEFERRED INCOME | 17 | 9,713,044 | 14,569,568 |
| NON - CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Long term financing from banking companies | 18 | 345,853,998 | 369,024,575 |
| Long term financing from directors and associates | 19 | 63,704,878 | 40,633,483 |
| Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease | 20 | 89,895,331 | 95,956,331 |
| Deferred liabilities | 21 | 89,574,013 | 146,467,497 |
| | | 589,028,220 | 652,081,886 |
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 22 | 131,032,299 | 68,473,279 |
| Accrued interest / mark up | 23 | 94,351,967 | 76,369,109 |
| Short term borrowings | 24 | 153,911,676 | 89,597,828 |
| Current portion of: | | | |
| Long term financing from banking companies | 18 | 101,705,195 | 75,415,191 |
| Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease | 20 | 18,411,000 | 12,350,000 |
| Provision for taxation | | - | 19,743,619 |
| | | 499,412,137 | 341,949,026 |
| Contingencies and commitments | 25 | - | - |
| | | 1,323,066,277 | 1,351,768,534 |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

| | Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|------------------------------------|------|-----------------|-----------------|
| | | | (Restated) |
| Sales | 26 | 1,638,363,952 | 2,042,478,025 |
| Cost of sales | 27 | (1,708,276,608) | (1,936,368,752) |
| Gross (loss) / profit | | (69,912,656) | 106,109,273 |
| Other operating income | 28 | 17,800,955 | 20,249,361 |
| Distribution cost | 29 | (19,847,430) | (25,661,602) |
| Administrative expenses | 30 | (42,731,504) | (38,496,186) |
| Other operating expenses | 31 | (1,174,139) | (45,008) |
| Finance cost | 32 | (55,965,774) | (58,644,528) |
| (Loss) / profit before taxation | | (171,830,548) | 3,511,310 |
| Provision for taxation | 33 | 45,337,340 | (19,785,864) |
| Loss for the year | | (126,493,208) | (16,274,555) |
| Loss per share - basic and diluted | 34 | (8.97) | (1.15) |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

| | Issued, subscribed and paid up capital | Accumulated loss | Total |
|---|--|----------------------|---------------------|
| | ----- Rupees ----- | | |
| Balance as at July 01, 2013 - previously reported | 141,000,000 | (210,982,817) | (69,982,817) |
| Retrospective application of amortized cost of interest free loan (Note 18.1 and note 19) | - | 95,331,192 | 95,331,192 |
| Balance as at July 01, 2013 - as restated | 141,000,000 | (115,651,625) | 25,348,375 |
| Surplus realized on disposal of property, plant and equipment - net of deferred tax | - | 820,239 | 820,239 |
| Incremental depreciation on revalued assets for the year - net of deferred tax | - | 12,218,352 | 12,218,352 |
| Total comprehensive income for the year - restated | - | (18,430,692) | (18,430,692) |
| Balance as at June 30, 2014 - restated | 141,000,000 | (121,043,726) | 19,956,274 |
| Surplus realized on disposal of property, plant and equipment - net of deferred tax | - | 2,201,540 | 2,201,540 |
| Incremental depreciation on revalued assets for the year - net of deferred tax | - | 11,474,292 | 11,474,292 |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | - | (127,934,267) | (127,934,267) |
| Balance as at June 30, 2015 | <u>141,000,000</u> | <u>(235,302,161)</u> | <u>(94,302,161)</u> |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015**

| Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|--|----------------------|---------------------|
| | | (Restated) |
| Loss for the year | (126,493,208) | (16,274,555) |
| Other comprehensive income for the year | | |
| Item that will not be reclassified to profit and loss account: | | |
| Remeasurement of staff retirement benefits | (1,995,705) | (3,098,469) |
| Deferred tax on remeasurement of staff retirement benefits | 554,646 | 942,331 |
| Total other comprehensive income - net of tax | (1,441,059) | (2,156,138) |
| Total comprehensive loss for the year | <u>(127,934,267)</u> | <u>(18,430,692)</u> |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------|---------------------|---------------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| (Loss) / profit before taxation | | (171,830,548) | 3,511,310 |
| Adjustments for: | | | (Restated) |
| Depreciation on property, plant and equipment | | 51,647,698 | 50,099,671 |
| Notional income on interest free loans | | (12,944,431) | (14,865,449) |
| Provision for staff retirement benefits - gratuity | | 4,784,015 | 6,029,875 |
| Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 1,174,139 | - |
| Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment | | - | (504,235) |
| Finance cost | | 55,965,774 | 58,644,528 |
| Amortization of deferred income | | (4,856,524) | (4,856,524) |
| Operating cash flows before working capital changes | | <u>(76,059,877)</u> | <u>98,059,176</u> |
| (Increase) / decrease in current assets | | | |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools | | 2,020,993 | 891,701 |
| Stock in trade | | (1,293,117) | 35,490,583 |
| Trade debts | | 15,350,556 | (15,179,243) |
| Loans and advances | | (4,694,991) | (3,691,031) |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments | | 20,271,727 | (21,402,004) |
| Other receivables | | - | 39,900 |
| Tax refunds due from Government | | 6,400,702 | 4,914,264 |
| Decrease in trade and other payables | | <u>62,559,020</u> | <u>29,914,808</u> |
| Cash generated from operations | | <u>100,614,890</u> | <u>30,978,978</u> |
| Payments for : | | 24,555,013 | 129,038,154 |
| Finance cost | | (15,173,262) | (10,792,388) |
| Taxation | | (9,959,311) | (19,494,960) |
| Staff retirement benefits - gratuity | | (9,415,400) | (12,346,700) |
| Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities | | <u>(9,992,960)</u> | <u>86,404,106</u> |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Purchase of property, plant and equipment | | (76,765,029) | (38,218,429) |
| Addition in capital work in progress | | (1,161,734) | (4,971,455) |
| Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 4,044,067 | 4,330,000 |
| Long term deposits | | (7,500) | - |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | <u>(73,890,196)</u> | <u>(38,859,884)</u> |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Repayment of: | | | |
| Long term financing repayment to banking companies | | (14,858,000) | (29,956,337) |
| Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease | | - | (4,000,000) |
| Short term borrowings | | 64,313,848 | (42,428,143) |
| Increase in long term financing from directors | | 31,183,600 | 31,238,000 |
| Net cash from / (used in) financing activities | | <u>80,639,448</u> | <u>(45,146,480)</u> |
| Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents | | (3,243,708) | 2,397,742 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year | | 9,087,624 | 6,689,882 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year | | <u>5,843,916</u> | <u>9,087,624</u> |

The annexed notes form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

1 LEGAL STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

- 1.1 The company is limited by shares, incorporated in Pakistan on April 13, 1987 and is quoted on stock exchanges at Karachi, Lahore and Islamabad. The principal business of the company is manufacture and sale of yarn. The registered office of the company is situated at 112-B, E/1, Ghalib Road, Gulberg III, Lahore. The manufacturing unit is located at 38 Kilometer Sheikhpura Road, Tehsil Jaranwala, District Faisalabad in the province of Punjab.
- 1.2 The company had incurred a loss for the year ended June 30, 2015 of Rupees 126.493 million (June 30, 2014: 16.275 million) and as of that date, reported accumulated losses of Rupees 235.302 million (June 30, 2014: Rupees 121.044 million). The current liabilities exceeded its current assets by Rupees 245.210 million (June 30, 2014: Rupees 37.977 million) as of that date. These conditions along with adverse key financial ratios, company's inability to comply with loan agreements and inability to pay long term financing amounting to Rupees 60.555 million, short term borrowings of amounting to Rupees 19.671 million and Accrued markup amounting to Rupees 84.261 million on due dates indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore, that it may be unable to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business. These financial statements, however, have been prepared under the going concern assumptions based on the following mitigating factors:
- The management has prepared an five years future plan showing profitability.
 - the Sponsoring Directors have given a written commitment stating that they will provide out of Private Sources working capital as required by the Company.
 - the management has also undertaken adequate steps towards the reduction of fixed cost and expenses which are at various stages of implementation. Such steps include, but not limited to, rightsizing of the man power, resource conservation, close monitoring of other fixed cost etc. The management is certain to generate sufficient savings as consequences of adopting all such measures.
 - Installation of ring frame during the year will increase the production of yarn and contribute towards profitability.

The management anticipates that above steps will not only bring the Company out of the existing financial crisis but also contribute significantly towards the improvement of the Company Financial Position in the foreseeable future.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standard Board as are notified under Companies Ordinance, 1984, provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Ordinance, 1984. In case requirements differ, the provisions or directives of the Companies Ordinance, 1984 shall prevail.

2.2 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pak Rupees, which is the company's functional and presentation currency and figures are rounded to the nearest rupee.

2.3 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards

2.3.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to published approved accounting standards that are effective in the current year

During the year certain amendments to standards or new interpretations became effective; however, the amendments or interpretation did not have any material effect on the financial statements of the Company.

