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# **VISION STATEMENT**

To develop into a leading small venture Islamic Financial Institution that will actively participate in the management of projects in addition to the conventional mode of Modaraba activities.

# **MISSION STATEMENT**

Engage in activities that will maximize return on investment through Shariah mode of financing for Certificate holders of the Modaraba.

# **CORPORATE INFORMATION**

# BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF MODARABA MANAGEMENT COMPANY

Mr. Muneeb Ahmed Dar	Chairman
Mr. Aamir Iftikhar Khan	Chief Executive
Dr. Sardar Ahmad Khan	Director
Mr. Ghazanfar Farrokh	Director
Mr. Muhammad Javed Amin	Director
Mrs. Rukhsana Javed Amin	Director
Mrs. Shahana Javed Amin	Director

# AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Ghazanfar Farrokh	Chairman
Mr. Muneeb Ahmed Dar	Member
Mrs. Shahana Javed Amin	Member

# **CFO & COMPANY SECRETARY**

Mr. Muhammad Arif Hilal

# **LEGAL ADVISOR**

International Legal Services

# SHARIAH ADVISOR

Mufti Muhammad Umar



# AUDITORS OF THE MODARABA

Naveed Zafar Ashfaq Jaffery & Co. Chartered Accountants (Subject to approval of Registrar Modaraba Companies & Modarabas)

## **HR & R COMMITTEE**

Mr. Muneeb Ahmed Dar	Chairman
Mr. Aamir Iftikhar Khan	Member
Mr. Ghazanfar Farrokh	Member

# **BANKERS OF THE MODARABA**

Allied Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited BankIslami Pakistan Limited

## **PRINCIPAL & REGISTERED OFFICE**

50-A, Garden Block, New Garden Town, Lahore - Pakistan Tel: 042-35442735 - 37 Fax: 042-35442738 E-mail: info@fecm.com.pk Web: www.fecm.com.pk

# SHARE REGISTRAR

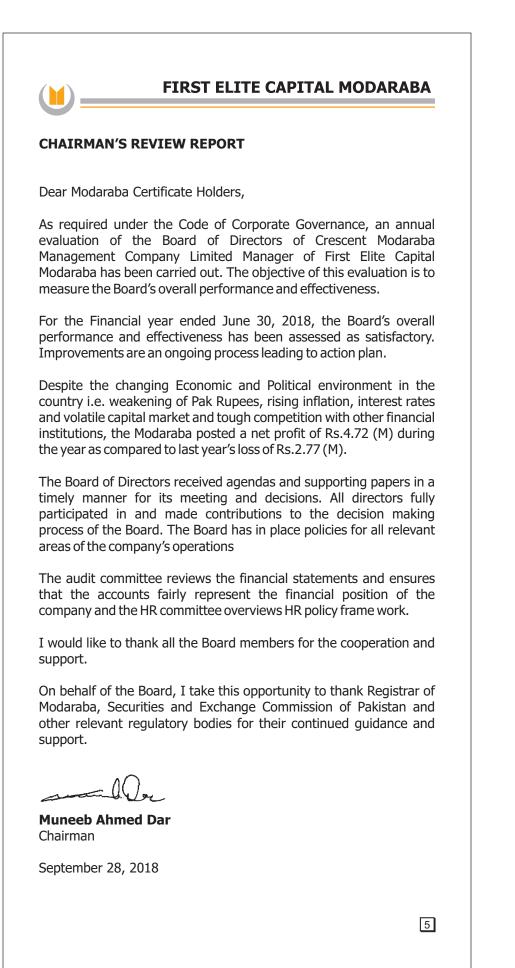
CorpTec Associates (Pvt.) Limited

503-E, Johar Town, Lahore.

