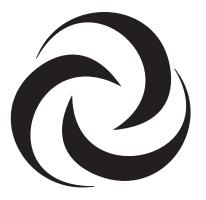
CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED



UNCONSOLIDATED

CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

WITH ACCOMPANYING INFORMATION

THIRD QUARTER ENDED 31 MARCH 2019

(UN-AUDITED)



COMPANY PROFILE

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Mr. Zahid Bashir

(Chairman)

Mr. Muhammad Arshad (Chief Executive Officer)

DIRECTORS (In alphabetical order) Mr. Abid Mehmood

Mr. Adnan Amjad Mr. Humayun Mazhar Mr. Naveed Gulzar Mr. Salman Rafi Mr. Taimur Amjad

AUDIT COMMITTEE Mr. Salman Rafi (Chairman)

Mr. Adnan Amjad (Member) Mr. Taimur Amjad (Member)

HUMAN RESOURCE Mr. Abid Mehmood (Chairman)

AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE Mr. Adnan Amjad (Member)
Mr. Salman Rafi (Member)

COMPANY SECRETARY Mr. Sami Ullah Chaudhry

BANKERS National Bank of Pakistan

AUDITORS Riaz Ahmad & Compnay

Chartered Accountants

COMPANY REGISTRAR Vision Consulting Limited.

3-C, LDA Flats, 1st Floor, Lawrance Road, Lahore. Ph: 042-36283096-97

URL www.crescentcotton.com

3

DIRECTORS' REVIEW TO THE SHAREHOLDERS

Dear Members,

The directors of your company present to you the condensed interim financial information for the third quarter and nine months ended March 31, 2019. During the period under review. your company incurred a pre-tax loss of Rs. 67.839 Million whereas in the comparative period of last year company earned a pre-tax profit of Rs. 16.939 million.

Total sales revenue of the company for the nine months stood at Rs. 5,382.073 Million, whereas, the turnover figures during the same period in year 2018 was Rs. 4,262.252 Million hence depicting an increase of twenty six percent as compared to last year. However, cost of sales in the period under review stood at 97.30% whereas, up to March 31, 2018 it was around 96.58%. The nine months of the financial year 2018-19 showed an overall downward trend of textile industry in Pakistan.

Future Prospectus

The management is devoted to value creation through adoption of advance technology. Yarn export market in the previous years was heavily dependent on Chinese market, tariff talks between USA and China will have direct impact on the sector. Spinning division has seen significant increase in turnover, this is a direct result of major capex investments over last few years to enhance and diversify existing capacity with improvisation of overall efficiency. The management is very keen to look for new avenues if the right opportunity arises. Company's constant focus on replacement and upgradation of existing machinery to modernize the overall process will positively impact the bottom line in the coming periods. Also, the devaluation trend of Pak Rupee against USD and Euro has created some breathing space for the export sector. Further, Government's initiative to reduce power cost will make Pakistani market more competitive. The Government's decision to expedite sales tax refunds in form of promissory note is a step towards right direction, although the detailed procedure to avail this benefit is still awaited.

Management of your company is closely watching the cotton outlook to procure cotton at minimum rates and is focusing efforts on minimizing cost by enhancing capacity, improving efficiencies to achieve the favorable financial results of forthcoming financial year. The company is focusing on improving efficiencies and minimizing costs by enhancing spinning capacity to achieve the better financial results of remaining period of financial year ending June 30, 2019.

Acknowledgment

We would take this opportunity to thank all our shareholders and bankers for their valued support and our employees for their dedication. We would also like to thank the Board of Directors for their valuable insight and guidance.

> For and on behalf of n the Board of Directors

> > Muhum Min

ABID MEHMOOD DIRECTOR

MUHAMMAD ARSHAD CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED

حصص مافتگان کے لیے ڈائر یکٹرز کا جائز ہ

آپ کی کمپنی کے ڈائر بکٹرز 31مارچ 2019ء کو فتاتھ مالی سال کے ابتدائی نو ماہ اور تیسری سہ ماہی کے لیے منجمد عبوری مالی معلومات آپ کی خدمت میں پیش کرتے میں۔ زیر جائزہ مدت کے دوران کمپنی کو 67.839 ملین روپے کا قبل ازئیکس نقصان اٹھانا پڑا جبکہ گزشتہ سال کی ای مدت میں قبل ازئیکس منافع 16.939 ملین روپے تھا۔

نو ماہی کے لیے تمپنی کی کل فروخت محصولات 5,382.073 ملین رہیں جبکہ سال 2018ء میں اس مدت کے دوران ٹرن اوور کی رقم4,262,252 ملین رویتھی اس طرح پچھلے سال کے مقابلہ میں لقریباً 26 فیصد اضافہ واقع ہوا۔ تا ہم زبر حائزہ مدت کے دوران فروخت کی لاگت 97.30 فیصدر ہی جبکہ 31 مارچ 2018ء تک یہ 96.58 فیصد کے لگ بھگ تھی۔ مالی سال 19-2018 کے نو ماہ نے مجموعی طور پر ما کستان کی ٹیکسٹائل انڈسٹری کے لیے تنزلی کار ججان ظاہر کیا ہے۔

منتقبل کے امرکانات:

ا نظامیہایڈوانس ٹیکنالوجی اینا کرمعاری پیداوار کے لیےکوشاں ہے۔گز شتہ سالوں میں بارن مارکیٹ کابہت زیادہ انحصار چینی مارکیٹ برتھا، چین اورامریکہ کے مابین قیمتوں پر مذاکرات کا اس کیٹر پر براوراست اثریڑے گا۔سیننگ ڈویژن کےٹرن اوور میں نمایاں اضافہ د کھنے میں آیا ہے جو کہ مجموعی کارکردگی کو بہتر بنانے کے ساتھ ساتھ موجودہ صلاحیت کو بڑھانے اور متنوع کرنے کے لیے گزشتہ چند سالوں میں capex سر مابد کاری کا براہ راست نتیجہ ہے۔اگر مناسب مواقع پیدا ہوں تو ان سے فائدہ اٹھانے میں انتظامیہ بھریوردکچیں رکھتی ہے۔ مجموعی طریقه کارکوجَدید بنانے کے لیےموجودہ مشینری کی تبدیلی اورا برگریڈیشن برکمپنی کی متنقل توجہ ہے جس ہے آئندہ او دار میں ہاٹم لائن پر پثیت اثر مڑے گا۔ مزید برآ ںام کی ڈالراور بورو کے مقابلے میں پاکستانی رویے کی قدر میں کی سے ایکسیورٹ سیٹر نے کچھ سکھ کا سانس لیا ہے۔علاوہ از س حکومت کی طرف ہے توانائی کی قیمتوں میں کمی کےاقدامات سے پاکستانی مارکیٹ مزیدمسابقت پذیر ہوگی۔ برامسری نوٹ کی شکل میں تیز رفباری سے بلز ٹیکس ری فنڈ کرنے کا حکومتی فیصلہ درست سمت میں قدم ہےاگر جہاس فائدہ کوحاصل کرنے کے لیے فصیلی طریقہ کار کا ابھی

آپ کی تمپنی کی انتظامیم قیت بر کیاس کی خریداری کرنے کے لیے کیاس کے منظرنامے برگہری نظرر تھے ہوئے ہےاورآ گے آنے والے مالی ساڵ میں سازگار مالیاتی نتائج حاصل کرنے کے لیےصلاحیت بڑھانے اور کارکردگی بہتر کرنے کے ذُریعے لاگت کم کرنے کی کوششوں پر توجہ مرکوز کیے ہوئے ہے۔ کمپنی 30 جون 2019ءکوختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے باقی ماندہ عرصہ میں بہتر مالیاتی نتائج کے حصول کے لیے سیننگ کی صلاحت کو بڑھا کرلاگت کم کرنے اور کارکر د گی میں اضافہ کرنے برا نی توجہ مرکوز کیے ہوئے ہیں۔

اعتراف:

ہم اس موقع کوننیمت جانتے ہوئے اپنے صصص یافتاگان اور بینکاروں کی قابل قدر مدداورا بنے ملاز مین کی لگن بران کے کاشکر یہ ا دا کرتے ہیں۔ہم بیش قدراور رہنمائی پرانے بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے بھی ممنون ہیں۔