2.3.2 Standards, interpretations and amendments to existing standards that are applicable to the company but are not yet effective:

The following amendments and interpretations to existing standards have been published and are mandatory for the company's accounting periods beginning on or after their respective effective dates:

- ❑ Amendments to IAS 38 Intangible Assets and IAS 16 Property, Plant and Equipment (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016) introduce severe restrictions on the use of revenue-based amortization for intangible assets and explicitly state that revenue-based methods of depreciation cannot be used for property, plant and equipment. The amendments have no impact on Company's financial statements as the Company has the policy of depreciating / amortizing its property, plant and equipment and intangible assets based on the assessed useful lives.
 - ❑ IFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements' - (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces the part of IAS 27 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements'. IFRS 10 is not likely to have any impact on the financial statements of the Company .
 - ❑ IFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015) replaces IAS 31 'Interests in Joint Ventures'. IFRS 11 is not likely to have any impact on the financial statements of the Company.
 - ❑ IFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interest in Other Entities' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015). The adoption of this standard is not like to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
 - ❑ IFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2015). The adoption of this standard is not like to have an impact on Company's financial statements.
 - ❑ Amendment to IAS 27 'Separate Financial Statement' (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The amendments to IAS 27 will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements.
 - ❑ Agriculture: Bearer Plants [Amendment to IAS 16 and IAS 41] (effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). These amendments have no impact on the financial statements of the company.
 - ❑ Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 and IAS 28) [effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016]. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognized when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary.
- 2.3.3 Annual Improvements 2012-2014 cycles (amendments are effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2016). The new cycle of improvements contain amendments to the following standards:**
- ❑ IFRS 5 'Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations'. These amendments are not likely to have any implication on the Company's Financial Statements.
 - ❑ IFRS 7 'Financial Instruments- Disclosures'. These amendments are not likely to have any implication on the Company's Financial Statements.
 - ❑ IAS 19 'Employee Benefits'. These amendments are not likely to have any implication on the Company's Financial Statements.
 - ❑ IAS 34 'Interim Financial Reporting'. These amendments are not likely to have any implication on the Company's Financial Statements.
- 2.3.4** There are a number of other minor amendments and interpretations to other approved accounting standards that are not yet effective and are also not relevant to the Company and therefore have not been presented here.

3 BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain items of property, plant and equipment at revalued amount, revaluation of certain financial instruments at fair value and recognition of certain staff retirement benefits at present value.

The company's significant accounting policies are stated in note 4. Not all of these significant policies require the management to make difficult, subjective or complex judgments or estimates. The following is intended to provide an understanding of the policies the management considers critical because of their complexity, judgment of estimation involved in their application and their impact on these financial statements. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These judgments involve assumptions or estimates in respect of future events and the actual results may differ from these estimates. The areas involving higher degree of judgments or complexity or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows.

3.1 Provision for taxation

The company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by the appellate authorities. Instances where the company's view differs from the view taken by the income tax department at the assessment stage and where the company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingent liabilities.

3.2 Staff retirement benefits - gratuity

Certain actuarial assumptions have been adopted as disclosed in relevant note to the financial statements for valuation of present value of defined benefit obligation. Any changes in these assumptions in future year might affect unrecognized gains and losses in those years.

3.3 Financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in active market is determined by using valuation techniques based on assumptions that are dependent on market conditions existing at balance sheet date.

3.4 Property, plant and equipment

The company reviews recoverable amount, useful life, residual value and possible impairment on an annual basis. Any changes, if material in the estimates in future years might affect the carrying amounts of the respective items of property, plant and equipment with a corresponding affect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

3.5 Other areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are as follows.

3.5.1 Estimation of net realizable value

3.5.2 Computation of deferred taxation

3.5.3 Disclosure of contingencies

4 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Property, plant and equipment - owned

Recognition

Property, plant and equipment except for freehold land are stated at cost / revaluation less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss, if any. Freehold land is stated at cost / revaluation less any identified impairment loss, if any. Cost of tangible assets consists of historical cost pertaining to erection / construction period and other directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to working condition.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repair and maintenance costs are charged to income during the period in which they are incurred.

Surplus arising on revaluation of an item of property, plant and equipment is credited to surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment, except to the extent that it reverses deficit on revaluation of the same assets previously recognized in profit or loss, in which case the surplus is credited to profit or loss to the extent of deficit previously charged to income. Deficit on revaluation of an item of property, plant and equipment is charged to profit or loss to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any held in surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment relating to previous revaluation of that item. On subsequent sale or retirement of revalued item of property, plant and equipment the attributable surplus remaining in the surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment is transferred directly to unappropriated profit. The surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment to the extent of incremental depreciation charged on the related assets is transferred to unappropriated profit.

Depreciation

Depreciation on all items of property, plant and equipment except for freehold land is charged to income applying the reducing balance method so as to write off historical cost / revalued amount of an asset over its estimated useful life at the rates as disclosed in note 5. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted if impact on depreciation is significant.

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is acquired or capitalized while no depreciation is charged in the month of disposal.

Derecognition

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognized on disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on Derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and carrying amount of the assets) is included in the income statement in the year the asset is derecognized.

4.2 Accounting for leases and assets subject to finance lease

4.2.1 Finance lease

Recognition

Leases where the company has substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance lease. Assets subject to finance lease are initially recognized at the commencement of the lease term at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the leased assets, each determined at the inception of the lease. Subsequently these assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and any identified impairment loss. The related rental obligations, net off finance cost, are included in liabilities against assets subject to finance lease. The liabilities are classified as current and non current depending upon the timing of payments.

Financial charges

Lease payments are allocated between the liability and finance cost so as to achieve a constant rate on the balance outstanding. The finance cost is charged to income over the lease term.

Depreciation

Assets acquired under a finance lease are depreciated in the same manner and at the same rates used for similar owned assets, so as to depreciate these assets over their estimated useful lives in view of certainty of ownership of these assets at the end of lease term. Depreciation of the leased assets is charged to income.

Deferred income

Income arising from sale and lease back transaction, if any, which results in finance lease, is deferred and amortized equally over the lease period.

4.2.2 Operating lease

Leases where significant portion of the risk and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income on a straight-line basis over the period of lease.

4.3 Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss. Transfers are made to relevant fixed assets category as and when assets are available for intended use.

4.4 Long term deposits

These are stated at cost which represents the fair value of consideration given.

4.5 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined by moving average method. Items considered obsolete are carried at nil value. Items in transit are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon. Stores held for capital expenditure are stated at cost less any accumulated impairment in value, if any.

4.6 Stock in trade

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value except waste which is valued at net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows.

4.6.1 Raw material

| | |
|------------|---|
| In hand | Weighted average cost |
| In transit | Cost comprising invoice value plus other charges incurred thereon |

4.6.2 Finished goods and work in process Raw material cost plus appropriate manufacturing overheads

4.6.3 Waste Net realizable value

Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling prices in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sales.

4.7 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts originated by the company are recognized and carried at original invoice value less any allowance for uncollectible amounts. An estimated provision for doubtful debts is made when there is objective evidence that collection of the full amount is no longer probable. The amount of provision is charged to income. Bad debts are written off as incurred. Other receivables are stated at amortized cost / at nominal amount which is the fair value of the consideration to be received in future. Known impaired receivables are written off, while receivables considered doubtful are provided for.

4.8 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash in hand, cash at bank and short term deposits, which are held to maturity, are carried at cost. For the purpose of cash flow statements, cash and cash equivalent comprise cash in hand, with banks on current & saving accounts and short term borrowings.

4.9 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefit plan

The company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme covering for all its permanent employees who have attained the minimum qualifying period for entitlement to the gratuity.

Provision is made annually to cover the obligation on the basis of actuarial valuation and charged to income currently. The most recent actuarial valuation was carried on June 30, 2014 using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Expense comprising of current service cost and interest cost is recorded in profit and loss account, whereas any remeasurements due to actuarial assumptions are charged to other comprehensive income as and when they arise.

4.10 Taxation

Income tax expense comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the profit and loss account, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in equity or below equity, in which case it is recognized in equity or below equity respectively.

4.10.1 Current

Provision for current taxation is based on taxability of certain income streams of the company under presumptive / final tax regime at the applicable tax rates and remaining income streams chargeable at current rate of taxation under the normal tax regime after taking into account tax credit and tax rebates available, if any. The charge for current tax includes any adjustment to past years liabilities.

4.10.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is provided, using the balance sheet liability method, on all temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized for all deductible temporary differences and carry forward of unused tax losses and tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which deferred tax asset can be utilized, except where the deferred tax asset relating to the deductible temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability that, at the time of transaction, affects neither the accounting nor taxable profits.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized.

Deferred tax asset and liability is measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realized or the liability is settled, based on the rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

4.11 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other payable are carried at cost which is fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

4.12 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the balance sheet when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event, and it is probable that an out flow of resource embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. However, provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.13 Borrowings and borrowing costs

Borrowings are recorded at the proceeds received. Finance costs are accounted for on an accrual basis and are included in current liabilities to the extent of the amount remaining unpaid.

Borrowing costs are recognized as an expense in the period in which these are incurred except to the extent of the borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Such borrowing costs are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset up to the date of its commissioning. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization.

4.14 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized on dispatch of goods or on performance of services. Return on deposits is recognized on a time proportion basis by reference to the principal outstanding and the applicable rate of return.

4.15 Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into pak rupee at the rate of exchange prevailing at the balance sheet date, except those covered by forward contracts, which are stated in contracted rates. Foreign currency translations are translated into Pak rupee at the rates prevailing at the date of transaction except for those covered by forward contracts, which are translated at contracted rates. No monetary items are translated into pak rupees on the date of transaction or on the date when fair values are determined. Exchange differences are included in income currently.

4.16 Financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognized when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument and derecognized when the company loses control of contractual rights that comprise the financial assets and in case of financial liabilities when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. Any gain or loss on derecognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is included in the profit and loss account for the year.

All financial assets and financial liabilities are initially measured at cost, which is the fair value of the consideration given and received respectively. These financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at fair value, amortized cost or cost, as the case may be. The particular recognition methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each item.