Tel: 042-35170336-7

Fax: 042-35170338

E-mail: info@corptec.com.pk



**п** 

#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT TO THE CERTIFICATE HOLDERS**

#### **Valued Certificate Holders**

The Board of Directors of **Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited**, manger of **First Elite Capital Modaraba** presents the 27<sup>th</sup> annual audited accounts of the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Financial Results**

Financial results for the year ended June 30, 2018 are summarized as under:

	June 30, 2018 Rupees	June 30, 2017 Rupees
Total Income of Modaraba	69,305,012	52,203,255
Depreciation of Assets Leased Out Administrative & General Expenses Financial Charges Management Fee Taxation	28,772,755 35,267,605 21,571 524,308 -	27,620,067 26,921,088 15,231 - 414,305
Profit/(Loss) after Taxation	4,718,773	(2,767,436)
Earnings/(Loss) per certificate-basic and diluted	0.42	(0.24)

#### **Profit Distribution**

The Board in its meeting held on September 28, 2018 has approved the distribution of profit of Re.0.30 (3 %) per certificate of Rs.10 each, subject to deduction of Zakat and tax at source where applicable, for the year ended June 30, 2018.

#### **Review of Operations**

During the financial year 2018, your Modaraba registered a net profit of Rs.4,718,773/= against loss of Rs.2,767,436/= in the corresponding period of last year.

During the period under review besides fresh financing to new customers, the management of the Modaraba remained to focus on recovery of classified assets. The Modaraba during the year extended fresh Ijarah facilities amounting to Rs.63,103,000/= to quality customers.

Total revenue of Rs.69,305,012/= as of June 30, 2018 was mostly derived from Ijarah, Murabahah, Investments and reversal of provisions. The expenses of the Modaraba mainly increased due to provisioning of doubtful debts under Murabahah arrangements amounting to Rs.14,097,647/= in pursuant to Prudential Regulations for Modarabas. The Management of the Modaraba has filed recovery suits against most of the defaulting customers and guarantors before the Banking Court, Lahore. Further the Modaraba has also filed a complaint for dishonor of cheque against the officers/Directors of the Company. The Management of the Modaraba is vigorously pursing the cases and is hopefull for positive outcome in future.

In pursuant to Prudential Regulations for Modarabas the Management of the Modaraba has transferred Rs.943,754/= to statutory reserve.

The certificate holders equity of Modaraba stands at Rs.127,945,264/= and the Breakup value of certificate comes to Rs.11.28 as of June 30, 2018.

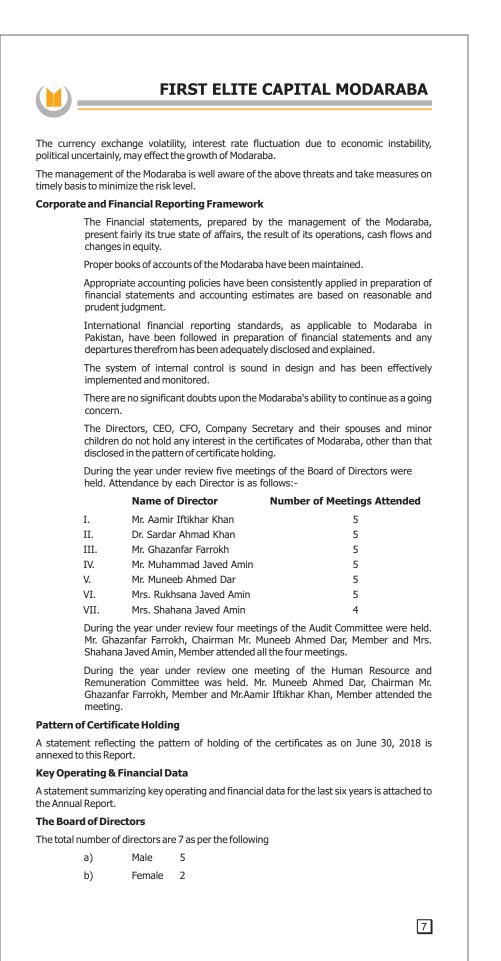
#### ECONOMY

High level of Government borrowings and its repayments, existence of power related circular debt, depleting foreign exchange reserves with constant Pak Rupees devaluation pressure, continuing fiscal slippages, the asymmetrical inflation are the continuing factors that constrained the Pakistan's Economy to recover and grow.

#### **Future Outlook**

In spite of the challenging business environment, the management of the Modaraba will continue to explore new avenues of business besides its core activities to benefit the valued certificate holders.