FAISALABAD April 29, 2019



UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF

UN-AUDITED

31 March

AUDITED

30 June

| | NOTE | 31 March | 30 June |
|--|------|--|--|
| | NOTE | 2019 | 2018 |
| EQUITY AND LIABILITIES | | (RUPEES IN 7 | THOUSAND) |
| SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | |
| SHARE OAI HAE AND RESERVES | | | |
| Authorized share capital | | | |
| 30 000 000 (30 June 2018: 30 000 000) | | | |
| ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each | | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| ordinary strates of Rupees 10 each | | 300,000 | 300,000 |
| larged automited and maid on about southel | | 226 601 | 226 601 |
| Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital | | 226,601 | 226,601 |
| Control | | | |
| Capital reserves | | | |
| Premium on issue of shares reserve | | 5,496 | 5,496 |
| Plant modernization reserve | | 12,000 | 12,000 |
| Fair value reserve | | 5,028 | 192,403 |
| Surplus on revaluation of freehold land | | | |
| and investment properties | | 3,079,990 | 3,079,990 |
| Revenue reserves | | 297,587 | 262,370 |
| | | | |
| | | 2 626 702 | 2 770 060 |
| TOTAL EQUITY | | 3,626,702 | 3,778,860 |
| • | | 3,626,702 | 3,778,800 |
| LIABILITIES | | 3,626,702 | 3,778,800 |
| • | | 3,626,702 | 3,778,800 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | 3 | | |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing | 3 | 154,485 | 178,252 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | 3 | 154,485 90,912 | 178,252 80,592 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit | 3 | 154,485 | 178,252 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES | 3 | 154,485 90,912 245,397 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables | 3 | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend | 3 | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 4,137 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 3,940 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up | 3 | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 4,137 31,136 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 3,940 14,561 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings | | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 4,137 31,136 940,745 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 3,940 14,561 528,780 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings Current portion of long term financing | 3 | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 4,137 31,136 940,745 47,534 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 3,940 14,561 528,780 47,534 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings | | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 4,137 31,136 940,745 47,534 66,015 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 3,940 14,561 528,780 47,534 32,595 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings Current portion of long term financing | | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 4,137 31,136 940,745 47,534 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 3,940 14,561 528,780 47,534 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings Current portion of long term financing | | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 4,137 31,136 940,745 47,534 66,015 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 3,940 14,561 528,780 47,534 32,595 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings Current portion of long term financing Provision for taxation TOTAL LIABILITIES | 3 | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 4,137 31,136 940,745 47,534 66,015 1,931,650 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 3,940 14,561 528,780 47,534 32,595 1,350,605 |
| LIABILITIES NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term financing Employees' retirement benefit CURRENT LIABILITIES Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued mark-up Short term borrowings Current portion of long term financing Provision for taxation | | 154,485 90,912 245,397 842,083 4,137 31,136 940,745 47,534 66,015 1,931,650 | 178,252 80,592 258,844 723,195 3,940 14,561 528,780 47,534 32,595 1,350,605 |

The annexed notes form an integral part of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.

MUHAMMAD ARSHAD

IUHAMMAD ARSHAD CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

F-

ABID MEHMOOD

DIRECTOR



FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

| | | UN-AUDITED | AUDITED |
|---|------|--------------|-----------|
| | NOTE | 31 March | 30 June |
| | NOTE | 2019 | 2018 |
| ASSETS | | (RUPEES IN 1 | (HOUSAND) |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Property, plant and equipment | 5 | 3,852,678 | 3,885,036 |
| Investment properties | | 250,111 | 250,111 |
| Long term investments | 6 | 8,566 | 9,820 |
| Long term deposits | | 3,767 | 3,092 |
| Deferred income tax asset | | 13,492 | 17,596 |
| | | 4,128,614 | 4,165,655 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |
| Stores, spare parts and loose tools | | 61,410 | 56,888 |
| Stock-in-trade | | 763,627 | 378,794 |
| Trade debts | | 218,469 | 127,024 |
| Loans and advances | | 80,878 | 43,735 |
| Prepayments and balances with statutory authority | | 208,044 | 183,819 |
| statutory authority | | 200,044 | |
| Other receivables | | 70,486 | 76,059 |
| Short term investments | | 249,412 | 250,418 |
| Cash and bank balances | | 22,809 | 105,917 |
| | | 1,675,135 | 1,222,654 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | | 5,803,749 | 5,388,309 |
| | | | |





UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT AND LOSS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED)

| | | Nine mon | ths ended | Quarte | r ended |
|---------------------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| | NOTE | 31 March | 31 March | 31 March | 31 March |
| | | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | | (RUPEES IN T | HOUSAND) | |
| | | | | | |
| REVENUE | | 5,382,073 | 4,262,252 | 1,867,696 | 1,581,178 |
| COST OF SALES | 7 | (5,237,260) | (4,116,632) | (1,798,483) | (1,537,723) |
| | | | | | |
| GROSS PROFIT | | 144,813 | 145,620 | 69,213 | 43,455 |
| | | | | | |
| DISTRIBUTION COST | | (45,576) | (39,189) | (20,159) | (15,676) |
| ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE | ES | (134,671) | (119,847) | (43,572) | (39,700) |
| OTHER EXPENSES | | (370) | (186) | 626 | (8) |
| OTHER INCOME | | 28,102 | 69,882 | 2,587 | 10,294 |
| FINANCE COST | | (60,137) | (39,341) | (27,155) | (17,945) |
| | | | | | |
| (LOSS) / PROFIT BEFORE T | AXATION | (67,839) | 16,939 | (18,460) | (19,580) |
| | | | | | |
| TAXATION | | (70,118) | (27,100) | (25,394) | (12,255) |
| | | | | | |
| (LOSS) / PROFIT AFTER TAX | XATION | (137,957) | (10,161) | (43,854) | (31,835) |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| (LOSS) / EARNINGS PER SH | HARE - BASIC | | | | |
| AND DILUTED (RUPEES) | | (6.09) | (0.45) | (1.94) | (1.40) |
| | | | | | |

The annexed notes form an integral part of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.

MUHAMMAD ARSHAD CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



ABID MEHMOOD DIRECTOR





UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED)

Nine months ended

31 March 31 March

Quarter ended

31 March 31 March

| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
|--|-----------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) | |
| (LOSS) / PROFIT AFTER TAXATION | (137,957) | (10,161) | (43,854) | (31,835) |
| OTHER COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS) / INCOME | | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss | | | | |
| (Deficit) / surplus arising on remeasurement of investments at fair value through other comprehensive income | (890) | - | (398) | - |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: | | | | |
| Deficit arising on remeasurement of available for sale investments to fair value Reclassification adjustment | - | (87,681) | - | (175,122) |
| for gain included in profit or loss | - | (46,713) | | (43,743) |
| | - | (134,394) | - | (218,865) |
| Other comprehensive (loss) / income for the period | (890) | (134,394) | (398) | (218,865) |
| TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE LOSS FOR THE PERIOD | (138,847) | (144,555) | (44,252) | (250,700) |

The annexed notes form an integral part of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.

MUHAMMAD ARSHAD CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

ABID MEHMOOD DIRECTOR



CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED)

| | | | | S | CAPITAL RESERVES | ES | | | | REVENU | REVENUE RESERVES | | | |
|---|----------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------------|--|--------------|---------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------|---|-----------|
| | SHARE | Premium on issue of shares | Plant Moderni- sation | Fair value reserve | Fair value reserve of FVTOCI investments | Reserve for issue of bonus shares | Surplus on revaluation of freehold land | Sub Total | General | Dividend equalization | unappro- priated profit | Sub Total | TOTAL | TOTAL |
| ince as at 30 June 2017 - (Audited) | 213,775 | 5,496 | 12,000 | 358,282 | • | , | 3,079,990 3,455,768 | 3,455,768 | 96,988 | 4,000 | 170,639 | 271,627 | 271,627 3,727,395 3,941,170 | 3,941,170 |
| isferred from unappropriated profit for issue of bonus shares | | | • | • | • | 12,826 | ' | 12,826 | | ' | (12,826) | (12,826) | | ' |
| isaction with owners: | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| e of 6% bonus shares | 12,826 | | • | | • | (12,826) | | (12,826) | • | | | | (12,826) | |
| for the nine months ended 31 March 2018 | ' | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | ' | 1 | ' | (10,161) | (10,161) | (10,161) | (10,161) |
| er comprenensive loss for the nine months ed 31 March 2018 | ' | 1 | ' | (134,394) | ' | ' | ' | (134,394) | | ' | | ' | (134,394) (134,394) | 134,394) |
| al comprehensive loss for the nine months ed 31 March २०१४ | <u>'</u> | , | ' | (134.394) | ' | · | <u>'</u> | (134 394) | ' | <u>'</u> | (10.161) | , | (10.161) (144.555) (144.555) | 144.555) |
| nce as at 31 March 2018 - (Un-audited) | 226,601 | 5,496 | 12,000 | 223,888 | | | 3,079,990 | 3,321,374 | 886'96 | 4,000 | 147,652 | | 3,570,014 3,796,615 | ,796,615 |
| it for the three months ended 30 June 2018 | ' | ' | | | ' | ' | ' | _ | ' | | 16,044 | 16,044 | 16,044 | 16,044 |
| er comprehensive loss for the | | | | (24 405) | | | | (24 405) | | | (1,14) | 777 | | (002 00) |
| year ended 30 June 2018 Jomprehensive loss for the half year | | | | (21,402) | ' | | ' | (31,403) | | | (2,514) | | (667,00) | (99,799) |
| ed 30 June 2018 | | | • | (31,485) | • | • | | (31,485) | • | | 13,730 | 13,730 | (17,755) | (17,755) |
| ince as at 30 June 2018 - (Audited) | 226,601 | 5,496 | 12,000 | 192,403 | • | • | 3,079,990 3,289,889 | 3,289,889 | 96,988 | 4,000 | 161,382 | 262,370 | 262,370 3,552,259 3,778,860 | ,778,860 |
| ustment on adoption of IFRS 9 (Note 2.3.1) | • | • | • | (192,403) | 5,918 | ' | • | (186,485) | • | • | 181,552 | 181,552 | (4,933) | (4,933) |
| ustment on adoption of IFRS 15 (Note 2.3.2) | • | ٠ | • | • | ٠ | • | ' | • | • | ' | (6,112) | (6,112) | (6,112) | (6,112) |
| usted total equity as at 01 July 2018 | 226,601 | 5,496 | 12,000 | • | 5,918 | 1 | - 3,079,990 3,103,404 | 3,103,404 | 96,988 | 4,000 | 336,822 | 437,810 | 437,810 3,541,214 3,767,815 | 3,767,815 |
| Isaction with owners: dend for the year ended 30 lune 2018 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Rupee 0.10 per share | • | , | ٠ | • | ' | ' | ' | • | ٠ | , | (2,266) | (2,266) | (2,266) | (2,266) |
| for the nine months ended 31 March 2019 | ' | ' | • | • | ' | ' | ' | _ | • | _ | (137,957) | (137,957) | (137,957) | (137,957) |
| er comprehensive loss for the nine months | | | | | 1000 | | | 1000 | | | | | 1000 | 1000 |
| ed 31 March 2019 | • | <u> </u> | ' | ' | (880) | | ' | (830) | • | · | | • | (830) | (880) |
| il comprehensive loss for the nine months ed 31 March 2019 | , | , | ' | , | (068) | | ' | (068) | ' | , | (137,957) | (137.957) | - (137.957) (137.957) (138.847) (138.847) | 138.847) |
| ince as at 31 March 2019 - (Un-audited) | 226,601 | 5,496 | 12,000 | ľ | 5,028 | | - 3,079,990 3,102,514 | 3,102,514 | 96,988 | 4,000 | 196,599 | 297,587 | 297,587 3,400,101 3,626,702 | 3,626,702 |

