

D.G. KHAN CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

Head Office: Nishat House, 53 - A, Lawrence Road, Lahore - Pakistan. UAN: (92 - 42) 111 113 333, Tel: (92 - 42) 36360154, Fax: (92 - 42) 36367414 E-mail: info@dgcement.com

SECY/STOCKEXC/

April 26, 2021

The General Manager, Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, Stock Exchange Building, Stock Exchange Road, KARACHI.

SUB:

SUBMISSION OF QUARTERLY ACCOUNTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2021

Dear Sir,

In compliance with the provisions of Section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017, read with PSX Notice No. PSX/N-4207 dated July 13, 2018 and PSX/N-4952 dated August 29, 2018, we are pleased to submit electronically through PUCARS un audited accounts for the 3rd quarter ended March 31, 2021.

Thanking you,

Yours truly.

KHALID MAHMOOD CHOHAN COMPANY SECREMARY

Factory Sites:

Khofli Sattai, Distt. Dera Ghazi Khan - Pakistan. UAN: (92 - 64) 111 - 113 - 333 Tel: (92 - 42) 36360153, Fax: (92 - 64) 2585010 Khairpur, Tehsil, Kallar Kahar. Distt. Chakwal - Pakistan. Tel: (92 - 42) 36360152 Fax: (92 - 543) 650231



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COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Mrs. Naz Mansha Mr. Raza Mansha Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja

Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Mr. Usama Mahmud Mr. Mahmood Akhtar Mr. Farid Noor Ali Fazal Mr. Shahzad Ahmad Malik Independent
Independent
Non-Executive
Executive
Non-Executive

Chairperson / Non-Executive

Chief Executive / Executive

Female Director 01 Male Directors 06

Audit Committee

Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Member/Chairman Mr. Mahmood Akhtar Member Mr. Usama Mahmud Member

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Member/Chairman Mr. Raza Mansha Member Mr. Shahzad Ahmad Malik Member

Management

Mr. Raza Mansha
Dr. Arif Bashir
Mr. Farid Noor Ali Fazal
Mr. Inayat Ullah Niazi
Chief Executive Officer
Director Technical & Operations
Director Marketing
Chief Financial Officer

Company Secretary

Mr. Khalid Mahmood Chohan

Bankers

Allied Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited Bank Islami Pakistan Limited Dubai Islamic Bank Faysal Bank Limited Habib Bank Limited Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank MCB Bank Limited JS Bank Limited JS Bank Limited Citi Bank N.A. MCB Islamic Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited National Bank of Pakistan Samba Bank Limited Soneri Bank Limited Standard Chartered Bank Limited The Bank of Punjab United Bank Limited The Bank of Khyber Silk Bank Limited

Citi Bank N.A. Industrial and Commercial Bank Askari Bank Limited of China (ICBC)

External Auditors

A.F. Ferguson & Co., Chartered Accountants

Legal Advisors

Mr. Shahid Hamid, Bar-at-Law

Important Identification Numbers of Company

CUIN: 0006469 NTN: 1213275-6 STRN: 0402252300164 PSX Symbol: DGKC

Company Products

I. Clinker

II. Ordinary Portland Cement (OPC)
III. Sulphate Resistant Cement (SRC)

HS Code

Clinker: 2523.1000 Cement: 2523.2900

Applicable Laws & Regulations

Many laws and regulations apply to the Company including:

· The Companies Act

Stock Exchange Regulations

Code of Corporate Governance

International Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards

International Auditing Standards

Income Tax Law

Sales Tax LawExcise Laws

Excise Laws
 Property Laws

Labour Laws

Health & Safety Laws

Environmental Laws

Banking Regulations, etc.

Company Rating

Long Term: AA - ShortTerm: A1+
Outlook: Stable Rating Agency: PACRA
Rating Date: April 03, 2021

Registered Office

Nishat House, 53-A, Lawrence Road, Lahore-Pakistan
UAN: +92 42 111 11 33 33 Fax: +92 42 36367414
Email: info@dgcement.com web site: www.dgcement.com

Factories

Khofli Sattai, Distt., Dera Ghazi Khan-Pakistan

Phone: +92-641-460025-7 Fax: +92-641-462392 Email: dgsite@dgcement.com

12, K.M. Choa Saidan Shah Road, Khairpur, Tehsil Kallar Kahar, Distt. Chakwal-Pakistan

Phone: +92-543-650215-8 Fax: +92-543-650231

Chichaee Gadani Main RCD, HUB Distt. Lasbela, Pakistan UAN: +92 42 111 11 33 33

Share Registrar: THK Associates (Pvt) Ltd

Head Office, Karachi
1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6,
P.E.C.H.S., Karachi.
1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6,
P.E. C.H.S., Karachi.
1st Floor, 40-C, Block-6,
No. PL-29, PL Floor, 72
Main Boulevard, Gulberg II, Lahore
Phone: +92 42 3578 1682

For Investors' Information, Comments, Inquiries, Complaints

Mr. Farid Fazal (Director Marketing)
E-mail: ffazal@dgcement.com Phone: +92 42 111 11 33 33 (Marketing related queries)

Mr. Inayat Ullah Niazi (Chief Financial Officer)
E-mail: iniazi@dgcement.com Phone: +92 42 111 11 33 33

Mr. Khalid Mehmood Chohan (Company Secretary)
E-mail: kchohan@dgcement.com Phone: +92 42 111 11 33 33

Directors' Report

PBT%

PAT%

The directors of your company are pleased to present you the results of 9MFY21:

	9MFY2021	9MFY2020
	Rupees	in '000'
Sales	32,747,675	30,570,783
Cost of sales	(26,853,527)	(29,492,853)
Gross profit	5,894,148	1,077,930
Administrative expenses	(467,747)	(517,605)
Selling and distribution expenses	(1,398,852)	(1,445,551)
Other expenses	(259,092)	(609,629)
Other income	2,029,483	1,796,503
Finance cost	(2,223,558)	(3,659,200)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	3,574,382	(3,357,552)
Taxation	(726,001)	1,507,395
Profit/(loss) after taxation	2,848,381	(1,850,157)
EPS (Rs/share)	6.50	-4.22
GP%	18.00%	3.53%

Production and Sales volumetric data is as under:

	9MFY2021	9MFY2020
	in	MT
Production:		
Clinker	4,713,344	5,086,079
Cement	4,165,763	4,327,042
Sales:		
Total	4,094,961	4,320,692
Local Cement (excluding own consumption)	4,021,192	4,207,393
Export Cement	73,769	113,299
Clinker Sale	1,296,535	1,431,799

This financial year revolves around Covid-19 and uncertainties associated with it. Pandemic that broke out in early months of the Calendar year 2020 led to chaos in businesses all over the world. Industries were forced to shut down. Global Economy crippled. Global debt increased to support relief initiatives. Major economies of the world registered negative figure growth and went into recession. As per IMF, world economy will regain its 2019 level in 2021. However, Pakistan as a nation resolved discipline and resolve. There were initial countrywide lockdowns but through effective 'smart lock-down' strategy and public co-operation, overall infection rate did not rise to alarming level. Government and SBP through various fiscal and monetary measures tried to relieve the industries in tough times. Various incentives for construction and housing sectors were also announced and implemented. Subsequent extension in amnesty also kept the momentum going. Activities in housing and construction sector, that slowed down for last two years picked up speed. As a

10.91%

8.70%

-10.98%

-6.05%

result, cement sector showed highest ever dispatches in the first nine month of financial year, resulting in high profitability.

In volume terms, total sales quantity of industry witnessed growth of 6.2 million tons (17%) to 43.3 million tons as compared to 9MFY20. North zone contributed growth of 4.6 million tons (16%) against increase of 1.7 million tons (18%) in South Zone. Further analysis shows that the growth was mainly driven by local cement sales quantity of 5.6 million tons (18%). Exports also witnessed growth of 0.7 million tons (15%) largely related to clinker. However, in value terms, rupee appreciation against dollar during the year affected the exports revenue and net proceeds. Industry witnessed sales utilization of 84% against 78% for same period last year. It was largely contributed by local sales of 70% and exports sales utilization of 14%.

Kiln operational days of your Company decreased by 8% from 883 days to 813 days due to schedule shutdown and repair and maintenance in first quarter. Consequently, clinker production % remained at 94% (9MFY20: 101%). Sales utilization of your Company improved to 107% (9MFY20: 114%) mainly due to export of clinker largely from the piling clinker stock as at June 30. Clinker was exported to contribute towards fixed costs earning valuable foreign exchange of USD 39 million from July-March 2021.

Sales, in value terms, registered growth primarily due to stable local cement prices amid soaring cement demand. GP% improved despite low clinker production, largely attributable to stable input costs. However, there was some pressure on costs relating to rising coal prices in 3rd quarter and general inflation that were curtailed through effective management and operational efficiency. Selling expenses decrease was associated with decrease in clinker export sale resulting in lower freight and handling charges. Other income increase was associated to higher rate of dividend from MCB in the current year as compared to last year. Finance cost registered decline due to lowering of discount rate to 7.0% (9MFY20: 13.20%). On the consolidated side, all the segments showed year to date profitability with consolidated EPS of Rs 7.42/share.

Third wave of Covid-19 surged in 3rd quarter and appeared to be more intense and viral. Positivity rate almost tripled to around 10% and, in some cities, it even increased beyond 20%. Government has already enforced partial lockdowns mainly related to service sector and strict enforcement of SOPs If the situation persists, Government may have to enforce the closure of main economic activities in major cities. Immunization drive by the Government is also halted by surge in infection in major vaccine developing countries like India who put ban on export of vaccines for their own use. Consequently, Government may have to shift resources from elsewhere to health sector and to relieve the poor segment of society. Prime minister has already hinted about such cash payout. These may hinder Government supported projects and may negatively affect the overall economic environment. IMF program has resumed. There are conditions related to increase in electricity tariff and tax rates and withdrawal of exemptions. This may lead to inflation in the coming months. However, discount rate will likely remain stable in near future as current inflation is largely driven by supply side of commodities. As country has moved towards industrialization, there may be some pressure on current account on account of high imports of plant and machinery. This may push the exchange rate upward in coming months. Coal prices have been trending upward since December 2020. The effect of this cost pressure has not yet passed on to the consumers.

