

ANNUAL REPORT 2018

The National Silk & Rayon Mills Ltd.

Manufacturer & Exporter of Quality Textile Products

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Mission Statement

We Shall provide unparalleled service and best value to our customers through dedicated, responsive and cost effective supply chain.

We are to provide quality products by strict adherence to international standards and best practices through collaboration with leading global companies in markets we serve.

> We shall strive to maximize our shareholders value through sustained profitable growth.

We shall enhance existing employee productivity, hire, retain and develop best talent and provide them a competitive environment to excel and grow.

We will aggressively focus on increasing our market penetration by exploring new channels.

We shall continue to set new trends through innovative marketing and manufacturing.



Company Information

Board of Directors	Sh. Faisal Tauheed Sh. Kashif Tauheed Mrs. Samira Faisal Mrs. Tahira Kashif Mrs. Sadia Kamran Mrs. Amna Kamran Mr. Shehzad Ehsan	(Executive Director) -do- Non Executive Director -do- -do- Non Executive Director/Chairman Independent Director	
Board Audit Committee	Mr. Shehzad Ehsan Mrs. Amna Kamran Mrs. Sadia Kamran	(Chairman)	
Board Human Resource and Remuneration Committee	Mr. Shehzad Ehsan Mrs. Amna Kamran Mrs. Sadia Kamran	(Chairman)	
Management Team	Sh. Faisal Tauheed Puri Muhammad Islam Haider Imran Zafar Qaiser Ali Faheem	(Chief Executive) (Chief Financial Officer) (Company Secretary) (Internal Auditor)	
Auditors	Amin Mudassar and Comp Chartered Accountants	any	
Bankers	National Bank of Pakistan The Bank of Punjab Bank Alfalah Limited Habib Metropolitan Bank I Askari Bank Limited Bank Al-Habib Limited MCB Limited	Limited	
Registered Office	Meezan Bank Limited 4th Floor, I.E.P. Building, 97-B/D-1, Gulberg III, Lah		
Factory	Dhuddiwala, Jaranwala Ro	Dhuddiwala, Jaranwala Road, Faisalabad.	
Share Registrar	Wings Arcade, 1-K Comme	Corplink (pvt.) Ltd. Share Registrar & Corporate Consultants Wings Arcade, 1-K Commercial, Model Town, Lahore. Tel: 035916714, 35916719, 035839182 Fax: 92-42-35869037	
Legal Advisor	Sahibzada Muhammad Arit Advocate High Court, Chamber No.52, District C Faisalabad.		

Notice of 68th Annual General Meeting

Notice is hereby given that the Sixty eighth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The National Silk & Rayon Mills Limited will be held at Blessing Banquet Hall, 9-Civic Centre, Johar Town, LDA Office, Lahore on 27^{th} day of October 2018 at 4.00 p.m. to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To read and confirm minutes of the Sixty Seventh Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of the Company held on October 28, 2017.
- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the annual audited financial statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018 together with the Directors' and Auditors' Report thereon.
- 3. To appoint auditors for the year ending June 30, 2019 and fix their remuneration. The present auditors M/s Amin Mudassar & Co., Chartered Accountants, retire and offer themselves for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. To obtain consent of the shareholders in terms of S.R.O.470(1)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan, for the transmission of the annual audited accounts, notices of general meetings and other information contained therein of the Company wither through CD or DVD and to pass the following resolution with or without modification :

Resolved that consent and approval of the members of the National Silk and Rayon Mills Limited be and is hereby accorded for transmission of annual audited accounts, notices of general meeting and other information obtained therein of the Company to the members for future years commencing from the year ended June 30, 2019 through CD or DVD instead of transmitting the same in hard copies.

By order of the Board

Place: Lahore Dated: October 06, 2018 (IMRAN ZAFAR) Company Secretary

NOTES:

- 1. The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 20, 2018 to October 26, 2018 (both days inclusive).
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint another member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her.
- 3. The financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 shall be uploaded on Company's website on or before October 06, 2018.
- 4. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed or a materially attested copy of the power of attorney must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting.
- 5. Members are requested to submit declaration for zakat on the required format and to advise change in address, if any.
- 5. Members are requested to send copies of their computerized National Identity Cards to the company's independent Share Registrar M/s. CORPLING (PVT) LIMITED, Wings Arcade, 1-K, Commercial, Model Town, Lahore.

CDC Account Holders will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down in Circular No.1, of 2000 dated 26th January 2000 issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

A. For Attending the Meeting

a. In case of individuals, the account holder and/or sub-account holder and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulation, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original CNIC or, original Passport at the time of attending the meeting.

b. In case of Corporate entity, the Board's resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the meeting.

B. For appointing Proxies

- a. In case of individuals, the account holder and/or sub-account holder and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per above requirements.
- b. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons, whose names, address and CNIC number shall be mentioned on the form
- c. Attested copies of the CNIC or the passport of beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- d. The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the meeting.
- e. In case of corporate entity, the Board's resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be furnished (unless it has been provided earlier) along with the proxy form to the company.

Consent for Video Conference Facility:

Pursuant to SECP Circular No.10 of 2014 dated May 21, 2014, if company receives consent from members holding aggregate 10% or more shareholding residing in geographical location to participate in the meeting through video conference at least 10 days prior to the date of Annual General Meeting, the Company will arrange video conference facility in that city subject to availability of such facility in that city.

In order to vote through e-voting and avail video conference facility, please fill the requisite form and submit to Company within time frame mentioned in form.

PURSUANT TO Notification vide SRO 787 (1)/2014 of September 08, 2014, SECP has directed to facilitate the members of the company receiving Annual Financial Statement and Notices through electronic mail system (e-mail). We are pleased to offer this facility to our members who desire to receive Annual Financial Statement and Notices of the Company through e-mail in future. In this respect members are hereby requested to convey their consent via e-mail on standard request form which is available at the Company website i.e. <u>www.nationalsilk.com</u>. Please ensure that your e-mail has sufficient rights and space available to receive such e-mail which may be larger than 1 MB file in size. Further it is the responsibility of the member to timely update the Share Registrar of any change in the registered e-mail address.

STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

This statement is annexed to the notice of the Sixty eighth Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of The National Silk and Rayon Mills Limited to be held on 27th October 2018 and sets out the material facts concerning the following Special Business to be transacted at the Meeting for approval of shareholders.

Circulation of Annual Report through CD/DVD.

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP0 vide SRO No.470(1)/2016 dated May 31, 2016 has allowed listed companies to circulate their Annual Audited Accounts (i.e. the annual balance sheet and profit and loss account, auditor's report and director's report) to its members through CD/DVD at their registered addresses instead of sending them in hard copies, subject to approval obtained from shareholders in General Meeting,. Accordingly, approval is hereby sought from members of the Company to comply with the requirements of said SRO vide an ordinary resolution.

Subject to the approval of resolution in the AGM, the company will circulate its annual accounts in future through DV/DVD. However members will have the right to request hard copies free of cost at their registered addresses after submitting the Standard Request Form which shall be made available on Company's website. While members who wish to receive hard copies for all future annual audited accounts shall also require to give their preference in writing.

The Directors of the Company have no direct or indirect interest in this agenda.

Chairmans' Review Report

As required under the Code of Corporate Governance, an annual evaluation of the Board of Directors of The National Silk and Rayon Mills Limited is carried out. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company.

For the financial year ended June 30, 2018, the Board's overall performance and effectiveness has been assessed as satisfactory. Improvement is an ongoing process leading to action plans. The overall assessment as satisfactory is based on an evaluation of integral components, including vision, mission and values; engagement in strategic planning; formulation of policies; monitoring the organization's business activities; monitor financial resource management; effective fiscal oversight; equitable treatment of all employees and efficiency in carrying out the Board's business.

The Board of Directors of the Company received agendas and supporting written material including follow up materials in sufficient time prior to the board and its committee meetings. The board meets frequently enough to adequately discharge its responsibilities. The non-executive and independent directors are equally involved in important decisions.

On behalf of the Board of Directors, I would like to express my special gratitude to all the shareholders for their continued support and encouragement. I would also like to place on record the appreciation for the commendable services rendered by the employees of the Company. I also acknowledge the dedication and commitment of my fellow directors during this year and thank our CEO and his Team for their concerted efforts, focused approach and professional commitment.

Anne Kamer

Amna Kamran Chairman

LAHORE: October 06, 2018

Directors' Report

The Directors of your Company are pleased to present the 68th Annual Report of the Company along with audited financial statements and auditors' report thereon for the year ended 30th June 2018.

The financial performance of your Company during the year ended June 30, 2018 is as follow:

Operating Results:	2018	2017	Percentage
	R u	R u p e e s	
Sales	857.47	821.57	4.37%
Gross profit	77.75	67.25	15.62%
Operating profit	40.10	38.31	4.68%
Profit before tax	36.26	33.86	7.09%
Profit after tax	40.94	16.37	150%
Earning per share	2.63	1.05	150%

During the financial year ended June 30, 2018, the net sale of the company increased to Rupees 857.47 million as compared to Rupees 821.57 million for the last year. Gross profit has increased to Rupees 77.75 million showing and increase of 15.62%. Operating profit has increased to 40.10 million showing the increase 4.68%. Profit before tax increased to 36.26 showing increase of 7.09% and Profit after tax has increased to 40.94 million showing an increase of 150%.

Future Outlook and Challenges:

The company anticipates that the changing economic and political environment in the country will cause further increase in commodity prices and devaluation of the rupee. Subsequent to the year end, the rupee has further devalued by 6.22%. The pressure on margins will further increase due to imposition of duties and levies.

However, we are confident about the future prospects of your Company as the demand of cloth processing has been resilient and is expected to increase further in the years to come. We are also working internally to become more efficient by becoming more cost effective, focusing on energy conservation and expenditure reduction techniques.

Dividend:

The Board of Director's have not recommended dividend for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Debt Obligation:

By the grace of Almighty Allah, despite so many challenges, the Company contains to meet its financial commitments and debt obligation on time.

Contribution to National Exchequer:

Being a responsible citizen, your company made a contribution of Rs.25.250 million to National Exchequer in form of income tax, sales tax, custom duties and excise as compare to Rs.24.100 million during the last year.

Human Resource Management and Employee Relationship:

We strongly believe that our people are our most valuable and essential assets. The Company's policy to retain its people is the best and unmatchable. To continue our legacy of being unparalleled leaders, we put efforts to inspire top talent at all levels & aspire to be a destination of choice. The Company strives to develop its existing employees by keeping them motivated and engaged. Our HR department uses various tools to identify high potential employees and arranges various trainings to further groom them. With the enthusiastic team of high caliber professionals, the management is confident to get the business flourished more within the local as well as international markets. We continue to have a strong focus on structured development of our processes to fulfill our business needs through clearly defined authority matrices, policies procedures and systems.

Reward and recognition will continue to be tied to transparent performance management systems and procedures.

The purpose of employee engagement and welfare activities is to keep employees engaged and motivated. These activities also serve to inspire and develop our people. The Company has permanent welfare strategy for its employees. During the year three persons were selected through random balloting and sent to perform Holy Hajj at the expense of the Company. Medical facilities for workers and first aid are also provided to the employees. There is a Mosque at plant for preying and to learn teaching of Religion. The company encourages and promotes all employees to participate in sports and various extracurricular activities. In this regard, the company arranges cricket tournaments for its employees.

Corporate and Social Responsibility:

Company is fully cognizant of its responsibility towards society and welfare. The company took several initiatives to meet its Corporate Social Responsibility and continued with reasonable financial support for the welfare of its employees, their families, the local community and society at large.

Statutory Auditors of the company:

The present auditors M/s. Amin Mudassar and Company Chartered Accountants, retire and being eligible, have offered themselves for re-appointment. The Audit Committee of the Board has also recommended their re-appointment as Auditors of the company for the year ending June 30, 2019.

Staff retirement benefits

The Company operates a funded contributory provident fund scheme for its employees and contributions based on salaries of the employees, are made to the fund on monthly basis.

Share Price Trend

During the year under review minimum price of share of Rs.10/- each fell up to Rs.25.00 and rose as high as Rs.43.98 and close at Rs.26.25 as on June 30, 2018.

Approval of Vision, Mission, and corporate Strategy by the Board:

Pursuant to the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulation, 2017, the Board of Directors has carefully reviewed and approved the Vision, Mission and Corporate Strategy of the Company. It comprehensively states the ideology with which Company was incorporated. We ensure that our Vision and Mission set the direction for our overall corporate strategy. The entire organization is connected and driven by the purpose and it serves the decision making criterion on our day to day business.

Whistle Blowing Policy

Pursuant to the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulation, 2017, Company is committed to achieve high standards of integrity, ethical value and accountability. Accordingly, whistle blowing policy of the Company is approved by the Board of Directors and placed on the website of the company.

Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance

The requirements of the Code of Corporate Governance set out by Pakistan Stock Exchange in its Listing Regulations relevant for the year ended June 30, 2018 have been adopted by the company and have been duly complied with:-

Statement of Compliance with the best practices of Code of Corporate Governance

The Statement of Compliance with the best practices of Code of Corporate Governance is annexed.

Code of Conduct

The board has adopted the Code of Conduct. All employees are informed of this Code and are required to observe these rules of conduct in relation to customers, suppliers and regulators.

Relations with stakeholders

We are committed to establish mutually beneficial relations with our suppliers, customers and business partners.

CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

In compliance with the Companies Act 2017 and the Code of Corporate Governance, we give below statements on Corporate and Financial Reporting framework:

- These financial statement, prepared by the management of the company, present fairly its state of affairs, the results of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- The company has maintained proper books of account.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements and any departure there from has been adequately disclosed and explained.
- The system of internal control is sound in design and has been effectively implemented. The system is being continuously monitored by internal audit and through other such monitoring procedure. The process of monitoring internal controls will continue as an ongoing process with the objective to further strengthen the controls and bring in improvement in the system.
- There are no significant doubts upon the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of the corporate governance, as listed in the listing regulations.
- Key operating and financial data for the last six years in summarized form is annexed.
- Information about taxes and levies is given in the notes to the financial statements.
- The value of investments and bank balances in respect of staff retirement benefits:

Provident Fund Rs. 7,460,935/-

The value of investment includes accrued profit.

- There have been no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position which have occurred between the end of financial year and the date of annual report.
- The principal risks faced by the Company include tough competition, Rupee devaluation, increasing gas prices and energy costs etc.
- The Company's production has no negative impact on the environment as our plant and operations re complying with international and national environmental standards.
- There are no changes that have occurred during the financial year concerning the nature of the business of the company or any other company in which the company has interest.
- The company has no policy for fixing remuneration package for Non-Executive and Independent Directors as they are not entitled for any remuneration.
- There are no outstanding statutory payments due on account of taxes, levies and charges except as those disclosed in these financial statements.

Board of Director's Meetings:

The Board convened 10 times during the year and attendance of the respective Directors was as under: institutions.

Directors	No. of meetings attended
Sh. Faisal Tauheed	10
Sh. Kashif Tauheed	10

Mrs. Samira Faisal	10
Mrs. Tahira Kashif	10
Mr. Shehzad Ehsan	10
Mrs. Sadia Kamran	08
Mrs. Amna Kamran	10

Leave of absence was granted to the Directors who could not attend the Board meetings.

Board Audit Committee

An audit committee of the Board has been in existence since the enforcement of the Code of Corporate Governance. The audit committee has its terms of reference which were determined by the Board of Directors in accordance with the guidelines provided in the listing regulations and code of corporate governance.

The committee meets at least once every quarter and assists the Board in fulfilling its oversight responsibilities, primarily in reviewing and reporting financial and non-financial information to shareholders, systems of internal control and risk management and the audit process. It has the power to call for information from management and to consult directly with the external auditors as considered appropriate. The Chief Financial Officer regularly attends the Board Audit Committee meeting by invitation to present the accounts. After each meeting, the Chairman of the Committee reports to the Board.

The audit committee comprises of two non-executive directors and one independent director who is also a Chairman.

During the year four (4) meetings of the audit committee were held. The attendance of each member is given hereunder:

Names	No. of meetings attended
Mr. Shehzad Ehsan	4
Mrs. Amna Kamran	4
Mrs. Sadia Kamran	4

Leave of absence was granted to the Directors who could not attend the Board meetings.

Terms of Reference.

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are:-

a) Determination of appropriate measures to safeguard the Company's assets;

b) Review of annual and interim financial statements of the company, prior to their approval by the Board of Directors, focusing on:

- a) Major judgmental areas;
- b) Significant adjustments resulting from ;the audit;
- c) Going concern assumption;
- d) Any changes in accounting policies and practices;
- e) Compliance with applicable accounting standards;
- f) Compliance with these regulations and other statutory and regulatory requirements; and
- g) All related party transactions.

c) Review the preliminary announcements of results prior to the external communication and publication;

d) Facilitating the external audit and discussion with external auditors of major observations arising from interim and final audits and any matter that the auditors may with to highlight (in the absence of management, where necessary);

- e) Review of management letter issued by external auditors and managements response thereto;
- f) Ensuring coordination between the internal and external auditors of the company;

g) Review of the scope and extent of internal audit, audit plan, reporting framework and procedures and ensuring that the internal audit function has adequate resources and is appropriately place within the company;

h) Consideration of major findings of internal investigations of activities characterized by fraud, corruption and abuse of power and management's response thereto;

i) Ascertaining that the internal control systems including financial and operational controls, accounting systems for timely and appropriate recording of purchases and sales, receipts and payments, assets and liabilities and the reporting structure are adequate and effective;

j) Review of the company's statement on internal control systems prior to endorsement by the board of directors and internal audit report;

k) Instituting special projects, value for money studies or other investigations on any matter specified by the board of directors, in consultation with the chief executive officer and to consider remittance of any matter to the external auditors or to any other external body;

1) Determination of compliance with relevant statutory requirement;

m) Monitoring compliance with the these regulations and identification of significant violations thereof;

n) Review of arrangement for staff and management to report to audit committee in confidence, concerns, if any, about actual or potential improprieties in financial and other matters and recommend instituting remedial and mitigating measures;

o) Recommend to the board of directors the appointment of external auditors, their removal, audit fee, the provision of any service permissible to the rendered to the company by the external auditors in addition t audit of its financial statements. The board of directors shall give due consideration to the recommendations of the audit committee and where it acts otherwise it shall record the reasons thereof.

p) Consideration of any other issue or matter as may be assigned by the board of directors.

Human Resource and Remuneration Committee:

In compliance with the requirements of code of corporate governance, the Board of Directors has established this committee comprising three members (including Chairman)' two of whom are non executive directors and one is independent director. Detailed terms of reference of the Committee were duly communicated to the members by the Board. **Terms of Reference.**

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are:-

a) Recommend to the board for consideration and approval a policy framework for determining remuneration of directors (both executive and non-executive directors and members of senior management).

b) Undertaking annually a formal process of evaluation of performance of the board as a whole and its committees either directly or by engaging external independent consultant.

c) Recommending human resource management policies to the board;

d) Recommending to the board the selection, evaluation, development, compensation of chief operating officer, chief financial officer, company secretary and head of internal audit;

e) Consideration and approval on recommendations of chief executive officer on such matters for key management positions who report directly to the chief executive office or chief operating officer;

f) Where human resource and remuneration consultants are appointed, their credentials shall be known by the committee and statement shall be made by them as to whether they have any other connection with the company;

Financial Statements

As required under the listing regulations of stock exchanges the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer present the financial statements, duly endorsed under their respective signatures, for consideration and approval of the board of directors and the board, after consideration and approval, authorize the signing of financial statements for issuance and circulation.

The financial statements of the company have been duly audited by the auditors of the company. Amin Mudassar and Company, Chartered Accountants. Auditors have issued clean audit report on financial statements for the year ended 30th June 2018 and clean

review report on Statement of Code of Corporate Governance and their reports are attached with the financial statements. No material changes in contingencies and commitments, effecting the financial position of your company, have occurred between the end of the financial year to which this balance sheet relates and the date of the directors' report.

Related Party transaction and Transfer Pricing

It is the policy of the company to ensure that all transactions entered with related parties must be at arm's length. The company has fully complied with the best practices of the transfer pricing as contained in the listing regulation of stock exchanges in Pakistan.

Directors' Training Programs:

Two directors of the Company Sh. Faisal Tauheed and Sh. Kashif Tauheed has already acquired the certification under Director Training Program from Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. Three directors of the Company Mr. Shehzad Ehsan, Mrs. Samira Faisal and Mrs. Tahira Kashif acquired the certification from Institute of Cost and Management Accountants during the year June 30, 2018.

Pattern of Shareholding:

The pattern of shareholding in the prescribed form is annexed which also includes the information required under Code of Corporate Governance.

Trading by Directors etc:

Share traded by directors, Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and their spouse and minor children during the year as under:-

Names	No. of Shares Purchased	No. of Shares Sold
Sh. Faisal Tauheed	-	2,500
Mrs. Sadia Kamran	144,573	-
Mr. Shehzad Ehsan	2,500	-
Sh. Mohammad Kashif	191,627	-

Appreciation

We would like to thank all of our staff members for the way they have responded to challenges of the year. Their hard work and commitment is greatly appreciated and is reflected in these results.

We are also thankful for the encouragement and support which we received from our suppliers, shareholders, bankers and financial institutions.

On behalf of the Board

LAHORE: October 06, 2018

Sh. Faisal Tauheed Puri Chief Executive

Sh. Kashif Tauheed Director

Statement of Compliance

with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulation, 2017

For the year ended June 30, 2018

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulation in the following manners:-

1. The total number of directors are seven as per the following:

3

4

- a. Male
- b. Female
- 2. The Composition of Board is as follows:

Independent Director	Mr. Shehzad Ehsan
Other non-executive directors	Mrs. Samira Faisal
	Mrs. Tahira Kashif
	Mrs. Amna Kamran
	Mrs. Sadia Kamran
Executive Directors	Sh. Faisal Tauheed
	Sh. Kashif Tauheed

The independent directors meet the criteria of independence under clause I (b) of the CCG.

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including this company.
- 4. The company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors has formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of director in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. The board arranged orientation course for its directors as and when needed to apprise them of their duties and responsibilities. Five directors undertook the Directors training program and obtained the certificate of Participants by institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and institute of Cost and Management Accounts.
- 10. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 11. No new appointments of CFO, Company Secretary and head of internal Audit were made during the year. Head of Internal Audit possess the requisite qualification and experience. However, the company has forwarded a request to the Commission to accord the approval of continuation of CFO appointed prior to application of these Regulations as the existing CFO does not has academic qualification as prescribed in the regulations. The board has, however, ratified their appointments including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment.

12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:

	Mr. Shehzad Ehsan - Chairman
Audit Committee	Mrs. Amna Kamran- Member
	Mrs. Sadia Kamran - Member

Mr. Shehzad Ehsan has graduate degree in commerce and has ample financial experience.

HR and Remuneration Committee	Mr. Shehzad Ehsan - Chairman
	Mrs. Amna Kamran- Member
	Mrs. Sadia Kamran – Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the committee were as per following:

Audit Committee	4 quarterly meetings
HR and Remuneration Committee	1 annual meeting.

- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function which was duly reviewed and ratified by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the listing regulations and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other material principles enshrined in the CCG have been complied with.

 $On \, behalf of the \, Board$

Sh. Faisal Tauheed Puri Chief Executive Officer

Lahore: October 06, 2018

AMIN, MUDASSAR & CO. Chartered Accountants

Review Report

to the Members on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **The National Silk & Rayon Mills Limited** for the year ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Following instance of non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations was observed which is not stated in Statement of Compliance:

I- No member of the audit committee qualifies as "financially literate".

Based on our review, except for the above instance of non-compliance, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Further, we highlight that the company has forwarded request to the Commission subsequent to the year end for waiver of academic conditions for CFO prescribed in the Regulations as discussed in paragraph 11 of the Statement of Compliance.

Lahore: October 06, 2018

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

4th Floor, IEP Building, 97-B/D-1 Main Boulevard, Gulberg III, Lahore, Pakistan Ph # : +92-42-35717261-62 Fax # : +92-42-35717263 E-mail: amclhr1@brain.net.pk

A MEMBER FIRM OF IAPA - A GLOBAL ASSOCIATION OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTING FIRMS AND GROUPS



AMIN, MUDASSAR & CO. Chartered Accountants

Auditors' Report



To the members of The National Silk & Rayon Mills Limited Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **The National Silk & Rayon Mills Limited**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2018, and the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2018 and of the profit and other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter(s)

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key audit matter(s):

S. Key audit matter(s)

How the matter was addressed in our audit

No.

(i) First time application of third and fourth schedules to the Companies Act, 2017

As referred to in note 3.5.1 to the annexed financial statements, the third and fourth schedules to the Companies Act, 2017 became applicable for the first time for the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

The Companies Act, 2017 (including third and fourth schedules) forms an integral part of the statutory financial reporting frame work as applicable to the Company and amongst others, prescribes the nature and content of disclosures in relation to various elements of the financial statements.

Our audit procedures included the following:

- As referred to in note 3.5.1 to the annexed financial statements, the third and fourth schedules to the Companies Act, 2017 became applicable for the first time for the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.
- Evaluating the results of management's analysis and key decisions taken in respect of the transition, using our knowledge of the relevant requirements of the third and fourth schedules to the Companies Act, 2017 and our understanding of the Company's operations and business.

As part of this transition to the requirements of the said third and fourth schedules, the management performed a gap analysis to identify differences between the previous reporting framework and the current reporting frame work and as a result assessed the amendments (as specified in the said note 3.5.1) relating to disclosures required in the Company's financial statements.

We consider it as a key audit matter in view of the changes require additional significant disclosure for preparation of the financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 due to application of Third and Fourth schedules to the Companies Act, 2017.

(ii) Sales Tax Refund

During the year the company has received outstanding sales tax refund amounting Rs.100.75 million as referred to note no.23.1 to the financial statements of the company.

We consider it as a key audit matter in view of substantial amount of outstanding sales tax refund has been received by the company. Further, it represented significant transaction occurred during the year with reference to the financial position of the company. • ssessing the adequacy and appropriateness of the additional disclosures and changes to the previous disclosures made in the annexed financial statements based on the additional requirements.

Our audit procedures inter-alia included:

- Verification of refund application of relevant period.
- Verification of Sales Tax Payment Orders (RPOs) issued by the Tax Department.
- Tracing the entries in the bank statements in order to ensure that amount of refund as per RPOs has duly been credited in the bank account maintained by the company.
- Tracing of entries in general ledger of sales tax refund receivable in order to ensure that refund amount due has been adjusted accordingly.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material

if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

• Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

• Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

• Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

• Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation. We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Daoud.