4.17 Offsetting of financial assets and liabilities

A financial asset and financial liability is offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if the company has a legal enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on net basis or to realize the assets and the liabilities simultaneously.

4.18 Impairment

At each balance sheet date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any. Recoverable amount is the greater of net selling price and value in use.

If the recoverable amount of an asset is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset is reduced to its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized as an expense immediately.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized as income immediately.

4.19 Related party transactions

All transactions with related parties are carried out by the company at arms' length price using the method prescribed under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 with the exception of loan taken from related parties which is interest / mark up free. Prices for these transactions are determined on the basis of comparable uncontrolled price method, which sets the price by reference to comparable goods and services sold in an economically comparable market to a buyer unrelated to the seller.

4.20 Government grants

Government grants for meeting revenue expenses are set off from respective expenses in the year in which they become receivable.

4.21 Research and development cost

Research and development cost is charged to profit and loss account in the year in which it is incurred.

4.22 Dividend and other appropriations

The dividend distribution to the shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which it is approved by the shareholders. Appropriation of profits are reflected in the statements of changes in equity in the period in which such appropriations are made.

| 5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| Operating fixed assets | 5.1 | 1,064,093,995 | 1,039,223,416 |
| Capital work in progress - plant and machinery | | 1,161,734 | 4,971,455 |
| | | <u>1,065,255,729</u> | <u>1,044,194,871</u> |

5.1 Operating fixed assets

BILAL FIBRES LIMITED

| 2015 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Cost as at July 01, 2014 | Additions / (deletions) | Transfers | Revaluation (Adjustments) Surplus | | Cost as at June 30, 2015 | Annual depreciation rate % | Accumulated depreciation as at July 01, 2014 | Depreciation charge / (deletion) for the year | Transfers / adjustments | Accumulated depreciation as at June 30, 2015 | Book value as at June 30, 2015 |
| Rupees | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Owned assets | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Freehold land | 123,440,000 | - | - | - | 123,440,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 123,440,000 |
| Building on freehold land | 240,954,800 | - | - | - | 240,954,800 | 5% | 12,047,740 | 11,445,354 | - | 23,493,094 | 217,461,706 |
| Plant and machinery | 616,522,976 | 80,717,865 | - | - | 691,790,841 | 5% | 30,214,624 | 31,782,281 | - | 61,692,739 | 630,098,102 |
| | | (5,450,000) | | | | | | (304,167) | | | |
| Factory equipment | 129,250 | - | - | - | 129,250 | 10% | 89,727 | 3,952 | - | 93,679 | 35,571 |
| Office & electric equipment | 10,056,794 | 671,118 | - | - | 10,727,912 | 10% | 5,207,681 | 518,348 | - | 5,726,029 | 5,001,883 |
| Furniture and fixture | 3,164,392 | 347,500 | - | - | 3,511,892 | 10% | 2,246,264 | 101,813 | - | 2,348,077 | 1,163,815 |
| Vehicles | 23,691,595 | - | - | - | 23,598,009 | 20% | 3,222,486 | 4,081,344 | - | 7,282,616 | 16,315,393 |
| | | (93,586) | | | | | | (21,213) | | | |
| Leased assets | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plant and machinery | 92,365,821 | - | - | - | 92,365,821 | 5% | 18,073,690 | 3,714,606 | - | 21,788,296 | 70,577,525 |
| 30-06-2015 | 1,110,325,628 | 81,736,483 | - | - | 1,186,518,525 | | 71,102,212 | 51,647,698 | - | 122,424,530 | 1,064,093,995 |
| | | (5,543,586) | | | | | | (325,380) | | | |

| 2014 | | | | | | | | | | | |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|---|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|---|-------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Cost as at July 01, 2013 | Additions / (deletions) | Transfers | Revaluation (Adjustments) Surplus | | Cost as at June 30, 2014 | Annual depreciation rate % | Accumulated depreciation as at July 01, 2013 | Depreciation charge / (deletion) for the year | Transfers / adjustments | Accumulated depreciation as at June 30, 2014 | Book value as at June 30, 2014 |
| Rupees | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Owned Assets | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Freehold land | 123,440,000 | - | - | - | 123,440,000 | - | - | - | - | - | 123,440,000 |
| Building on freehold land | 240,954,800 | - | - | - | 240,954,800 | 5% | - | 12,047,740 | - | 12,047,740 | 228,907,060 |
| Plant and machinery | 598,797,752 | 19,784,048 | - | - | 616,522,976 | 5% | - | 30,291,830 | - | 30,214,624 | 586,308,352 |
| | | (2,058,824) | | | | | | (77,206) | | | |
| Factory equipment | 129,250 | - | - | - | 129,250 | 10% | 85,335 | 4,392 | - | 89,727 | 39,523 |
| Office & electric equipment | 8,950,064 | 1,106,730 | - | - | 10,056,794 | 10% | 4,727,255 | 480,426 | - | 5,207,681 | 4,849,113 |
| Furniture and fixture | 3,164,392 | - | - | - | 3,164,392 | 10% | 2,144,249 | 102,015 | - | 2,246,264 | 918,128 |
| Vehicles | 8,248,761 | 17,327,651 | - | - | 23,691,595 | 20% | - | 3,263,156 | - | 3,222,486 | 20,469,109 |
| | | (1,884,817) | | | | | | (40,670) | | | |
| Leased assets | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Plant and machinery | 92,365,821 | - | - | - | 92,365,821 | 5% | 14,163,578 | 3,910,112 | - | 18,073,690 | 74,292,131 |
| 30-06-2014 | 1,076,050,840 | 38,218,429 | - | - | 1,110,325,628 | | 21,120,417 | 50,099,671 | - | 71,102,212 | 1,039,223,416 |
| | | (3,943,641) | | | | | | (117,876) | | | |

5.1.1 Depreciation for the period has been allocated as under.

| Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Cost of sales | 46,946,193 | 46,254,074 |
| Administrative expenses | 4,701,505 | 3,845,597 |
| | <u>51,647,698</u> | <u>50,099,671</u> |

5.1.2 The Company had its freehold land, buildings on freehold land, plant and machinery and vehicles revalued. Revaluation of the assets was carried out by the independent valuers "M/S Empire Enterprises (Pvt.) Ltd." on June 30, 2013. Freehold land was revalued at market value and building on free hold land, machinery and vehicles are valued at depreciated replacement cost.

5.1.3 Had there been no revaluation, the carrying amount of the specific class of assets would have been as follows.

| Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|---------------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Freehold land | 30,070,354 | 30,070,354 |
| Building on freehold land | 70,671,514 | 74,391,069 |
| Plant and machinery | 454,986,441 | 398,694,408 |
| Vehicles | 15,580,968 | 19,551,078 |
| | <u>571,309,277</u> | <u>522,706,908</u> |

5.2 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

| Particulars | Name of buyer | Mode of disposal | Cost | Accumulated depreciation | Written down value | Sale proceeds | |
|------------------|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|--------------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------|
| Rupees | | | | | | | |
| Outsiders | | | | | | | |
| Machine-Carding | Mr. Khalid Mahmood | Negotiation | 1,750,000 | 87,500 | 1,662,500 | 1,271,186 | |
| Machine-Carding | Mr. Ahmad Raza | Negotiation | 700,000 | 40,542 | 659,458 | 508,475 | |
| Machine-Ring | Agha Traders | Negotiation | 3,000,000 | 176,125 | 2,823,875 | 1,864,406 | |
| Vehicle | Pak Qatar General Takaful Ltd | Negotiation | 93,586 | 21,213 | 72,373 | 400,000 | |
| Total | | | 5,543,586 | 325,380 | 5,218,206 | 4,044,067 | |
| | | | | | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
| | | | | | | Rupees | Rupees |

5.3 Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment

| | | |
|---|-------------|-------------|
| Cost | 5,543,586 | 3,943,641 |
| Less : Accumulated depreciation | (325,380) | (117,876) |
| | 5,218,206 | 3,825,765 |
| Sale proceeds | (4,044,067) | (4,330,000) |
| Net (gain)/ loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | 1,174,139 | (504,235) |

| | Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|--|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| 6. Long term deposits | | | |
| Utilities | | 3,376,220 | 3,368,720 |
| Others | | 232,600 | 232,600 |
| | | 3,608,820 | 3,601,320 |
| 7. Store, Spare parts and loose tools | | | |
| Stores | | 4,844,184 | 6,945,206 |
| Spare parts | | 5,901,295 | 5,825,498 |
| Loose tools | | 42,397 | 38,165 |
| | | 10,787,876 | 12,808,869 |
| 8. Stock in trade | | | |
| Raw material | | 118,975,372 | 116,209,942 |
| Work in process | | 16,960,759 | 16,665,147 |
| Finished goods | | 13,981,178 | 15,581,083 |
| Waste | | 1,043,736 | 1,211,755 |
| | | 150,961,044 | 149,667,927 |
| 8.1 | It includes carrying value of pledged stock amounting to Rs. 141.593 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 94.032 million) | | |
| 8.2 | Raw material amounting to Rs. 131.185 million (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 118.793), finished goods amounting to Rs. 15.085 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 16.791) stated at their net realizable value aggregating Rs. 118.661 million (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 115.696 million) and Rs. 13.981 million (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 15.581 million) respectively. The amount charged to profit and loss in respect of stocks written down to their net realizable value is Rs. 13.627 million (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 4.307 million) | | |
| 9. Trade debts | Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
| Considered good - secured | | | |
| Foreign | | - | 2,173,028 |
| Considered good - unsecured | | | |
| Local | | 35,657,187 | 48,834,715 |
| | | 35,657,187 | 51,007,743 |
| 10. Loans and advances | | | |
| Considered good - unsecured | | | |
| Employees | 10.1 | 768,932 | 632,684 |
| For services / expenses | | 322,627 | 398,031 |
| Suppliers | | 24,078,517 | 19,444,370 |
| | | 25,170,076 | 20,475,085 |
| 10.1 | All the loans are granted to the employees, free of interest in accordance with their terms of employment. | | |
| 11. Trade deposits and short term prepayments | Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
| Margin against letter of credit | | - | 16,768,329 |
| Bank guarantee margin | | 5,070,915 | 8,545,150 |
| Prepayments | | 646,432 | 675,595 |
| | | 5,717,347 | 25,989,074 |
| 12. Other receivables | | | |
| Considered good | | | |
| Export rebate | | 509,094 | 509,094 |
| | | 509,094 | 509,094 |

| | Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|--|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 13. Tax refunds due from Government | | | |
| Advance income tax | 13.1 | 17,614,095 | 26,085,132 |
| Sales tax | | 1,941,093 | 8,341,795 |
| | | 19,555,188 | 34,426,927 |
| 13.1 Advance income tax | | | |
| Opening | | 26,085,132 | 14,096,466 |
| Deducted during the year | | 10,004,319 | 17,994,043 |
| Adjusted against provision for taxation | | (18,475,356) | (6,005,377) |
| | | 17,614,095 | 26,085,132 |
| 14. Cash and bank balances | | | |
| Cash with banks | | | |
| In current accounts | | 1,649,077 | 8,455,473 |
| In business plus account | | 13,203 | 9,045 |
| | | 1,662,280 | 8,464,518 |
| Cash in hand | | 4,181,636 | 623,106 |
| | | 5,843,916 | 9,087,624 |
| 15. Issued, subscribed and paid up capital | | | |
| 15.1 The shareholders' are entitled to receive all distributions to them including dividend and other entitlements in the form of bonus and right shares as and when declared by the company. All shares carry "one vote" per share without restriction. | | | |
| 15.2 There is no movement in share capital during the year. | | | |
| 16. Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment - net of tax | Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
| Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment at the beginning of the year | | 436,417,609 | 455,878,193 |
| Addition during the year | | - | - |
| Transfer to unappropriated profit in respect of: | | | |
| Disposal of property, plant and equipment | | 2,201,540 | 820,239 |
| Incremental depreciation on revalued assets | | 11,474,292 | 12,218,352 |
| Related deferred tax liability | | 6,735,857 | 6,421,993 |
| | | 20,411,689 | 19,460,584 |
| Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment as at the end of year | | 416,005,920 | 436,417,609 |
| Related deferred tax liabilities on: | | | |
| Revaluation at the beginning of the year | | 113,205,829 | 123,252,907 |
| Related deferred tax liability on addition to surplus | | - | - |
| Effect of change in tax rate | | (9,679,088) | (3,625,085) |
| Amount realized during the year: | | | |
| Incremental depreciation on revalued assets | | (5,651,517) | (6,017,994) |
| Disposal of property, plant and equipment | | (1,084,340) | (403,998) |
| | | 96,790,883 | 113,205,829 |
| | | 319,215,038 | 323,211,781 |
| 17. Deferred income | | | |
| Opening balance | | 14,569,568 | 19,426,092 |
| Amortized during the year | | (4,856,524) | (4,856,524) |
| | | 9,713,044 | 14,569,568 |

17.1 This represents excess of sale proceeds over carrying amount in sale and lease back transactions. This amount is being amortized over the lease term in equal proportion.

| 18. Long term financing from banking companies | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|--------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| Secured | | | (Restated) |
| Under mark up arrangements | | | |
| Demand finance | | | |
| Demand finance - Settled amount | 18.1 | 92,847,751 | 91,094,416 |
| Demand finance - II | 18.2 | 3,697,000 | 4,540,000 |
| Demand finance - III | 18.3 | 6,977,063 | 8,568,063 |
| Demand finance - IV | 18.4 | 174,170,823 | 174,170,823 |
| Demand finance - IV (unserviceable) | 18.5 | 62,820,000 | 62,820,000 |
| Demand finance - VIII | 18.6 | 19,938,937 | 24,484,937 |
| Frozen mark up | | | |
| Demand finance - II | 18.7 | 252,000 | 290,000 |
| Demand finance - III | 18.8 | 140,091 | 162,091 |
| Demand finance - IV | 18.9 | 85,249,043 | 76,614,951 |
| Demand finance - VIII | 18.10 | 1,466,485 | 1,694,485 |
| | | 447,559,193 | 444,439,766 |
| Less : Current portion from banking companies | | | |
| Overdue installments | | 60,555,195 | 41,836,195 |
| Installments due within one year | | 41,150,000 | 33,578,996 |
| | | 101,705,195 | 75,415,191 |
| | | 345,853,998 | 369,024,575 |
| 18.1 Demand finance - Settled amount | | | |
| Gross amount payable | 18.1.1 | 137,036,996 | 144,626,996 |
| Present value adjustments - deferred notional income | 18.1.2 | (44,189,245) | (53,532,580) |
| Present value of demand finance - settled amount | | 92,847,751 | 91,094,416 |

18.1.1 During the year ended June 30, 2013 the company had rescheduled its Demand Finance - I amounted to Rs. 90.075 million, Term finance-I amounted to Rs. 18.639 million, Term finance III amounted to Rs. 7.336 million, Term finance IV amounted Rs. 40.00 million, Frozen markup on demand finance-I amounted 0.157 million and running finance amounted to Rs. 9.90 million in one demand finance facility aggregating to Rs.166.197 million. As per the terms of revised agreement, the rescheduled loan is repayable in 106 monthly installments, commenced from June 12, 2013 and expiring on March 31, 2022. The restructured loan is secured against existing securities of the respective loan i.e. against joint pari passu charge over land, building and machinery for Rs. 462.67 million(NIB bank's share in charge is Rs. 206.67 million), specific / exclusive charge of Rs. 124.246 million on machinery and 3 gas generators, second charge of Rs. 100.00 million over stocks and receivable and personal guarantee of the sponsoring directors of the company. The amount is settled as a result of consent decree passed by the court in favor of the bank and against the principal borrower and the guarantor for Rs. 250.011 million the basis of rescheduling agreement. Rescheduling agreement states that non payment of any three consecutive installments towards adjustment of the settled amount as required in terms of the rescheduled agreement shall be considered as a failure to satisfy the decree. In event of default, the bank shall be entitled to cancel / revoke any of the arrangement including waiver of markup under the rescheduling agreement and the principal borrower and the guarantor shall become immediately liable to pay to the bank forthwith the entire decretal amount less any payments made there under and the bank disregarding any arrangement shall immediately forthwith be entitled to continue execution of proceedings for recovery of decretal amount less any payment made against by the principal borrower and the guarantor.

18.1.2 This represent the difference between amortized cost and face value of interest free loan (rescheduled during the year ended on June 30, 2013 as explained in note 18.1.1 above) from NIB Bank Limited. Amortized cost has been determined using effective interest rate of 10.00% per annum being the rate prevailing in the market. This loan has been adjusted retrospectively in accordance with the requirement of International Accounting Standards (IAS) 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" and the resulting adjustments have been made in relevant years. Consequently long term financing from banking companies decreased by Rupees 53,532,580, shareholders equity increased by Rs. 96,637,097 and loss for the year ended June 30, 2014 decreased by Rs. 1,511,309. Movement of the present value adjustments is as follows.

| Present value adjustments | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|---------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| Opening balance | | 53,532,580 | 64,332,479 |
| Occurred during the year | | - | - |
| Amortized during the year | | (9,343,335) | (10,799,899) |
| Closing balance | | 44,189,245 | 53,532,580 |