On positive side, construction activities that gained momentum in first half of FY21 will continue to remain in the upward trajectory owing to growth in housing sector, Government Special Karachi Package, speedy work on small and large dams and CPEC related projects. Government has repeatedly shown commitment in this regard. With capacity expansion in recent years, industry is well geared up to meet these developments. WHR at Hub site has become operational in third quarter while CFPP is expected to be operational by the end of the fourth quarter of FY21. This will lead to self-sufficiency at Hub site along with considerable saving in power costs that will be visible in the coming years.

Principal activity of the Company is manufacture and sale of cement and clinker and following are the principal risks the Company face:

- Tight price market and tough competition
- Capacity utilization
- Interest rate
- Foreign currency fluctuations
- Shrinking cement exports market

The Board of Directors has approved Directors' Remuneration Policy. The main features of the policy are as follows:

- The Company shall not pay remuneration of its non-executive directors including independent directors except for meeting fee for attending Board and its Committee meetings.
- The Company will reimburse or incur expenses of travelling and accommodation of Directors in relation to attending of Board and its Committees meetings.
- The Directors' Remuneration Policy will be reviewed and approved by the Board of Directors from time to time.

Following are the directors of the Company:

Mrs. Naz Mansha (Chairperson)
Mr. Raza Mansha
Executive
Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja
Independent
Mr. Usama Mahmud
Independent
Mr. Mahmood Akhtar
Mr. Farid Noor Ali Fazal
Mr. Shahzad Ahmad Malik
Non-Executive
Non-Executive

Female Directors: 01
Male Directors: 06

Audit Committee

Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Chairman
Mr. Usama Mahmud Member
Mr. Mahmood Akhtar Member

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Khalid Niaz Khawaja Chairman Mr. Raza Mansha Member Mr. Shahzad Malik Member

There are no material post balance sheet events affecting the period end position.

Our plants and operations are complying with international and national environmental standards. DGKC is fully cognizant of its responsibility towards society and welfare. The Company is spending on education, health, medical and fire-fighting facilities, water supply to nearby localities, aiding in emergency and disaster situations in nearby areas, awareness campaigns etc.

There are no changes that have occurred during the period under review concerning the nature of the business of the company or of its subsidiaries, or any other company in which the company has interest.

The Directors of your company state that the system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored. Significant deviations from last period in operating results of the company are highlighted and reasoned in other parts of Directors report.

We thank all our stakeholders and admire efforts of our employees.

For and on behalf of the Board

Raza Mansha

Chief Executive Officer

Farid Noor Ali Fazal
Director

Lahore April 24, 2021 ہارے بلانٹس اورآ پریشنز بین الاقوامی اور تو می ماحولیاتی معیارات کی تغییل کررہے ہیں۔ DGKC سوسائٹی اور ویلفیئر کی اپنی ذ مہدار یول کو کمل طور بہجانتی

سکینی نزد کی آبادیوں کے لئے تعلیم ،صحت ،طبی اور آگ بجھانے کی سہولیات ، واٹر سپلائی ،نزد کی علاقوں میں ایمرجنسی اور آفاتی حالات میں مدد، آگا ہی مہمات وغیرہ پرخرچ کررہی ہے۔

سکپنی یااس کی ذیلی کمپنیوں یاکسی دیگر کمپنی جس میں کمپنی دلچیسی رکھتی ہے کے کاروبار کی نوعیت سے متعلقہ کوئی تبدیلیاں نہیں ہیں جوزیرِ جائزہ مدت کے دوران رونماہوئی ہوں۔

آپ کی کمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرز بیان کرتے ہیں کہ داخلی کنٹرول کا نظام ڈیزائن میں مشحکم ہےاوراسکی مؤثر طریقہ سے عملدرآ مداورنگرانی کی جاتی ہے۔ کمپنی کے آ ہریٹنگ نتائج میں گزشتہ مدت ہے اہم تغیرات ڈائز بکٹر زریورٹ کے دیگر حصوں میں اجا گر کئے گئے ہیں اوروجو مات بیان کی گئی ہیں۔

ہم اینے تمام اسٹیک ہولڈرز کاشکریدادا کرتے ہیں اور اپنے تمام ملاز مین کی ان تھک کوششوں کوسرا ہتے ہیں۔

منجانب بورد

Sand Sazal فريدنورعلى فضل ڈائر یکٹر

چيف ايگزيکڻوآ فيسر 2021 يريل 2021ء

کمپنی بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت کے سلسلے میں ڈائر یکٹرز کے سفراورر ہائش کے اخراجات اداکرے گی۔

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز ، وقماً فو قباً ڈائر یکٹر زمعاوضہ پالیسی کا جائز ہ اوراس کی منظوری دیں گے۔

مندرجہ ذیل کمپنی کے ڈائر یکٹرزہیں:

محتر مهنازمنشا (چیئر پرین) نان ایگزیکٹو جناب رضامنشا ایگزیکٹو جناب خالد نیاز خواجہ آزاد جناب اُسامیمحود نان ایگزیکٹو جناب محمود اختر نان ایگزیکٹو جناب فریدنورعلی فضل ایگزیکٹو جناب شنر اداحمد ملک نان ایگزیکٹو

> غاتون دُائر يكثرز: 01 مرددُائر يكثرز: 06

آ ڈ ٹ کمیٹی

جناب خالد نیاز خواجه چیئر مین جناب محمد اُسامهٔ محمود جناب محمود اختر رکن

ہیومن ریسورس اینڈ ریمنزیش ممیٹی

جناب فالدنیاز خواجه چیئر مین جناب رضامنشا رکن جناب شنم او ملک رکن

اختتام پذیریدت کی حیثیت کومتا ترکرنے والے کوئی بعداز بیلنس شیٹ نمایاں واقعات رونمائہیں ہوئے ہیں۔

تیسری سه ماہی میں کوویڈ۔19 کی تیسری لہرتیز ہوگئی اور به زیادہ شدیداوروائرل دکھائی دیتی ہے۔مثبت شرح تقریباً تین گنا بڑھ کر %10 تک ہوگئی اور کچھ شہروں میں تو، یہ 20 فیصد ہے بھی زیادہ بڑھ گئی۔ حکومت نے پہلے ہی سروس سیکٹر ہے متعلق جزوی طور پرلاک ڈاؤن اورالیں اوپیز بیختی ہے عمل درآ مدنا فذ کردئے ہیں اگرصورتحال برقرار رہی تو حکومت کو بڑے شہروں میں اہم معاثی سرگرمیوں کی بندش کا نفاذ کرنا پڑسکتا ہے۔ بھارت جیسے ویکسین تبار کرنے والے بڑے ممالک میں بھی انفیکشن میں اضافے کے باعث حکومت کی جانب سے حفاظتی ٹیکوں کی مہم روک دی گئی ہے اورایینے استعال کے لئے ویکسین کی برآ مدیر یابندی عائد کردی ہے۔اس کے نتیج میں ،حکومت کو وسائل کو دوسری جگہ ہےصحت کے شعبے میں منتقل کرنا پڑے گا اور معاشرے کے کمز ور طبقے کو سہولت پہنچانا ہوگا۔وزیراعظم پہلے ہی اس طرح کی نقدادا نیگی کے اشارے دے چکے ہیں۔ پیچکومت کے تعاون یافتہ منصوبوں کی راہ میں رکاوٹ اور مجموعی معاشی ماحول کومنفی طور پرمتاثر کر سکتے ہیں ۔ آئی ایم ایف پروگرام دوبارہ شروع ہو چکا ہے۔ بجلی کے نرخوں اورٹیکس کی شرح میں اضافے اور چھوٹ واپس لینے سے متعلق شرائط ہیں۔آئندہ مہینوں میں بہافراط زر کا باعث بن سکتا ہے۔ تاہم ، رعایت کی شرح مکنه طور پرمستقبل قریب میں مشحکم رہے گی کیونکہ موجودہ افراط زر بڑی حد تک اشاء کی سیلائی کے باعث بڑھتا ہے۔ چونکہ ملک صنعت کی طرف بڑھ گیا ہے ، پلانٹ اورمشینری کی زیادہ درآ مد کے سبب کرنٹ ا کا وَنٹ پر کچھ دبا ویڑسکتا ہے۔اس ہے آئندہ مہینوں میں زرِ مبادلہ کی شرح او بر کی طرف بڑھ سکتی ہے۔ دسمبر 2020 سے کو کلے کی قیمتیں بڑھ رہی ہیں۔اس لاگت کے دباؤ کااثر ابھی تک صارفین پرمنتقل نہیں ہواہے۔

مثبت بات بہہے کہ بقیراتی سرگرمیاں جو مالی سال 21 کی پہلی ششماہی میں تیز ہوگئیں ، ہاؤسنگ سیکٹر میں تر قی ، گورنمنٹ کےخصوصی کراجی پیکیج ، چھوٹے اور بڑے ڈیموں اورسی پیک سے متعلق منصوبوں پر کام کی تیز رفتاری کی دجہ سے بڑھنے کار ججان برقر اردیے گا،حکومت نے اس سلسلے میں بار بارعز م ظاہر کیا ہے۔حالیہ برسوں میںصلاحیت میں توسیع کے ساتھ،صنعت ان ڈیلپمنٹس کو پورا کرنے کے لئے اچھی طرح تیار ہے۔حب سائٹ برڈبلیوا پچ آرتیسری سہ ماہی میں آپریشنل ہو گیا ہے جبکہ CFPP مالی سال 21 کی چوتھی سہ ماہی کے اختیام تک آپریشنل ہونے کی امید ہے۔اس سے حب سائٹ پرخود کفالت ہوگی اور بجلی کےاخرا جات میں خاطرخواہ بجت ہوگی جوآنے والے برسوں میں نظرآئے گی۔

کمپنی کی بنیا دی سرگرمی سینٹ اورکلئکر کی تباری اورفر وخت کرنا ہےاور کمپنی کومندرجہ ذیل اہم خطرات کا سامنا ہے:

• ماركيٹ قيمت اور سخت مقابليه

• مستعمل بيداواري صلاحت

• سود کی شرح

• غيرمكي كرنسي كاا تار جِرٌ ها وُ

• برآ مد مارکٹ کاسکڑاؤ

بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز نے ڈائر کیٹرز کےمعاوضہ کی پالیسی کی منظوری دی ہے۔ پالیسی کی بنیادی خصوصیات مندرجہ ذیل ہیں:

کمپنی بورڈ اوراس کی کمیٹیوں کےاجلاسوں میں شرکت کی فییں کےسوائے آزاد ڈائر یکٹرزسمیت اپنے نان ایگز یکٹوڈ ائر یکٹرز کومعاوضہا دانہیں کرے گی۔