The composition of board is as follows:

#### Name

- Mr. Muneeb Ahmed Dar
- Mr. Aamir Iftikhar Khan
- Dr. Sardar Ahmad Khan
- Mr. Ghazanfar Farrokh
- Mr. Muhammad Javed Amin
- Mrs.Rukhsana Javed Amin
- Mrs.Shahana Javed Amin

## DIRECTOR'S REMUNERATIN

#### Category

Non-Executive Director Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director Non-Executive Director

Through the Articles of the company, the Board of Directors is authorized to fix remuneration of Non-Executive and independent Directors from time to time. In this regard the board of Directors has developed a Remuneration Policy for Non-Executive and independent Directors of the Company.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

As a corporate social responsibility, we encourage graduates/under graduates to avail paid internships with us so as to enrich their knowledge of the financial sector and to develop their professional career.

#### Auditors

The present auditors M/s Ilyas Saeed & Co. Chartered Accountants are due for retirement and not eligible for reappointment due to compulsory rotation of auditors as required by the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017. Therefore, on the recommendation of the audit committee, the Board of Directors has approved the appointment of M/s Naveed Zafar Ashfaq Jaffery & Co. Chartered Accountants for the year 2018-2019 subject to approval of the Registrar of Modaraba Companies & Modarabas.

#### Acknowledgement

The Board thanks the regulatory authorities for their continuous guidance and co-operation and places on record its appreciation of the services rendered by the staff members for their hard work, dedication and commitment in discharge of their responsibilities in a difficult situation.

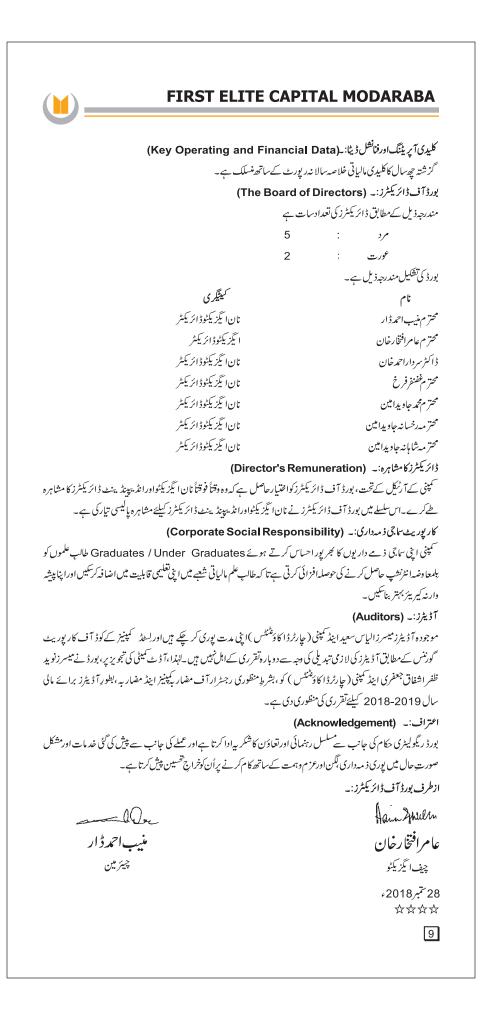
On behalf of the Board

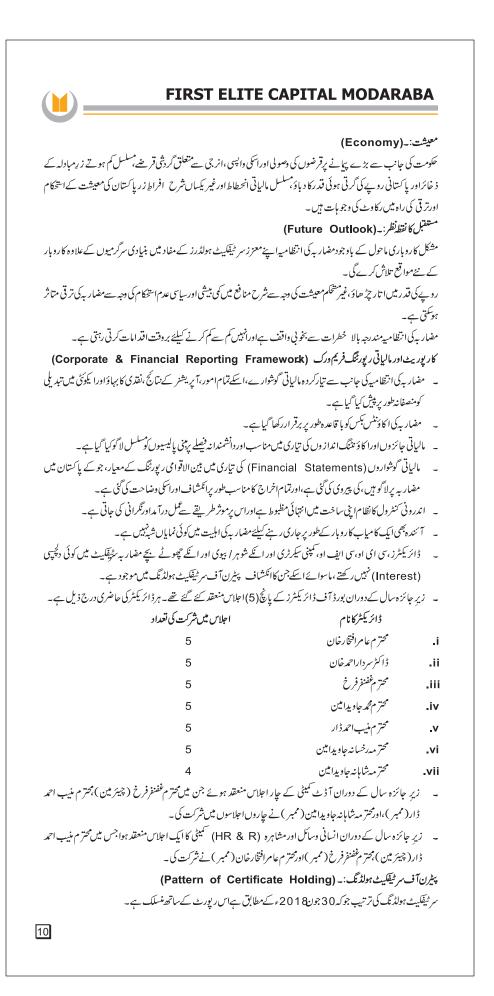
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AAMIR IFTIKHAR KHAN CHIEF EXECUTIVE