Lahore: October 06, 2018

CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS

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A MEMBER FIRM OF IAPA - A GLOBAL ASSOCIATION OF INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTING FIRMS AND GROUPS

Sheet	
Balance	AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

2016 Rupees	716,605,631	747,456,862					2,125,846	49,432,837	59,793,382	34,056,023		10,377,262	6,914	79,351,220	15,111,271	250,254,755		997,711,617
2017 Rupees	715,761,337	736,612,568					1,356,436	29,593,932	50,600,795	33,291,514		16,232,240	6,579	126,888,151	4,978,265	262,947,912		999,560,480
2018 Rupees	698,302,348 20.851.231	719,153,579					3,780,857	51,962,411	61,349,349	7,843,853		22,659,019	7,041	72,658,806	24,439,456	244,700,792		963,854,371
Note	16	-					18	19	20	21	current	s 22		23	24			
ASSETS NON CURRENT ASSETS	Property, plant and equipment	בטווט וניוון מרעיטוא מווע אירעאז וווטווט				CURRENT ASSETS	Stores, spares and loose tools	Stock in trade	Trade debts	Loans and advances	Trade deposits, short term prepayments and current	account balances with statutory authorities	Accrued interest	Due from Government	Cash and bank balances			
2016 Rupees (Restated)	204,000,000	155,531,740 73 183 211	481,279,091 709,994,042	3,476,264	- 23,951,078 23,951,078		105,836,054	1	37,607,168	508,826	664,168	28,227,705	66,703,652	20,742,660	1	260,290,233		997,711,617
2017 Rupees (Restated)	204,000,000	155,531,740 89 555 907	481,279,091 726,366,738		- 18,829,828 18,829,828		116,554,040	410,482	41,942,724	508,826	717,925	36,886,265	57,343,652			254,363,914		999,560,480
2018 Rupees	204,000,000	155,531,740	481,279,091 755,644,782		- 3,790,430 3,790,430		94,054,529	367,284	34,165,931	594,836	572,838	520,089	74,143,652	'	ı	204,419,159		963,854,371
Note	ŝ	9	٢		œ		6		10		11	12	13		14		15	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES shade capital and reserves	Authorised share capital	Issued, subscribed and paid-up share capital	Revaluation surplus on land	DEFERRED INCOME	NON CURRENT LIABILITIES Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease Deferred liabilities	CURRENT LIABILITIES	Trade and other payables	Payable to provident fund	Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances	Unclaimed dividend	Accrued interest and markup	Loan from banking companies	Loan from related parties	Current portion of lease liabilities	Provision for taxation		CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

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CHIEF EXECUTIVE

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

19

Profit and Loss Account

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Sales- net	25	857,472,765	821,570,202
Cost of sales	26	779,718,708	754,317,880
Gross profit		77,754,057	67,252,322
Distribution cost	27	235,337	916,033
Administrative expenses	28	37,291,612	30,691,179
Other operating expenses	29	2,295,803	2,615,942
		39,822,752	34,223,154
		37,931,305	33,029,168
Other income	30	2,164,376	5,283,232
		40,095,681	38,312,400
Finance cost	31	3,838,779	4,454,985
Profit before taxation		36,256,902	33,857,415
Taxation	32	4,686,023	(17,484,719)
Profit after taxation		40,942,925	16,372,696
		R u p e	
Earnings per share - Basic and Diluted	33	2.63	1.05

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Statement of Comprehensive Income FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Profit after taxation	40,942,925	16,372,696
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	-	-
Other comprehensive income-net of taxation	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year-net of tax	40,942,925	16,372,696

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

Hand

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Cash Flow Statement

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Cash generated from operations	А	76,650,633	46,150,246
Taxes paid	1	(13,227,441)	(14,398,676)
Finance cost paid		(3,163,053)	(4,401,228)
Gratuity paid		(4,913,677)	(3,260,505)
Net cash flows from operating activities		55,346,462	24,089,837
L O		, ,	, ,
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Fixed capital expenditure		(4,763,217)	(23,292,328)
Profit on bank deposits		22,993	13,584
Sale proceeds of fixed assets		-	500,000
Net cash flows from investing activities		(4,740,224)	(22,778,744)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Loan from directors		16,800,000	(9,360,000)
Dividend paid during the year		(11,578,871)	-
Repayment of finance lease liabilities		-	(10,742,660)
Net cash flows from financing activities		5,221,129	(20,102,660)
Net Increase/(Decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		55,827,367	(18,791,566)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the Beginning of the Year		(31,908,000)	(13,116,434)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year	В	23,919,367	(31,908,000)

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

DIRECTOR

Notes to the Cash Flow Statement

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

No	2018 te Rupees	2017 Rupees
A - CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		
Profit before taxation	36,256,902	33,857,415
Adjustment of non cash and other items:		
Provision for gratuity Depreciation I6. Profit on disposal of fixed assets Profit on bank deposit Deferred income recognised Finance cost Cash flows before working capital changes EFFECT ON CASH FLOWS OF WORKING CAPITAL CHANGES (Increase)/Decrease in current assets	(23,455) 3,017,966 25,216,717 61,473,619	3,427,917 23,771,954 (135,332) (13,249) (3,476,264) 4,454,985 28,030,011 61,887,426
Stores, spares and loose tools Stocks in trade	(2,424,421) (22,368,479)	769,410 19,838,905
Trade debts	(10,748,554)	9,192,587
Loan and advances	25,447,661	764,509
Trade deposit and short term prepayments Due from Government Increase/(Decrease) in current liabilities	(3,552,713) 54,229,345	(173,904) (47,536,931)
Trade and other payables Payable to provident fund Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances	(17,585,834) (43,198) (7,776,793)	1,408,244 - -
B - CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	15,177,014 76,650,633	(15,737,180) 46,150,246
Cash and bank balances 24	24,439,456	4,978,265
Short term borrowings 12	2 (520,089) 23,919,367	(36,886,265) (31,908,000)

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.





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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Statement of Changes in Equity FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	SHARE CAPITAL	REVENUE RESERVES UN- APPROPRIATED PROFIT	REVALUATION SURPLUS ON LAND	TOTAL
		Rup	e e s	
Balance as at July 01, 2016 - as previously reported	155,531,740	73,183,211	-	228,714,951
Impact of restatement - note-4			481,279,091	481,279,091
Balance as at July 01, 2016 - as restated	155,531,740	73,183,211	481,279,091	709,994,042
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	-	16,372,696	- -	16,372,696 -
Total comprehensive profit	-	16,372,696	-	16,372,696
Balance as at June 30, 2017	155,531,740	89,555,907	481,279,091	726,366,738
Final dividend for the year ended June 30, 2017 declared subsequent to year end	-	(11,664,881)	-	(11,664,881)
Profit for the year Other comprehensive income	-	40,942,925	-	40,942,925
Total comprehensive profit	-	40,942,925	-	40,942,925
Balance as at June 30, 2018	155,531,740	118,833,951	481,279,091	755,644,782

The annexed notes from 1 to 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

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CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Notes to the Financial Statements

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

1 STATUS AND NATURE OF BUSINESS

The Company is a Public Limited Company, incorporated in Pakistan on June 27, 1950 under the repealed Companies Act, 1913. The Company is quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The registered office of the Company is situated at 4th Floor, I.E.P. Building, 97-B/D-1, Gulberg III, Lahore. The factory is located Dhuddiwala, Jaranwala Road, Faisalabad in the province of Punjab. The principal activity of the company is dyeing, bleaching, finishing and embroidery of fabric.

2 SIGNIFICANT TRANSACTIONS AND EVENTS AFFECTING THE COMPANY'S FINANCIAL POSITION AND PERFORMANCE

All significant transactions and events that have affected the Company's statement of financial position and performance during the year have been adequately disclosed in the notes to these financial statements. For a detailed discussion about these significant transactions and events please refer to the Directors' report. However, during the year the company has received sales tax refund amounting Rs. 100.75 million as referred to note no. 23 to the financial statement.

3 BASIS OF PREPARATION

3.1 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

3.2 ACCOUNTING CONVENTION

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as stated hereafter in the relevant accounting policies. Further accrual basis of accounting is followed in the preparation of these financial statements except for cash flow information.

3.3 FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

The financial statements are presented in Pakistani Rupee, which is the company's functional and presentation currency.

3.4 JUDGEMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. In the process of applying the accounting policies, management has made the following estimates and judgments which are significant to the financial statements.

- a) Taxation; and
- b) Useful life of depreciable assets and provision for impairment there against.

3.5 NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND NEW INTERPRETATIONS

3.5.1 Amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations which are effective during the year ended June 30, 2018

The third and fourth schedule to the Companies Act, 2017 became applicable to the Company for the first time for the preparation of these financial statements. The Companies Act, 2017 (including its third and fourth schedule) forms an integral part of the statutory financial reporting framework applicable to the Company and amongst others, prescribes the nature and content of disclosures in relation to various elements of the financial statements. Additional disclosures include but are not limited to, particulars of immovable assets of the Company, change in threshold for identification of executives, additional disclosure requirements for related parties etc.

The other amendments to published standards and interpretations that were mandatory for the Company's financial year ended June 30, 2018 are considered not to be relevant or to have any significant effect on the Company's financial reporting and therefore not disclosed in these financial statements.

3.5.2 New standards, amendments to approved accounting standards and interpretations that are effective for the Company's accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2018

There are certain new standards, amendments to the approved accounting standards and interpretations that will be mandatory for the Company's annual accounting periods beginning on or after July 1, 2018. However, these amendments and interpretations will not have any significant impact on the financial reporting of the Company and, therefore, have not been disclosed in these financial statements. Further during the current year the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (the SECP) has adopted IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments', IFRS 15 'Revenue from Customers' and IFRS 16 'Leases'. IFRS 9 and IFRS 15 are applicable for the Company's financial reporting period beginning on July 1, 2018 while IFRS 16 is applicable for the reporting period beginning on July 1, 2019. At present, the impacts of application of these IFRSs on the Company's future financial statements are being assessed. Further, IFRS 17 'Insurance contracts' is yet to be adopted by the SECP.

3.6 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

3.6.1 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity and recognized at their face value. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, if any.

3.6.2 Assets Subject to Finance Lease

These are stated at the lower of present value of minimum lease payments under the lease agreements and the fair value of the assets. The related obligation of lease are accounted for as liabilities. Financial charges are allocated to accounting periods in a manner so as to provide a constant periodic rate of financial cost on the remaining balance of principal liability for each period.

Depreciation is charged at the rates stated in (note 16) applying reducing balance method to write-off the cost of the asset over its estimated remaining useful life.

Financial charges and depreciation on leased assets are charged to income currently.

3.6.3 Taxation

Current

Company's export sales fall under presumptive tax regime under Section 154 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001. Charge for current taxation other than export is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits, brought forward losses, accelerated depreciation allowances and any minimum limits imposed by the taxation laws.

Deferred

The company accounts for deferred taxation using the liability method on all timing differences which are considered reversible in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilized.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates expected to apply to the period when the related temporary differences reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the reporting date.

3.6.4 Defined Contribution Plan

The Company has ceased the unfunded Gratuity Scheme and introduced defined contribution plan i.e. "Provident Fund" for all its permanent employees effective from July 01, 2016. Equal monthly contribution are made both by the Company and employees at the rate of 8.33 % of the gross salary.

3.6.5 Foreign Currency Translations

Foreign currency transactions are translated into Pak Rupees using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at the rates of exchange prevailing at the reporting date. Foreign exchange gains and losses on translation are included in income currently.

3.6.6 Trade and Other Payables

Liabilities for trade creditors and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the company.

3.6.7 Dividends

Dividend distribution to company's shareholders is recognized as a liability in the period in which dividend is approved by the Company's shareholders.

3.6.8 Contingencies and Commitments

Capital commitments and contingencies, unless those are actual liabilities, are not incorporated in the financial statements.

3.6.9 Provisions

A provision is recognized when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past event; it is probable that an outflow of economic resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation.

3.6.10 Property, Plant and Equipment and Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation except freehold land and capital work-in-progress. Freehold land is stated at revalued amount and capital work-in-progress is stated at cost consisting of expenditure incurred in respect of fixed assets in the course of their construction and installation. Cost of certain plant and machinery consists of historical cost and exchange fluctuations on foreign currency loans utilized for acquisition thereof. Borrowing costs pertaining to erection / construction period are capitalized as part of the historical cost.

Depreciation is charged to income applying reducing balance method to write-off the cost, capitalized exchange fluctuations and borrowing costs over estimated remaining useful life of assets. The useful life and depreciation method are reviewed periodically to ensure that the method and period of depreciation are consistent with the expected pattern of economic benefits from items of fixed assets. Rates of depreciation are stated in (note 16).

Depreciation on additions is charged from the month the asset is available for use while no depreciation is charged in the month in which the asset is disposed off.

The company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment may be impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying values exceed the respective recoverable amount assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in income currently. The recoverable amount is the higher of an assets' fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in the future periods to allocate the assets' revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

Gains/losses on disposal of fixed assets are taken to Profit and Loss Account.

Minor repairs and maintenance are charged to income, as and when incurred. Major renewals and replacements are capitalized and the assets so replaced, if any, other than those kept as stand by, are retired.

3.6.11 Intangible assets

Intangible assets, which are non-monetary assets without physical substance, are recognized at cost, which comprise purchase price, nonrefundable purchase taxes and other directly attributable expenditures relating to their implementation and customization. After initial recognition an intangible asset is carried at cost less accumulated amortization and impairment losses, if any. Intangible assets are amortized from the month, when these assets are available for use, using the straight line method, whereby the cost of the intangible asset is amortized over its estimated useful life over which economic benefits are expected to flow to the Company. The useful life and amortization method is reviewed and adjusted, if appropriate, at each reporting date.

3.6.12 Capital Work in Progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss.

3.6.13 Long Term Deposits and Loans

These are stated at cost which represents the fair value of consideration given.

3.6.14 Inventories

Inventories except for stock in transit are stated at lower of cost or net realizable value.