اس پورے مالی سال میں کوویڈ 19 اور اس سے وابسۃ غیر نیٹنی صورتحال موجود رہی ہے۔ کیلنڈر سال 2020 کے ابتدائی مہینوں میں وبائی مرض پھیل گئی جس کی وجہ سے پوری دنیا کے کاروباروں میں انتشار پھیل گیا ۔ ضغین شٹ ڈاؤن کرنے پر مجبور ہوگئیں۔ عالمی معیشت کمزور ہوگئی۔ امدادی اقد امات کی جمایت کے مطابق ، حمایت کے لئے عالمی قرض میں اضافہ ہوگیا۔ دنیا کی بڑی معیشتوں نے منفی ہندی نمور یکارڈ کی اور کساد بازاری میں چلی گئیں۔ آئی ایم الیف کے مطابق ، عالمی معیشت 2021 میں روبارہ اپنی 2019 کی سطح حاصل کر ہے گی ۔ تا ہم ، بحثیت پاکتانی قوم نظم وضیط کا مظاہرہ کیا گیا۔ ابتدائی طور پر ملک بھر میں لاک ڈاؤن کیا گیا۔ ابتدائی طور پر ملک بھر میں لاک ڈاؤن کیا گیا۔ ابتدائی طور پر ملک بھر میں لاک ڈاؤن کیا گیا۔ ابتدائی طور پر ملک بھر میں لاک ڈاؤن کیا گیا۔ ابتدائی طور پر ملک بھر میں لاک بینک نے مختلف ڈاؤن کیا گیا گیا۔ ابتدائی طور پر ملک بھر میں اور عالمی نے دور میں سکون پہنچانے کی کوشش کی ۔ تعمیرات اور رہائش کے شعبوں کے لئے مختلف مراعات کا اعلان اور ان پڑعل درآ مرجمی کیا گیا۔ ایمنسٹی میں تو سیج نے بھی موجودہ رفتار کو جاری رکھا۔ ہاؤسٹگ اور تعمیراتی شعبے میں سرگرمیاں ، جو پچھلے دو سالوں سے کم رہیں تیز ہوگئی ہیں۔ اس کے نتیجے میں ، مالیاتی سال کے پہلے نو ماہ میں سیمنٹ کے شعبے میں اب تک کی سب سے زیادہ ترسیل ہوئی ،جس کے نتیجے میں منافع زیادہ ہوا۔

جم کے لحاظ ہے، صنعت کی کل فروخت مقدار میں 9MFY20 کے مقابلے 6.2 ملین ٹن (17%) تا 43.3 ملین ٹن کا اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ ساؤتھ زون میں 1.7 ملین ٹن (18% ملین ٹن (18%) کے اضافہ کے مقابلے نارتھ زون نے 4.6 ملین ٹن (16 فیصد) نمو کا حصہ شامل کیا۔ مزید تجزیہ فیا ہر کرتا ہے کہ نمو بنیادی طور پر 5.6 ملین ٹن (18%) کی مقامی سیمنٹ فروخت مقدار کے ذریعہ حاصل ہوئی ہے۔ برآ مدات میں بنیادی طور پر کلنکر سے منسلکہ 0.7 ملین ٹن (15%) کا اضافہ ہوا ہے۔ تاہم ، جم کے لحاظ سے ، سال کے دوران ڈالر کے مقابلے روپے کی قدر میں کمی نے برآ مدات محصولات اور خالص آ مدنی کو متاثر کیا۔ گذشتہ سال کے اس میں صنعت کی مستعمل فروخت 70 فیصد کے مقابلے میں بڑھ کر 84 فیصد ہوگئی۔ اس میں مقامی مستعمل فروخت 70 فیصد اور برآ مدات مستعمل فروخت 10 فیصد کا حصہ شامل کیا۔

شیڑول شٹ ڈاؤن اور پہلی سہ ماہی میں مرمت اور بحالی کے باعث کمپنی کے کلن آپریشنل دن 883 دنوں سے کم ہوکر 813 دن ہوگئے یعنی %8 کی کمی ہوئی۔ اس کے نتیج ہکلنگر کی فیصد پیداوار 944 رہی (%101 :101%) کمپنی کی مستعمل فروخت 30 جون کے مطابق پائلنگ کلنگر اسٹاک سے ہوئی۔ اس کے نتیج ہکلنگر کی برآ مدات کی وجہ سے %107 تک (%9MFY20: 114) بہتر ہوئی۔مقررہ اخراجات میں حصہ شامل کرنے کے لئے جولائی۔ مار چ 2021 تک کلنگر برآ مدرکے 39 ملین امر کی ڈالر کاغیر ملکی زرمبادلہ کمایا گیا۔

قیمت کے لحاظ سے فروخت نے بنیادی طور پر سیمنٹ کی بڑھتی ہوئی طلب کی بدولت سیمنٹ کی مقامی متحکم قیمتوں کے باعث نمودرج کرائی ہے۔ کلنگر کی کم پیداوار کے باوجود بہتر «GP» بنیادی طور پر متحکم اِن پُٹ اخراجات سے منسوب ہے۔ تاہم ، تیسری سہ ماہی میں کوئلہ کی بڑھتی قیمتوں کی بابت اخراجات پر کچھ دباؤ تھا اور عام افراط زر جومؤثر انتظامات اور آپریشنل کارکردگی کے ذریعے کم کیا گیا۔ فروخت اخراجات میں کمی کلئکر برآ مدات فروخت کے فریٹ اور بینڈلنگ کے چار جز میں کمی سے وابستے تھی۔ دیگر آمدنی میں اضافہ گزشتہ سال کے مقابلے رواں سال میں MCB سے منافع منقسمہ کی اعلی شرح سے وابستے تھا۔ ڈسکاؤنٹ شرح % 50 کئی۔

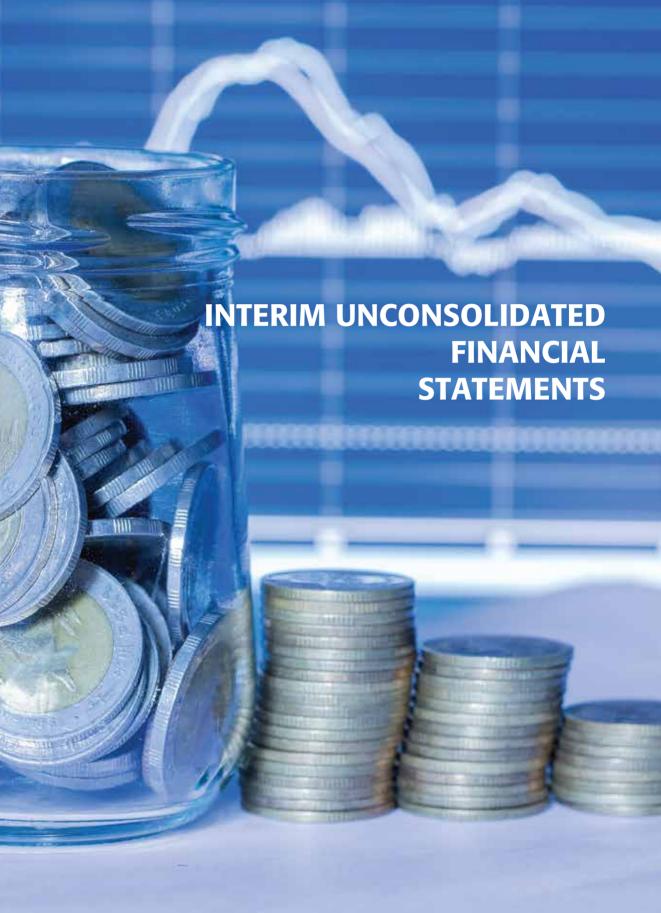
حصص داران كيلئے ڈائر يكٹرز كى رپورٹ

آپ کی تمپنی کے ڈائر کیٹرزآپ کو مالی سال 21 کی نو ماہی کے نتائج پیش کرتے ہوئے خوشی محسوں کرتے ہیں۔

<u> </u>	•	
	نوماہی مالی سال 202 1	نوماہی مالی سال 2020
	پاکستانی روب	بے ہزاروں میں
فروخت	32,747,675	30,570,783
قيمت فروخت	(26,853,527)	(29,492,853)
مجموعي منافع	5,894,148	1,077,930
انتظامی اخراجات	(467,747)	(517,605)
فروخت اورتقسیم کےاخراجات	(1,398,852)	(1,445,551)
دیگرمعاملاتی اخراجات	(259,092)	(609,629)
ديگرآ مدنى	2,029,483	1,796,503
مالى لا گت	(2,223,558)	(3,659,200)
سیسیشن سے قبل منافع /(نقصان)	3,574,382	(3,357,552)
^ش یکسیشن	(726,001)	1,507,395
شیسیشن کے بعد منافع/(نقصان)	2,848,381	(1,850,157)
EPS (روپے فی شیئر)	6.50	-4.22
GP %	18.00%	3.53%
PBT %	10.91%	-10.98%
PAT %	8.70%	-6.05%

امسال کے لئے آپ کی کمپنی کی پیداواراور فروخت جم کے اعدادو شار درج ذیل ہیں:

نوماہی مالی سال 2020	نوماہی مالی سال 2021	
ٹرکٹن میں	اعدادوشارمير	پيداوار
5,086,079	4,713,344	کلنکر کی پیداوار
4,327,042	4,165,763	سیمنٹ کی پیداوار
4,320,692	4,094,961	سیمنٹ کی کل فروخت
4,207,393	4,021,192	سیمنٹ کی مقامی فروخت (علاوہ ذاتی استعمال)
113,299	73,769	سیمنٹ کی برآ مدفر وخت
1,431,799	1,296,535	کلنگر کی فروخت



Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	31 March, 2021 Un-Audited (Rupees in	30 June, 2020 Audited n thousand)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised share capital - 950,000,000 (June 30, 2020: 950,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each - 50,000,000 (June 30, 2020: 50,000,000) preference shares of Rs 10 each		9,500,000 500,000 10,000,000	9,500,000 500,000 10,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital 438,119,118 (June 30, 2020: 438,119,118) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Other reserves Revenue reserve: Un-appropriated profits		4,381,191 29,062,488 37,884,689 71,328,368	4,381,191 27,226,658 35,036,308 66,644,157
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term finances - secured Long term liability Deferred grant Long term deposits Deferred liabilities Deferred taxation	6 7 8	21,176,173 55,448 33,187 239,412 596,763 2,795,614 24,896,597	21,972,000 - 253,937 521,834 2,535,349 25,283,120
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables Accrued markup Short term borrowings - secured Current portion of non-current liabilities Unclaimed dividend Provision for taxation		11,435,140 633,874 20,051,218 5,770,550 33,445 35,090 37,959,317	11,298,187 712,275 23,495,967 2,048,901 33,837 35,090 37,624,257
Contingencies and Commitments	9	134,184,282	129,551,534