Date: September 28, 2018

MUNEEB AHMED DAR CHAIRMAN





#### FIRST ELITE CAPITAL MODARABA ڈائر بکٹرزر پورٹ برائے <sup>س</sup>ر ٹیفکیٹ ہولڈرز معززس شيفكيث بولدرز: ـ فرسٹ ایلیٹ کیپیل مضاربہ زیرا نظام کر سینٹ مضاربہ پنجنٹ کمپنی کمٹیڈ کے بورڈ آف ڈائریکٹرز،مضاربہ کے 30 جون 2018ءکو ختم ہونے والے مالی سال کے سالا نہ ستا ئیسویں (27th) آ ڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس پیش کرتے ہیں۔ مالياتي نتائج:\_(Financial Results) 30 جون 2018 ء کوختم ہونے والے سال کے مختصراً مالیاتی متائج درج ذیل ہیں۔ 30 جون2018ء(روپے) 30 جون2017ء(روپے) مضاربة کی کل آمدن 52,203,255 69,305,012 ليز ڈ آ ؤٹ اثاثوں کی فرسودگی 27,620,067 28,772,755 انتظامي وعمومي اخراحات 26.921.088 35,267,605 مالى اخراجات (فنانشل جارجز) 15,231 21,571 مضاربه کمپنی کی انتظامی فیس -524,308 لىكسىيش 414,305 منافع/(خسارہ)بعداز ٹیکسیشن (2,767,436)4,718,773 . آمدنی/( خسارہ )فی سر ٹیفکیٹ-بنیادیاور خلیل شدہ 0.42 (0.24)

منافع کی تقسیم : (Proft Distribution)

بورڈ نے28 ستمبر2018ء کومنعقدہ اجلاس میں30 جون 2018 ء کوختم شدہ سال کیلئے10 روپے والے سرٹیقلیٹ پر0.30 روپے(3%) فی سر ٹیقلیٹ کے صاب سے نفذ منافع منقسمہ کی منظوری دے دی ہے۔جوز کو ۃ اور ٹیکس کی کٹو تیوں (جہاں لاگو ہوئیں)سے مشروط ہے۔

آپریشنزکاجائزہ :(Reviwe of Operations)

مالیاتی سال 2018ء کے دوران مضاربہ کو-/4,718,773 روپے کا منافع ہوا جبکہ گزشتہ سال ای مدت کے دوران -/2,767,436, 2012ء کے سارہ تھا۔

زیر غور مدت کے دوران مضاربہ کی انتظامیہ نے نئے گا ہوں کوفنانسنگ کے علاوہ اپنی توجی خراب ا ثاثوں کی وصولی پر مرکوز کی۔ اِس سال کے دوران مضاربہ نے معیار کی گا ہوں کو -/000, 103, 103 روپے کی نئی اجارہ فنانسنگ کی۔