part of this condensed interim financial information.

ABID MEHMOOD
DIRECTOR

MUHAMMAD ARSHAD CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

exed noted form

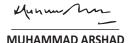
SAMI ULLAH CH.
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

© CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED

UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED)

| | г | (Nine mon | |
|--|------|---|----------------------------------|
| | NOTE | 31 March 2019 | 31 March 2018 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) |
| Cash used in operations | 8 | (355,772) | (182,297) |
| Finance cost paid Employees' retirement benefit paid Income tax paid Dividend paid | | (43,562) (15,933) (32,692) (2,069) | (35,926) (22,259) (37,608) |
| Net cash used in operating activities | | (450,028) | (278,090) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of investments | | (33,551) 1,969 10,304 | (198,943) 6,697 53,909 |
| Net cash used in investing activities | | (21,278) | (138,337) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Repayment of long term financing Short term borrowings - net | | (23,767) 411,965 | - 405,410 |
| Net cash from financing activities | | 388,198 | 405,410 |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | (83,108) | (11,017) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD | | 105,917 | 41,477 |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD | | 22,809 | 30,460 |
| | | | |

The annexed notes form an integral part of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.



MUHAMMAD ARSHAD
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



DIRECTOR

SAMI ULLAH CH.

OOD SAMI ULLAH CH.

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

10



SELECTED NOTES TO THE UNCONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED)

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Crescent Cotton Mills Limited 'the Company' is a public limited company incorporated in March 1959 in Pakistan under Companies Act, 1913 (Now Companies Act, 2017) and listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. Its registered office is situated at New Lahore Road, Nishatabad, Faisalabad. The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing and sale of yarn and hosiery items along with buying, selling and otherwise dealing in cloth. The Company also has an embroidery unit.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation

a) Statement of compliance

- i) These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting. The accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan for interim financial reporting comprise of:
- International Accounting Standard (IAS) 34 'Interim Financial Reporting', issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
 - Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ with the requirements of IAS 34, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

ii) These unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required in the annual audited financial statements, and should be read in conjunction with the Company's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018.

b) Accounting policies and computation methods

The accounting policies and methods of computations adopted for the preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements are the same as applied in the preparation of the preceding audited annual published financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018 except for the changes in accounting policies as stated in Note 2.3 to these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements.

2.2 Accounting estimates, judgments and financial risk management

The preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

During preparation of these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements, the significant judgments made by the management in applying the Company's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty were the same as those that applied in the preceding audited annual published financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018.

The Company's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the Company's annual audited financial statements for the year ended 30 June.

12



2.3 Changes in accounting policies due to applicability of certain International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs)

Following changes in accounting policies have taken place effective from 01 July 2018:

2.3.1 IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments'

The Company has adopted IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments" from 01 July 2018. The standard introduced new classification and measurement models for financial assets. A financial asset shall be measured at amortised cost if it is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates and that are solely principal and interest. A debt instrument shall be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if it is held within a business model whose objective is to both hold assets in order to collect contractual cash flows which arise on specified dates that are solely principal and interest as well as selling the asset on the basis of its fair value. All other financial assets are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss unless the Company makes an irrevocable election on initial recognition to present gains and losses on equity instruments in other comprehensive income. Despite these requirements, a financial asset may be irrevocably designated as measured at fair value through profit or loss to reduce the effect of, or eliminate, an accounting mismatch. For financial liabilities designated at fair value through profit or loss, the standard requires the portion of the change in fair value that relates to the Company's own credit risk to be presented in other comprehensive income (unless it would create an accounting mismatch). New simpler hedge accounting requirements are intended to more closely align the accounting treatment with the risk management activities of the Company. New impairment requirements use an 'Expected Credit Loss' ('ECL') model to recognise an allowance. Impairment is measured using a 12-month ECL method unless the credit risk on a financial instrument has increased significantly since initial recognition in which case the lifetime ECL method is adopted. For receivables, a simplified approach to measure expected credit losses using a lifetime expected loss allowance is available.

The Company has adopted IFRS 9 without restating the prior year results.

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of IFRS 9

i) Classification and measurement of financial instruments

IFRS 9 largely retains the existing requirements in IAS 39 "Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement" for the classification and measurement of financial liabilities. However, it replaces the previous IAS 39 categories for financial assets i.e. loans and receivables, Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL), available for sale and held to maturity with the categories such as amortised cost, Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL) and Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI).

Investments and other financial assets

a) Classification

From 01 July 2018, the Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- · Those to be measured subsequently at FVTPL,
- Those to be measured subsequently at FVTOCI, and
- · Those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income. For investments in debt instruments, this will depend on the business model in which the investment is held. For investments in equity instruments, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity



Investment at fair value through other comprehensive income. The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

b) Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Debt instruments

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. The Company measures its debt instruments at amortized cost. Financial assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other income / (other expenses) together with foreign exchange gains and losses.

Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value for financial instruments quoted in an active market, the fair value corresponds to a market price.

Fair Value Through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVTOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Fair Value Through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Changes in the fair value of equity investments at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other income / (other expenses) in the statement of profit or loss as applicable.

Dividends from such investments continue to be recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

ii) Impairment

From 01 July 2018, the Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its debt instruments carried at amortised cost and FVTOCI. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade debts and other receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach permitted by IFRS 9, which requires expected life time losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

iii) Impacts of adoption of IFRS 9 on these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements as on 01 July 2018

On 01 July 2018, the Company's management has assessed which business models apply to the financial assets held by the Company at the date of initial application of IFRS 9 (01 July 2018) and has classified its financial instruments into appropriate IFRS 9 categories. The main effects resulting from this reclassification are as follows:





Financial assets (01 July 2018) Available for Total Financia Loans and Amortised **FVTOCI** FVTPL sales (AFS) receivables assets RUPEES IN THOUSAND 260,238 299,784 560,022 Opening balance (before reclassification) Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 reclassification of equity investments from available for sale to FVTOCI and FVTPL (260, 238)9.820 250.418 Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 by reclassifying financial instruments designated as 'Loans and Receivables' to 'Amortised Cost' - (299.784) 299.784

The impact of these changes on the Company's reserves and equity is as follows:

Reserves and equity (01 July 2018)

Opening balance (after reclassification)

| | Effect on fair value reserve of AFS investments | Effect on fair value reserve of FVTOCI investments | Effect on upappropriated profit | Effect on total equity |
|--|--|---|--|------------------------|
| | | RUPEES IN | THOUSAND | |
| Opening balance (before reclassification) | 192,403 | - | - | 192,403 |
| Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 reclassification of fair value reserve of AFS investments to fair value reserve of FVTOCI investments | (5,918) | 5,918 | - | - |
| Reclassification of fair value reserve of AFS investments, now treated as FVTPL investments to unappropriated profit | (186,485) | - | 186,485 | - |
| Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 due to recognition of expected life time credit losses on trade debts | - | - | (4,933) | (4,933) |
| Opening balance (after reclassification) | _ | 5,918 | 181,552 | 187,470 |

299,784

9,820

250.418

299,784

560,022

Reclassifications of financial instruments on adoption of IFRS 9

As on 01 July 2018, the classification and measurement of following financial instruments of the Company were changed:

Non-current financial assets

| Long term investments | Available for sale | FVTOCI |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Long term deposits | Loans and receivables | Amortised cost |

Current financial assets

| Trade debts | Loans and receivables | Amortised cost |
|------------------------|-----------------------|----------------|
| Loans and advances | Loans and receivables | Amortised cost |
| Other receivables | Loans and receivables | Amortised cost |
| Short term investments | Available for sale | FVTPL |
| Cash and bank balances | Loans and receivables | Amortised cost |

There was no change in the figures of the above mentioned categories of financial instruments except for the figure of trade debts which was decreased by Rupees 4.933 million.