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive

As At March 31, 2021

ASSETS NON-CURRENT ASSETS	Note	31 March, 2021 Un-Audited (Rupees in	30 June, 2020 <u>Audited</u> thousand)
Property, plant and equipment Investments Long term loans to employees Long term deposits	10 11	84,970,739 13,069,696 76 57,483 98,097,994	83,548,622 11,849,828 76 57,908 95,456,434
Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Investments Loans, advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Loan to related party Income tax receivable Cash and bank balances	12	7,689,387 3,399,730 2,247,919 13,943,937 416,355 765,000 4,681,076 2,942,884 36,086,288	8,237,990 4,352,995 2,286,084 13,126,388 613,166 765,000 4,365,643 347,834 34,095,100
		134,184,282	129,551,534

Chief Financial Officer

Sand Sazal

Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss

For the Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

	20	21	202	2020	
	July to	January to	July to	January to	
	March	March	March	March	
	(Rupees in	thousand)	(Rupees in	thousand)	
Sales	32,747,675	10,885,094	30,570,783	9,682,526	
Cost of sales	(26,853,527)	(8,404,443)	(29,492,853)	(9,626,082)	
Gross profit	5,894,148	2,480,651	1,077,930	56,444	
Administrative expenses	(467,747)	(157,725)	(517,605)	(159,776)	
Selling and distribution expenses	(1,398,852)	(406,786)	(1,445,551)	(436,056)	
Other expenses	(259,092)	(241,808)	(609,629)	(504,551)	
Other income	2,029,483	1,675,859	1,796,503	611,557	
Finance cost	(2,223,558)	(694,655)	(3,659,200)	(1,203,536)	
Profit/(loss) before taxation	3,574,382	2,655,536	(3,357,552)	(1,635,918)	
Taxation	(726,001)	(608,021)	1,507,395	632,819	
Profit/(loss) for the period	2,848,381	2,047,515	(1,850,157)	(1,003,099)	
Earnings/(loss) per share					
(basic and diluted - in Rupees)	6.50	4.67	(4.22)	(2.29)	

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

	20)21	202	20
	July to	January to	July to	January to
	March	March	March	March
	(Rupees in	thousand)	(Rupees in	thousand)
Profit/(loss) for the period	2,848,381	2,047,515	(1,850,157)	(1,003,099)
Other comprehensive income for				
the period - net of tax				
Items that may be reclassified				
subsequently to profit or loss:	-	-	-	-
Items that will not be subsequently				
reclassified to profit or loss:				
Change in fair value of investments at				
fair value through other comprehensive				
income (FVOCI) - net of tax	1,835,830	(1,600,364)	(3,974,673)	(7,750,034)
	1,835,830	(1,600,364)	(3,974,673)	(7,750,034)
Total comprehensive income for				
the period	4,684,211	447,151	(5,824,830)	(8,753,133)

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Changes In Equity For the Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

Share Share FVOCI redemption General Un-appropriated Capital premium reserve reserve profits			ပ္မ	Capital reserve		Rever	Revenue reserve	
ity (3,974,673) (3,974,673) (3,974,673) (3,974,673) (438,119) (3,974,673) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,119) (438,18)		Share capital	Share	FVOCI	Capital redemption reserve fund	General L	In-appropriated profits	Total
ity 4,381,191 4,557,163 19,079,988 353,510 5,071,827 35,036,308 4,381,191 4,557,163 19,079,988 353,510 5,071,827 37,894,889	Balance as at June 30, 2020 - Audited	4,381,191	4,557,163	18,940,452	353,510	5,071,827	37,624,272	70,928,415
4,381,191 4,557,163 14,965,779 353,510 5,071,827 35,335,996 4,381,191 4,557,163 17,244,158 353,510 5,071,827 35,036,308 - - - - 2,848,381 - - - 2,848,381 - - - 2,848,381 - - - 2,848,381 - - - 2,848,381 - - - 2,848,381 - - - 2,848,381 - - - 2,848,381	Total comprehensive loss for the period - Loss for the period - Other comprehensive loss for the period		1 1	- (3,974,673) (3,974,673)	1 1		(1,850,157) - (1,850,157)	(1,850,157) (3,974,673) (5,824,830)
4,381,191 4,557,163 14,965,779 353,510 5,071,827 35,335,996 4,381,191 4,557,163 17,244,158 353,510 5,071,827 35,036,308 - - - - 2,848,381 - - 1,835,830 - - - - 1,835,830 - - - - 1,835,830 - - - - 1,835,830 - - - - 1,835,830 - - - - 1,835,830 - - - - 1,835,830 - - - - 2,848,381 - - 2,848,381								
4,381,191 4,557,163 14,965,779 353,510 5,071,827 35,335,996 4,381,191 4,557,163 17,244,158 353,510 5,071,827 35,036,308 - - - - - 2,848,381 - - 1,835,830 - - 2,848,381 - - 1,835,830 - - 2,848,381 4,381,191 4,557,163 19,079,988 353,510 5,071,827 37,894,689	- Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2019 (Rupee 1.00 per share)	ı	1	1	ı	1	(438,119)	(438,119)
4,381,191 4,557,163 17,244,158 353,510 5,071,827 35,036,308 6 -	Balance as at March 31, 2020 - Un-audited	4,381,191	4,557,163	14,965,779	353,510	5,071,827	35,335,996	64,665,466
- 1,835,830 - 2,848,381 - 1,835,830 - 2,848,381 - 1,835,830 - 2,848,381 - 2,848,381 - 2,848,381	Balance as at July 1, 2020 - Audited	4,381,191	4,557,163	17,244,158	353,510	5,071,827	35,036,308	66,644,157
for the year 1,835,830 2,848,381 - 2,848,381 1,835,830 2,848,381 1,835,830 2,848,381 1,835,830 2,848,381 1,835,830 2,848,381 - 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 - 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 - 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 2,848,381 - 2,848	Total comprehensive income for the period							
- 1,835,830 - 2,848,381 - Un-audited 4,381,191 4,557,163 19,079,988 353,510 5,071,827 37,884,689 7		1 1	1 1	1.835.830	1 1	' '	2,848,381	2,848,381
- Un-audited 4.381,191 4.557,163 19,079,988 353,510 5,071,827 37,884,689				1,835,830		1	2,848,381	4,684,211
	Balance as at March 31, 2020 - Un-audited	4,381,191	4,557,163	19,079,988	353,510	5,071,827	37,884,689	71,328,368

Chief Financial Officer

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

(Rupees in thousands)

Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows

For the Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

	Note	July to March (Rupees in	2020 July to March thousand)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations	14	8,817,622	4,775,018
Finance cost paid Retirement and other benefits paid		(2,301,959) (129,234)	(3,527,117) (155,295)
Income tax paid		(806,649)	(1,047,975)
Long term deposits - net		(14,525)	15,038
Net cash inflow from operating activities		5,565,255	59,669
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment		(4,095,943)	(2,678,848)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		29,985	78,291
Investments in equity instruments		(176,107)	(197,500)
Long term deposits - net		425	2,922
Recovery of loan to related party		-	235,000
Interest received		61,243	82,686
Dividend received		1,698,260	1,499,375
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(2,482,137)	(978,074)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of long term finances		(367,665)	(2,977,758)
Proceeds from long term finances		3,324,738	2,500,000
Dividend paid		(392)	(437,716)
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		2,956,681	(915,474)
Not increase in each and each arrivalents		6 000 700	(4 000 070)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		6,039,799	(1,833,879)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	15	(23,148,133) (17,108,334)	(19,769,652) (21,603,531)
Cash and Cash equivalents at the end of the period	15	(17,100,334)	(21,000,001)

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Notes to and Forming Part of the Unconsolidated Condensed Interim Financial Information - Unaudited

For the Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

Status and nature of business 1.

D.G. Khan Cement Company Limited (the 'Company') is a public company limited by shares incorporated in Pakistan in 1978 under the repealed Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017). The Company's ordinary shares are listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The registered office of the Company is situated at 53-A, Lawrence Road, Lahore.

The Company is principally engaged in the production and sale of Clinker, Ordinary Portland and Sulphate Resistant Cement. It has four cement plants, two plants located at Dera Ghazi Khan ('D.G. Khan'), one at Khairpur District, Chakwal ('Khairpur') and one at Hub District, Lasbela ('Hub').

2. **Basis of preparation**

2.1 Statement of compliance

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard ('IAS') 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ('IASB') as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are un-audited and are being 2.2 submitted to the members as required by section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017 (the 'Act').

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2020. Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to and understanding of the changes in the Company's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements.

The Company is required to issue condensed interim consolidated financial statements along with its condensed interim separate financial statements in accordance with the requirements of accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. Condensed interim consolidated financial statements are prepared separately.

3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies and the methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the

preparation of preceding annual published financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020 except for the accounting policy adopted as set out in note 3.1.1 and the adoption of new and amended standards as set out in note 3.2:

3.1.1 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Company will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

3.2 Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are effective in the current period

Certain standards, amendments and interpretations to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are effective for accounting period beginning on July 1, 2020, but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's operations (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events) and are, therefore, not detailed in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

3.3 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company

There are certain standards, amendments to the accounting standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2021 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

4. Accounting estimates

The preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation were the same as those that were applied to the annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020, with the exception of change in estimate that is required in determining the provision for income taxes as referred to in note 5.

5. Taxation

Income tax expense is recognized in each interim period based on best estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. Amounts accrued for income tax expense in one interim period may have to be adjusted in a subsequent interim period of that financial year if the estimate of the annual income tax rate changes.