0 و جون 1 0 2 ء کی کل آمدن - / 210, 5 0 5, 9 6 رو بے رہی جو کہ اجارہ، مرابحہ ، سرمایہ کاری اور پرووژن کی والیسی (Reversal of Provisions) سے حاصل کی گئی۔ مضاربہ کے اخراجات میں اضافہ کی بنیادی وجہ پروڈنشل (Doubtful کی مضاربہ کے اخراجات میں اضافہ کی بنیادی وجہ پروڈنشل (Doubtful کی پڑو یہ کہ مضاربہ کے اخراجات میں اضافہ کی بنیادی وجہ پروڈنشل (Doubtful کی پڑو یہ کہ مضاربہ کی اخراجات میں اضافہ کی بنیادی وجہ پروڈنشل (Doubtful کی پڑو یہ کہ مضاربہ کی اخراجات میں اضافہ کی بنیادی وجہ پروڈنشل (Doubtful کی پرووی ڈنگ کی مضاربہ کی پڑو کی کہ مضاربہ کی مضاربہ کی مضاربہ کی بنیادی میں مشکوک قرضہ جات (Doubtful کی پڑو یہ کہ والی کی پڑو کی کہ مضاربہ کی پڑو کی مضاربہ کی پڑو کی مضاربہ کی پڑو کی کہ مضاربہ کی مضاربہ کی مضاربہ کی مضاربہ کی پڑو کی کہ مضاربہ کی پڑو کی کہ دو ہ پڑو کی کہ مضاربہ کی پڑو کی کہ دو کہ کہ مضاوب کی کہ مضاربہ کی مضاربہ کی پڑو کی کہ دو کہ مضاربہ کی پڑو کی کہ دو کہ کہ مضاربہ کی دو کہ دو کہ کہ مضاربہ کی دو کہ د

30 جون 2018 ء کومضار به کی ایکوئی -/127,945,264 روپے رہی اور بریک اَپ ویلیو -/11.28 روپے فی سر شیفکیٹ

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#### Auditors' Report to the Certificate Holders

We have audited the annexed balance sheet of **FIRST ELITE CAPITAL MODARABA** ("the Modaraba") as at June 30, 2018 and the related profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof (hereinafter referred to as the financial statements), for the year then ended and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of our audit.

These financial statements are the Modaraba Company's (**Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited**) responsibility who is also responsible to establish and maintain a system of internal control, and prepare and present the above said statements in conformity with the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the auditing standards as applicable in Pakistan. These standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of any material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting policies and significant estimates made by the Modaraba Company, as well as, evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion and, after due verification, we report that-

- a) in our opinion, proper books of accounts have been kept by the Modaraba Company in respect of First Elite Capital Modaraba as required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981;
- b) in our opinion.
  - the balance sheet and profit and loss account together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, and are in agreement with the books of accounts and are further in agreement with accounting policies consistently applied;
  - ii) the expenditure incurred during the year was for the purpose of the Modaraba's business; and
  - iii) the business conducted, investments made and the expenditure incurred during the year were in accordance with the objects, terms and conditions of the Modaraba;
- c) in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the balance sheet, profit and loss account, statement of comprehensive income, cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity together with the notes forming part thereof conform with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and, give the information required by the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 (XXXI of 1980), and the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981, in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Modaraba's affairs as at June 30, 2018 and of the profit, comprehensive income, its cash flows and changes in equity for the year then ended; and
- d) in our opinion, no Zakat was deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980).

ILYAS SAEED & CO Chartered Accountants Engagement Partner: Muhammad Ilyas Date: September 28, 2018 Place: Lahore

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#### **BALANCE SHEET** AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

#### ASSETS

#### **CURRENT ASSETS**

Cash and bank balances Short term investments Short term finances under musharakah arrangements - Secured Short term finances under murabahah arrangements - Secured Ijarah rentals receivable - Secured Profit receivable - Secured Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Advance income tax
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#### **NON-CURRENT ASSETS**

Assets leased out under ijarah contracts Property and equipment

#### TOTAL ASSETS

LIABILITIES

#### **CURRENT LIABILITIES**

Accrued and other liabilities Security deposits Unclaimed profit distribution

#### **NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES**

Security deposits Employees retirement benefits

Contingencies and commitments

TOTAL LIABILITIES

# NET ASSETS

**REPRESENTED BY** 

Authorized certificate capital 20,000,000 (2017: 20,000,000) modarab certificates of Rs. 10 each Issued, subscribed and paid-up certificate capital Unappropriated losses Other reserves