- 18.2** The loan is obtained to finance fixed assets of the company. The loan is subject to mark up at the rate of 10 percent per annum payable quarterly (June 30, 2013 : 10 percent per annum payable quarterly). The loan is repayable in thirty two quarterly installments, commenced from March 31, 2010 and expired on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against first registered specific charge for Rs. 33.515 million over the textile machinery, first registered pari passu charge for Rs. 66.00 million over all present ad future fixed assets (including land, building and machinery) of the company.
- 18.3** The loan is obtained to adjust the existing RF facility of the company. The loan is subject to mark up at the rate of 10 percent per annum (June 30, 2013 : 10 percent per annum) payable quarterly . The loan is repayable in thirty two quarterly installments, commenced from March 31, 2010 and expired on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against first registered specific charge for Rs. 33.515 million over the textile machinery, first registered pari passu charge for Rs. 66.00 million over all present ad future fixed assets (including land, building and machinery) of the company.
- 18.4** The loan is rescheduled and merged in one Demand finance, previously disclosed as DF-IV amounted to Rs.25 million, DF-V amounted to Rs. 70 million, DF-VI amounted to Rs.17 million DF-VII amounted to Rs. 65.208 million and lease finance facility amounted Rs.6.925 million. The loan is subject to markup at the rate of 3 months average KIBOR of quarter (June 30, 2013 : 3 months average KIBOR). The loan is repayable in 30 installments payable quarterly commenced from September 30, 2009 and expired on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against registered joint pari passu charge of Rs.190 million on the present and future fixed assets(including land, building, plant and machinery) of the company valuing Rs. 472 million (already registered with SECP), additional second charge on a plot amounting to Rs. 40 million (currently mortgaged with Meezan Bank Limited), ranking charge on fixed assets of the company of RS. 29.933 million, ranking charge on fixed assets (including land, building and machinery) of the company of Rs. 54.660, exclusive hypothecation charge over plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 50.350 million, floating charge over plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 23.140. Exclusive hypothecation over plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 2.188 and personal guarantees of sponsoring director.
- 18.5** Overdue markup is converted into demand finance facility amounted to Rs. 65.825 million. The loan is repayable in 34 quarterly installments started from September 30, 2009 and ending on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against ranking charge on fixed assets of the company to cover markup for Rs. 65.825 million.
- 18.6** The loan is obtained to finance imported polyester subsequently restructured as demand finance. The loan is repayable in 32 quarterly installments commenced from March 31, 2010 and expired on December 31, 2017. The loan is secured against registered specific charge for Rs.33.515 million, registered pari passu charge of Rs.66 million on all present and future fixed assets of the company and accepted drafts and TRs.
- 18.7** Deferred mark up on demand finance II as disclosed above for Rs. 0.252 million (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 0.290 million) freezed and converted into long term financing. Frozen markup is payable in 28 equal quarterly installments of Rs. 0.019 million and 5 installments Rs. 0.020 million commenced from December 2009.
- 18.8** Deferred mark up on demand finance III as disclosed above of Rs. 0.140 million (June 30, 2013 : for Rs. 0.162 million) freezed and converted in to long term financing. Frozen markup is payable in 33 equal quarterly installments of Rs. 0.011 million commenced from December 2009.
- 18.9** Deferred mark up on demand finance IV of Rs. 85.249 million (June 30, 2014: Rs. 76.615 million) freezed and converted in to long term financing. During the year markup of Rs. 8.634 million is deferred and freezed. Frozen markup will be paid in lump sum on December 31, 2017.
- 18.10** Deferred mark up on demand finance VIII as disclosed above for Rs. 1.466 million (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 1.694 million) freezed and converted into long term financing. Frozen markup is payable in 33 quarterly installments of Rs. 0.114 million commenced from December 2009.

| 19. Long term financing from directors and associates | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| Unsecured - From directors and associates | | | (Restated) |
| Interest free loan | 19.1 | 114,921,600 | 83,738,000 |
| Present value adjustments | 19.2 | (51,216,722) | (43,104,517) |
| Present value of interest free loan from directors and associates | | 63,704,878 | 40,633,483 |

19.1 As at June 30, 2015, management of the company has entered into an agreement with directors and associates and decided repayment terms of the interest free and unsecured loan (previously repayment terms of the loan were not determinable). According to the agreement, loan from directors and associates amounted to Rs. 62, 421,600 will be paid on July 30, 2020 and remaining Rs. 52,500,000 will be paid on July 30, 2022. These loans have been recognized at amortized cost using effective discount rate of 10 percent. The resulting difference has been charged to profit and loss account and will be amortized over the remaining life of the loan. Out of the above amount, Rs. 52,500,000 are subordinated to the loans from banking companies.

19.2 This represent the difference between amortized cost and face value of interest free loan (as explained in note 19.1 above). Amortized cost has been determined using effective interest rate of 10.00% per annum being the weighted average rate of return prevailing in the market. This loan has been adjusted retrospectively in accordance with the requirement of International Accounting Standards (IAS) 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" and the resulting adjustments have been made in relevant years. Consequently long term financing from directors and associates as at June 30, 2014 decreased by Rupees 43,104,517 shareholders equity increased by Rs. 96,637,097 and loss for the year ended June 30, 2014 increased by Rs. 1,511,309 Movement of the deferred notional income is as follows.

| Movement in present value | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|---------------------------|------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| Opening balance | | 43,104,517 | 30,998,713 |
| Occurred during the year | | 12,944,431 | 14,865,449 |
| Amortized during the year | | (4,832,226) | (2,759,645) |
| Closing balance | | <u>51,216,722</u> | <u>43,104,517</u> |

20. Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease

| | 2015 | | | 2014 | | |
|---|------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|
| | Minimum lease payments | Financial charges for future periods | Present value of minimum lease payments | Minimum lease payments | Financial charges for future periods | Present value of minimum lease payments |
| | -----Rupees----- | | | -----Rupees----- | | |
| Up to one year | 54,764,000 | 36,353,000 | 18,411,000 | 43,560,000 | 31,210,000 | 12,350,000 |
| Later than one year but not later than five years | 100,818,331 | 10,923,000 | 89,895,331 | 114,963,331 | 19,007,000 | 95,956,331 |
| Later than five years | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| | <u>155,582,331</u> | <u>47,276,000</u> | <u>108,306,331</u> | <u>158,523,331</u> | <u>50,217,000</u> | <u>108,306,331</u> |

20.1 The lease is obtained under sale and lease back transaction of plant and machinery. The total lease rentals due under the lease agreements are payable in 33 quarterly installments commenced from December 31, 2009. The present value of minimum lease payments has been discounted at interest rate implicit in the lease, which equates to an interest rate of 3 months average KIBOR of the last day of quarter. The cost of repairs and insurance are borne by the lessee. The liability is secured by a lease agreement lien on leased assets, trust receipts to be executed in bank's favor and 33 post dated cheques for complete adjustment of principal. The company intend to exercise the option of purchasing the leased assets at residual value upon completion of lease term.

20.2 Amount of lease liability includes an amount of Rs. 22.645 million (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 22.645 million) deferred markup transferred to memo account. The deferred markup is payable in 16 quarterly installments started from March 31, 2014 and ending on December 31, 2017. The breakup of the present value of minimum lease payment is given below.

| Breakup of present value of minimum lease payments | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|--|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| Lease liability | | 85,661,821 | 85,661,821 |
| Deferred markup transferred to memo account | | 22,644,510 | 22,644,510 |
| | | <u>108,306,331</u> | <u>108,306,331</u> |

20.3 Current maturity of the lease liabilities

| | | |
|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Over due installments | 12,350,000 | 6,849,000 |
| Payable within one year | 6,061,000 | 5,501,000 |
| | <u>18,411,000</u> | <u>12,350,000</u> |

21. Deferred liabilities

| | | | |
|--------------------------------------|------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Staff retirement benefits - gratuity | 21.1 | 16,600,539 | 19,236,219 |
| Deferred tax | 21.2 | 72,973,474 | 127,231,278 |
| | | <u>89,574,013</u> | <u>146,467,497</u> |

21.1 Staff retirement benefits-gratuity

21.1.1 Movement in the liability

| | | |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Opening liability | 19,236,219 | 22,454,575 |
| Expense recognized in profit and loss account | 4,784,015 | 6,029,875 |
| Remeasurements recognized | 1,995,705 | 3,098,469 |
| Paid during the year | (9,415,400) | (12,346,700) |
| Closing liability | <u>16,600,539</u> | <u>19,236,219</u> |

| 21.1.2 Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | 19,236,219 | 22,454,575 |
| Current service cost | 3,631,904 | 4,280,034 |
| Interest cost | 1,152,111 | 1,749,841 |
| Remeasurements (gain)/ loss | 1,995,705 | 3,098,469 |
| Benefits paid | (9,415,400) | (12,346,700) |
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | 16,600,539 | 19,236,219 |

21.1.3 Historical information

| | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | 2011 |
|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|------------|
| Present value of defined benefit obligation | 16,600,539 | 19,236,219 | 22,454,575 | 20,242,610 | 12,189,265 |
| Experience adjustments on plan liabilities | (1,995,705) | (3,098,469) | (4,996,767) | - | 644,338 |

| 21.1.4 Liability recognized in the balance sheet | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| Present value of obligation | 16,600,539 | 19,236,219 |
| | 16,600,539 | 19,236,219 |

21.1.5 Expense recognized

21.1.5.1 In profit and loss account

| | | |
|----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Current service cost | 3,631,904 | 4,280,034 |
| Interest cost | 1,152,111 | 1,749,841 |
| | 4,784,015 | 6,029,875 |

21.1.5.2 In other comprehensive income

| | | |
|---------------------------|------------------|------------------|
| Remeasurement in the year | 1,995,705 | 3,098,469 |
| | 1,995,705 | 3,098,469 |

21.1.6 General description

The scheme provides for terminal benefits for all of its permanent employees who attain the minimum qualifying period. Annual charges is made using the actuarial technique of Projected Unit Credit Method.

| 21.1.7 Principle actuarial assumptions | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Discount factor used | 9.75% | 13.25% |
| Expected rate of salary increases | 10.00% | 12.25% |

21.1.8 Sensitivity analysis of actuarial assumptions

The calculation of defined benefit obligation is sensitive to assumptions given above. The below information summarizes how the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period would have increased / (decreased) as a result of change in respective assumptions by 100 basis point.

| | Increase in assumption | Decrease in assumption |
|--|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Discount rate | 729,427 | (795,079) |
| Expected rate of increase in future salaries | (785,738) | 734,232 |

21.1.9 Expected gratuity expense for the year ended June 30, 2016

Expected gratuity expense for the year ending June 30, 2016 works out Rs. 5,095,061.