March 31,	June 30,	
2021	2020	
Un-audited	audited	
(Runees in thousand)		

Long term finances - secured

Long term loans - note 6.1 Current portion shown under current liabilities	26,858,600 (5,682,427) 21,176,173	23,982,621 (2,010,621) 21,972,000
6.1 The reconciliation of the carrying amount is as follows:		
Opening balance Disbursements during the period/year Repayments during the period/year	23,982,621 3,324,738 (367,665) 26,939,694	21,025,324 5,935,055 (2,977,758) 23,982,621
Net Discounting adjustment - deferred grant - note 8 Closing balance	(81,094) 26,858,600	23,982,621

7. Long term liability

During the period, the Supreme Court of Pakistan has upheld the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Act, 2015 to be constitutional and intravires and has allowed the settlement of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess ('GIDC') over a period of time and this amount represents its long term portion. The Company has followed the relevant accounting standards and guidelines issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan ('ICAP') in this regard.

Deferred grant

The Company received long term loans at concessional market interest rate under IH & SMEFD Circular No. 01, 06 and 07 of 2020 issued by State Bank Of Pakistan. The Company has deferred income associated with the Government grant to amortize over the period of loans 'The benefit has been measured as the difference between the fair value of the loan and the proceeds received. The Company has used the prevailing market rate of mark-up for similar instruments to calculate fair values of respective loans. The discount rates used range from 7.47% to 7.76% per annum.

	March 31, 2021 Un-audited (Rupees i	June 30, 2020 audited n thousand)
Government grant as at March 31, 2021	81,094	-
Current portion shown under current liabilities	(47,907)	-
Closing balance	33,187	_

There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attached to these grants.

9. Contingencies and commitments

9.1 Contingencies

There is no significant change in contingencies from the preceding annual unconsolidated financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020 except for the following:

- 9.1.1 The Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue through his order dated September 02, 2020 has curtailed tax credit availed by the Company under section 65B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 pertaining to Tax Year 2018 having an impact of Rs 238.278 million. The Company has filed an appeal against this disallowance before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) on the grounds that such tax credit is in respect of a settled position and the same was duly admissible to it as has been settled by appellate authorities. Management of the Company feels that there are meritorious grounds that the ultimate decision would be in its favour, therefore, the said tax credit has not been curtailed in the Company's books.
- 9.1.2 On January 18, 2021, the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) ('CIR(A)')has passed orders ratifying the earlier demand of Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue ('DCIR') through which input sales tax, mainly on construction material and vehicles, for the tax periods from June 2016 to July 2017 aggregating Rs 332.817 million was disallowed to the Company. Further, the default surcharge thereon, levied by the DCIR, has also been upheld by CIR(A), that shall be calculated at the time of recovery. The Company has an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue against the decision of the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals). As per Company's management, there are meritorious grounds that the ultimate decision would be in its favour wherein such claim of input tax would be allowed to the Company. Therefore, such credit of input sales tax has not been reversed in these interim financial statements. However, in case of an adverse decision, such input sales tax shall be reversed and will become part of the cost of the related fixed assets that would result in increase in depreciation charge of such fixed assets over their remaining useful lives.

9.2 Commitments in respect of:

- (i) Contracts for capital expenditure Rs 964.687 million (June 30, 2020: Rs 2,614.855 million).
- (ii) Letters of credit for capital expenditure Rs 105.851 million (June 30, 2020: Rs 2,237.133 million)
- (iii) Letters of credit other than capital expenditure Rs 2,707.692 million (June 30, 2020: Rs 1,373.152 million)

				2021	2020
				Un-audited	audited
				(Rupees in	thousand)
10.	Prop	erty, plant and equipment			
	Oper	rating fixed assets	- note 10.1	75,274,440	76,986,536
		tal work-in-progress	- note 10.2	9,543,883	6,369,586
	Majo	r spare parts and stand-by equipment		152,416	192,500
				84,970,739	83,548,622
	10.1	Operating fixed assets			
		Opening book value		76,986,536	76,928,989
		Additions during the period/year	- note 10.1.1	961,730	3,863,587
				77,948,266	80,792,576
		Disposals during the period/year - at book	value	(10,535)	(136,232)
		Depreciation charged for the period/year		(2,663,291)	(3,669,808)
				(2,673,826)	(3,806,040)
		Closing book value		75,274,440	76,986,536
		10.1.1 Additions during the period/year			
		Freehold land		_	15,570
		Buildings on freehold land:			,
		- Factory buildings		130,693	259,593
		- Office building and housing cold	ny	338,324	2,531
		Roads	•	14,221	15,454
		Plant and machinery		401,037	2,825,699
		Quarry equipment		31,308	166,964
		Furniture and fittings		18,707	40,407
		Office equipment		16,241	82,708
		Vehicles		4,256	52,414
		Power and water supply lines		6,943	402,247
				961,730	3,863,587
	10.2	Capital work-in-progress			
		Civil works		1,620,474	1,608,930
		Plant and machinery		7,476,036	4,403,532
		Advances to suppliers and contractors		155,701	202,614
		Others		291,672	154,510
				9,543,883	6,369,586

June 30,

2020

March 31, 2021

11. Investments

This includes Level 3 investments in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited and Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited that are related parties on the basis of common directorship. The reconciliation of carrying amount of these investments is as follows:

March 31.

June 30.

	2021	2020
	Un-audited	audited
	(Rupees ii	n thousand)
Carrying value of investments at the beginning of the period/year	2,364,787	1,983,213
Investments made during the period/year	176,107	197,500
Fair value gain recognized in other comprehensive income	117,157	184,074
Carrying value at the end of the period/year	2,658,051	2,364,787

12. Loan to related party - considered good

This represents loan to Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited ('NHPL'), a related party, for meeting its working capital requirements. The outstanding amount is due for repayment by October 27, 2021 in accordance with the extension granted in Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 28, 2020. It carries mark-up at the rate of 1 month KIBOR + 1% per annum. Reconciliation of the carrying amount is as follows:

	March 31, 2021 Un-audited	June 30, 2020 audited
	(Rupees i	n thousand)
Opening balance	765,000	1,000,000
Less: Receipts during the period/year	-	(235,000)
Closing balance	765,000	765,000

13. Transactions with related parties

The related parties include the subsidiaries, the Investor (Nishat Mills Limited), related parties on the basis of common directorship, group companies, key management personnel including directors and post employment benefit plans. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that company. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

	-	July to March 2021 Un-audited (Rupees in	July to March 2020 Un-audited n thousand)
Relationship with the Company	Nature of transaction		
i. Subsidiary entities	Purchase of goods Rental income Sale of goods and services	1,478,145 697 26,815	1,994,021 697 21,442
ii. Investor	Purchase of goods and services Sale of goods Dividend income Dividends paid	117 71,996 121,158 -	38,582 121,158 137,574
iii. Other related entities	Insurance premium Sale of goods Dividend income Dividends paid Purchase of goods and services Mark-up income on balances with related parties Insurance claims received Purchase of shares	142,425 5,061 1,569,006 9,620 48,300 12,210 176,107	136,191 45,720 1,375,668 3,587 74,527 92,159 35 197,500
iv. Key management	Salaries and other employment benefits Dividend paid	168,850 -	178,783 23,951
v. Post employment	Expense charged in respect of defined benefit plan Expense charged in respect of defined contribution plan	130,952 75,147	145,396 71,674
		March 31, 2021 Un-audited (Rupees i	June 30, 2020 audited n thousand)
Period/year end balances			
Payable to related parties			
Trade and other payables		765,496	647,802
Receivable from related pa	arties		
Trade debts Loan to related party Mark-up receivable from rela	ated party	99,272 765,000 5,497 869,769	20,271 765,000 5,850 791,121

July to March

2021 2020

Un-audited Un-audited

(Rupees in thousand)

14. Cash generated from operations

Profit/(loss) before tax	3,574,382	(3,357,552)
Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items:		
- Depreciation on operating fixed assets	2,663,291	2,765,559
- (Gain)/loss on disposal of operating fixed assets	(19,450)	31,810
- Net impairment losses/(reversal) on financial assets	(30,888)	50,200
- Dividend income	(1,700,296)	(1,500,232)
- Provision for retirement benefits	206,099	217,070
- Mark-up income	(48,300)	(92,159)
- Profit on bank deposits	(12,590)	(2,757)
- Exchange (gain)/loss	(64,618)	525,208
- Finance cost	2,223,558	3,659,200
Profit before working capital changes	6,791,188	2,296,347
Effect on cash flow due to working capital changes:		
- (Increase)/decrease in stores, spare parts and loose tools	548,603	(61,656)
- Decrease in stock-in-trade	953,266	1,062,074
- Decrease/(increase) in trade debts	60,515	(929,266)
- Decrease in loans, advances, deposits,		
prepayments and other receivables	198,494	689,479
- (Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	265,556	1,718,040
	2,026,434	2,478,671
	8,817,622	4,775,018
	March 31,	March 31,
	2021	2020
	Un-audited	Un-audited
	(Rupees i	n thousand)

15. Cash and cash equivalents

Short term borrowings - secured	(20,051,218)	(21,994,964)
Cash and bank balances	2,942,884	391,433
	(17,108,334)	(21,603,531)

16. Financial risk management

16.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual financial statements as at June 30, 2020.

There have been no changes in the risk management department or in any risk management policies since the year ended June 30, 2020.

16.2 Fair value estimation

Fair value hierarchy a)

The different levels for fair value estimation used by the Company have been defined as follows:

- The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded equity securities) is based on quoted (unadjusted) market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.
- The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.
- If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity instruments.

To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company classifies its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed above. The following table presents the Company's financial assets measured and recognised at fair value at March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020 on a recurring basis:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
As at December 31, 2021		(Rupees in thousand)		
Recurring fair value measurements				
Assets Investments - FVOCI	21,935,661	-	2,658,051	24,593,712
As at June 30, 2020				
Assets Investments - FVOCI	20,191,507	_	2,364,787	22,556,294

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the period. There were no changes in valuation techniques during the period.

The Company did not measure any financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis as at March 31, 2021.

b) Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments; and
- for other financial instruments discounted cash flow analysis.

c) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs

Investment in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited

The main level 3 inputs used by the Company to determine fair value of investment in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited ('NHPL') are derived and evaluated as follows.

- Discount rate is determined using a capital asset pricing model to calculate a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to NHPL.
- Long term growth rate is estimated based on historical performance of NHPL and current market information for similar type of entities.

The significant assumptions used in this valuation technique are as follows:

- Discount rate of 9.01%.
- Long term growth rate of 2% for computation of terminal value.
- Annual growth in costs is linked to inflation at 5.99% per annum.
- NHPL has multiple sources of revenue. Annual growth in revenue ranges from 6.57% to 9.98% per annum depending upon inflation and other factors.

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis of the significant assumptions used in the valuation technique are as follows:

If the discount rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 333.333 million lower.