3.6.15 Stores, Spares and Loose Tools

Useable stores and spares are valued principally at moving average cost, while items considered obsolete are carried at nil value. In transit stores and spares are valued at cost comprising invoice value plus other charges paid thereon.

3.6.16 Stocks in Trade

Cost of raw material is based on weighted average cost.

Cost in relation to work-in-process and finished goods represents the annual average manufacturing cost which consists of prime cost and appropriate production overheads.

Net realizable value signifies the selling price in the ordinary course of business less cost necessary to be incurred to effect such sales.

3.6.17 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts and other receivables are recognised initially at invoice value, which approximates fair value, and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less provision for doubtful debts. A provision for doubtful debts is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all the amount due according to the original terms of the receivable. The provision is recognised in the profit and loss account. When a trade debt is uncollectible, it is written off against the provision. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited to the profit and loss account. Exchange gains and losses arising in respect of trade and other receivables in foreign currency are added to the carrying amount of receivables.

3.6.18 Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and balances with banks. Cash and cash equivalents included in cash flow statement comprise of cash in hand, demand deposits, other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value and short term running finances under mark up arrangements.

3.6.19 Financial Instruments

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, available for sale and held to maturity. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within twelve months, otherwise, they are classified as non- current assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than twelve months after the statement of financial position date, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables comprise loans, advances, deposits and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statement of financial position.

Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose off the investments within twelve months from the statement of financial position date.

Held to maturity

Financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity, where management has the intention and ability to hold till maturity are classified as held to maturity and are stated at amortised cost.

3.6.20 Recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular purchases and sales of investments are recognised on trade-date; the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in the profit and loss account. Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables and held to maturity investments are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the profit and loss account in the period in which they arise. Dividend income from financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in the profit and loss account as part of other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in other comprehensive income. When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the profit and loss account as gains and losses from investment securities. Interest on available -for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the profit and loss account. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the profit and loss account when the company's right to receive payments is established.

The fair values of quoted investments are based on current prices. If the market for a financial asset is not active (and for unlisted securities), the Company measures the investments at cost less impairment in value, if any. The Company assesses at each statement of financial position date whether there is an objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. If any such evidence exists for available for sale financial assets, the cumulative loss is removed from equity and recognised in the profit and loss account. Impairment losses recognised in the profit and loss account on equity instruments are not reversed through the profit and loss account. Impairment testing of trade debts and other receivables is described in note 3.6.17

3.6.21 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in respective carrying amounts is recognised in the profit and loss account.

3.6.22 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the financial statements only when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amount and the Company intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously.

3.6.23 Impairment

The carrying amounts of the company's assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated and impairment losses are recognized in the profit and loss account.

3.6.24 Revenue Recognition:

- Processing charges are recorded when goods are delivered to customers and invoices raised.
- Export sales are booked on shipment basis.
- Other sales are recorded when significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the customers which coincides with dispatch of goods to customers.
- Interest income is recognized on time proportion basis using effective interest rates.
- Other revenues are recorded, as and when due, on accrual basis.

3.6.25 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. All other borrowing costs are charged to income in the period of incurrence.

3.6.26 Basic and diluted earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted earnings per share (EPS) for its shareholders. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, if any.

4 CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING POLICY

The specific provision / section in the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 relating to the surplus on revaluation of fixed assets has not been carried forward in the Companies Act, 2017. Previously, section 235 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 specified the accounting treatment and presentation of the surplus on revaluation of fixed assets, which was not in accordance with the IFRS requirements. Accordingly, in accordance with the requirements of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 16, Property, Plant and Equipment, surplus on revaluation of fixed assets would now be presented under equity.

Following the application of IAS 16, the Company's accounting policy for surplus on revaluation of land stands amended as follows:

Increases in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in revaluation surplus in shareholders' equity. To the extent that increase reverses a decrease previously recognised in the statement of profit or loss, the increase is first recognised in the statement of profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset; all other decreases are charged to the statement of profit or loss.

The change in accounting policy has been accounted for retrospectively in accordance with the requirements of IAS 8 'Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors' and comparative figures have been restated.

The effect of change in accounting policy is summarised below:

		As at June 30, 201	17		As at June 30, 2016	
	As previously reported	As re-stated	Re-statement	As previously reported	As re-stated	Re-statement
Effect on statement of finan	icial position			-•F - • •		
Surplus on revaluation of land Share capital and reserves	d 481,279,091	481,279,091	(481,279,091) 481,279,091	481,279,091	481,279,091	(481,279,091) 481,279,091
Effect on statement of chan	ges in equity					
Revaluation surplus on land		481,279,091	481,279,091		481,279,091	481,279,091
					As at June 30, 2017	
				As previously reported	As re-stated	Re-statement
Effect on statement of comp	orehensive income	,			.1	
Gain on revaluation of land a	e			-		
There was no cash flow impa	ict as a result of the	retrospective app	lication of change in	accounting policy.	2018	2017
AUTHORIZED SHARE CA 20,000,000 (2017: 20,000,0		nary shares		Note	Rupees	Rupees
of Rs. 10 each 400,000 (2017: 400,000)	B - Class Ordin	nary shares			200,000,000	200,000,000
of Rs. 10 each					4,000,000	4,000,000
					204,000,000	204,000,000
					2018	2017
ICCUED CURCEDIDED A					Rupees	Rupees
ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AN Issued for Cash	ND PAID-UP SHA	RE CAPITAL				
15,051,267 (2017: 15,051,2	267) A - Class Ord	inary Shares				
of Rs. 10 each		, see a s			150,512,670	150,512,670
320,100 (2017: 320,100)	B - Class Ordi	nary Shares				
of Rs. 10 each					3,201,000	3,201,000
					153,713,670	153,713,670
Issued as Bonus Shares 181,807 (2017: 181,807) O	rdinary Shares of F	Rs. 10 each			1,818,070	1,818,070
					155,531,740	155,531,740

7 SURPLUS ON REVALUATION OF LAND

5

6

The Company had revalued its freehold Land during the year 2000. The revaluation exercise was carried-out by M/s Iqbal Malik and company, Surveyors-Assessors Consultants, Multan resulting in surplus of Rs.49,379,091 over book value. This has been credited to surplus on revaluation of fixed assets. Thereafter, the company again revalued its freehold Land on June 27, 2012 and June 28, 2016. The revaluation exercises had been carried out by an independent valuer M/s Material & Design Services (Pvt) Limited, Faisalabad based on market value resulting in surplus of Rs.126,950,000 and Rs. 304,950,000 respectively. Based on the latest revaluation report, the forced sale value of the above said land was amounting Rs. 409.275 million.

8	DEFE	ERRED LIABILITIES	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
		Deferred taxation	8.1	3,790,430	18,829,828
	8.1	Deferred Taxation This is composed of the following:			
		Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences arising in respect of:		14 (47 150	21 520 652
		Accelerated tax depreciation		14,647,159	21,520,653 21,520,653
		Deferred tax asset on deductable temporary differences arising in respect of:		14,047,155	21,520,055
		Deferred debits arising in respect of staff gratuity		(1,263,184)	(2,690,825)
		Turnover tax available for carry forward		(15,989,242)	-
		Deferred tax asset not recognised on turnover tax		6,395,697	-
				(10,856,729)	(2,690,825)
				3,790,430	18,829,828
		Balance as at July 01,		18,829,828	10,062,711
		Add: Charge / (Reversal) during the year to:			
		Profit and loss account		(15,039,398)	8,767,117
		Other comprehensive income		-	-
				(15,039,398)	8,767,117
				3,790,430	18,829,828
		TI 10 1/ D 1000 040 11 1			

8.2 The deferred tax assets amounting Rs. 15,989,242 mainly owing to minimum tax, are recognised in these financial statements only to the extent of 60 %, as it is not probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to utilise the remaining assets i.e. tax credits in the foreseeable future.

		Note	2018	2017 Bunnada
9	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Sundry creditors		74,123,248	59,090,923
	Letter of credit and other payable		7,831,903	41,133,674
	Tax deducted at source payable Sales tax payable		521,641 508,000	259,022 225,264
	Staff gratuity payable	9.1	9,142,102	14,055,779
	Workers' (Profit) Participation Fund	9.1	1,927,635	1,789,378
	workers (110hr) i anteipation i and).2		
	9.1 Staff gratuity payable		94,054,529	116,554,040
	Balance as at July 01,		14,055,779	13,888,367
	Charge to profit and loss account		-	3,427,917
			14,055,779	17,316,284
	Less: Payments during the Year		(4,913,677)	(3,260,505)
			9,142,102	14,055,779
	9.2 Workers' (Profit) Participation Fund			<u></u>
	Balance as at July 01,		1,789,378	1,732,769
	Add: Interest charged for year		161,044	155,949
	Less: Payments during the Year		1,950,422 1,950,422	1,888,718 1,888,718
	Less. Layments during the real		1,930,422	1,000,710
	Allocation for the year		1,927,635	1,789,378
			1,927,635	1,789,378
10	DEPOSITS, ACCRUED LIABILITIES AND ADVANCES			
	Accrued expenses		16,181,663	12,346,456
	Advance from customers		17,984,268	29,596,268
			34,165,931	41,942,724
11	ACCRUED INTEREST AND MARK UP			41,942,724
	Mark up on short term finances- Secured		572,838	717,925
12	LOAN FROM BANKING COMPANIES			
	Cash finance	12.1	419,732	29,956,758
	Running finance	12.1	100,357	6,929,507
	Running manee	14.4		<u> </u>
			520,089	36,886,265

- 12.1 This facility has been obtained from National Bank of Pakistan with sanctioned limit of Rs.30.00 million (2017: Rs.30.00 million) for working capital. This is secured against hypothecation of stock and receivables etc, 1st charge of Rs. 175 (M) by way of hypothecation on present and future current assets of the company, 1st charge of Rs. 175 (M) on present and future fixed assets of company, Token registered mortgage of Rs. 1 (M) on fixed assets of the company and personal gurantee of all directors of company. This carries markup @ 3 months KIBOR(Average Ask Side) rate+3.25% per annum (2017: @ 3 months KIBOR(Ask) rate+3.25% per annum) payable on quarterly basis.
- **12.2** This facility has been obtained from The Bank of Punjab with sanctioned limit of Rs.8.00 million (2017: Rs.8.00 million) for working capital. This is secured against hypothecation charge over Company's present and future current assets, mortgage charge over fixed assets and personal properties of two directors and personal guarantees of all directors. This carries markup @ 3 month KIBOR + 3.25% per annum (2017:@ 3 month KIBOR + 3.25% per annum) payable on quarterly basis.
- 12.3 The facilities for opening letters of credit and export bills negotiation as at June 30, 2017 amounting Rs.179 million (2017: Rs.130.00 million) of which the amount under utilized at year end was Rs.27.622 million (2017: under utilized Rs.35.56 million). The company has not availed available FBP&N facility limit of Rs. 5 million during the year.

13 I	LOAN	FROM RELATED PARTIES			2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
		(unsecured and interest free)				
		Loan from Chief Executive and Directors		13.1	74,143,652	57,343,652
	13.1	Loan from Chief Executive and Directors		Aggregate %		
	Sr #	Particulars	Basis of association	of shareholding	2018	2017
				on a chording	Rupees	Rupees
	1	Mr. Faisal Tauheed	Chief Executive Officer	34.56%	17,360,000	13,860,000
	2	Mr. Kashif Tauheed	Director	25.85%	34,660,000	32,060,000
	3	Miss Tahira Kashif	Director	13.26%	22,123,652	11,423,652
					74,143,652	57,343,652

13.2 This represents interest free and unsecured loan obtained from Chief Executive and Directors of the company to meet the working capital requirements of the company. It is being utilized for the said purpose and is payable on demand.

	2018	2017
14 PROVISION FOR TAXATION	Rupees	Rupees
Balance as at 1st July,	-	-
Less: Adjusted during the year	-	
	-	-
Add: Provision for the taxation-current	<u>,362,541</u> 12,362,541	<u>8,237,418</u> 8,237,418
Less: Tax deducted at source / advance tax	(12,362,541)	(8,237,418)
Less. Tax deducted at source / advance tax	(12,302,341)	(0,237,410)

15 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

15.1 Contingencies

- **15.1.1** Counter guarantees by the bank in respect of guarantees issued in the normal course of business for sum of Rs.6.550 million (2017: Rs. 6.550 million).
- **15.1.2** The Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited (SNGPL) had raised a demand amounting Rs.39.805 million (2017: Rs.39.805 million) which has been contested by the Company as unsubstantiated and unjustified. The Company had deposited Rs.28.178 million with SNGPL under protest as referred to note No.21 to the financial statements. SNGPL had constituted a Review Committee to examine and resolve the matter and bring the facts on record. The aforesaid Committee had decided the case against the Company. The Company had filed appeal to Oil & Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA). The Joint Executive Director (OGRA) has decided the case in favor of the Company. However, SNGPL has filed appeal to OGRA for review against the decision of Joint Executive Director (OGRA). OGRA has decided the case against the company. The company had filed writ petition against the decision of the OGRA. The Honorable Court had set asided the decision of OGRA. Thereafter, SNGPL had filed appeal with OGRA. OGRA has decided the appeal filed by SNGPL in favour of the Company. The company has filed writ petition before Hon'able Islamabad High Court for implementation of decision of OGRA. Resultantly, the company has received back amounting Rs. 24.508 million from SNGPL from the aforesaid amount deposited under protest through SNGPL's monthly bills of gas consumed by the company.

15.2 Commitments

15.2.1 Commitments in respect of letters of credit for capital expenditures were amounting Rs.nil (2017: Rs.nil)

15.2.2 Commitments in respect of letters of credit other than for capital expenditures were amounting Rs.33.201 million (2017: Rs. 33.683 million).