| | Note | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|--|------|--------------------|--------------------|
| 21.2 Deferred taxation | | | |
| Opening balance | | 127,231,278 | 129,338,684 |
| (Reversed) / provided during the year on surplus - net | | (9,679,088) | (3,625,085) |
| Prior year tax - effect of change in tax rate | | (11,566,480) | (3,804,079) |
| Provided during the year through profit and loss | | (32,457,590) | 6,264,089 |
| Charged through other comprehensive income due to remeasurements | | (554,646) | (942,331) |
| | | 72,973,474 | 127,231,278 |
| This comprises the following: | | | |
| Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences: | | | |
| Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment | | 96,790,883 | 113,205,829 |
| Tax depreciation allowance | | 117,044,929 | 122,538,052 |
| | | 213,835,812 | 235,743,881 |
| Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences: | | | |
| Finance lease | | (30,100,496) | (32,938,989) |
| Tax losses and tax credits | | (106,148,221) | (69,723,343) |
| Staff retirement benefits - gratuity | | (4,613,622) | (5,850,273) |
| | | (140,862,338) | (108,512,605) |
| | | 72,973,474 | 127,231,276 |
| 22. Trade and other payables | | | |
| Creditors | | 63,761,989 | 33,579,180 |
| Advance from customer | | 23,591,784 | 2,061,831 |
| Accrued liabilities | | 40,589,143 | 30,991,255 |
| Worker's profit participation fund | 22.1 | - | - |
| Worker's welfare fund | | - | 45,008 |
| Unclaimed dividend | | 235,776 | 235,838 |
| Withholding tax payable | | 2,739,961 | 1,131,313 |
| Others | | 113,646 | 428,854 |
| | | 131,032,299 | 68,473,279 |
| 22.1 Worker's profit participation fund | Note | | |
| Opening balance | | - | 1,120,010 |
| Provision for the year | | - | - |
| | | - | 1,120,010 |
| Payment made during | | - | (1,120,010) |
| | | - | - |
| 23. Accrued interest / mark up | | | |
| Interest / mark up on secured finances: | | | |
| Long term financing from banking companies | | 28,617,515 | 22,347,032 |
| Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease | | 27,087,037 | 19,625,000 |
| Short term borrowings | | 38,647,415 | 34,397,077 |
| | | 94,351,967 | 76,369,109 |

23.1 It includes overdue markup of Rupees 24.824 million (June 30, 2014 : Rupees 19.801 million), Rupees 25.589 (June 30, 2014: Rupees 17.428 million) and Rupees 33.848 million (June 30, 2014: Rupees 31.484 million) on long term financing from banking companies, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and on short term borrowings from banking companies respectively.

| 24. Short term borrowings | Note | 2015 | 2014 |
|---------------------------|------|--------------------|-------------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| Secured | | | |
| From banking companies | | | |
| Cash finance | 24.2 | 153,911,676 | 89,597,828 |
| | | 153,911,676 | 89,597,828 |

24.1 The aggregate of credit limits available for short term borrowings from banking companies are Rs. 275 million (2014: 250 million). These above facilities are expiring on various date by July 07, 2014 and are renewable on expiry.

24.2 These are secured against pledge of cotton bales at 10 percent margin, imported cotton at invoice value, polyester / yarn at 15 percent margin under lock and key of banks' approved macadam, join pari passu charge over land, building and machinery, exclusive charge on machinery, securities as mentioned in note 18.3 above and personal guarantees of sponsoring directors.

These are subject to mark up ranging between 3 months KIBOR to 3 months KIBOR plus 3 percent (June 30, 2014: 3 months KIBOR to KIBOR plus 3 percent). The effective markup rate is 11 percent.

Cash finance facility was availed from Bank of Punjab, Silk Bank Limited and NIB Bank Limited. Facility from Bank of Punjab amounted to Rupees 140 million (outstanding amount is Rs. 19.671 million) was expired on November 22, 2011 without further renewal.

25. Contingencies and commitments

Contingencies

25.1 The NIB Bank Limited has filed suit C.O.S No. 85/2009 before Honorable Lahore High court, Lahore against the company for recovery of Rupees. 297.403 million as outstanding dues against the banking facilities provided by the bank. During the year ended June 30, 2013 consent decree has passed by the court in favor of the bank and against the principal borrower and the guarantor for Rs. 250.011 million on the basis of rescheduling agreement. Rescheduling agreement states that non payment of any three consecutive installments towards adjustment of the settled amount as required in terms of the rescheduled agreement shall be considered as a failure to satisfy the decree. In event of default, the bank shall be entitled to cancel / revoke any of the arrangement including waiver of markup under the rescheduling agreement and the principal borrower and the guarantor shall become immediately liable to pay to the bank forthwith the entire decretal amount less any payments made there under and the bank disregarding any arrangement shall immediately forthwith be entitled to continue execution of proceedings for recovery of decretal amount less any payment made against by the principal borrower and the guarantor, however, consent decree have been implemented. As required in rescheduling agreements company had applied to the court to withdrawal of its suit C.O.S No. 99/2009 filed against the bank and the case is disposed of by the Honorable judge of the Lahore High Court, Lahore.

25.2 The Bank of Punjab has filed suit C.O.S No. 55/2012 before Honorable Lahore High court, Lahore against the company for recovery of Rupees. 507.443 million as outstanding dues against the banking facilities provided by the bank. The company has also filed a suit C.O.S No. 74/2012 against the bank before the Honorable Lahore High court, Lahore. The outcome of the case is not ascertainable as at June 30, 2015.

25.3 The company has filed a writ petition number XXXX before the Honorable Lahore High court, Lahore against the illegal levy of license/permit fee to the tune of Rs. 200,000 by the District Govt. Faisalabad. Legal council of the company is of the view that this sort of petitions had already decided by the Honorable Lahore High Court, Lahore in favour of petitioner. legal council is hopeful that the outcome of the case will be decided in favour of the company

| | 2015 | 2014 |
|---|------------|------------|
| | Rupees | Rupees |
| 25.4 Claims not acknowledged in view of pending appeals before appellate authorities / high court | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| 25.5 Indemnity bonds issued against exemption of sales tax and custom duty on import of machinery and local procurement of raw material | 17,537,477 | 12,516,218 |
| 25.6 Bank guarantee issued in favor of Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited for supply of gas | 23,082,000 | 23,082,000 |
| 25.7 Bank guarantee issued in favor of Collector of custom Karachi | 2,675,000 | 2,675,000 |

Commitments outstanding

There are letter of commitments of Rs. Nil as at June 30, 2015 (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 27,498,939).

| | | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|------------|---|----------------------|----------------------|
| 26. | Sales - net | | |
| | Yarn | | |
| | Local | 1,514,294,122 | 1,840,992,661 |
| | Export | 70,034,410 | 163,667,253 |
| | | <u>1,584,328,532</u> | <u>2,004,659,914</u> |
| | Raw material - local | 42,727,929 | 27,770,442 |
| | Waste - local | 11,307,491 | 10,047,669 |
| | | <u>1,638,363,952</u> | <u>2,042,478,025</u> |
| | 26.1 It includes exchange gain amounting to Rs. Nil (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 33,871). | | |
| 27. | Cost of sales | | |
| | Cost of goods manufactured | 1,706,508,684 | 1,938,966,370 |
| | Finished goods | | |
| | Opening stock | 16,792,838 | 14,195,220 |
| | Closing stock | (15,024,914) | (16,792,838) |
| | | <u>1,708,276,608</u> | <u>1,936,368,752</u> |
| | 27.1 Cost of goods manufactured | | |
| | Raw material consumed | 1,178,749,865 | 1,405,544,545 |
| | Cost of raw material sold | 42,546,670 | 28,809,376 |
| | Packing material consumed | 25,344,078 | 26,640,123 |
| | Salaries, wages and benefits | 149,667,112 | 134,127,455 |
| | Staff retirement benefits - gratuity | 3,609,210 | 4,576,811 |
| | Stores and spares consumed | 25,909,086 | 22,560,486 |
| | Fuel and power | 218,977,755 | 257,103,863 |
| | Repairs and maintenance | 7,669,892 | 8,485,331 |
| | Insurance | 3,352,673 | 2,883,699 |
| | Depreciation | 46,946,193 | 46,254,074 |
| | Others | 4,031,762 | 3,901,300 |
| | | <u>1,706,804,296</u> | <u>1,940,887,063</u> |
| | Work in process | | |
| | Opening stock | 16,665,147 | 14,744,454 |
| | Closing stock | (16,960,759) | (16,665,147) |
| | | <u>(295,612)</u> | <u>(1,920,693)</u> |
| | | <u>1,706,508,684</u> | <u>1,938,966,370</u> |
| | 27.1.1 Raw material consumed | | |
| | Opening stock | 116,209,942 | 156,218,836 |
| | Purchases | 1,224,061,965 | 1,394,345,027 |
| | | <u>1,340,271,907</u> | <u>1,550,563,863</u> |
| | Cost of raw material sold | (42,546,670) | (28,809,376) |
| | Closing stock | (118,975,372) | (116,209,942) |
| | | <u>1,178,749,865</u> | <u>1,405,544,545</u> |
| 28. | Other operating income | | (Restated) |
| | From other than financial assets | | |
| | Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment | - | 504,235 |
| | Amortization of deferred income | 17 | 4,856,524 |
| | Notional income on interest free loan from directors and associates | 19.2 | 12,944,431 |
| | Exchange gain on translation of foreign bills | - | 23,153 |
| | | <u>17,800,955</u> | <u>20,249,361</u> |

| | | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|------------|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| 29. | Distribution cost | | |
| | Ocean freight | 707,882 | 1,409,874 |
| | Commission | 5,187,782 | 10,533,056 |
| | Local sale expenses | 3,875,960 | 2,770,668 |
| | Staff salaries and benefits - gratuity | 5,077,697 | 4,220,393 |
| | Miscellaneous export expenses | 1,204,776 | 1,711,619 |
| | Wharfage | 244,672 | 437,330 |
| | Export development surcharge | 180,904 | 413,537 |
| | Others | 3,367,757 | 4,165,125 |
| | | 19,847,430 | 25,661,602 |
| 30. | Administrative expenses | | |
| | Directors' remuneration | 1,800,000 | 1,800,000 |
| | Staff salaries and benefits | 17,315,939 | 14,539,575 |
| | Staff retirement benefits - gratuity | 1,174,804 | 1,453,063 |
| | Postage and telecommunication | 930,856 | 877,537 |
| | Vehicles running and maintenance | 355,008 | 952,491 |
| | Traveling and conveyance | 1,047,590 | 1,175,104 |
| | Printing and stationery | 374,658 | 404,305 |
| | Fee and subscriptions | 408,005 | 275,049 |
| | Utilities | 730,894 | 848,194 |
| | Newspapers and periodicals | 11,439 | 10,005 |
| | Advertisement | 100,265 | 44,450 |
| | Insurance | 1,108,697 | 689,345 |
| | Auditors' remuneration | 620,000 | 616,000 |
| | Legal and professional | 1,563,660 | 996,900 |
| | Rent, rates and taxes | 1,365,703 | 1,695,580 |
| | Donations | 551,322 | 624,000 |
| | Repairs and maintenance | 2,373,560 | 148,026 |
| | Depreciation | 4,701,505 | 3,845,597 |
| | Others | 6,197,599 | 7,500,965 |
| | | 42,731,504 | 38,496,186 |
| | 30.1 Auditors' remuneration | | |
| | Audit fee | 550,000 | 550,000 |
| | Half yearly | 70,000 | 66,000 |
| | | 620,000 | 616,000 |
| | 30.2 None of the directors or their spouses had any interest in the donee institutions. | | |
| 31. | Other operating expenses | Note | |
| | Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment | | - |
| | Workers welfare fund | | 45,008 |
| | | | 45,008 |
| 32. | Finance cost | Note | |
| | Interest / mark up on | | (Restated) |
| | Long term financing from banking companies | 18,592,092 | 21,686,483 |
| | Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease | 7,462,037 | 8,672,465 |
| | Short term borrowings | 14,777,536 | 13,834,155 |
| | Notional interest on interest free loans | 14,175,561 | 13,559,544 |
| | Bank charges and commission | 958,548 | 891,881 |
| | | 55,965,774 | 58,644,528 |

33. Provision for taxation

| | | |
|---|---------------------|-------------------|
| Current | | |
| Current year | - | 19,743,619 |
| Prior year | (1,313,271) | (2,417,765) |
| Deferred | | |
| Current year | (32,457,590) | 6,264,089 |
| Prior year - effect of change in tax rate | (11,566,480) | (3,804,079) |
| | <u>(45,337,340)</u> | <u>19,785,864</u> |

33.1 Relationship between tax expense and accounting profit

The relationship between tax expense and accounting profit has not been presented in these financial statements as the total income of the company attracts presumptive tax regime. Income tax assessment has been finalized up to June 30, 2014.

33.2 The assessment of the company will be finalized in respect of export proceeds under presumptive tax regime under section 169. Other than export income, assessment will be finalized under the universal self assessment scheme of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. During the year company has declared gross loss before set off of depreciation and other inadmissible expenses under the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Therefore, provision for current taxation under section 113 of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 is not made in these financial statements.

34. Loss per share - basic and diluted

| | | 2015 | 2014 (Restated) |
|--|---------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Loss for the year | Rupees | <u>(126,493,208)</u> | <u>(16,274,555)</u> |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares | Numbers | <u>14,100,000</u> | <u>14,100,000</u> |
| Loss per share - basic | Rupees | <u>(8.97)</u> | <u>(1.15)</u> |

There is no dilutive effect on basic loss per share of the company.

35 Financial instruments and related disclosures

The company has exposures to the following risks from its use of financial instruments.

- 35.1 Credit risk
- 35.2 Liquidity risk
- 35.3 Market risk

The board of directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of company's risk management framework. The board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the company's risk management policies.

35.1 Credit risk

35.1.1 Exposure to credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the trade debts, loans and advances, trade deposits and short term prepayments and cash and bank balances. Out of total financial assets of Rs. 50.950 million (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 72.875 million), financial assets which are subject to credit risk aggregate to Rs. 45.106 million (June 30, 2014 : Rs. 63.787 million). The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows.

| | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| Long term deposits | 3,608,820 | 3,601,320 |
| Trade debts | 35,657,187 | 51,007,743 |
| Loans and advances | 768,932 | 632,684 |
| Trade deposits and short term prepayments | 5,070,915 | 8,545,150 |
| Cash and bank balances | 5,843,916 | 9,087,624 |
| | 50,949,770 | 72,874,521 |

35.1.2 The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts at the balance sheet date by geographical region is as follows.

| | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Domestic | 35,657,187 | 48,834,715 |
| Export | - | 2,173,028 |
| | 35,657,187 | 51,007,743 |

Export debtor is situated in Hong Kong.

35.1.3 The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade debts at the balance sheet date by type of customer is as follows.

| | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|-------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Yarn | 34,929,067 | 50,812,423 |
| Waste | 728,120 | 195,320 |
| | 35,657,187 | 51,007,743 |

35.1.4 The aging of trade debtors at the balance sheet is as follows.

| | Gross debtors | |
|----------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | 2015 | 2014 |
| | Rupees | |
| Not past due | - | 2,173,028 |
| Past due 0 - 90 days | 35,657,187 | 48,834,715 |
| More than one year | - | - |
| | 35,657,187 | 51,007,743 |

35.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damages to the company's reputation. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements.

**Non - derivative
Financial liabilities**

| | 2015 | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | Six months or less | Six to twelve months | Two to five years | More than five years |
| | Rupees | | | | | |
| Long term financing | 447,559,193 | 568,083,399 | 110,648,000 | 25,283,000 | 397,595,399 | 34,557,000 |
| Long term loans from directors | 63,704,878 | 114,921,600 | - | - | - | 114,921,600 |
| Finance lease | 108,306,331 | 155,582,331 | 27,382,000 | 27,382,000 | 100,818,331 | - |
| Trade and other payables | 104,700,554 | 104,700,554 | 104,700,554 | - | - | - |
| Accrued markup / interest | 94,351,967 | 94,351,967 | 94,351,967 | - | - | - |
| Short term borrowings | 153,911,676 | 156,733,401 | 156,733,401 | - | - | - |
| | 972,534,599 | 1,194,373,252 | 493,815,922 | 52,665,000 | 498,413,730 | 149,478,600 |

**Non - derivative
Financial liabilities**

| | 2014 | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Carrying amount | Contractual cash flows | Six months or less | Six to twelve months | Two to five years | More than five years |
| | Rupees | | | | | |
| Long term financing | 444,439,766 | 564,267,399 | 61,158,823 | 24,212,000 | 386,059,576 | 92,837,000 |
| Long term loans from directors | 63,704,878 | 83,738,000 | - | - | - | 83,738,000 |
| Finance lease | 108,306,331 | 158,523,331 | 21,780,000 | 21,780,000 | 114,963,331 | - |
| Trade and other payables | 65,235,127 | 65,235,127 | 65,235,127 | - | - | - |
| Accrued mark up and interest | 53,924,459 | 53,924,459 | 53,924,459 | - | - | - |
| Short term borrowings | 132,025,971 | 138,627,664 | 138,627,664 | - | - | - |
| | 867,636,532 | 1,064,315,980 | 340,726,073 | 45,992,000 | 501,022,907 | 176,575,000 |

35.2.1 The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of mark up rates effective as at June 30. The rates of mark up have been disclosed in relevant notes to these financial statements.

35.3 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the value of the financial instrument may fluctuate as a result of changes in market interest rates or the market price due to a change in credit rating of the issuer or the instrument, change in market sentiments, speculative activities, supply and demand of securities, and liquidity in the market. The company is exposed to currency risk and interest rate risk only.

35.3.1 Currency risk

Exposure to currency risk

The company is exposed to currency risk on trade debts, borrowing and import of plant and machinery, raw material and stores that are denominated in a currency other than the respective functional currency of the company, primarily in US Dollar, Japanese Yen and Euro. The currencies in which these transactions primarily are denominated is US Dollar, Japanese Yen and Euro. The company's exposure to foreign currency risk is as follows.

| | US Dollar | Japanese Yen | Euro | Rupees |
|------------------|-----------|--------------|------|-----------|
| Trade debts 2015 | - | - | - | - |
| Trade debts 2014 | 22,050 | - | - | 2,173,028 |

The following significant exchange rates applied during the year.

| | Average rates | | Reporting date rates | |
|------------------------------|---------------|-------|----------------------|-------|
| | 2015 | 2014 | 2015 | 2014 |
| Financial assets | | | | |
| US Dollar to Rupee | 99.92 | 98.65 | 101.29 | 98.55 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | |
| US Dollar to Rupee | 100.23 | 96.50 | 101.70 | 98.80 |

Sensitivity analysis

5% strengthening of Pak Rupee against the following currencies at June 30, would have increased / (decreased) equity and profit and loss by the amount shown below. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant. 5% weakening of Pak Rupee against the above currencies at periods ends would have had the equal but opposites effect on the above currencies to the amount shown below, on the basis that all other variables remain constant.

35.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposures arises from long term financing form banking companies, long term murabaha, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, short term borrowings and deposits in current accounts with banks. At the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the company's interest bearing financial instrument is as follows.

| | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|----------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| Fixed rate instruments | | |
| Financial assets | - | - |
| Financial liabilities | 32,471,576 | 39,739,576 |
| Variable rate instruments | | |
| Financial assets | - | - |
| Financial liabilities | 654,661,114 | 579,959,839 |

Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments

The company does not account for any fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit and loss. Therefore, a change in interest rates at the reporting date would not affect profit and loss account.