If the long term growth rate decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2020 would be Rs 194.792 million lower.

If inflation decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 100.00 million lower.

If interest rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 66.667 million lower.

Investment in Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited

The main level 3 inputs used by the Company to determine fair value of investment in Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited ('HNMPL') are derived and evaluated as follows.

- Discount rate is determined using a capital asset pricing model to calculate a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to HNMPL.
- Long term growth rate is estimated based on historical performance of HNMPL and current market information for similar type of entities.

The significant assumptions used in this valuation technique are as follows:

- Discount rate of 14.87%.
- Long term growth rate of 2% for computation of terminal value.
- Annual growth in costs are linked to inflation and currency devaluation at 7% per annum and revenues are linked to currency devaluation at 7% per annum.

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis of the significant assumptions used in the valuation technique are as follows:

If the discount rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 138,288 million lower.

If the long term growth rate decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 84.468 million lower.

If inflation decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 36.628 million higher.

If interest rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 17.94 million higher.

17. Date of authorization for issue

These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements were authorized for issue on April 24, 2021 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

18. Corresponding figures

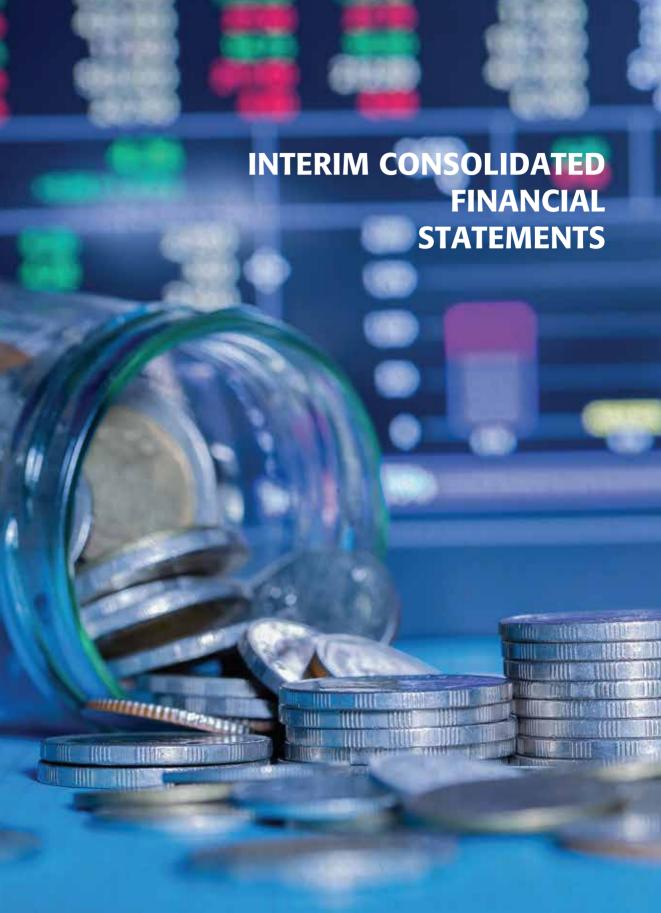
In order to comply with the requirements of International Accounting Standard 34 - 'Interim Financial Reporting', the unconsolidated condensed interim financial position has been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the condensed interim statement of profit or loss, condensed interim statement of comprehensive income, condensed interim statement of changes in equity and condensed interim statement of cash flows have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Director

David Dazal



Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Financial Position

		31 March, 2021 Un-Audited	30 June, 2020 Audited
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES	Note	(Rupees in	thousand)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital - 950,000,000 (June 30, 2020: 950,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each - 50,000,000 (June 30, 2020: 50,000,000) preference shares of Rs 10 each		9,500,000 500,000 10,000,000	9,500,000 500,000 10,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital 438,119,118 (June 30, 2020: 438,119,118) ordinary shares of Rs 10 each Reserves Un-appropriated profit Attributable to owners of the parent company Non-controlling interest		4,381,191 29,012,389 38,164,592 71,558,172 2,212,879 73,771,051	4,381,191 27,171,663 35,104,580 66,657,434 2,016,356 68,673,790
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Long term finances - secured Long term liability Long term deposits Deferred grant Deferred liabilities Deferred taxation	5 6 7	21,743,766 55,448 239,412 33,187 596,763 2,989,903 25,658,479	22,679,206 - 253,937 - 521,834 2,723,382 26,178,359
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables Accrued finance cost Short term borrowing-secured Loan from related party - unsecured Current portion of non-current liabilities Unclaimed dividend Provision for taxation		11,146,865 675,350 21,672,397 214,000 5,976,203 33,445 35,090 39,753,350	11,434,927 803,423 25,849,525 214,000 2,087,764 33,837 35,090 40,458,566
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	8	139,182,880	135,310,715

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial information.



As At March 31, 2021

	Note	31 March, 2021 Un-Audited (Rupees in	30 June, 2020 Audited thousand)
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Property, plant and equipment Biological assets Investments Long term loans to employees Long term loans, advances and deposits	9	88,509,114 909,152 10,812,210 5,096 57,483 100,293,055	87,174,260 881,340 9,573,740 5,096 57,908 97,692,344
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stores, spares and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Investments Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Loan to related party Contract assets Income tax recoverable Cash and bank balances	11	7,928,737 4,246,276 3,150,128 14,024,310 455,323 765,000 64,678 5,269,947 2,985,426 38,889,825	8,461,802 5,495,625 3,042,990 13,126,408 893,574 765,000 120,019 5,024,962 687,991 37,618,371
		139,182,880	135,310,715

Chief Financial Officer

Sand Dazal

Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Profit or Loss

For the Quarter and Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

	2021		2020		
	July to		January to	July to	January to
	March		March	March	March
	(Rupees in	n t	housand)	(Rupees in	thousand)
	05.074.000		44 700 005	00.017.000	10 50 1 570
Sales	35,371,860		11,706,925	33,217,862	10,594,579
Cost of sales	(28,835,729)		(8,947,875)	(31,874,544)	(10,379,197)
Gross profit	6,536,131		2,759,050	1,343,319	215,382
Administrative expenses	(535,038)		(183,332)	(576,431)	(179,765)
Selling and distribution expenses	(1,401,461)		(407,774)	(1,448,078)	(436,881)
Other expenses	(376,888)		(239,255)	(794,774)	(619,630)
Changes in fair value of biological assets	238,368		58,984	195,988	42,621
Other income	2,058,960		1,664,181	1,820,667	597,490
Finance cost	(2,379,284)		(742,819)	(4,031,353)	(1,320,060)
Profit/(loss) before taxation	4,140,788		2,909,035	(3,490,662)	(1,700,843)
Taxation	(888,258)		(668,613)	1,471,932	628,151
Profit/(loss) for the period	3,252,530		2,240,422	(2,018,730)	(1,072,692)
Attributable to :					
Equity holders of the parent	3,060,012		2,148,695	(1,954,397)	(1,048,871)
Non-controling interest	192,518		91,727	(64,333)	(23,821)
	3,252,530		2,240,422	(2,018,730)	(1,072,692)
Earnings/(loss) per share					
(basic and diluted - in Rupees)	7.42		5.11	(4.61)	(2.45)

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial information.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the Quarter and Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

	2	021	202	20
	July to	January to	July to	January to
	March	March	March	March
	(Rupees in	n thousand)	(Rupees in	thousand)
Profit/(loss) for the period	3,252,530	2,240,422	(2,018,730)	(1,072,692)
Other comprehensive income				
/ (loss) for the period				
, (coo, cor and poster				
Items that may be re-classified				
subsequently to profit or loss:	-	-	-	-
Items that will not be subsequently				
re-classified to profit or loss:				
Change in fair value of investments at fair				
value through other comprehensive				
income (OCI)- net of tax	1,844,731	(1,612,665)	(3,996,297)	(7,797,758)
Other comprehensive income / (loss) for	, ,	, ,		
the period	1,844,731	(1,612,665)	(3,996,297)	(7,797,758)
•		,	,	,
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the period	5,097,261	627,757	(6,015,027)	(8,870,450)
Attributable to				
Equity holders of parent	4,900,738	541,566	(5,940,964)	(8,825,154)
Non-controling interest	196,523	86,191	(74,063)	(45,297)
	5,097,261	627,757	(6,015,027)	(8,870,451)

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial information.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Changes In Equity For the Quarter and Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

		0	Capital reserve		Revenue	Revenue reserve			
	Share	Share	FVOCI	Capital redemption reserve fund	General	Un- appropriated profits	Total equity Un-attributable to appropriated shareholders profits of parent company	Non- controlling interest	Total
Balance as at June 30, 2020 - Audited	4,381,191	4,557,163	18,852,083	353,510	5,110,851	37,744,493	37,744,493 70,999,291	2,039,554	73,038,845
Total comprehensive income for the period									
- Loss for the period	ı	ı	ı	1	1	(1,954,397)	(1,954,397)	(64,333)	(2,018,730)
 Other comprehensive income for the period Changes in fair value of investments 									
at fair value through OCI - net of tax	ı	1	(3,986,566)	ı	-	1	(3,986,566)	(9,731)	(3,996,297)
	1	1	(3,986,566)	ı	1	(1,954,397)	(1,954,397) (5,940,964)	(74,063)	(6,015,027)
Transactions with owners in their capacity as owners recognised directly in equity									
- rina dividend for the year ended June 30, 2020 (Rs 1.00 per share)	ı	1	1	ı	1	(438,119)	(438,119)	1	(438,119)
Balance as at March 31, 2021 - Unaudited	4,381,191	4,557,163	14,865,517	353,510	5,110,851	35,351,977	64,620,208	1,965,491	66,585,699
Balance as at June 30, 2020 - Audited Total comprehensive income for the period	4,381,191	4,557,163	4,557,163 17,150,139	353,510	5,110,851	35,104,580	5,110,851 35,104,580 66,657,434	2,016,356	2,016,356 68,673,790
- Profit for the period	1	1	1	1	1	3,060,012	3,060,012	192,518	3,252,530
 Other comprehensive income for the period Changes in fair value of investments at fair value through OCI - net of tax 	ı	1	1,840,726	ı	1	1	1,840,726	4,005	1,844,731

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial information.