Note	June 30, 2018 Rupees	June 30, 2017 Rupees
4 5	14,238,575 14,899,848	23,089,634 16,129,448
6	747,244	938,504
7 8 9	9,561,352 1,288,775 36,181	27,218,067 2,062,152 157,540
10 11	6,214,860 1,947,760	6,285,897 1,263,041
	48,934,595	77,144,283
12 13	113,844,945 28,040,772	105,391,575 3,475,759
	141,885,717	108,867,334
	190,820,312	186,011,617

14 15	2,916,258 5,196,862 7,822,711	1,877,694 5,435,152 7,826,590
	15,935,831	15,139,436
15 16	37,505,279 9,433,938	37,646,064 8,286,565
17	46,939,217 -	45,932,629
	62,875,048	61,072,065
	127,945,264	124,939,552

aba		200,000,000	200,000,000
	18 19	113,400,000 (16,224,713) 30,769,977	113,400,000 (20,082,712) 31,622,264
		127,945,264	124,939,552

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

#### For Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited (Management Company of First Elite Capital Modaraba)

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Hann Appleton Chief Executive

Director

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Chairman

Chief Financial Officer 13

## **PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Note	June 30, 2018 Rupees	June 30, 2017 Rupees
INCOME			
Income from ijarah financing Income from murabahah financing Return on investments Reversal of provision for doubtful	20 21 22	43,365,304 1,544,727 940,947	44,513,656 1,693,368 3,651,627
Murabahah Finance Reversal of provision for		19,266,418	-
doubtful receivables Other income	23	2,933,731 1,253,885	1,700,804 643,800
		69,305,012	52,203,255
EXPENSES			
Depreciation of assets leased out under ijarah contracts Administrative and general expenses Financial charges	12 24	(28,772,755) (35,267,605) (21,571)	(27,620,067) (26,921,088) (15,231)
		(64,061,931)	(54,556,386)
Management fee	25	5,243,081 (524,308)	(2,353,131)
Profit/ (loss) before taxation		4,718,773	(2,353,131)
Taxation			
-Current	26		(414,305)
Profit/ (loss) after taxation		4,718,773	(2,767,436)
Profit/ (loss) per certificate - basic and diluted	27	0.42	(0.24)

The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited (Management Company of First Elite Capital Modaraba)