						10	OWNED							LEASED			Source of Another Street			
PARTICULARS		Land-Freehold Revaluation		Buildi	Building on Free hold Land	and	Plant and	Pipeline and	Office	Furniture and	Vehicles	TOTAL	Plant and	Vehicles	TOTAL		Plant and P	ipeline and		GRAND TOTAL
	Cost	Surplus	Sub Total	Factory	Residential	Sub Total	Machinery	Electric Fitting	Equipment	FIXURE			Machinery			Building	Machinery	Electric Fitting	TOTAL	
Cost / Revaluation		i						A m o u n t	u n t	I n	Rup	R u p e e s								
Balance as at 01 July. 2016	220.909	481.279.091	481.500.000	22.948.864	104.888	23.053.752	311.671.306	11.241.930	1.991.914	753.590	20.755.749	850.968.241	40.200.000	,	40.200.000	16,681,496		9.564.987	26.246.483	917.414.724
Additions							20,091,666		1,518,375		893,230	22,503,271				789,057		. •	789,057	23,292,328
Transfers				,			40,200,000			•		40,200,000	(40, 200, 000)	,	(40,200,000)			•		'
Disposals								•		•	(707,330)	(707, 330)					•			(707, 330)
Balance as at 30 June 2017	220,909	481,279,091	481,500,000	22,948,864	104,888	23,053,752	371,962,972	11,241,930	3,510,289	753,590	20,941,649	912,964,182				17,470,553		9,564,987	27,035,540	939,999,722
Balance as at 01 July, 2017	220.909	481.279.091	481.500.000	22.948.864	104,888	23.053.752	371.962.972	11.241.930	3.510.289	753.590	20.941.649	912.964.182				17.470.553		9.564.987	27.035.540	939,999.722
Additions							4,696,294			9,150	57,773	4,763,217								4,763,217
Transfers									,											
Disposals																				
Balance as at 30 June 2018	220,909	481,279,091	481,500,000	22,948,864	104,888	23,053,752	376,659,266	11,241,930	3,510,289	762,740	20,999,422	917,727,399				17,470,553		9,564,987	27,035,540	944,762,939
Depreciation																				
Balance as at 01 July, 2016				16,644,837	98,374	16,743,211	158,828,232	7,893,737	1,597,310	690,017	6,875,887	192,628,393	8,180,700		8,180,700					200,809,093
Charge for the year				630,403	326	630,729	16,540,383	334,819	165,991	6,357	2,891,745	20,570,024	3,201,930		3,201,930					23,771,954
Transfers							11,382,630	,				11,382,630	(11,382,630)		(11,382,630)					
On disposals/transfers											(342,662)	(342,662)								(342,662)
Balance as at 30 June 2017				17,275,240	98,700	17,373,940	186,751,245	8,228,556	1,763,301	696,374	9,424,970	224,238,385								224,238,385
Balance as at 01 July, 2017 Chage for the year				17,275,240 567,362	98,700 309	17,373,940 567,671	186,751,245 18,861,786	8,228,556 301,337	1,763,301 174,699	696,374 6,637	9,424,970 2,310,076	224,238,385 22,222,206								224,238,385 22,222,206
Transfers															•					•
Disposals			,		·						,		1							,
Balance as at 30 June 2018				17,842,602	600'66	17,941,611	205,613,031	8,529,893	1,938,000	703,011	11,735,046	246,460,591								246,460,591
Carrying amount-2018	220,909	481,279,091	481,500,000	5,106,262	5,879	5,112,141	171,046,235	2,712,037	1,572,289	59,729	9,264,376	671,266,808				17,470,553		9,564,987	27,035,540	698,302,348
Carrying amount-2017	220,909	481,279,091	481,500,000	5,673,624	6,188	5,679,812	185,211,727	3,013,374	1,746,988	57,216	11,516,679	688,725,797				17,470,553	•	9,564,987	27,035,540	715,761,337
Rates of Depreciation (p.a)				10%	5%		10%	10%	10%	10%	20%		10%	20%						
16.1 The depreciation charged for the year has been allocated as follows:	war has been allocat	ed as follows:		Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees														
Cost of sales				26 28	10,999,985	21,394,759														
Aummananye expenses				-	177'777'7	261,116,2														

Dhuddiwala 16.2 The company has 80.25 kanals of land

21,394,759 2,377,195 23,771,954

16.3 The Company had revalued its freehold Land during the year 2000. The revaluation exercise was carried-out by M/s Iqbal Malik and company, Surveyors-Assessors Consultants, Multan on the basis of replacement cost. Thereafter, the company again revalued its freehold Land on June 27, 2012 and June 28, 2016. The revaluation exercises have been carried out by an independent valuer M/s Material & Design Services (Pvt) Limited, Faisalabad based on market value. Had there been no revaluation of Freehold Land, the carrying amount of the Land as at June 30, 2018 would have been as follows:

Particulars	CostAccumulatedRupeesDepreciation		Carrying Value	
Freehold Land	R U 220,909	U P E E -	S 220,909	
As at June 30, 2018	220,909		220,909	
As at June 30, 2017	220,909		220,909	

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
17	LONG TERM DEPOSITS AND PREPAYMENTS		
	Security deposits	20,851,231	20,851,231
18	STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS		
	Stores	26,719	378,091
	Spares	3,754,138	978,345
		3,780,857	1,356,436
19	STOCK IN TRADE	/	: <u></u>
	Raw material	48,014,832	26,964,629
	Packing material	1,424,204	789,303
	Work in process - Cost of processing done on third party orders	1,357,600	1,030,860
	Finished goods - Cost of processing done on third party orders	1,165,775	809,140
		51,962,411	29,593,932

19.1 These stocks are hypothecated with banks as security against short term finances as indicated in note no.12.

20 TRADE DEBTS

Employees 76,438 499,780 Others 21.1 3,669,907 28,177,979 21.1 Referred to note no.15.1.2 to the financial statements. 7,843,853 33,291,514 22 TRADE DEPOSITS , SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS AND CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES 498,851 513,730 Short term prepayments 498,851 513,730 Immature letters of credit- secured 22.1 5,552,198 1,984,600 Tax deducted at source 16,607,970 13,733,904 22,659,019 16,232,240		Local - Unsecured and considered good by the management	61,349,349	50,600,795
Suppliers of goods 4,097,508 4,613,755 Employees 76,438 499,780 Others 21.1 3,669,907 28,177,979 21.1 Referred to note no.15.1.2 to the financial statements. 7,843,853 33,291,514 22 TRADE DEPOSITS , SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS AND CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES 498,851 513,730 Short term prepayments 498,851 513,730 1,984,600 Tax deducted at source 22,659,019 16,232,240	21 J	LOANS AND ADVANCES		
Employees 76,438 499,780 Others 21.1 3,669,907 28,177,979 21.1 Referred to note no.15.1.2 to the financial statements. 7,843,853 33,291,514 22 TRADE DEPOSITS , SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS AND CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES 498,851 513,730 Short term prepayments 498,851 513,730 Immature letters of credit- secured 22.1 5,552,198 1,984,600 Tax deducted at source 16,607,970 13,733,904 22,659,019 16,232,240		Advances to: (Unsecured but considered good)		
Others 21.1 3,669,907 28,177,975 21.1 Referred to note no.15.1.2 to the financial statements. 7,843,853 33,291,514 22 TRADE DEPOSITS , SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS AND CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES 498,851 513,730 Short term prepayments Immature letters of credit- secured Tax deducted at source 22.1 5,552,198 1,984,600 16,607,970 13,733,904 22,659,019 16,232,240		Suppliers of goods	4,097,508	4,613,755
21.1Referred to note no.15.1.2 to the financial statements.7,843,85333,291,51422TRADE DEPOSITS , SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS AND CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES Short term prepayments Immature letters of credit- secured Tax deducted at source498,851513,73022.15,552,198 16,607,9701,984,60016,607,97013,733,90422,659,01916,232,240			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	499,780
21.1 Referred to note no.15.1.2 to the financial statements. 22 TRADE DEPOSITS, SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS AND CURRENT ACCOUNT BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES Short term prepayments 498,851 Immature letters of credit- secured 22.1 Tax deducted at source 16,607,970 13,733,904 22,659,019 16,232,240		Others 21.1	3,669,907	28,177,979
ACCOUNT BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES Short term prepayments Immature letters of credit- secured Tax deducted at source 22,659,019 16,232,240	2	21.1 Referred to note no.15.1.2 to the financial statements.	7,843,853	33,291,514
Short term prepayments 498,851 513,730 Immature letters of credit- secured 5,552,198 1,984,600 Tax deducted at source 16,607,970 13,733,904 22,659,019 16,232,240	22	FRADE DEPOSITS , SHORT TERM PREPAYMENTS AND CURRENT		
Immature letters of credit- secured 22.1 5,552,198 1,984,606 Tax deducted at source 16,607,970 13,733,904 22,659,019 16,232,240		ACCOUNT BALANCES WITH STATUTORY AUTHORITIES		
Tax deducted at source 16,607,970 13,733,904 22,659,019 16,232,240		Short term prepayments	498,851	513,730
22,659,019 16,232,240		Immature letters of credit- secured 22.1	5,552,198	1,984,606
		Tax deducted at source	16,607,970	13,733,904
22.1 These comprise of opening charges, bank charges and partial payments of cost of documents.			22,659,019	16,232,240
		22.1 These comprise of opening charges, bank charges and partial payments of cost of documents.		
23 DUE FROM GOVERNMENT	23 I	DUE FROM GOVERNMENT		
Sales tax refundable 72,658,806 126,888,151		Sales tax refundable	72,658,806	126,888,151
23.1 During the year company has received sales tax refund amounting Rs. 100.75 million (2017: Rs. Nil).	23.1 I	During the year company has received sales tax refund amounting Rs. 100.75 million (2017: Rs. Nil).		
24 CASH AND BANK BALANCES	24 (CASH AND BANK BALANCES		
Cash in hand 102,865 130,157		Cash in hand	102,865	130,157
Cash with banks in:		Cash with banks in:		
				4,543,108
		Deposit accounts 24.1	· · · · · ·	305,000
				4,848,108
24,439,456 4,978,265			24,439,456	4,978,265

24.1 These are Term Deposit Receipts (TDR) held under lien by National Bank of Pakistan as margin against guarantees issued to Sui Northern Gas Pipe Lines Limited and carry mark up @ 4.50% per annum (2017: @ 4.34% per annum).

25	SALES -net	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	Gross:	Note	Rupces	•
	Exports		-	5,633,954
	Processing receipts		861,395,760	814,451,627
	Others		-	2,136,295
			861,395,760	816,587,922
	Less: sales tax		(3,922,995)	(651,674)
			857,472,765	815,936,248
26			857,472,765	821,570,202
26	COST OF SALES			
	Raw material consumed	26.1	331,992,254	327,081,715
	Salaries, wages and benefits	26.2	69,241,417	65,406,269
	Fuel and power		334,460,485	307,289,479
	Packing material consumed		11,577,098	10,651,329
	Stores and spares consumed		7,642,235	13,282,373
	Oil and greases consumed		1,887,461	2,323,338
	Repair and maintenance		3,601,148	2,422,986
	Depreciation	16.1	19,999,985	21,394,759
	Work in process		780,402,083	749,852,248
	Opening stock		1,030,860	2,919,882
	Closing stock		(1,357,600)	(1,030,860)
		L	(326,740)	1,889,022
			780,075,343	751,741,270
	Finished goods			
	Opening stock		809,140	3,385,750
	Closing stock		(1,165,775)	(809,140)
		-	(356,635)	2,576,610
			779,718,708	754,317,880
	26.1 Raw Material Consumed			
	Balance as at July 01,		26,964,629	42,346,081
	Purchases during the Year		353,042,457	311,700,263
	Available for Consumption		380,007,086	354,046,344
	Less: Balance as at June 30,		48,014,832	26,964,629
			331,992,254	327,081,715
	26.2 Salaries wages and benefits include Rs nil and Rs 1 90	2 382 (2017: Rs. 2 620 776 and Rs 1 2	98 903) in respect of	staff gratuity and

26.2 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. nil and Rs.1,902,382 (2017: Rs. 2,620,776 and Rs.1,298,903) in respect of staff gratuity and provident fund respectively.

27 DISTRIBUTION COSTS

41	DISTRIBUTION COSTS		
	Salaries and benefits	205,337	183,284
	Advertisement and sales promotion expenses	30,000	622,130
	Ocean charges	-	34,336
	Clearing and forwarding charges		76,283
28	ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	235,337	916,033
	Directors' remuneration	11,200,000	8,600,000
	Staff salaries and benefits 28.1	8,417,359	7,823,906
	Rent, rates and taxes	329,689	329,689
	Traveling and conveyance	554,200	526,064
	Electricity	1,132,362	840,383
	Water and sewerage expense	2,892,229	2,654,260
	Communication expenses	891,644	1,015,172
	Printing and stationery	895,914	842,945
	Repair and maintenance	1,237,675	1,066,492
	Vehicle running and maintenance	1,452,271	1,240,928
	Fees and subscriptions	991,389	695,536
	Legal and professional charges	454,000	199,750
	Auditors' remuneration 28.2	675,675	613,500
	Newspapers and periodicals	10,316	11,134
	Entertainment	565,767	693,939
	Insurance	1,047,606	1,072,718
	Zakat deducted at source	13,265	7,625
	Depreciation 16.1	2,222,221	2,377,195
	Miscellaneous 28.3	2,308,030	79,943
		37,291,612	30,691,179

28.1 Staff salaries and benefits includes Rs. nil and Rs.549,588 (2017: Rs. 807,141 and Rs.435,465) in respect of staff gratuity and provident fund respectively.