Chief Financial Officer

73,771,051

71,558,172 4,900,738

38,164,592

5,110,851

18,990,865

4,557,163

4,381,191

Balance as at March 31, 2021 - Unaudited

3,060,012

(Rupees in thousands)

Consolidated Condensed Interim Statement of Cash Flows

For the Quarter and Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

	Note	2021 July to March (Rupees in	2020 July to <u>March</u> n thousand)
Cash flows from operating activities			
Cash generated from operations Finance cost paid Retirement and other benefits paid Income tax paid Long term deposits - net Net cash inflowfrom operating activities	13	9,563,869 (2,507,357) (149,726) (892,204) (14,525) 6,000,057	4,929,640 (3,859,018) (173,430) (1,103,117) 15,039 (190,886)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Payments for property, plant and equipment Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Long term loans, advances and deposits - net Proceeds from loan from related party Proceeds from sale of biological assets Investment in equity instruments Interest received Dividend received Net cash outflow from investing activities	t	(4,186,850) 31,421 425 - 138,272 (266,159) 61,291 1,712,249 (2,509,351)	(2,696,442) 78,571 2,922 235,000 69,720 (207,775) 82,783 1,510,402 (924,819)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Repayment of long term finances Divdend paid Proceeds from long term finances Net cash inflow/(outflow) from financing activities		(386,354) (392) 3,370,603 2,983,857	(3,125,536) (437,716) 2,500,000 (1,063,252)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	14	6,474,563 (25,161,534) (18,686,971)	(2,178,958) (22,067,766) (24,246,724)

The annexed notes 1 to 18 form an integral part of these consolidated condensed interim financial information.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Notes to and Forming Part of the Condensed Interim Consolidated Financial

For the Quarter and Nine Month Period Ended March 31, 2021 (Un-audited)

1. Legal Status and nature of business

The group comprises of:

- D. G. Khan Cement Company Limited (the parent company);
- Nishat Paper Products Company Limited;
- Nishat Dairy (Private) Limited; and

The parent company is a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange. It is principally engaged in production and sale of Clinker, Ordinary Portland and Sulphate Resistant Cement. The registered office of the Company is situated at 53-A Lawrence Road, Lahore. The Company is principally engaged in production and sale of Clinker, Ordinary Portland and Sulphate Resistant Cement. It has four cement plants, two plants located at Dera Ghazi Khan ('D.G. Khan'), one at Khairpur District, Chakwal ('Khairpur') and one at Hub District, Lasbela ('Hub').

Nishat Paper Products Company Limited is a public limited company incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Ordinance, 1984 on July 23, 2004. It is principally engaged in the manufacture and sale of paper products and packaging material.

Nishat Dairy (private) Limited was incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Ordinance 1984 on October 28, 2011. The principally activity of the company is to carry on the business of production of raw milk

The registered office of the Group is situated at 53-A, Lawrence Road, Lahore. The parent company's holding in its subsidiaries is as follows:

Effective percentage of holding

55%

55.10%

- Nishat Paper Products Company Limited

- Nishat Dairy (Private) Limited

2. Basis of preparation

2.1 Statement of compliance

These consolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:

- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34, Interim Financial Reporting, issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 These consolidated condensed interim financial statements are un-audited and are being submitted to the members as required by section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017 (the 'Act').

These consolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all of the information

required for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements as at and for the year ended June 30, 2020. Selected explanatory notes are included to explain events and transactions that are significant to and understanding of the changes in the Group's financial position and performance since the last annual financial statements.

3. Significant accounting policies

3.1 The accounting policies and the methods of computation adopted in the preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as those applied in the preparation of preceding annual published financial statements of the Group for the year ended June 30, 2020 except for new policy adopted in note 3.2 and the adoption of new and amended standards as set out in note 3.3 and 3.4.

3.2 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions. Government grants relating to costs are deferred and recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

3.3 Standards, amendments and interpretations to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) that are effective in the current period

Certain standards, amendments and interpretations to International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) are effective for accounting periods beginning on July 1, 2020, but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Group's operations (although they may affect the accounting for future transactions and events) and are, therefore, not detailed in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

3.4 Standards, amendments and interpretations to existing standards that are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Group

There are certain standards, amendments to the accounting standards and interpretations that are mandatory for the Group's accounting periods beginning on or after July 01, 2021 but are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Group's operations and are, therefore, not detailed in these consolidated condensed interim financial statements.

4. Accounting estimates

The preparation of these consolidated condensed interim financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

In preparing these consolidated condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgments made by management in applying accounting policies and key sources of estimation were the same as those that were applied to the annual financial statements of the Group for the year ended June 30, 2021, with the exception of change in estimate that is required in determining the provision for income taxes as referred to in note 4.1:

4.1 Taxation

Income tax expense is recognized in each interim period based on best estimate of the weighted average annual income tax rate expected for the full financial year. Amounts accrued for income tax expense in one interim period may have to be adjusted in a subsequent interim period of that financial year if the estimate of the annual income tax rate changes.

March 31,	June 30,	
2021	2020	
Un-audited	Un-audited audited	
(Rupees in thousand)		

5. Long term finances

Long term loans	- note 5.1	27,631,845	24,728,690
Current portion shown under current liabilities		(5,888,079)	(2,049,484)
		21,743,766	22,679,206
5.1 The reconciliation of the carrying amount is as	s follows:		
Opening helence		24.728.690	01 075 004
Opening balance		, ,	21,875,324
Disbursements during the period		3,370,603	6,278,293
Repayment during the period		(386,354)	(3,424,927)
		27,712,939	24,728,690
Net Discounting adjustment - deferred grant		(81,094)	
Closing balance		27,631,845	24,728,690

6. Long term liability

During the period, the Supreme Court of Pakistan has upheld the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Act, 2015 to be constitutional and intravires and has allowed the settlement of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess ('GIDC') over a period of time and this amount represents its long term portion. The Group has followed the relevant accounting standards and guidelines issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan ('ICAP') in this regard.

7. **Deferred income - Government grant**

The Group received long term loans at concessional market interest rate under IH & SMEFD Circular No. 01, 06 and 07 of 2020 issued by State Bank Of Pakistan. The Group has deferred income associated with the Government grant to amortize over the period of loans.

	March 31, 2021 Un-audited	June 30, 2020 audited
	(Rupees i	n thousand)
Government grant as at March 31, 2021	81,094	-
Current portion shown under current liabilities	(47,907)	-
Closing balance	33,187	-

There are no unfulfilled conditions or other contingencies attached to these grants.

8. Contingencies and commitments

8.1 Contingencies

There is no significant change in contingencies from the preceding annual financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2020 except for the matter disclosed in annual financial statements, which is mentioned below:

- (i) The Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue through his order dated September 02, 2020 has curtailed tax credit availed by the Company under section 65B of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 pertaining to Tax Year 2018 having an impact of Rs 238.278 million. The Company has filed an appeal against this disallowance before the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) on the grounds that such tax credit is in respect of a settled position and the same was duly admissible to it as has been settled by appellate authorities. Management of the Company feels that there are meritorious grounds that the ultimate decision would be in its favour, therefore, the said tax credit has not been curtailed in the Company's books.
- (ii) On January 18, 2021, the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals) ('CIR(A)')has passed orders ratifying the earlier demand of Deputy Commissioner Inland Revenue ('DCIR') through which input sales tax, mainly on construction material and vehicles, for the tax periods from June 2016 to July 2017 aggregating Rs 332.817 million was disallowed to the Company. Further, the default surcharge thereon, levied by the DCIR, has also been upheld by CIR(A), that shall be calculated at the time of recovery. The Company has filed an appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue against the decision of the Commissioner Inland Revenue (Appeals). As per Company's management, there are meritorious grounds that the ultimate decision would be in its favour wherein such claim of input tax would be allowed to the Company. Therefore, such credit of input sales tax has not been reversed in these interim financial statements. However, in case of an adverse decision, such input sales tax shall be reversed and will become part of the cost of the related fixed assets that would result in increase in depreciation charge of such fixed assets over their remaining useful lives.
- (iii) A guarante to Director Excise and Taxation Karachi on account of infrastructure development cess amounting to Rs. 116.106 million (June 30, 2020: Rs 92.647 million).

8.2 Commitments in respect of:

- (i) Contracts for capital expenditure Rs 964.87 million (June 30, 2020: Rs 2,614.855 million).
- (ii) Letters of credit for capital expenditure Rs 105.851 million (June 30, 2020: Rs 2,237.133 million).
- (iii) Letters of credit other than capital expenditure Rs 2,707.692 million (June 30, 2020: Rs 1.397.913 million).

March 31,	June 30,
2021	2020
Un-audited audited	
(Rupees in thousand)	

9. Property, plant and equipment

Operating Assets	-note 8.1
Capital work-in-progress	
Major spare parts and stand-by equipment	

88,509,114	87,174,260
152.415	192,500
9,579,023	6,369,586
78,777,676	80,612,174

	Un-audited	audited
	(Rupees i	n thousand)
9.1 Operating assets		
Opening book value	80,612,174	80,783,631
Add: Additions during the period/ year -note 8.1.1	1,017,498	3,888,106
Add. Additions during the period/ year -note 6.1.1	81,629,672	84,671,737
Local Diapocale during the povied/ year mat		
Less: Disposals during the period/ year - net book value	10,992	116,596
Depreciation charged during the period/ year	2,841,004	3,942,967
Doproduction ortaligod during the period, year	2,851,996	4,059,563
Closing book value	78,777,676	80,612,174
9.1.1 Major additions during the period		
Free hold land	_	16,690
Leasehold land	_	, -
Building on freehold land	144,912	103,223
Office building and housing colony	338,324	2,531
Roads	14,221	15,454
Plant and machinery	434,018	3,024,340
Quarry equipment	31,308	130,767
Furniture, fixtures and office equipment	36,722	125,553
Motor vehicles	11,050	67,301
Power and water supply lines	6,943	402,247
	1,017,498	3,888,106
9.2 Capital work-in-progress		
Civil works	1,640,870	1,608,930
Plant and machinery	7,490,780	4,403,532
Advances to suppliers and contractors	155,701	202,614
Others	291,672	154,510
	9,579,023	6,369,586

March 31,

2021

June 30,

2020

10. Investments

This includes Level 3 investments in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited and Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited that are related parties on the basis of common directorship. The reconciliation of carrying amount of these investments is as follows:

	March 31,	June 30,
	2021	2020
	Un-audited	audited
	(Rupees in thousand)	
Carrying value of investments at the beginning of the period/year	2,364,787	1,983,213
Investments made during the period/year	176,107	197,500
Fair value gain recognized in other comprehensive income	117,157	184,074
Carrying value at the end of the period/year	2,658,051	2,364,787

11. Loan to related party

This represents loan to Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited ('NHPL'), a related party, for meeting its working capital requirements. The outstanding amount is due for repayment by October 27, 2021 in accordance with the extension granted in Annual General Meeting of the Company held on October 28, 2020. It carries mark-up at the rate of 1 month KIBOR + 1% per annum. Reconciliation of the carrying amount is as follows:

	March 31, 2021	June 30, 2020
	Un-audited	audited
	(Rupees in thousand)	
Opening balance	765,000	1,000,000
Receipts during the period/year	-	(235,000)
Closing balance	765,000	765,000

12. Transactions with related parties

The related parties include other related parties on the basis of common directorship, group companies, key management personnel including directors and post employment benefit plans. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) of that company. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Significant transactions with related parties are as follows:

		2021	2020
		Un-audited	Un-audited
	_	(Rupees i	n thousand)
Relationship with the Group	Nature of transaction		
Other related parties	Purchase of goods and services Purchase of shares Insurance premium Sale of goods and services	41,081 185,809 150,327 838,176	155,893 207,776 148,518 84,302
	Mark-up income Insurance claims received Dividend income Dividend paid	48,300 12,210 1,704,153	92,159 35 1,507,853 141,161
Key Management personnel	Salaries and other employment benefits Dividend paid	168,850 -	178,783 23,951
Post employment benefit plans	Expense charged in respect of staff retirement benefits plans	226,592	235,205

All transactions with related parties have been carried out on commercial terms and conditions.