2.3.2 IFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers'

The Company has adopted IFRS 15 from 01 July 2018. The standard provides a single comprehensive model for revenue recognition. The core principle of the standard is that an entity shall recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The standard introduced a new contract-based revenue recognition model with a measurement approach that is based on an allocation of the transaction price. This is described further in the accounting policies below. Credit risk is presented separately as an expense rather than adjusted against revenue. Contracts with customers are presented in an Company's statement of financial position as a contract liability, a contract asset, or a receivable, depending on the relationship between the Company's performance and the customer's payment. Customer acquisition costs and costs to fulfil a contract can, subject to certain criteria, be capitalised as an asset and amortised over the contract period.

The Company has adopted IFRS 15 by applying the modified retrospective approach according to which the Company is not required to restate the prior year results.

Key changes in accounting policies resulting from application of IFRS 15

The Company recognises revenue as follows:

Revenue from contracts with customers

Revenue is recognised at an amount that reflects the consideration to which the Company is expected to be entitled in exchange for transferring goods or services to a customer. For each contract with a customer, the Company: identifies the contract with a customer; identifies the performance obligations in the contract; determines the transaction price which takes into account estimates of variable consideration and the time value of money; allocates the transaction price to the separate performance obligations on the basis of the relative stand-alone selling price of each distinct good or service to be delivered; and recognises revenue when or as each performance obligation is satisfied in a manner that depicts the transfer to the customer of the goods or services promised.

Variable consideration within the transaction price, if any, reflects concessions provided to the customer such as discounts, rebates and refunds, any potential bonuses receivable from the customer and any other contingent events. Such estimates are determined using either the 'expected value' or 'most likely amount' method. The measurement of variable consideration is subject to a constraining principle whereby revenue will only be recognised to the extent that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the amount of cumulative revenue recognised will not occur. The measurement constraint continues until the uncertainty associated with the variable consideration is subsequently resolved. Amounts received that are subject to the constraining principle are initially recognised as deferred revenue in the form of a separate refund liability.

a) Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when the customer obtains control of the goods, which is generally at the time of delivery. Otherwise, control is transferred over time and revenue is recognised over time by reference to the progress towards complete satisfaction of the relevant performance obligation if one of the following criteria is met:

- the customer simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the Company's performance as the Company performs;
- the Company's performance creates and enhances an asset that the customer controls as the Company performs; or
- the Company's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to the Company and the Company has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date.

b) Rendering of services

Revenue from a contract to provide services is recognised over time as the services are rendered.

c) Other revenue

Other revenue is recognised when it is received or when the right to receive payment is established.

Impacts of adoption of IFRS 15 on these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements as on 01 July 2018

Following adjustments were made to the amounts recognized in the unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements at 01 July 2018.





| 30 June 2018 | Adjustment | 30 June 2018 |
|--------------|--|---|
| Reported | 7 tajasement | Restated |
| | | |
| 378,794 | 16,547 | 395,341 |
| 127,024 | (17,553) | 109,471 |
| 183,819 | 805 | 184,624 |
| | | |
| 723,195 | 5,911 | 729,106 |
| | | |
| 161,382 | (6,112) | 155,270 |
| | 378,794 127,024 183,819 723,195 | Reported Adjustment 378,794 16,547 127,024 (17,553) 183,819 805 723,195 5,911 |

2.3.3 Trade and other receivables

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any allowance for expected credit losses. Trade receivables generally do not include amounts over due by 365 days.

The Company has applied the simplified approach to measure expected credit losses, which uses a lifetime expected loss allowance. To measure the expected credit losses, trade receivables have been grouped based on days overdue.

Other receivables are recognised at amortised cost, less any allowance for expected credit losses.

LIN ALIDITED

| | | UN-AUDITED | AUDITED |
|----|---|------------|-----------|
| | | 31 March | 30 June |
| | | 2019 | 2018 |
| 3. | LONG TERM FINANCING | (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) |
| | Financing from banking company - secured | | |
| | Opening balance | 225,786 | 225,786 |
| | Less: Repaid during the period / year | 22,367 | - |
| | | 248,153 | 225,786 |
| | Less: Current portion shown under current liabilities | 48,934 | 47,534 |
| | | 154,485 | 178,252 |
| | | | |

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies:

i) Certain additions have been made by the assessing officers in tax years 1993, 2002, 2004, 2006 and 2010 on various grounds and have created demand of Rupees 7.013 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 7.013 million). The Company, being aggrieved, has filed appeals with Lahore High Court, Lahore and with Supreme Court of Pakistan, which are still pending. Date of the institution of above mentioned appeals were 14 October 2002, 22 July 2008, 23 May 2012, 05 September 2016 and 05 April 2017 respectively. No provision has been made in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements against the aforesaid demand as the management is hopeful for positive outcome of the appeals filed by the Company.

ii) The Company filed a suit against Crescent Fibres Limited (CFL) for the recovery of Rupees 23.000 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 23.000 million) along with mark-up in Civil Court, Lahore. CFL filed an application seeking rejection of the suit but the said application was dismissed by Civil Court, Lahore. Against this rejection, CFL filed civil revision petition before Lahore High Court, Lahore on 08 October 2016 and under order of Lahore High Court, Lahore, the proceedings before Civil Court, Lahore were stayed. No provision against this receivable has been made in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements as the management is hopeful that the case will be decided in favour of the Company and all the outstanding dues will be recovered.



iii) Guarantees of Rupees 47.480 million (30 June 2017: Rupees 47.480 million) are given by the banks of the Company to Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited against gas connections.

iv) Cheques of Rupees 31.085 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 26.444 million) are issued to Nazir of Sindh High Court as security against impugned gas rate difference suit. If the outcome of the suit comes against the Company, cheques issued as security shall be encashable.

(b): Commitments:

i) Letters of credit for capital expenditure as at 31 March 2019 are of Rupees 0.413 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 13.034 million).

li) Letters of credit other than for capital expenditure as at 31 March 2019 are of Rupees 73.812 million (30 June 2018: Rupees Nil).

| U | N-AUDITED | AUDITED | | |
|---|-----------|---------|--|--|
| | 31 March | 30 June | | |
| | 2019 | 2018 | | |
| | | | | |

(RUPEES IN THOUSAND)

| PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMEN' |
|---|
|---|

| | Operating fixed assets (Note 5.1) | 3,851,820 | 3,880,320 |
|-------|---|-----------|-----------|
| | Capital work-in-progress (Note 5.2) | 858 | 4,716 |
| | | 3,852,678 | 3,885,036 |
| 5.1 | Operating fixed assets | | |
| | Opening book value | 3,880,320 | 3,298,983 |
| | Add: Cost of additions during the period / year (Note 5.1.1) | 37,409 | 669,482 |
| | | 3,917,729 | 3,968,465 |
| | Less: | | |
| | Book value of deletions during the period / year (Note 5.1.2) | 1,765 | 5,594 |
| | Depreciation charged during the period / year | 64,144 | 82,551 |
| | | 65,909 | 88,145 |
| 5.1.1 | Cost of additions during the period / year | 3,851,820 | 3,880,320 |
| 3.1.1 | cost of additions during the period / year | | |
| | Freehold land | - | 87,905 |
| | Buildings and roads on freehold land | 124 | 148,251 |
| | Plant and machinery | 35,660 | 381,604 |
| | Electric installations | 1,039 | 37,965 |
| | Tools and equipment | - | 4,600 |
| | Furniture and fixtures | 107 | 1,129 |
| | Vehicles | 126 | 6,065 |
| | Office equipment | 306 | 1,963 |
| | Service equipment | 47 | - |
| | | 37,409 | 669,482 |
| 5.1.2 | Book value of deletions during the period / year | | 333,.02 |
| | Plant and machinery | 1,751 | 4,173 |
| | Vehicles | 14 | 1,421 |
| | | 1,765 | 5,594 |
| | | | |