28.2 Auditors' remuneration

The audit fee and remuneration for other services included in the financial statements is as follows:

	Amin, Mudassar & Co. Chartered Accountant Statutory audit Half yearly review Out of pocket expenses	Sales Tax Act, 1990 amounting Rs. 1,751,410	Note	2018 Rupees 598,500 77,175 - 675,675	2017 Rupees 525,000 73,500 15,000 613,500
29	OTHER OPERATING EXPENSES Workers' (Profit) Participation Fund Workers' welfare fund Exchange loss		(2017. Rs.iii).	1,927,635 368,168	1,789,378 140,760 685,804
30	OTHER INCOME Income from financial assets: Profit on bank deposits Income from non-financial assets:			2,295,803 23,455	2,615,942 13,249
	Sale of scrap Balance written back - net Profit on disposal of fixed assets Deferred income recognised			2,137,500 3,421 -	1,658,387 - 135,332 3,476,264
31	FINANCE COST Markup on: Lease finance Short term borrowings Interest on Workers' (Profit) Participation	on Fund		2,164,376	5,283,232 888,521 2,934,878 155,949 121,800
	Profit on provident fund Bank charges and commission			820,813	131,899 343,738
32	TAXATION Income tax - Current - Prior		14	3,838,779 12,362,541 (2,009,166) 10,353,375	4,454,985 8,237,418 480,184 8,717,602
	Deferred		8.1	(15,039,398) (4,686,023)	8,767,117 17,484,719

32.1 Income tax assessments of the company have been finalized up to the Tax Year 2017 on the basis of income tax return filed as the company did not receive any corresponding from Income Tax Department.

32.2 Assessment of sufficiency of tax provision:

Sufficient tax provision for the current year has been provided in these financial statements.

		2017 Rupees	2016 Rupees	2015 Rupees
Tax provision as per fi	nancial statements	8,237,418	7,158,841	6,773,449
Tax assessment		6,228,252	7,158,841	6,773,449
Excess/(Shortage)		2,009,166	-	-
			2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
32.3 Profit before taxation			36,256,902	-
Tax at applicable rate	30%		10,877,071	-
Tax effect of income t	axable at lower rates		(1,212,634)	-
Tax effect of non-dedu	actible expenses		448,466	-
Tax effect of credits av	vailable		(469,629)	
Tax effect of undistrib	uted profits		2,719,268	
Tax effect of prior yea	rs		(2,009,166)	-
Tax effect of temporar	y differences		(15,039,398)	
			(4.686.023)	-

32.4 No numeric tax rate reconciliation was presented in these financial statements regarding prior year as the company was either liable to pay tax under final tax regime or minimum tax u/s 113 of Income Tax Ordinance 2001.

33 EARNINGS PER SHARE- BASIC AND DILUTED

Profit for the year-Rupees	40,942,925	16,372,696
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year-Numbers	15,553,174	15,553,174
Earnings per share -Rupees	2.63	1.05

34 TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Transactions with related parties have been disclosed in the relevant notes to the financial statements.

35 REMUNERATION TO CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

35.1 The aggregate amount charged in the financial statements for the year for remuneration, including certain benefits to the chief executive, working directors and executive of the company is as follows:

	CHIEF EX	ECUTIVE	DIRE	CTOR	EXEC	CUTIVE
	2018	2017	2018	2017	2018	2017 *
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Basic salary	5,100,000	3,935,933	5,100,000	3,935,933	-	-
Re-imbursable expenses						
	500,000	364,067	500,000	364,067	-	-
	5,600,000	4,300,000	5,600,000	4,300,000	-	-
No. of persons	1	1	1	1	-	

* Comparatives have been amended to reflect changes in the definition of executive as per the Companies Act, 2017. (Gross salary increased from Rs. 0.5 million to Rs. 1.2 million).

35.2 The Chief Executive and Directors are also provided with free use of company maintained cars and residential telephones.

35.3 No remuneration is paid to any other director.

36 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS BY CATEGORY

Financial assets and financial liabilities	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Financial assets		
Loans and receivables		
Long term deposits and prepayments	20,851,231	20,851,231
Trade debts	61,349,349	50,600,795
Accrued interest	7,041	6,579
Due from Government	72,658,806	126,888,151
Cash and bank balances	24,439,456	4,978,265
	179,305,883	203,325,021
Financial liabilities		
Financial liabilities at amortized cost		
Trade and other payables	94,054,529	116,554,040
Payable to provident fund	367,284	410,482
Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances	16,181,663	12,346,456
Unclaimed dividend	594,836	508,826
Accrued interest and markup	572,838	717,925
Loan from banking companies	520,089	36,886,265
Loan from related parties	74,143,652	57,343,652
	186,434,891	224,767,646

37 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

The company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk and interest rate risk). Financial risk management is carried out under risk policies established and approved by the Board of Directors. The management administers all aspects of risk management involving currency and interest rate risk, and cash management, in accordance with the risk policy.

The company's exposure to financial risks, the way these risks affect revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and forecast transactions of the company and the manner in which each of these risks are managed is as follows:

37.1 Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from trade debts, advances and deposits, interest accrued, other receivables and margin on letter of guarantee. The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date is as follows:

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Long term deposits	20,851,231	20,851,231
Trade debts	61,349,349	50,600,795
Loans and advances	7,843,853	33,291,514
Interest accrued	7,041	6,579
Bank balances	24,336,591	4,848,108
	114,388,065	109,598,227
	· /	

Geographically there is no concentration of credit risk.

Credit Quality of Financial Assets

Foreign trade debts are secured against confirmed letter of credit. The company has placed funds in financial institutions keeping in view credit ratings. The company assesses the credit quality of the counter parties as satisfactory. The company does not hold any collateral as security against any of its financial assets except foreign debtors, if any.

The aging of trade debts at the reporting date was:

The uging of flude debis at the repo	ting date was.			Gross	Gross
				2018	2017
				Rupees	Rupees
Upto 1 month				48,624,076	47,208,926
1 to 6 months				12,725,273	3,384,563
More than 6 months				-	7,306
				61,349,349	50,600,795
Cash at banks	Rat	ting	Rating Agency	2018	2017
	Short Term	Long Term		Rup	ees
Habib Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	14,701	35,520
National Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	8,874,339	378,092
Mcb Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	10,678	15,292
Bank Al Habib Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	890,843	81,203
Askari Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	67,702	2,544
The Bank Of Punjab	A1+	AA	PACRA	461,433	7,547
Bank Islami Pakistan					
Limited	A1	A+	PACRA	6,928	6,763
Bank Alflah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	11,335,423	2,479,079
Habib Metropolitan Bank					
Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	463,659	660,872
Meezan Bank Limited	A-1+	AA+	JCR-VIS	1,796,602	758,507
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	362,314	399,169
Summit Bank Limited	A-1	A-	JCR-VIS	50,969	23,520
United Bank Limited	A-1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	1,000	-
				24,336,591	4,848,108

Credit Risk Management

In respect of trade receivables, the company does not have significant concentration of credit risk with a single customer. Formal policies and procedures of credit management and administration of receivables are established and executed. In monitoring customer credit risk, the ageing profile of total receivables balances and individually significant balances, along with collection activities are reported to the Board of Directors on a monthly basis. High risk customers are identified and restrictions are placed on future trading, including suspending future shipments and administering dispatches on a prepayment basis of confirmed letters of credit. These actions are also reported to the Board on a monthly basis.

37.2 Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation. The following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including expected interest payments and excluding the impact of netting agreements:

		2	2018	
	Carrying Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	Maturity up to one year	Maturity after one year
	R	u p	e e	S
Trade and other payables	94,054,529	94,054,529	94,054,529	-
Payable to provident fund	367,284	367,284	367,284	-
Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances	34,165,931	34,165,931	34,165,931	-
Unclaimed dividend	594,836	594,836	594,836	-
Accrued interest and markup	572,838	572,838	572,838	-
Loan from banking companies	520,089	520,089	520,089	-
Loan from related parties	74,143,652	74,143,652	74,143,652	-
	204,419,159	204,419,159	204,419,159	_
		2	2017	
	Carrying Amount	2 Contractual Cash Flows	017 Maturity upto one year	Maturity after one year
		Contractual	Maturity upto	
Trade and other payables	Amount	Contractual Cash Flows	Maturity upto one year	one year
Trade and other payables Payable to provident fund	Amount	Contractual Cash Flows u p	Maturity upto one year e e	one year
1 2	Amount R 116,554,040	Contractual Cash Flows u p 116,554,040	Maturity upto one year e e 116,554,040	one year
Payable to provident fund	Amount R 116,554,040 410,482	Contractual Cash Flows u p 116,554,040 410,482	Maturity upto one year e e 116,554,040 410,482	one year
Payable to provident fund Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances	Amount R 116,554,040 410,482 41,942,724	Contractual Cash Flows u p 116,554,040 410,482 41,942,724	Maturity upto one year e e 116,554,040 410,482 41,942,724 41,942,724	one year
Payable to provident fund Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances Unclaimed dividend	Amount R 116,554,040 410,482 41,942,724 508,826	Contractual Cash Flows u p 116,554,040 410,482 41,942,724 508,826	Maturity upto one year e e 116,554,040 410,482 41,942,724 508,826	one year
Payable to provident fund Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances Unclaimed dividend Accrued interest and markup	Amount R 116,554,040 410,482 41,942,724 508,826 717,925	Contractual Cash Flows u p 116,554,040 410,482 41,942,724 508,826 717,925	Maturity upto one year e e 116,554,040 410,482 41,942,724 508,826 717,925 717,925	one year

Liquidity Risk Management

The company's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the company's reputation.

The company monitors cash flow requirements and produces cash flow projections for the short and long term. Typically, the company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational cash flows, including serving of financial obligations. This includes maintenance of liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customer. Further, the company has the support of its sponsors in respect of any liquidity shortfalls.

37.3 Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices such as foreign exchange rates, interest rates and equity prices will affect the company's net profit or the fair value of its financial instruments. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing return.

37.3.1 Currency Risk

The company is exposed to currency risk in respect of export sales, imports and resulting balances that are denominated in a currency other than functional currency. The company's exposure to currency risk as at the reporting date is as follows:

	20)18	20	17
	Rupees	U.S.,Chf \$ & Euro	Rupees	U.S. \$
Letter of credit and other payable	7,766,903	58,342	41,121,314	391,632
	7,766,903	58,342	41,121,314	391,632
The following significant exchange rates have been applied	d:		Reporting	date rate
			2018	2017
U.S. Dollar to Rupee			121.60	105.0
EURO to Rupee			141.57	-
CHF Dollar to Rupee			122.32	-

Sensitivity analysis

At June 30, 2018, if Rupee had strengthened / weakened by 10% against U.S. Dollar with all other variables held constant, profit before taxation for the year would have been higher / (lower) by the amount shown below mainly as a result of foreign exchange gain / (loss) on translation of denominated financial liabilities and financial assets.

Effect on profit before taxation for the year:	2018	2017
	R u p	e e s
U.S. Dollar to Rupee	776,690	4,112,131

The sensitivity analysis prepared is not necessarily indicative of the effects on profit for the year and assets and liabilities of the Company.

Foreign Currency Risk Management

Foreign currency risk arises mainly due to fluctuation in foreign exchange rates. The company also has transactional currency exposure. Such exposure arises from sales and purchases of certain materials by the company in currencies other than rupees. In appropriate cases, the management takes out forward contacts to mitigate risk where it is necessary.

37.3.2 Interest Rate Risk

The company is exposed to interest rate risk in respect of its variable rate instruments. A 100 basis points increase in variable interest rates would have decreased profit by Rs.2,151 (2017: decreased profit by Rs.365,813). A 100 basis points decrease in variable interest rate would have had an equal but opposite impact on profit. This sensitivity analysis is based on assumption that all variables, with the exception of interest rates, remain unchanged.

The effective interest / mark-up rates in respect of financial instruments are mentioned in respective notes to the financial statements.

37.3.3 Price Risk

The company is not exposed to any price risk as it does not hold any significant investments exposed to price risk.

37.4 Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction in the principal (or most advantageous) market at the measurement date under current market conditions (i.e. an exit price) regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

Underlying the definition of fair value is the presumption that the Company is a going concern without any intention or requirement to curtail materially the scale of its operations or to undertake a transaction on adverse terms.

The estimated fair value of all financial assets and liabilities is considered not significantly different from book values as the items are either short - term in nature or periodically repriced.

International Financial Reporting Standard 13, 'Financial Instruments : Disclosure' requires the company to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1)
- inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices) (level 2); and
- inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs) (level 3).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety shall be determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety.

Currently there are no financial assets or financial liabilities which are measured at their fair value.

37.4.1 Certain categories of operating fixed assets (leasehold land and buildings on leasehold land) are carried at revalued amounts (level 2 measurement) determined by a professional valuer based on their assessment of the market values as disclosed in note 16 to these financial statements.

37.5 Capital risk management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Company's ability to remain as a going concern and continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital. The Company is currently financing majority of its operations through short-term financing in addition to its equity. Total capital is calculated as equity as shown in the statement of financial position plus total debt. Total debts includes loan from banking companies and loan from related parties.

and four fouried paraes.	2018	2017
	R u p	e e s
Total borrowings	74,663,741	94,229,917
Total equity	830,308,523	820,596,655
	904,972,264	914,826,571
Gearing ratio	8%	10%

38 VARIATION OF SHAREHOLDERS RIGHTS

Shareholder of B-class shares will not participate in dividends unless a minimum 10 % of dividend is paid to shareholders of A-class shares and will not exercise voting rights except when the management is found to be inefficient and debt servicing by the company becomes unsatisfactory.