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

A change of 100 basis points in interest rates at the reporting date would have increased / (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant. The analysis is performed on the same basis for June 30, 2014.

| | Profit and loss | | Equity | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 100 bp increase | 100 bp decrease | 100 bp increase | 100 bp decrease |
| | Rupees | | | |
| Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments 2015 | 408,317 | (408,317) | - | - |
| Cash flow sensitivity - variable rate instruments 2014 | 441,931 | (441,931) | - | - |

35.4 Fair value of financial assets and liabilities

The carrying value of all financial instruments reflected in the financial statements approximate to their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

35.5 Off balance sheet items

| | 2015 Rupees | 2014 Rupees |
|--|----------------|----------------|
| Claims not acknowledged in view of pending appeals before appellate authorities / High court | 100,000 | 100,000 |
| Indemnity bonds issued against exemption of sales tax and custom duty on import of machinery and local procurement of raw material | 17,537,477 | 12,516,218 |
| Bank guarantee issued in favor of Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited for supply of gas | 23,082,000 | 23,082,000 |
| Bank guarantee issued in favor of the directors excise and taxation, Karachi | 2,675,000 | 2,675,000 |

35.6 The effective rate of interest / mark up for the monetary financial assets and liabilities are mentioned in respective notes to the financial statements.

36 Capital risk management

The company's prime object when managing capital is to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide adequate returns for shareholder and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

Consistent with others in the industry, the company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. The ratio is calculated as total borrowings divided by total capital employed. Borrowings represent long term financing from banking companies, long term financing from directors and associates, long term murabaha and short term borrowings. Total capital employed includes total equity as shown in the balance sheet plus borrowings.

| | | 2015 | 2014 |
|------------------------|------------|--------------|-------------|
| Borrowings | Rupees | 773,482,078 | 682,977,408 |
| Total equity | Rupees | (94,302,161) | 19,956,274 |
| Total capital employed | Rupees | 679,179,916 | 702,933,682 |
| Gearing ratio | Percentage | 113.88 | 97.16 |

37 Plant capacity and production

| | | |
|---|------------|------------|
| Total number of spindles installed | 29,016 | 29,016 |
| Total number of spindles worked | 28,580 | 28,725 |
| Number of shifts per day | 3 | 3 |
| Installed capacity converted into 20/1 count (Kgs.) | 11,889,912 | 11,889,912 |
| Actual production converted into 20/1 count (Kgs.) | 10,763,431 | 11,355,745 |

It is difficult to describe precisely the production capacity in textile industry since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarn spun, spindle speed, twist per inch and raw material used etc. It would also vary according to the pattern of production adopted in a particular year. 13.20 ounces as standard production per spindle has been used to calculate installed capacity.

38 Transactions with related parties

| | | 2015 | 2014 |
|--------------------------|---------------------------------|------------|------------|
| | | Rupees | Rupees |
| Key management personnel | Salaries and benefits | 8,336,903 | 7,923,032 |
| | Retirement benefits | 304,000 | 460,000 |
| Directors | Receipts of loan from directors | 31,183,600 | 31,238,000 |

The company has related party relationship with its associated undertakings, its directors and executives officers. Transactions with related parties essentially entail sale and purchase of goods and / or services from the aforementioned concerns. All transactions are carried out on commercial basis.

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity. The company considers all members of their management team, including the chief executive officer and directors to be its key management personnel.

There are no transactions with key management personnel other than under their terms of employments / entitlements. Balance outstanding from related parties are unsecured and repayable on demand or as contracted. Amounts due to related parties are shown in the relevant notes to the financial statements. Trade debts, long term financing from directors and associates, short term borrowings and remuneration to chief executive and executives are disclosed in notes 9, 18, 24 and 39 to the financial statements respectively.

39 Remuneration to chief executive and executives

| | 2015 | | 2014 | |
|----------------------|-----------------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|
| | Chief executive | Executive | Chief executive | Executive |
| | Rupees | | Rupees | |
| Remuneration | 1,200,000 | 4,314,356 | 1,200,000 | 4,041,201 |
| House rent allowance | 540,000 | 1,941,460 | 540,000 | 1,818,540 |
| Utility allowance | 60,000 | 281,087 | 60,000 | 262,290 |
| | 1,800,000 | 6,536,903 | 1,800,000 | 6,122,031 |
| Number of persons | 1 | 5 | 1 | 8 |

40 Corresponding figures

Figures have been rearranged / reclassified whenever necessary for the purpose of comparison. However, no major reclassification / rearrangement has been made in these financial statements.

| 2015 | 2014 |
|------|------|
|------|------|

41 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

| | | |
|---|-----|-----|
| Total number of employees as at | 930 | 832 |
| Average number of employees during the year | 894 | 815 |

42 Events after the balance sheet date

There are no subsequent events occurring after the balance sheet date.

43 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements have been authorized for issue on 7th October, 2015 by the board of directors of the company.

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2015

| No. of Shareholders | -----Shareholding----- | | Total Shares Held |
|---------------------|------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| | From | To | |
| 173 | 1 | 100 | 9,578 |
| 417 | 101 | 500 | 178,158 |
| 100 | 501 | 1000 | 91,927 |
| 109 | 1001 | 5000 | 291,545 |
| 33 | 5001 | 10000 | 273,215 |
| 10 | 10001 | 15000 | 124,915 |
| 5 | 15001 | 20000 | 95,634 |
| 2 | 20001 | 25000 | 50,000 |
| 3 | 25001 | 30000 | 85,400 |
| 1 | 35001 | 40000 | 40,000 |
| 2 | 40001 | 45000 | 89,000 |
| 3 | 45001 | 50000 | 148,000 |
| 1 | 50001 | 55000 | 52,100 |
| 2 | 60001 | 65000 | 121,098 |
| 1 | 70001 | 75000 | 75,000 |
| 1 | 1160001 | 1165000 | 1,163,113 |
| 1 | 4845001 | 4850000 | 4,845,171 |
| 1 | 6365001 | 6370000 | 6,366,146 |
| 865 | | | 14,100,000 |

| 5. Categories of shareholders | Share held | Percentage |
|---|------------|------------|
| 5.1 Directors, Chief Executive Officers, and their spouse and minor children | 6,069,099 | 43.0433 |
| 5.2 Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties. | 0 | 0.0000 |
| 5.3 NIT and ICP | 8,533 | 0.0605 |
| 5.4 Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions. | 0 | 0.0000 |
| 5.5 Insurance Companies | 52,100 | 0.3695 |
| 5.6 Modarabas and Mutual Funds | 33 | 0.0002 |
| 5.7 Share holders holding 10% or more | 11,211,317 | 79.5129 |
| 5.8 General Public | 7,942,201 | 56.3277 |
| 5.9 Others (to be specified) | | |
| Joint Stock Companies | 28,034 | 0.1988 |

**Catagories of Shareholding required under Code of Coprorate Governance (CCG)
As on June 30, 2015**

| Sr. No. | Name | No. of Shares Held | Percentage |
|---|--------------------------------------|--------------------|------------|
| Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties (Name Wise Detail): | | - | - |
| Mutual Funds (Name Wise Detail) | | - | - |
| Directors and their Spouse and Minor Children (Name Wise Detail): | | | |
| 1 | MIAN NAEEM OMER | 4,845,171 | 34.3629% |
| 2 | MR.MUHAMMAD ASGHAR | 11,015 | 0.0781% |
| 3 | MR. MUHAMMAD SARWAR | 10,000 | 0.0709% |
| 4 | MR. MUHAMMAD ZUBAIR | 10,000 | 0.0709% |
| 5 | MR. OSAMA SAEED | 10,000 | 0.0709% |
| 6 | MR. IRFAN HUSSAIN | 10,000 | 0.0709% |
| 7 | MR. MUHAMMAD ANWAR ABBAS | 9,800 | 0.0695% |
| 8 | MRS. FARAH NAEEM W/O MIAN NAEEM OMER | 1,163,113 | 8.2490% |
| Executives: | | - | - |
| Public Sector Companies & Corporations: | | - | - |
| Banks, Development Finance Institutions, Non Banking Finance Companies, Insurance Companies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension Funds: | | 52,133 | 0.3697% |
| Shareholders holding five percent or more voting intrest in the listed company (Name Wise Detail) | | | |
| 1 | MR. HASHAM OMER | 6,366,146 | 45.1500% |
| 2 | MIAN NAEEM OMER | 4,845,171 | 34.3629% |
| 3 | MRS. FARAH NAEEM W/O MIAN NAEEM OMER | 1,163,113 | 8.2490% |

All trades in the shares of the listed company, carried out by its Directors, Executives and their spouses and minor children shall also be disclosed:

| S.No | NAME | SALE | PURCHASE |
|------|-----------------|------|-----------|
| 1 | MIAN NAEEM OMER | 0 | 1,060,800 |

PROXY FORM

Folio No. _____ CDC Participants Identity Card No. _____ A/C No. _____

I/We _____

of _____ being

a member(s) of BILAL FIBERS LIMITED, a holder of _____

ordinary shares as per Registered Folio No. _____

hereby appoint _____

of _____

Shares Registered Folio No. _____

who is also member of BILAL FIBERS LIMITED, as my proxy to vote for me and my behalf at the 29th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, the 31st October, 2015 and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this _____ day of _____ 2015

Witness:

1.

2.

Please
affix
Revenue Stamp

N.B. (Signature should agree with specimen signature registered with the Company)

NOTICE:

A member entitled to vote at this meeting may appoint a proxy. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at Registered Officer of the Company duly stamped and signed not later than 48 hours before the time of meeting.