| | | l U | N-AUDITED | AUDITED |
|--|--|--|---|---|
| | | | 31 March | 30 June |
| | | | 2019 | 2018 |
| Capital work-in-progress | | | | |
| Plant and machinery | | _ | 858 | 4,716 |
| LONG TERM INVESTMENTS | | _ | | |
| Ouoted - Associated companies | | | 502 | 602 |
| | | | - 11 | 2,500 |
| | | | | 616 |
| - | | | | 456 |
| Sinquoteu Siners | | | 3,902 | 4,174 |
| Less: Impairment loss charged to stateme | nt of | | | |
| unconsolidated statement of profit or loss | 5 | | (364) | (272) |
| Add: Fair value adjustment | | | 5,028 | 5,918 |
| | | _ | 8,566 | 9,820 |
| Г | Halfwaa | | 0 | (Un-audited |
| _ | | | | 31 March |
| | | | | 2018 |
| COST OF SALES | 2013 | | | 2010 |
| Daniera de dia la composición de la composición del la composición del composición de la composición del composición del composición de la composición de la composición del composi | 4,132,867 | 3,129,659 | 1,324,381 | 1,168,630 |
| | 400,845 | 355,272 | | |
| _ | 110,752 | 105,634 | 37,199 | 35,328 |
| | 544,545 | 513,700 | 176,523 | 180,420 |
| • | 14,293 | 16,341 | 12,114 | 8,495 |
| 9. | 9,506 | 7,217 | 3,001 | 2,355 |
| _ | 6,572 | 5,974 | 2,161 | 2,101 |
| | 4,331 | 4,985 | 1,368 | 1,437 |
| Depreciation | 60,194 | 55,418 | 20,291 | 19,842 |
| | 5,283,905 | 4,194,200 | 1,709,135 | 1,546,028 |
| Work-in-process | | | | |
| Onening stock | 29,916 | 21,293 | 36,625 | 30,214 |
| , • | (37,599) | (30,890) | (37,599) | (30,890) |
| 5.55 ₆ 5.550k | (7,683) | (9,597) | (974) | (676) |
| Cost of goods manufactured | 5,276,222 | 4,184,603 | 1,708,161 | 1,545,352 |
| Finished goods | | | | |
| Opening stock | 136,958 | 149,087 | | |
| | | | | (217,058) |
| | (38,962) | (67,971) | 90,322 | (7,629) |
| | 5,237,260 | 4,116,632 | 1,798,483 | 1,537,723 |
| | Plant and machinery LONG TERM INVESTMENTS Quoted - Associated companies Unquoted - Others Unquoted - Others Unquoted - Others Less: Impairment loss charged to stateme unconsolidated statement of profit or loss Add: Fair value adjustment COST OF SALES Raw materials consumed Salaries, wages and other benefits Stores, spare parts and loose tools consumed Fuel and power Outside weaving / other charges Other manufacturing overheads Insurance Repair and maintenance Depreciation Work-in-process Opening stock Closing stock Cost of goods manufactured | Plant and machinery LONG TERM INVESTMENTS Quoted - Associated companies Unquoted - Others Unquoted - Others Less: Impairment loss charged to statement of unconsolidated statement of profit or loss Add: Fair value adjustment COST OF SALES Raw materials consumed Salaries, wages and other benefits Stores, spare parts and loose tools consumed Fuel and power Outside weaving / other charges Other manufacturing overheads Insurance Repair and maintenance Depreciation Cost of goods manufactured Puel and power Other manufacturing overheads Insurance Repair and maintenance Depreciation S,283,905 Cost of goods manufactured Finished goods Opening stock Copening stock Copening stock Copening stock Copening stock Cost of goods Opening stock Copening s | Plant and machinery LONG TERM INVESTMENTS Quoted - Associated companies Unquoted - Others Unquoted - Others Unquoted - Others Unquoted - Others Less: Impairment loss charged to statement of unconsolidated statement of profit or loss Add: Fair value adjustment Half year ended 31 March 2019 2018 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019 2018 2018 2019 2019 2018 2019 2019 2019 2019 2019 2018 2019 | Capital work-in-progress RUPPEES IN THE CAPITAL STATE |



| | | | UN-AUDITED |
|-----|---|--------------|------------|
| | | 31 March | 31 March |
| | | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | (RUPEES IN 7 | THOUSAND) |
| В. | CASH USED IN OPERATIONS | | |
| | (Loss) / profit before taxation | (67,839) | 16,939 |
| | Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: | | |
| | Depreciation | 64,144 | 59,783 |
| | Provision for employees' retirement benefit | 26,252 | 20,647 |
| | Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment | (204) | (1,344) |
| | Loss / (gain) on sale of investments | (9,298) | (50,150) |
| | Fair value gain on FVTPL investments | (14,455) | - |
| | Impairment loss on long term investments | 364 | 171 |
| | Finance cost | 60,137 | 39,341 |
| | Working capital changes (Note 8.1) | (414,873) | (267,684) |
| | | (355,772) | (182,297) |
| 8.1 | Working capital changes | | |
| | (Increase) / decrease in current assets | | |
| | Stores, spare parts and loose tools | (4,522) | (10,416) |
| | Stock-in-trade | (384,833) | (512,344) |
| | Trade debts | (91,445) | (161,458) |
| | Loans and advances | (37,143) | (14,056) |
| | Prepayments and balances with statutory authority | (21,391) | (33,878) |
| | Other receivables | 5,573 | (3,556) |
| | Other receivables | (533,761) | (735,708) |
| | Increase in trade and other payables | 118,888 | 468,024 |
| | | (414,873) | (267,684) |
| | | | |

| 2 | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Į | |
| 9 | |
| ç | |
| 2 | |
| Ž | |
| = | |
| 2 | |
| F | |
| 2 | |
| G | |
| SEGMENT INFORMATION - HINCONSOLIDATED | |
| Ę | |
| 2 | |
| Ä | |
| | |

| | CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|---|---------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|-----------------------|----------------|----------|--------------------------------|
| (LIN-ALIDITED) | AL AL | Nine months ended | 31 March 2018 | | 4,262,252 (4,116,632) | 145,620 | (39,189) (119,847) 69,882 (39,341) | 17,125 | | (186) | (27,100) | (10,161) |
| | TOTAL | Nine mon | 31 March 2019 | | 5,382,073 (5,237,260) | 144,813 | (45,576) (134,671) 28,102 (60,137) | (67,469) | | (370) | (70,118) | (137,957) |
| | n of Inter- insactions | hs ended | 31 March 2018 | | (118,884) 118,884 | • | | | | | | |
| | Elimination of Inter- segment transactions | Nine months ended | 31 March 2019 | (RUPEES IN THOUSAND) | (90,470) 90,470 | • | | | | | | |
| | ng . | hs ended | 31 March 2018 | (RUPEES IN : | 108,732 (105,194) | 3,538 | (3,198) (54) 2,182 (74) | 2,394 | | | | |
| | Trading | Trading Nine months ended | Trad Nine mont 31 March 2019 | | 106,115 (92,082) | 14,033 | (5,584) (34) 993 (288) | 9,120 | | | | |
| АТЕР | Sa | papua su | 31 March 2018 | | 4,272,404 (4,130,322) | 142,082 | (35,991) (119,793) 67,700 (39,267) | 14,731 | | | | |
| N - UNCONSOLIE | Textiles | Nine months ended | 31 March 2019 | | 5,366,428 (5,235,648) | 130,780 | (39,992) (134,637) 27,109 (59,849) | (76,589) | | | | |
| 9. SEGMENT INFORMATION - UNCONSOLIDATED | 9.1 | | | , 1 | Sales Cost of sales | Gross profit / (loss) | Distribution cost Administrative expenses Other income | (Loss) / Profit before taxation and unallocated expenses | Unallocated expenses: | Other expenses | Taxation | Profit / (Loss) after taxation |
| | | | | | | | 21 | | | | | |



9.2 Reconciliation of reportable segment assets and liabilities:

| | Text | Textiles Trading | | TO | ΓAL | |
|--|---------------|------------------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | (UN-AUDITED) | (AUDITED) | (UN-AUDITED) | (AUDITED) | (UN-AUDITED) | (AUDITED) |
| | 31 March | 30 June | 31 March | 30 June | 31 March | 30 June |
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | | (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) | | |
| Total assets for reportable segments | 5,788,945 | 5,362,629 | 1,312 | 8,084 | 5,790,257 | 5,370,713 |
| Unallocated asset: | | | | | | |
| Deferred income tax asset | | | | | 13,492 | 17,596 |
| Total assets as per unconsolidated statement of financial position | | | | | | 5,388,309 |
| Total liabilities for reportable segments | 2,107,246 | 1,576,854 | 3,786 | | 2,111,032 | 1,576,854 |
| Unallocated liability: | | | | | | |
| Provision for taxation | | | | | 66,015 | 32,595 |
| Total liabilities as per unconsolidated statem | nent of finan | cial position | ı | | 2,177,047 | 1,609,449 |

10. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise of subsidiary company, associated companies, other related parties and key management personnel. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Detail of transactions and balances with related parties are as follows:

| are as follows. | | | | (Un-audited) |
|--|----------|------------|--------------|--------------|
| | Nine mo | nths ended | Quarte | r ended |
| | 31 March | 31 March | 31 March | 31 March |
| i) Transactions | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) | |
| Subsidiary company | | | | |
| Rental expense | 3,375 | 1,450 | 1,125 | 300 |
| Stores consumed by the Company | 12 | 4 | - | - |
| Associated companies | | | | |
| Dividend paid | 33 | - | - | - |
| Service and accrued charges | 11,253 | 11,083 | - | - |
| Bonus shares received (Number of shares) | - | 27 580 | - | - |
| Other related parties | | | | |
| Loans received from / (repaid to) Chief Executive Office | er, | | | |
| Directors, Executives and Sponsors - net | 23,384 | 38,609 | 5,290 | 2,314 |
| Dividend paid | 470 | - | - | - |
| Remuneration paid to Chief Executive Officer, | | | | |
| Directors and Executives | 42,576 | 38,477 | 14,192 | 19,239 |
| | | | (Un-audited) | (Audited) |
| | | | 31 March | 30 June |
| ii) Period end balances | | | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | | (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) |
| Subsidiary company | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | | | 7,624 | 5,606 |
| Associated company | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | | | 2,127 | 2,319 |
| Other related parties | | | | |
| Short term borrowings | - 22 | | 280,464 | 253,686 |



11. RECOGNIZED FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS - FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

11.1 Fair value hierarchy

Judgements and estimates are made in determining the fair values of the financial instruments that are recognised and measured at fair value in this unconsolidated condensed interm financial information. To provide an indication about the reliability of the inputs used in determining fair value, the Company has classified its financial instruments into following three levels.