39 PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

-		2018	2017
	Cloth Processing		
	Rated capacity (meters)	57,600,000	57,600,000
	Actual processing (meters)	33,102,772	34,176,404
	Percentage	57.47%	59.33%
	Embroidery Processing		
	Rated capacity (meters)	7,377,857	7,095,600
	Actual processing (meters)	6,095,284	4,589,658
	Percentage of utilization of rated capacity	82.62%	64.68%
	No. of working days	313	313

Under utilization of available capacity is due to different mélange of cloth and stitches per meter of embroidery cloth available for processing and unsustained supply of electricity and sui gas.

The National Silk & Rayon Mills Ltd.

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40 **PROVIDENT FUND RELATED DISCLOSURE** Unaudited The following information are based on latest un-audited financial statements of the Fund: 2018 2017 ---- R u p e e s -----Size of the fund-Total assets 7,828,220 3,600,634 Cost of investment made 7,460,936 3,190,152 Percentage of investment made 95% 89% Fair value of investment 7,460,936 3.190.152.00 40.1 The breakup of fair value of investment is: 2018 2017 % % Rupees Rupees 7,460,936 3,190,152

The investments in collection investment scheme, listed equity and listed debt securities out of provident fund have been made in 40.2 accordance with the provisions of the Section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and condition specified there in.

100%

During the year, the Company has made contribution amounting Rs. 2,451,970 to the provident fund trust and Rs. nil (2017: Rs. 131,899) 40.3 in respect of profit on unpaid balance.

41 OPERATING SEGMENT

Musharaka Saving Account

- These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment. 41.1
- 41.2 All non-current assets of the company as at June 30, 2018 are located in Pakistan.

42 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Amount due to and from related parties are disclosed in the relevant notes. However, amount received during the year from the related party was Rs.16,800,000. (2017: Rs.22,755,000).

Transactions and amounts due to/from related parties are shown in the relevant notes to the financial statements except the followings:

		2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	Loan received from Mr. Faisal Tauheed, Chief Executive of the company	3,500,000	4,180,000
	Loan received from Mrs. Tahira Kashif, Director of the company	10,700,000	6,700,000
	Loan received from Mr. Kashif Tauheed, Director of the company	2,600,000	11,875,000
	Loan repaid to Mrs. Tahira Kashif, Director of the company	-	32,115,000
3	NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES	2018	2017
	The detail of number of employees are as follows:	(N u n	1 b e r)
	Average number of employees during the year		
	Factory employees	314	314
	Other employees	31	30
		345	344
	Number of employees as at June 30,		
	Factory employees	312	323
	Other employees	30	30
	DATE OF A UTHODICATION FOR IGOUE	342	353
۰.	DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE		

44 DATE OF AUTHORISATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements have been authorized for issue on October 6, 2018 by the board of directors of the company.

CORRESPONDING FIGURES 45

Corresponding figures have been rearranged/reclassified wherever needed for the purpose of better presentation, however, there were no material rearrangements except as mentioned below:

Reclassification from statement of financial position	Reclassification to statement of financial position	Rupees
Trade and other payables	Payable to provident fund	410,482
Trade and other payables	Deposits, accrued liabilities and advances	41,942,724
Trade and other payables	Unclaimed dividend	508,826
Short term borrowings	Loan from banking companies	36,886,265
Short term borrowings	Loan from related parties	57,343,652

GENERAL 46

43

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest of rupee unless otherwise stated.



Hand

100%

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

DIRECTOR

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Pattern of Shareholding as at June 30, 2018

	iber of		From	То			Shares held	
share	holder					Physical	CDC	Total
Physical	CDC	Total						
213	138	351	1	100		9,349	2,654	12,003
101	46	147	101	500		25,656	16,438	42,094
28	18	46	501	1,000		20,495	15,578	36,073
20	18	38	1,001	5,000		37,812	34,901	72,713
1	1	2	5,001	10,000		9,680	6,100	15,780
1	1	2	10,001	15,000		10,900	13,049	23,949
-	0	-	25,001	35,000			-	-
1	1	2	40,001	45,000		40,776	41,000	81,776
0	1	1	50,001	55,000		,	53,100	53,100
2		2	100,001	110,000		211,698	,	211,698
1		1	200,001	250,000		233,055		233,055
3		3	300,001	350,000		1,050,000		1,050,000
1		1	1,450,001	1,500,000		1,479,144		1,479,144
1		1	2,000,001	2,100,000		2,061,639		2,061,639
1		1	2,300,001	2,400,000		2,304,588	F 000 000	2,304,588
0	2	2	2,400,001	2,500,000			5,000,000	5,000,000
1		1	2,800,001	2,900,000		2,875,562		2,875,562
376	226	602				10,370,354	5,182,820	15,553,174
			Categories of Shareholders		Number		Number of	Percentage
							Shareholders	share held
		 ii Sh. Kashif Taul iii Sh. Tauheed El iv Mst. Shahida Taul v Mst. Saima Sha vi Mst. Amna Kar vii Mst. Sadia Kan viii Mst. Samira Fa ix Mst. Tahira Kar xii Mr. Shehzad El xiii Sh. Mustafa Tar xiii Sh. Mahad Kas 	lahi Puri auheed hid mran isal shif isan uheed		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2		4,020,144 107,500 115,098 350,000 350,000 2,304,588 2,061,639 2,500 40,776 233,055 15,308,362	25.85 0.69 0.74 2.25 2.25 14.82 13.26 0.02 0.26 1.50 98.43
		Executives	nies Undertaking & Polated Parties		-		-	-
		Associated Compa Investment Corpor	nies, Undertaking & Related Parties		-		- 900	0.01
		Mutual Funds	auon di 1 akistan		1		900	0.01
			Elle Takeful Dension Funds		-		-	-
			FI's, Takaful, Pension Funds		-		-	-
	8.	Insurance Compar			1		59,200	0.38
			anies, Corporate Bodies, Trust etc.		5		5,000	0.03
	9.	-			570		179,592	1.15
	9. 10.	General Public			579			
	9. 10.	-			4		120	
	9. 10. 11.	General Public						
	9. 10. 11. GRAN	General Public Others D TOTAL			4		120	
	9. 10. 11. GRAN	General Public Others D TOTAL olders more than 5	0		<u>4</u> 602		120 15,553,174	100
	9. 10. 11. GRAN	General Public Others D TOTAL	0		<u>4</u> 602		120 15,553,174 5,373,062	0.00 100 34.55
	9. 10. 11. GRAN Shareh	General Public Others D TOTAL olders more than 5	eed Puri		<u>4</u> 602		120 15,553,174	100 34.55 25.85
	9. 10. 11. GRAN Shareh	General Public Others D TOTAL olders more than 5 i Sh. Faisal Tauh	eed Puri need Puri		<u>4</u> 602		120 15,553,174 5,373,062	34.55

Summary of Last Six Years Financial Results

Description	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Turnover	857,472,765	821,570,202	709,705,001	671,950,183	588,619,243	522,512,061
Gross Profit	77,754,057	67,252,322	63,450,193	59,396,192	49,380,110	39,790,051
Operating Profit (Loss)	40,095,681	38,312,400	38,907,013	37,638,441	26,343,892	20,524,794
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	36,256,902	33,857,415	32,803,364	28,542,683	21,632,410	15,585,123
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	40,942,925	16,372,696	34,599,550	13,024,443	8,980,538	7,831,660
Balance Sheet						
Shareholders equity	155,531,740	155,531,740	155,531,740	155,531,740	155,531,740	11,109,410
Unappropriated profit/(loss)	118,833,951	89,555,907	73,183,211	38,561,081	25,021,743	18,969,456
Surplus on revaluation of fixed assets	481,279,091	481,279,091	481,279,091	176,329,091	176,329,091	176,329,091
Tangible fixed assets	698,302,348	715,761,336	716,605,630	387,258,041	355,486,469	330,811,041
Net Current Assets	244,700,792	262,947,912	250,254,755	170,593,735	217,382,847	121,435,908
Earning per share before tax	2.34	2.18	2.11			
Earning per share after tax Share break-up value	2.63	1.05	2.22	0.84	3.88	7.05
Significant Ratios:						
Gross Profit %	9.07	8.19	8.94	8.84	8.39	7.62
Operating profit to sales	4.68	4.66	5.48	5.60	4.48	3.93
Profit before tax to sales	4.23	4.12	4.62	4.25	3.68	2.98
Profit after tax to sales	4.77	1.99	4.88	1.94	1.53	1.50
Return on equity	26.32	10.53	22.25	8.37	5.77	70.50
Current Ratio	1.20	1.03	0.99	1.10	1.34	1.39

جائز ہاوران کے ازالےاوراس میں کمی کے لئے اقدامات شروع کرنے کی سفارش کرنا۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرزکو بیرونی آڈیٹرز کی تقرری،ان کو ہٹانے،آڈٹ فیس،اورآڈٹ اوراس کے مالیاتی بیانات کےعلاوہ بیرونی آڈیٹرز کی جانب س کمپنی کیلئے انجام دی جانے والی سی بھی (い) چائز خدمت کی فراہمی کی سفارش کرنا۔ (ش) سسمی دیگر مسئله یا معامله پرغور کرناجو بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز کی جانب سے تفویض کیا گیا ہو۔ انسانی دسائل دادائیگیوں سے متعلق کمیٹی کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گونٹس کے ضوابط کی پاسداری کرتے ہوئے بورڈ کی جانب سے کمیٹی ہذا کوشکیل دیا گیاہے جو کہ تین ممبران پر شتمل ہے جن میں سے دوممبران غیرانظامی ڈائر کیٹر ہیں جن میں سے ایک چیمر مین ہے جبکہ تیسرام مبرایک آزاد ڈائریکٹر ہے۔ کمیٹی کے ممبران کوان کے کام کی نثرا ئط سے بذریعہ بورڈ با قاعدہ آگاہ کیا جاچا ہے۔ شرائط وضوابط مستميثي كي شرائط ضوابط به بي -(الف) ڈائر یکٹرز (ایگزیکٹواورغیرا یگزیکٹو دونوںاورا نظامیہ کے سینئراراکین) کامعاوظہ طے کرنے کیلیئے ایک پالیسی فریم ورک یرغوروغوض اوراس کی منظوری کیلئے بورڈ کوسفرا شات پیش کرنا۔ براہ راست یا بیرنی آزادکسلٹنٹ (consultant) کے ساتھ کر مجموع طور پر بورڈ کی اور اس کی کمیٹوں کی کارکردگی کی جانچ کے لیے سالا نہ بنیاد پر ایک با قاعدہ لائحہ کل اینانا (_) بورڈ کوافرادی قوت سے متعلق انتظامی پالیسیوں پر سفار شات پیس کرنا۔ (3) بورڈلوچیف آپریٹنگ فیسر، چیف فنانس آفیسر کمپنی سیکرٹری اور داخلی آڈٹ کے سربراہ کے انتخابات، جانچ ہر تی مهماوض (بشمول ریٹائرمنٹ پرادائیگیوں) سے متعلق سفار شات پیش کرنا۔ (,) چيف ايگزيکٹوآ فيسر باچيف آيريٹنگ آ فيسر كوبراہ راست جواب دہ کليدى انتظامىء ہدوداروں سے متعلق السے امور ير، جن كي چيف ايگزيکٹوآ فيسر، غوركر نااوران كى منظورى دينا۔ (,) جہاں بھی (HR & R) کنسٹنٹ حضرات مقرر کئے گئے ہیں، تمیٹی ان کی اسنادد کیھ گی اوران سے ایک بیان لے گی کہ آیاان کا تمپنی کے ساتھ کوئی اور تعلق ہے۔ (,)ڈائر یکٹروں کی لئے تربیتی پروگرام شیخ فیصل توحید اور شیخ کاشف توحید ڈائر یکٹرز نے ٹرینگ ICAP سے پروگرام پہلے ہی کمل کر لیا تھا۔ تین ڈائر کیٹر زمسٹر شہز ادحسان ، مسز سمیر افیصل ، اور مسز طاہر کاشف نے اس سال ICMA سے یروگرام کمل کیاہے۔ ترتيب حصص داري دستاویزات برائے تر تیب صص داری برطابق 30 جون 2018 مطلوبہ زیرتحت کمپنیز آرڈیننس 1984 اورکوڈ آف کاریوریٹ گوزننس ریوٹ ہذا پیش کی جارہی ہے۔ ڈائر یکٹروں، تی ای او، تی ایف اد بمپنی سیکرٹری،اندرونی آڈٹ کے سربراہ اورانے از ابنے بچوں کی جانب سے دوران سال کمپنی کے صص میں مندرجہ ذیل خرید دفر وخت ہوئی ہے۔

<u>بېچ گئے ص</u> ص کی تعداد	خریدے گئ ^{ے ص} ص کی تعداد	نام
2,500	-	شيخ فيصل توحيد
-	144,573	مسز سعد بیکام ان
-	2,500	مسٹرشہز اداحسان
-	19,1627	ش ^{یر} محمدکاشف

اظهارتشكر

ہم تمام حصص داران،صارفین،سپلائروں اور ملاز میں کی جانب سے بھر پورحمایت کوشلیم کرتے ہیں اور تہددل سے ان کے مشکور ہیں۔