July to March

July	/ to	March

2021	2020
Un-audited	Un-audited
(Rupees i	in thousand)

13. Cash flow from operating activities

Profit/(loss) before tax	4,140,788	(3,490,662)
Adjustment for:	0.044.004	0.054.044
- Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	2,841,004	2,954,311
- Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets	(20,429)	31,885
- Loss on disposal of biological assets	72,284	135,974
- Net Impairment/(reversal of impairment) losses on financial assets	(30,888)	50,200
- Gain on changes in fair value biological asset	(238,368)	(195,988)
- Dividend income	(1,714,285)	(1,511,259)
- Retirement and other benefits accrued	226,592	235,205
- Markup income	(48,300)	(92,159)
- Profit on bank deposit	(12,638)	(2,854)
- Exchange (gain) / loss - net	(69,864)	525,790
- Finance cost	2,379,284	4,031,353
Profit/(loss) before working capital changes	7,525,180	2,671,796
Working capital changes		
- (Increase)/decrease in stores, spares and loose tools	533,065	(83,419)
- Decrease in stock-in-trade	1,249,349	1,495,789
- (Increase)/decrease in trade debts and contract assets	(20,909)	(1,478,278)
- Decrease in advances, deposits, prepayments and other		
receivables	439,934	959,514
- Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables	(162,750)	1,364,238
Net working capital changes	2,038,689	2,257,844
Cash (used in)/ generated from operations	9,563,869	4,929,640
Cash and cash equivalents		
•		
Short term borrowings - secured	(21,672,397)	(24,928,283)
Cash and bank balances	2,985,426	681,559
Total cash and cash equivalents	(18,686,971)	(24,246,724)

15. Financial risk management

15.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk, and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk.

The consolidated condensed interim financial information does not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the group's annual financial statements as at June 30, 2020.

There have been no changes in the risk management department or in any risk management policies since the year ended June 30, 2020.

14.

15.2 Fair value estimation

a) Fair value hierarchy

The different levels for fair value estimation used by the Group have been defined as follows:

- The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded equity securities) is based on quoted (unadjusted) market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price. These instruments are included in Level 1.
- The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximize the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to determine fair value of an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in Level 2.
- If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3. This is the case for unlisted equity instruments.

To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Group classifies its financial instruments into the three levels prescribed above. The following table presents the Group's financial assets measured and recognised at fair value at March 31, 2021 and June 30, 2020 on a recurring basis:

Level 2

As at March 31, 2021	(Rupees in thousand)			
Recurring fair value measurements				
Assets				
Investments - FVOCI Investments - FVPL Biological assets	22,178,444 25 -	- - -	2,658,051 - 909,152	24,836,495 25 909,152
As at June 30, 2020				
Assets				
Investments - FVOCI Investments - FVPL Biological assets	20,335,341 20 -	- - -	2,364,787 - 881,340	22,700,128 20 881,340

Level 1

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

There were no transfers between Level 1, 2 and 3 during the period. There were no changes in valuation techniques during the period.

The Group did not measure any financial assets or financial liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis as at March 31, 2021.

Total

Level 3

b) Valuation techniques used to determine fair values

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- the use of quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments; and
- for other financial instruments discounted cash flow analysis.

c) Fair value measurements using significant unobservable inputs

Investment in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited

The main level 3 inputs used by the Group to determine fair value of investment in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited ('NHPL') are derived and evaluated as follows.

- Discount rate is determined using a capital asset pricing model to calculate a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to NHPL and HNMPL.
- Long term growth rate is estimated based on historical performance of NHPL and HNMPL and current market information for similar type of entities.

The significant assumptions used in this valuation technique for NHPL are as follows:

- Discount rate of 9.01%.
- Long term growth rate of 2% for computation of terminal value.
- Annual growth in costs and revenues is linked to inflation at 5.99% per annum.
- NHPL has multiple sources of revenue. Annual growth in revenue ranges from 6.57% to 9.98% per annum depending upon inflation and other factors.

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis of the significant assumptions used in the valuation technique are as follows:

If the discount rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 333.333 million lower.

If the long term growth rate decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 194.792 million lower.

If inflation decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 100.00 million lower.

If interest rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 66.667 million lower.

Investment in Hyundai Nishat Motor (Private) Limited

The main level 3 inputs used by the Company to determine fair value of investment in Nishat Hotels and Properties Limited ('NHPL') are derived and evaluated as follows.

- Discount rate is determined using a capital asset pricing model to calculate a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to NHPL.
- Long term growth rate is estimated based on historical performance of NHPL and current market information for similar type of entities.

The significant assumptions used in this valuation technique for HNMPL are as follows:

- Discount rate of 14.87%.
- Long term growth rate of 2% for computation of terminal value.
- Annual growth in costs are linked to inflation and currency devaluation at 7% per annum and revenues are linked to currency devaluation at 7% per annum

Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis of the significant assumptions used in the valuation technique are as follows:

If the discount rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 138.288 million lower.

If the long term growth rate decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 84.468 million lower.

If inflation decreases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 36.628 million higher.

If interest rate increases by 1% with all other variables held constant, the impact on fair value as at March 31, 2021 would be Rs 17.94 million higher.

16. Operating segments

Segment information is presented in respect of the group's business. The primary format, business segment, is based on the group's management reporting structure.

The group's operations comprise of the following main business segment types:

Type of segments Nature of business

Cement Production and sale of clinker, Ordinary Portland and Sulphate Resistant Cements.

Paper Manufacture and supply of paper products and packing material.

Dairy Production and sale of raw milk.

16.1 Segment analysis and reconciliation - condensed

The information by operating segment is based on internal reporting to the Group executive committee, identified as the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' as defined by IFRS 8. This information is prepared under the IFRS's applicable to the consolidated financial statements. All group financial data are assigned to the operating segments.

33,217,862 33,217,862 1,343,319 2,016,655 4,031,353) 1,471,932 2,954,311 (924, 819)30.06.2020 audited (2,704,562) 139,182,880 135,310,715 2,819,283) 2,018,730) (2,696,442) (190,886)2020 Consolidated 35,371,860 35,371,860 6,536,131 2,313,387) 2,297,328 2,379,284) (888,258) 3,252,530 2,841,004 4,186,850) (2,509,351)31.03.2021 unaudited 6,000,057 2021 20,743 (1,990,980)(269)322,997) (308)30.06.2020 54,712) audited (1,990,980)(55,409)2020 Elimination - net (1,733,270)20,743 (269) (2,954,775)(314,017) 14,988 (3,059,580)(48,877) (49,574)31.03.2020 unaudited 2021 (26,948)1,289,668 (8,348)30.06.2020 audited 3,280,366 19,509) 22,897 (17,016)53,291 1,289,668 164,694) 195,611) 207,079 (181,083)2020 Dairy/Farm (3,324)31.03.2020 1,453,609 14,094 (206,06 27,225 unaudited 3,226,676 1,453,609 129,316) 250,775 (21,969)110,260 112,361 (31,587)2021 13,770 67,919 45,112 99,390 270 1,357,560 484,795 50,887) (578)30.06.2021 audited 5,183,377 3,348,391 363,805) (15,954)1,990,831 2020 Paper 992,929 44,609 31.03.2020 (58,380)52,402) 4,335 1,174,206 1,729,640 2,903,846 17,767 unaudited 4,831,502 343,463 708,580 140,288) 2021 30.06.2020 30,570,634 59,669 audited 129,551,534 30,570,783 1,077,930 (2,572,785)1,796,503 3,659,200)1,507,395 (1,850,157)2,765,559 (2,678,848)(978,074)2020 Cement 32,744,045 32,747,675 5,894,148 2,029,483 31.03.2020 unaudited 34,184,282 (2,125,691)(2,223,558)(4,095,943) (2,497,087)(726,001)2,848,381 5,578,269 2,663,291 2021 Segment gross profit/(loss) from operating activities Net cash (outflow) / inflow External Customers Net cash outflow from Rupees in thousands Rupees in thousands Profit after taxation investing activities Capital expenditure Segment expenses Financial charges Segment assets Revenue from Other income Inter-group Depreciation **Taxation**

16.2 Geographical segments

All segments of the group are managed on nation-wide basis and operate manufacturing facilities and sales offices in Pakistan only.

66,636,925

65,411,829

(653,112)

(958, 556)

723,386

559,436

3,659,274

2,955,035

62,907,377

62,855,914

Segment liabilities

17. Date of authorization

This interim financial information was authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Company on April 24, 2021.

18. Corresponding figures

In order to comply with the requirements of the International Accounting Standard 34: 'Interim Financial Reporting', the condensed interim consolidated balance sheet and condensed interim consolidated statement of changes in equity have been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding year, whereas, the condensed interim consolidated profit and loss account, condensed interim consolidated statement of comprehensive income and condensed interim consolidated cash flow statement have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding year.

Chief Executive

Chief Financial Officer

Jand Jazal

Director

Notes			



D.G. KHAN CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED

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