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period.

Level 1: The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-for-sale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the end of the reporting period. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Company is the current bid price. These instruments are included in level 1.

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity-specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2...

Level 3: If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in level 3.

12. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

This unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorized for issue on April 29, 2019.

13. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

In order to comply with the requirements of IAS 34, the unconsolidated condensed interim balance sheet and unconsolidated condensed interim statement of changes in equity have been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the unconsolidated condensed interim profit and loss account, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income and unconsolidated condensed interim cash flow statement have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison. However, no significant re-arrangements have been made.

14. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees unless otherwise stated.

MUHAMMAD ARSHAD
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

ABID MEHMOOD
DIRECTOR

SAMI ULLAH CH.
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF

| | UN-AUDITED | AUDITED |
|------|--------------|-------------|
| | 31 March | 30 June |
| NOTE | 2019 | 2018 |
| | /DLIDEEC INI | THUTICANID) |

(RUPEES IN THOUSAND)

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES

Authorized share capital

SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES

| 30 000 000 (30 June 2018: 30 000 000) ordinary shares of Rupees 10 each | 300,000 | 300,000 |
|--|----------------------|----------------------|
| Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital Reserves | 226,601 3,336,627 | 226,601 3,477,206 |
| Total equity | 3,563,228 | 3,703,807 |

LIABILITIES

NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES

| Long term financing Employees' retirement benefits | 154,485 90,912 | 178,252 80,592 |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|
| CURRENT LIABILITIES | 245,397 | 258,844 |
| | | |
| Trade and other payables | 840,487 | 724,879 |
| Unclaimed dividend | 4,137 | 3,940 |
| Accrued markup | 45,188 | 28,163 |
| Short term borrowings | 945,745 | 533,780 |
| Current portion of long term financing | 47,534 | 47,534 |
| Provision for taxation | 67,965 | 33,821 |
| | 1,951,056 | 1,372,117 |

CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

TOTAL LIABILITIES

TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES 5,759,681 5,334,768

5

The annexed notes form an integral part of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.

MUHAMMAD ARSHAD CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

ABID MEHMOOD DIRECTOR

1,630,961

2,196,453

FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2019

| | UN-AUDITED | AUDITED |
|------|------------|-----------|
| | 31 March | 30 June |
| NOTE | 2019 | 2018 |
| | (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) |

64,723

1,577,436

60,209

1,114,145

ASSETS

| NON | i-CU | IRREN | NT. | ASSE1 | ΓS |
|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|----|
|-----|------|-------|-----|-------|----|

| Property, plant and equipment | 6 | 3,853,554 | 3,885,983 |
|-------------------------------|---|-----------|-----------|
| Investment properties | | 270,443 | 270,443 |
| Long term investments | 7 | 38,027 | 40,548 |
| Long term deposits | | 4,289 | 3,614 |
| Deferred income tax - asset | | 15,932 | 20,035 |
| | | 4,182,245 | 4,220,623 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | |

| Stores, spare parts and loose tools |
|-------------------------------------|

| Stock in trade | | 763,627 | 378,794 |
|--|---|---------|---------|
| Trade debts | | 218,469 | 127,024 |
| Loans and advances | | 80,878 | 43,735 |
| Short term deposits, prepayments and balances with statutory authorities | | 208,863 | 184,558 |
| Other receivables | | 73,562 | 79,135 |
| Short term investments | 8 | 141,055 | 131,323 |
| Cash and bank balances | | 26,259 | 109,367 |

5,759,681 5,334,768 TOTAL ASSETS



CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED)

| Γ | Nine mon | ths ended | Quarte | r ended |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|
| NOTE | 31 March | 31 March | 31 March | 31 March |
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| | | (RUPEES IN T | HOUSAND) | |
| | | | | |
| REVENUE | 5,382,073 | 4,262,252 | 1,867,696 | 1,581,178 |
| COST OF SALES 9 | (5,237,260) | (4,116,632) | (1,798,483) | (1,537,723) |
| GROSS PROFIT | 144,813 | 145,620 | 69,213 | 43,455 |
| DISTRIBUTION COST | (AE E76) | (20.180) | (20.150) | (15,676) |
| ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES | (45,576) | (39,189) | (20,159) | (15,676) |
| | (131,395) | (118,500) | (42,471) | (40,526) |
| OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES | (370) | (186) | 626 | (8) |
| | (177,341) | (157,875) | (62,004) | (56,210) |
| OTHER ORERATING INCOME | (32,528) | (12,255) | 7,209 | (12,755) |
| OTHER OPERATING INCOME | 43,052 | 60,367 | 2,587 | 9,457 |
| (LOSS)/PROFIT FROM OPERATIONS | 10,524 | 48,112 | 9,796 | (3,298) |
| FINANCE COST | (60,587) | (39,791) | (27,305) | (18,095) |
| | (50,063) | 8,321 | (17,509) | (21,393) |
| SHARE OF PROFIT / (LOSS) FROM | | | | |
| ASSOCIATED COMPANIES | (154) | (5,976) | _ | 166 |
| ASSOCIATED COIVITAINIES | (154) | (3,370) | | 100 |
| PROFIT/(LOSS) BEFORE TAXATION | (50,217) | 2,345 | (17,509) | (21,227) |
| | | | | |
| TAXATION | (70,842) | (27,422) | (25,635) | (12,077) |
| | | | | |
| DDOCIT //LOCG\ AFTED TAVATION 50014 | (424.056) | (25.077) | (42.446) | (22.201) |
| PROFIT / (LOSS) AFTER TAXATION FROM | (121,059) | (25,077) | (43,144) | (33,304) |
| | | | | |
| EARNINGS / (LOSS) PER SHARE - BASIC | | | | |
| AND DILUTED (RUPEES): | (5.34) | (1.11) | (1.90) | (1.47) |
| | (5.51) | (=:==/ | | (=: 17) |

The annexed notes form an integral part of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.



CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED)

| Nine mon | ths ended |
|------------|---|
| 31 March | 31 March |
| 2019 | 2018 |
| (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) |
| (121,059) | (25,077) |
| - | - |
| | |
| _ | _ |
| 141 | (48,464) |
| 141 | (40,404) |
| 141 | (48,464) |
| (422.242) | (70.544) |
| (120,918) | (73,541) |
| | 31 March 2019 (RUPEES IN (121,059) |

The annexed notes form an integral part of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.

MUHAMMAD ARSHAD CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



ABID MEHMOOD DIRECTOR



MUHAMMAD ARSHAD CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



ABID MEHMOOD DIRECTOR



CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

| | Š | I I I I | MON | HS END | -D 31 IV | IAKCH 2 | .019 (Ur | FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 3.1 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED) | ED) | | | (RUPEES IN THOUSAND) | HOUSAND) |
|---|---------|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|---|--|--|---|--------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | | | CAPITA | CAPITAL RESERVES | | | | 8 | REVENUE RESERVES | 3VES | | |
| | SHARE | Premium on issue of shares | Plant Moderni- sation | Fair value reserve i | Fair value reserve of FVTOCI investments | Reserve for issue of bonus shares | Surplus on revaluation of freehold land | Sub Total | General Reserve | Dividend equalization | (Accumulated loss)/ unappropriated profit | Sub Total | TOTAL |
| Balance as at 30 June 2017 - Audited (Restated) | 213,775 | 5,496 | 12,000 | 114,892 | • | | 3,079,990 | 3,212,378 | 44,975 | 4,000 | 287,965 | 336,940 | 3,763,093 |
| Loss for the nine months ended 31 March 2018 Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended 31 March 2018 | 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | (48,464) | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | - (48,464) | | 1 1 | (25,077) | (25,077) | (25,077) |
| Total comprehensive income for the nine months ended 31 March 2018 | ' | ' | | (48,464) | ' | , | | (48,464) | | , | (25,077) | (25,077) | (73,541) |
| Balance as at 31 March 2018 - Unaudited | 213,775 | 5,496 | 12,000 | 66,428 | | | 3,079,990 | 3,163,914 | 44,975 | 4,000 | 262,888 | 311,863 | 3,689,552 |
| Transferred from unappropriated profit for issue of bonus shares | res - | | | | | 12,826 | | 12,826 | | | (12,826) | (12,826) | |
| Transaction with owners - Issue of 6% bonus shares | 12,826 | • | • | • | • | (12,826) | • | (12,826) | • | • | 1 | • | • |
| Loss for the three months ended 30 June 2018 Other comprehensive income for the three months Onded 30 June 2018 | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | (4,668) | 1 1 | 1 1 | 1 1 | - (4,668) | 1 1 | 1 1 | 18,923 | 18,923 | 18,923 (4,668) |
| Total comprehensive income for the next quarter ended 30 June 2018 | , | í | 1 | (4,668) | • | • | • | (4,668) | • | • | 18,923 | 18,923 | 14,255 |
| Balance as at 30 June 2018 - Audited Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 9 Adjustment on adoption of IFRS 15 | 226,601 | 5,496 | 12,000 | 61,760 (61,760) | 1,280 | | 3,079,990 | 3,159,246 (60,480) | 44,975 | 4,000 | 268,985 60,480 (19,661) | 317,960 60,480 (19,661) | 3,703,807 |
| Loss for the nine months ended 31 March 2019 Other comprehensive income for the nine months ended 31 March 2019 | 226,601 | 5,496 | 12,000 | | 1,280 | | 3,079,990 | 3,098,766 | 44,975 | 4,000 | 309,804 (121,059) | 358,779 (121,059) | 3,684,146 (121,059) |
| iotal comprehensive income for the nine months ended 31 March 2019 | • | • | • | | 141 | • | • | 141 | • | | (121,059) | (121,059) | (120,918) |
| Balance as at 31 March 2019 - Un-audited | 226,601 | 5,496 | 12,000 | | 1,421 | | 3,079,990 | 3,098,907 | 44,975 | 4,000 | 188,745 | 237,720 | 3,563,228 |