ىشخ **ف**يصل توحيد چف ایگزیکٹو اكتوبر2018.06



سلسلے میں نظر ثانی کرنے،اندرونی سسٹم کوئنٹرول کرنے اور رسک مینجینٹ اور آڈٹ کے طریقہ کار پرنظرر کھنے جیسے امور میں معاونت کرتی ہے۔اس سمیٹی کواختیارات حاصل ہیں کہ بیا نظامیہ سے معلومات حاصل کرے اور ضرورت پرنے پر بیرونی آڈیٹروں ہے تھی مشورہ کر سکے۔ مدعو کئے جانے پر چیف فنانشل آفیسر بورڈ آڈت کمیٹی اجلاسوں میں با قاعدہ شرکت کرتا ہے اور ان اجلاسوں میں محاسب سے متعلق امور پر بریفنگ بھی دیتا ہے۔ ہر اجلاس کے بعد کمیٹی کاچئیر مین بورڈ کے سامنے رپورٹ پڑ کرتا ہے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی دوغیر انتظامی ڈائر کیٹروں اور ایک آزادڈ ائر کیٹر پر شتمل ہے، آزادڈ ائر کیٹر بطور چیز میں بھی خدمات سرانجام دیتے ہیں۔

یوں میں ممبران کی حاضر می درج ذیل ہے:	دوران سال آڈٹ کمیٹی کے چار((4منعقد کئے گئے۔ان اجلا
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اجلاس میں حاضری	ڈائر یکٹرز
4	مسٹرشتہزاداحسان
4	مىزآ منەكامران
4	مىزسىعد بىركامران

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاسوں میں شرکت نہ کرنے والے مبران کی رخصت منظور کر لی گئی تھی۔

شرائط وضوابط۔آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی شرائط وضوابط ہی ہیں۔

- (الف) سنمینی کے اثاثہ جات کی حفاظت کیلیئے موذوں اقدامات کاعزم۔
- (ب) بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر کی منظوری یے قبل، تمپنی کے سالانداور عبوری مالیاتی بیانات کا جائزہ جس میں درج ذیل پر توجہ دی
 - (i) فیصلہ سازی کے بڑے شعبے۔
 - (ii) آڈٹ کے نتیج میں قبل ذکر ترمیمی اقدامات۔
 - (iii) منافع بخش ادارے کا تصور۔
 - (iv) اكاۇنىنىڭ پالىيىيوں اورطرز عمل مىں كسى قتىم كى تېدىلياں -
 - ۷) قابل اطلاق مالیاتی معیارات پرعمل درآمد
 - (vi) لىغدىمىينىز (كوڈ آفكار پوريٹ گوزنن) قواعد 2017اور دىگر قانونى *ار*يگوليٹرى تقاضوں پر ممل درآمد ـ
 - (vii) متعلقہ(Related) پارٹیوں سے لین دین کے تمام معاملات۔
 - (5) نتائج کے ابتدائی اعلانات کا کمپنی سے باہر ترسیل اور اشاعت قبل جائزہ۔
- (د) بیرونی آ ڈٹ کو ہولت فراہم کرنااور بیرونی آ ڈیٹرز کے ساتھ عبوراور حتمی آ ڈٹ سے اٹھنےوالے اہم اعتراضات اور کسی بھی ایسے معاملے پر جوآ ڈیٹرزاجا گر کرنا چاہتے ہوں (انتظامیہ کی غیر موجودگی میں جہاں ضروری ہو) تبادلہ خیال کرنا۔
 - (٥) بیرونی آ دیٹرز کی جاری کردہ انتظامیہ کے نام خط اور اس پر انتظامیہ کے جواب کا جائزہ۔
 - (و) سسسمىچنى كےداخلى اور بىرونى آ ڈيٹرز كےدرميان ہم آ ہنگى كويقينى بنانا۔
- (ز) ۔ داخلی آڈٹ پلان،ریورٹنگ کے ڈھانچے اورطریقہ جات کے دائرہ کاراوردائر ^عمل کا جائزہ لینا،اوراس بات کویقینی بنانا کہ داخلی آڈٹ کے کام کے لئے کافی وسائل موجود ہیں اورانہیں کمپنی کے اندرموز وں طور پرفراہم کیا گیا ہے۔
 - (ح) فراڈ، بدعنوانی، اوراغتیارات کے نام جائزہ استعال کی سرگرمیوں کی اندرونی تفتیش سے اہم متائج اوران پرانتظامیہ سے رقمل پرغور۔
- (ط) ساس بات کویقینی بنانا که داخلی کنثر ول کے نظام بشمول مالیاتی اورآ پریشنل کنثر ولز ،خریداروں اورفر وخت ی بروقت اورموز وں ریکارڈ نگ کاا کا دَعْنُگ نظام، وصولیاں اورادائیگیاں، اثاثہ جات اور واجبات ریورٹنگ کا ڈھانچہ موز دں اور موثر ہے۔
 - (ی) بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی توثیق اور داخلی آ ڈٹ رپورٹس سے قبل داخلی کنٹرول کے نظاموں کے بارے میں کمپنی کے بیان کا جائزہ۔
 - (ک) چیف ایگز کیٹوآ فیسر کے مثاورت سے خصوصی منصوبوں ، مالی اسٹیڈیز کی اہمیت یا بورڈ آف ڈ ائر کیٹرز کی جانب سے نشاند ہی کر دہ کسی بھی دیگر معاملے پڑفتیش شروع کر نااور کسی بھی معاملے کی بیرونی آڈیٹرزیا کسی دیگر بیرونی ادار کے تو سیل۔
 - (ل) متعلقة قانوني تقاضون يرمل درآمد کاعزم -
 - (م) لىغدىمىينىز (كودْ آفكار يوريك گورنس) قواعد 2017 پر ممل درآمد كى نگرانى اوران كى نمايا ب خلاف ورزيوں كى نشاند ہى۔
- (ن) 💿 مالیاتی یادیگرامور میں اصل یامکنهٔ غلطیوں کے بارے میں،اگرکوئی تحفظات ہیں توانہیں راز داری میں آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کور پورٹ کرنے کے لئے عملےاور نظامیہ کے لئے گئے انتظامات کا

کاریوریٹ معاشرتی ذمہ داری

کمپنی کے ذمے ٹیکسوں، ڈیوٹیز، لیویز اور دیگر واجبات میں ان واجبات کے علاوہ اورکوئی واجبات مہیں ہیں جنہیں مالیایی دستاویز ات میں بیان کی جاچکا ہے۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کے اجلاس

ں کی حاضری ذیل میں پیش کی جارہی ہے:	حقد کئے گئے،ان اجلاسوں میں متعلقہ ڈ ائر یکٹروا	بورڈ کی جانب سے دوران سال 10 اجلاس من
-------------------------------------	---	---------------------------------------

اجلاس میں حاضری	ڈائریکٹرز
10	ش ^ي خ فيصل تو حير
10	ش ^ن خ کاشف توحید
10	مىزىمىرافيصل
10	مىزطاېرەكاشف
10	شترادا حسان
08	مىزسىدىيكامران
10	مسزآ منه کا مران

اجلاسوں میں شرکت نہ کرنے والے ڈائر یکٹروں کی رخصت منظور کردگ گڑتھی۔ بورڈ آف آ ڈٹ کمیٹی

کوڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنس کے نفاذ کے دن سے ہی آڈٹ کمیٹی برائے بورڈ قائم ہے۔ آڈٹ کے کام کی شرائط کو بورڈ کی جانب سے لسٹنگ قواعداور کوڈ آف گورننس میں مزکور ہدایات کے مطابق طے کیا جاچکاہے۔اس کمیٹی کا اجلاس ہر سہ ماہی میں کم از کم ایک مرتبہ منعقد کمیاجا تاہے۔اور کمیٹی بورڈ کواپنی ذمہ دار یوں کو نبھانے ، بنیا دی طور پر صص داران کو مالیاتی اور غیر مالیاتی معلومات فراہم کرنے کے

The National Silk & Rayon Mills Ltd.

رۇ

دائر يكٹرز كى جائز ہ ريور ٹ

ہمانتہانی سرت کے ساتھ آ کچی کینی کی 86ویں سالاندر پورٹ بمعہآ ڈٹ شدہ مالیاتی دستاویزات اورآ ڈیٹروں کی رپورٹ بابت 30 جون 2018 آ کچی خدمت میں پیش کررہے ہیں۔ صنعتی وکاروباری جائزہ مقامی ٹیکسٹائل اور پروسیسنگ اورائیبر ائیڈری صنعت بمعہآ کچی کمپنی سخت مسابقتی حالات سے دوچارہے آ کچی کمپنی نے کامیابی سے معیار کو برقر اررکھا ہے۔سال کے دوران سیل میں %15.76

فیصداضا فہ کرنے میں کامیاب ہوئی ہے۔گراس پرافٹ بھی بہتر ہواہے۔جو کہ 32.803 ملین سے بڑھ کر 33.857 ملین ہو گیا ہے۔ صنعتی دکاروباری جائزہ

%	2017	2018	
		- !/ //	
4.37%	821.57	857.47	کاروباری سیل
5.62%	67.25	77.75	منافع قبل از کیکس آ پریڈنگ منافع
4.68%	38.31	40.10	آ پر یٹنگ منافع
7.09%	33.86	36.26	ٹیکس سے پہلے منافع
150%	16.37	40.94	منافع بعداذتيك
150%	1.05	2.63	منافع في حصص

سمپنی کی سیل پچھلے سال 821.57 ملین سے بڑھ کر 857.47 ملین ہوگئی ہے۔گراس منافع 77.75 ملین ہے جو کہ پچھلے سال سے 15.62 زیادہ آ پریٹنگ منافع 40.10 ملین ہے جو کہ پچھلے سال سے 4.68% زیادہ ہے۔منافع انکم ٹیکس سے پہلے 36.26 ملین ہے جو کہ پچھلے سال سے 10.0% زیادہ ہے اس طرح منافع بعد از ٹیک 40.94 ملین ہے جو پچھلے سال سے 150% زیادہ ہے۔ مستقبل سے چیلیٹج

سمبن کواندازہ ہے کے ملک کومعاثی اور سیاسی حالات کت پیش نظر قیتوں میں اضافہ ہوگا اورمکنی کرنی پر پریشرآئے گی ۔حال ہی میں ملکی روپے میں 6.22 کی کمی آئی ہے اور منافع میں کمی کا پریشر ہوگا۔ ہمیں پورایقین ہے کہ کمپنی کامستقتبل روثن ہے اور متوقع ہے کہ کپڑے کی پروسینگ اورائیبر اکڈری کی ڈیمانڈ میں اضافہ ہوگا ہم اپنی لاگت کومزید کنٹرول کرنے کی کوشش کررہے ہیں ۔تا کہ مستقتبل میں ہمیں زیادہ سے زیادہ منافع کما ئمیں۔

د يود ند

ڈائر کیٹرنے مالی سال30 جون 2018 کوڈیڈنڈ نہ دینے کی سفارش کی ہے۔ **قومی خزانے میں کنٹری بیوش** آ کچی کمپنی نے ذمہ داری مصوس کرتے ہوئے قومی خزانے میں سیلز ٹیکس ، آئم ٹیکس ، سٹم ڈیوٹی کی مدمیں 25.25 ملین ادا کیے ہیں جبکہ پیچھلے سال 24.10 ملین جمع کروائے تھے۔ ا نسانی و سائل کی مینجینٹ ا ور ملا ز مین کے ساتھ رشتہ

نمائندگی کافارم (پراکسی فارم)

<i>E</i>
دی نیشنل سلک اینڈ ریان ملز کمینڈ کے رکن اور عام شیئر کے حامل کی حیثیت کے ۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔۔
(شیئرز کی تعداد) رجر _ا فولیونمبر
ربسره ويوبر اورر پایی ڈی سی فولیوکا آئی ڈی نمبر
اورذیلی اکاؤنٹ نمبر ۔۔۔۔۔۔۔،۔۔۔،۔۔۔،۔۔۔، اورذیلی اکاؤنٹ نمبر ۔۔۔۔۔۔
کے ۔۔۔۔۔ کوکمپنی کے 88واں سالا نہ عام اجلاس جو ہفتہ، 27 اکتوبر 2018 کوسہ پہر 4 بحے بلیے نگ میں نگوں ہال، 9 سوک سنٹر، جو ہرٹاؤن ،امل ڈی اے آفس ، لا ہور میں منعقد ہوگا میں میرے اہمارے لئے اور میری اہماری طرف سے بحثیت اپنا پراکسی ، ووٹ دینے کے لئے نامز دکرتا ہوں <i>ا</i> کرتے ہیں۔
گواه: 1 دستخط
نام بنام
سی این آگی سی تمبر
نوٹ: پراکسی فارم/نمائندگی فارم کوموٹر ہونے کے لیے سالانہ اجلاس سے کم از کم 48 گھنٹے پہلے موصول ہونا ضروری ہے۔اوراس پر دینخط،ریوینیوٹکٹ اور شہادت ہونا ضروری ہے۔

FORM OF PROXY

Folio No.

I/WE	
2,112	
Of	
Being a member of The National Silk & Rayon Mills Limited h	ereby appoint
(Nam	ne)
Of	
(Another member of the) failing him	
(Nam	
(Ivan	
Of	

(Another member of the Company) to attend, act and vote for me and on my/our behalf at the Sixty eighth Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of The National Silk & Rayon Mills Limited will be held at Blessing Banquet Hall, 9-Civic Centre, Johar Town, LDA Office, Lahore on 27th day of October 2018 at 4.00 p.m. and at any adjournment thereof.

As witness my/our hand(s) this	 day of	2018
	Signature on Revenue Stamp of Correct Value	
	(Signature should agree with the species Signature registered with the Compar	men ny)

Date: _____

NOTE:

Proxy form must be signed across a correct value Revenue Stamp and it should be deposited in the Registered Office of the company not later than 48 hours before time of holding the meeting.



Manufacturer & Exporter of Quality Textric Products

ANNUAL REPORT 2018

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