ABID MEHMOOD
DIRECTOR

MUHAMIMAD ARSHAD CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

SAMI ULLAH CH.
CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

© CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED)

NOTE (Nine months ended)

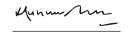
NOTE 31 March 31 March
2019 2018

(RUPEES IN THOUSAND)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

| Cash (utilized in) / generated from operations | (352,965) | (82,450) |
|--|-----------|-----------|
| Finance cost paid | (43,562) | (22,225) |
| Staff retirement gratuity paid | (15,933) | (17,710) |
| Income tax paid | (35,499) | (22,588) |
| Dividend paid | (2,069) | - |
| · | (97,063) | (62,523) |
| Net cash (utilized in) / generated from operating activities | (450,028) | (144,973) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Conital avacaditure on property plant and equipment | (33,551) | (147,496) |
| Capital expenditure on property, plant and equipment Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment | 1,969 | 2,747 |
| Proceeds from sale of investments | 10,304 | 49,881 |
| Froceeds from sale of investments | 10,304 | 43,881 |
| Net cash from investing activities | (21,278) | (94,868) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES | | |
| Repayment of long term financing | (23,767) | _ |
| Short term borrowings - net | 411,965 | 220,247 |
| | | - |
| Net cash (used in) / from financing activities | 388,198 | 220,247 |
| NET (DECREASE) / INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS | (83,108) | (19,594) |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE | | |
| BEGINNING OF THE PERIOD | 109,367 | 44,907 |
| | / | , |
| CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE PERIOD | 26,259 | 25,313 |
| = | | |

The annexed notes form an integral part of this unconsolidated condensed interim financial information.



MUHAMMAD ARSHAD
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER



ABID MEHMOOD
DIRECTOR



129



CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

SELECTED NOTES TO THE CONSOLIDATED CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED 31 MARCH 2019 (UN-AUDITED)

1. THE GROUPS AND ITS OPERATIONS

The Group consist of:

Holding Company

Crescent Cotton Mills Limited

Subsidiary Company

crescot Mills Limited

Crescent Cotton Mills Limited

Crescent Cotton Mills Limited (formerly Crescent Sugar Mills and Distillery Limited) 'the Company' is a public limited company incorporated in March 1959 in Pakistan under the provisions of Companies Act, 1913 (Now Companies Act, 2017). Shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange in Pakistan. The Company is engaged in manufacturing and sale of yarn and hosiery items along with buying, selling and otherwise dealing in cloth. The Company also operates an embroidery unit. The registered office of the Company is located at New Lahore Road, Nishatabad, Faisalabad.

Crescot Mills Limited

Crescot Mills Limited (CML) is a public limited Company incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Act, 1913 (Now Companies Act, 2017). CCML holds 66.15% equity of the CML. Principal business of CML was manufacturing and sale of yarn. The mills is located at Sindh Industrial and Trading Estate, Kotri in the Province of Sindh. A special resolution was passed in the general meeting of the members on 28 September 1998 authorizing the Board of Directors to dispose of the plant and machinery of CML.

CML has ceased all production activities since August 1998 and has disposed of major part of the plant and machinery. The Company has leased out its buildings and other facilities to the Holding Company.

2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

This consolidated condensed interim financial information is un-audited and is being submitted to shareholders as required by section 237 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the listing regulations of Pakistan Stock Exchange. This consolidated condensed interim financial information has been prepared in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard-34 "Interim Financial Reporting" and International Accounting Standard-27 "Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements" and provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017. In case where requirements differ, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed. This consolidated condensed interim financial information should be read in conjunction with the preceding audited annual published consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND COMPUTATION METHODS

3.1 The accounting policies and methods of computations adopted for the preparation of this consolidated condensed interim financial information are the same as applied in the preparation of preceding audited annual published consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018.





CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

3.2 Basis of Consolidation

a) Subsidiary

Subsidiary Company is that entity in which Holding Company directly or indirectly controls, beneficially owns or holds more than 50% of the voting securities or otherwise has power to elect and appoint more than 50% of its directors. The condensed interim financial information of the Subsidiary Company is included in the consolidated consolidated condensed interim financial information from the date control commences until the date that control ceases.

The assets and liabilities of Subsidiary Company have been consolidated on a line by line basis and carrying value of investments held by the Holding Company is eliminated against Holding Company's share in paid up capital of the Subsidiary Company.

Intragroup balances and transactions have been eliminated

Proportionate share of accumulated losses relating to the non-controlling interest is more than their respective share capital. Therefore, losses in excess of share capital of non-controlling interest are absorbed by the Group.

b) Associates

Associates are the entities over which the Group has significant influence but not control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights or by way of common directorship. Investments in these associates are accounted for using the equity method of accounting and are initially recognized at cost. The Group's investment in associate includes goodwill identified on acquisition, net of accumulated impairment loss, if any.

The Group's share of its associate's post-acquisition profits or losses, movement in other comprehensive income, and its share of post-acquisition movements in reserves is recognized in the consolidated profit and loss account, consolidated statement of comprehensive income and reserves respectively. The cumulative post-acquisition movements are adjusted against the carrying amount of the investment. Distributions received from an associate reduce the carrying amount of the investment.

4. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS

The preparation of this consolidated condensed interim financial information in conformity with the approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

During preparation of this consolidated condensed interim financial information, the significant judgments made by the management in applying the Group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation and uncertainty were the same as those that applied in the preceding audited annual published financial statements of the Company for the year ended 30 June 2018.

5. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

Contingencies:

Holding Company

Certain additions have been made by the assessing officers in tax years 1993, 2002, 2004, 2006 and 2010 on various grounds and have created demand of Rupees 7.013 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 7.013 million). The Company, being aggrieved, has filed appeals with Lahore High Court, Lahore and with Supreme Court of Pakistan, which are still pending. Date of the institution of above mentioned appeals were 14 October 2002, 22 July 2008, 23 May 2012, 05 September 2016 and 05 April 2017 respectively. No provision has been made in these unconsolidated condensed interim financial statements against the aforesaid demand as the management is hopeful for positive outcome of the appeals filed by the Company.

(21



6.1

CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

- The Holding Company filed a suit against Crescent Fibres Limited for the recovery of Rupees 23.000 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 23.000 million) along with mark-up in Civil Court, Lahore. No provision against doubtful receivables has been made in this condensed interim financial information as the management is hopeful that the case will be decided in favour of the Company and all the outstanding dues will be recovered.
- Letters of guarantee of Rupees 47.480 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 47.480 million) are given by the banks of the Company to Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited against gas connections.
- Cheques of Rupees 31.085 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 26.444 million) are issued to Nazir of Sindh High Court as security against impunged gas rate difference suit. If the outcome of the suit comes against the company, cheques issued as security shall be encashable.

Subsidiary Company

- The Subsidiary Company is contingently liable for claim of Rs. 0.215 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 0.215 million) not acknowledged by the Subsidiary Company in respect of card clothing machine demanded by Custom Authorities in 1987 against which a letter of guarantee has been issued by bank in favour of Collector.

Commitments:

- Letters of credit for capital expenditure are of Rs. 0.413 million (30 June 2018: Rupees 13.034
- Letters of credit for other than capital expenditure are of Rupees 73.812 million (30 June 2018: Rupees Nil).

| UN-AUDITED | AUDITED |
|------------|-----------|
| | |
| 31 March | 30 June |
| 2019 | 2018 |
| (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) |
| | |

3,852,696

3,881,267

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Book value at the end of the period / year

| Operating fixed assets (Note 6.1) Capital work-in-progress | 3,852,696 858 | 3,881,267 4,716 |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|
| | 3,853,554 | 3,885,983 |
| Operating fixed assets | | |
| Opening book value Add: Cost of additions during the period / year (Note 6.1.1) | 3,881,267 37,409 | 3,300,037 669,482 |
| Less: | 3,918,676 | 3,969,519 |
| Book value of deletions during the period / year (Note 6.1.2) Depreciation charged during the period / year | 1,765 64,215 | 5,594 82,658 |
| | 65,980 | 88,252 |

© CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

| | | UN-AUDITED | AUDITED |
|------------|---|---|-------------------------------|
| | | 31 March | 30 June |
| | | 2019 | 2018 |
| .1.1 | Cost of additions during the period / year | (RUPEES IN T | HOUSAND) |
| | Land - Freehold | _ | 87,905 |
| | Buildings on free hold land | 124 | 148,251 |
| | Plant and machinery | 35,660 | 381,604 |
| | Electric installations | 1,039 | 37,965 |
| | Tools and equipments | - | 4,600 |
| | Furniture and fixtures | 107 | 1,129 |
| | Vehicles | 126 | 6,065 |
| | Office equipment | 306 | 1,963 |
| | Service equipment | 47 | - |
| | | 37,409 | 669,482 |
| .2 | Book value of deletions during the period / year | ======================================= | |
| | Plant and machinery | 1,751 | 4,173 |
| | Vehicles | 14 | 1,421 |
| | | 1,765 | 5,594 |
| 7. | LONG TERM INVESTMENTS | | |
| | In associates: | | |
| | Cost | 19,884 | 21,626 |
| | Share of post acquisition profit: | | 20.000 |
| | At the beginning of the period / year | 16,533 | 30,299 |
| | Share of profit/(loss) during the period / year | (1,571) | (13,766) |
| | | <u>14,962</u> 34,846 | 16,533 38,159 |
| | Available for sale: | 54,640 | 30,133 |
| | Quoted - Others | 616 | 616 |
| | Unquoted - Others | 493 | 664 |
| | | 1,109 | 1,280 |
| | Less: Impairment loss charged to profit and loss account | (88) | (171) |
| | Add: Fair value adjustment | 2,160 | 1,280 |
| | | 3,181 | 2,389 |
| | | 38,027 | 40,548 |
| 7.1 | The investments in associates were not acquired for disposal pu accounting has been applied and as per the requirement of IAS 2: long term investments. In addition paragraph 2 (B)(d) of Part Companies Act, 2017 requires that the investments accounted for classified as long term investments. | 8 the same have be II of the Fourth | en shown und Schedule to 1 |
| | SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS - Available for sale | | |
| 3. | | | |
| 3. | Ouoted - Others | 89.925 | 89.937 |
| . | Quoted - Others Add : Fair value adjustment | 89,925 51,130 | 89,937 41,386 |



© CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

| | | | | | (Un-audited | |
|---|---|-----------|------------|---------------|-------------|--|
| | | | ths ended | Quarter ended | | |
| | | 31 March | 31 March | 31 March | 31 March | |
| | l | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | |
| | COST OF SALES | | (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) | | |
| • | COST OF SALES | | | | | |
| | Raw material consumed | 4,132,867 | 3,129,659 | 1,324,381 | 1,168,630 | |
| | Salaries, wages and other benefits | 400,845 | 355,272 | 132,097 | 127,420 | |
| | Stores, spare parts and loose tools consume | d 110,752 | 105,634 | 37,199 | 35,328 | |
| | Fuel and power | 544,545 | 513,700 | 176,523 | 180,420 | |
| | Outside weaving charges | 14,293 | 16,341 | 12,114 | 8,495 | |
| | Other manufacturing overheads | 9,506 | 7,217 | 3,001 | 2,355 | |
| | Insurance | 6,572 | 5,974 | 2,161 | 2,101 | |
| | Repair and maintenance | 4,331 | 4,985 | 1,368 | 1,437 | |
| | Depreciation | 60,194 | 55,418 | 20,291 | 19,842 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 5,283,905 | 4,194,200 | 1,709,135 | 1,546,028 | |
| | Work-in-process: | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Opening stock | 29,916 | 21,293 | 36,625 | 30,214 | |
| | Closing stock | (37,599) | (30,890) | (37,599) | (30,890) | |
| | | (7,683) | (9,597) | (974) | (676) | |
| | Cost of goods manufactured | 5,276,222 | 4,184,603 | 1,708,161 | 1,545,352 | |
| | 3 | | | | | |
| | Finished goods: | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Opening stock | 136,958 | 149,087 | 266,242 | 209,429 | |
| | Closing stock | (175,920) | (217,058) | (175,920) | (217,058) | |
| | 0 | (38,962) | (67,971) | 90,322 | (7,629) | |
| | | 5,237,260 | 4,116,632 | 1,798,483 | 1,537,723 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Cost of goods purchased | - | - | - | - | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | 5,237,260 | 4,116,632 | 1,798,483 | 1,537,723 | |
| | | | | | | |

© CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

| | | | UN-AUDITED |
|------|---|------------------|------------------|
| | | 31 March 2019 | 31 March 2018 |
| 40 | | (RUPEES IN | THOUSAND) |
| 10. | CASH UTILIZED IN OPERATIONS | | |
| | Profit before taxation | (50,217) | 23,572 |
| | Adjustments for non-cash charges and other items: | | |
| | Depreciation | 64,215 | 38,374 |
| | Provision for staff retirement gratuity | 26,252 | 12,622 |
| | Gain on sale of property, plant and equipment | (204) | (249) |
| | Gain on sale of investments | (7,133) | (37,774) |
| | Fair value gain on FVTPL investments | (32,048) | - |
| | Share of (profit) / loss from associated companies | 1,571 | 6,142 |
| | Finance cost | 60,587 | 21,696 |
| | Impairment loss on investments | 88 | 171 |
| | Working capital changes (Note 11.1) | (416,076) | (147,004) |
| | | (352,965) | (82,450) |
| 10.1 | Working capital changes | | |
| | (Increase) / decrease in current assets | | |
| | Stores, spare parts and loose tools | (4,514) | (10,801) |
| | Stock in trade | (384,833) | (310,410) |
| | Trade debts | (91,445) | (146,645) |
| | Loans and advances | (37,143) | (13,132) |
| | Prepayments and balances with statutory authorities | (21,391) | (31,419) |
| | Other receivables | 5,573 | (4,013) |
| | | (533,753) | (516,420) |
| | (Decrease) / increase in trade and other payables | 117,677 | 369,416 |
| | | (416.076) | (147,004) |
| | | [410,070] | (147,004) |



11.2 Reconciliation of reportable segment assets and liabilities:

| | Textiles | | Trading | | TOTAL | |
|---|----------------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|--------------|-----------|
| | (UN-AUDITED) | (AUDITED) | (UN-AUDITED) | (AUDITED) | (UN-AUDITED) | (AUDITED) |
| | 31 March | 30 June | 31 March | 30 June | 31 March | 30 June |
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 |
| | (RUPEES IN THOUSAND) | | | | | |
| Total assets for reportable segments | 5,742,437 | 5,306,649 | 1,312 | 8,084 | 5,743,749 | 5,314,733 |
| Unallocated assets : | | | | | 15,932 | 20,035 |
| Deferred income tax - asset | | | | | 5,759,681 | 5,334,768 |
| Total assets as per balance sheet | | | | | | |
| Total liabilities for reportable segments | 2,124,702 | 1,597,140 | 3,786 | | 2,128,488 | 1,597,140 |
| Unallocated liabilities: | | | | | 67,965 | 33,821 |
| Provision for taxation | | | | | 2,196,453 | 1,630,961 |
| Total liabilities as per balance sheet | | | | | | |

12. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The related parties comprise associated companies, other related parties and key management personnel. The Group in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. Detail of transactions and balances with related parties are as follows:

| | | | | (Un-audited) | |
|--|----------|----------------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| | Nine m | onths ended | Quarter ended | | |
| | 31 March | 31 March 31 March | | 31 March | |
| | 2019 | 2018 | 2019 | 2018 | |
| i) Transactions | | (RUPEES IN THOUSAND) | | | |
| Associated companies | | | | | |
| Dividend paid | 33 | - | - | - | |
| Service charges | 11,253 | 11,083 | - | - | |
| Bonus shares received (Shares) | - | 27,580 | - | - | |
| Other related parties Loans received from/(repaid to) Chief Executive Officer, Directors, Executives and Sponsors -net | 23,384 | 38,609 | 5,290 | 2,314 | |
| Dividend paid | 470 | - | - | - | |
| Remuneration paid to Chief Executive Officer, Directors and Executives | 42,576 | 38,477 | 14,192 | 19,239 | |

info@crescentcotton.com

E-MAIL:

COTTON MILLS

NEW LAHORE ROAD, NISHATABAD

CRESCENT COTTON MILLS LIMITED AND ITS SUBSIDIARY

13. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group's financial risk management objectives and policies are consistent with those disclosed in the preceding audited annual published consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 30 June 2018.

14. DATE OF AUTHORIZATION

This consolidated condensed interim financial information was approved and authorized for issue on April 29, 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Group.

15. CORRESPONDING FIGURES

In order to comply with the requirements of IAS 34, the unconsolidated condensed interim balance sheet and unconsolidated condensed interim statement of changes in equity have been compared with the balances of annual audited financial statements of preceding financial year, whereas, the unconsolidated condensed interim profit and loss account, unconsolidated condensed interim statement of comprehensive income and unconsolidated condensed interim cash flow statement have been compared with the balances of comparable period of immediately preceding financial year.

Corresponding figures have been re-arranged, wherever necessary, for the purpose of comparison. However, no significant re-arrangements have been made.

16. GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest thousand of Rupees unless otherwise stated.

POS

PRINTED MATTER BOOK

MUHAMMAD ARSHAD

ABID MEHMOOD