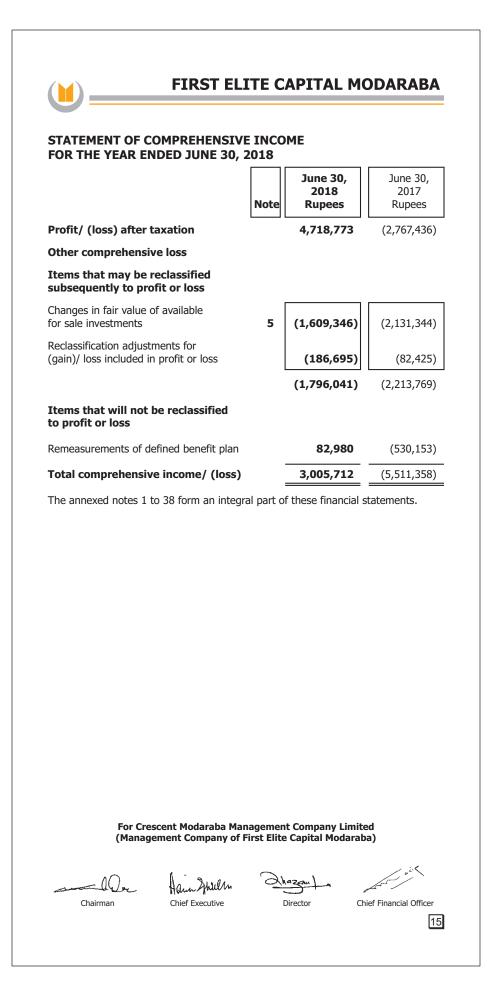
all. Chairman

Hann Shullin Chief Executive

Director

25 Ŀ

Chief Financial Officer



#### **CASH FLOW STATEMENT** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018 June 30, June 30, 2018 2017 Note Rupees Rupees **CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS** 28 30,352,055 48,271,876 (Payments) / receipts for: Income taxes (684,719) 295,130 Purchase of Ijarah assets (63,103,000) (81,033,120) 26,748,651 Transfer of Ijarah assets 32,263,600 Management fee (3,879) Profit distribution (8,309) (37,042,947) (48,482,699) Net cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities (6,690,892) (210,823) CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES (3,334,673) Purchase of property and equipment (2,240,491) Proceeds from sale of property and equipment 800,000 Purchase of investments (2, 120, 678)(25,060,529) Proceeds from sale of investments 1,617,093 27,927,881 Dividend received 878,091 982,790 Net cash (used in)/ generated from investing activities (2, 160, 167)1,609,651 CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Net cash flow from finacing activities NET INCREASE/ (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS (8,851,059) 1,398,828 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE **BEGINNING OF THE YEAR** 23,089,634 21,690,807 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE **END OF THE YEAR** 29 14,238,575 23,089,634 The annexed notes 1 to 38 form an integral part of these financial statements. For Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited (Management Company of First Elite Capital Modaraba)

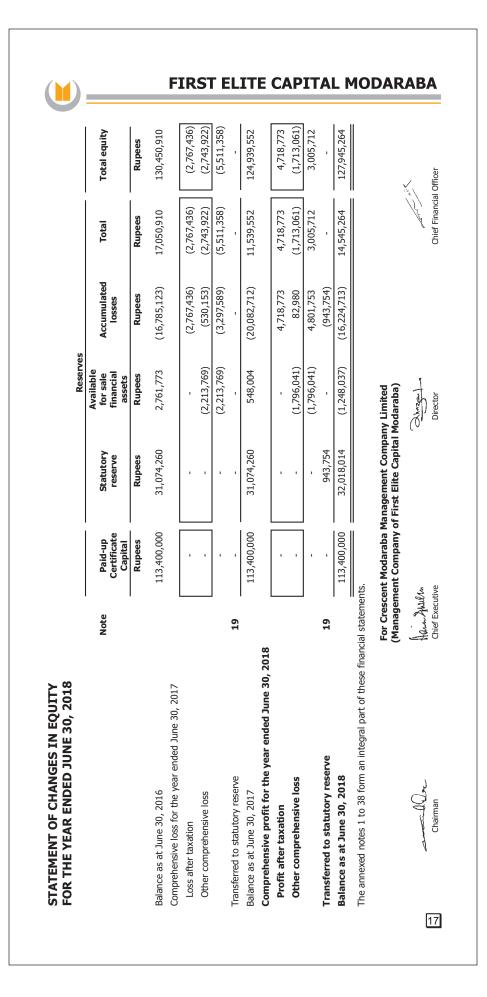
11 Chairman

Jann Ahullin Chief Executive

Director

Chief Financial Officer

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## NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

#### **1** STATUS AND NATURE OF THE BUSINESS

First Elite Capital Modaraba ("the Modaraba") is a perpetual, multi-purpose and multidimensional non-trading modaraba formed under the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 and the Rules framed there under and is managed by Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited ("the Management Company"), a company incorporated in Pakistan under the Companies Act, 2017, vide Registration No. L 01630 dated 30th May, 1989. The registered office of the Modaraba is situated at 50-A, Garden Block, New Garden Town, Lahore. The Modaraba was floated on September 26, 1991 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Modaraba is investment in marketable securities and other related businesses.

#### 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Modaraba Companies and Modaraba (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 ("the Ordinance"), the Modaraba Companies and Modaraba Rules, 1981 ("the Rules"), Prudential Regulations for Modarabas ("the Regulations") and other directives ("the Directives") issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan together with approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan to Modarabas. Approved accounting standards comprise of such International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), the International Accounting Standards ("IFAS") as notified under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017 and made applicable to modarabas under the Ordinance, the Rules, the Regulations or the Directives take precedence wherever they differ from the requirements of approved standards. Further, where the requirements of IFAS differ from the requirements of other approved standards, the IFASs take precedence.

SECP vide its circular no. 10 of 2004 dated 13 February 2004, had deferred, till further orders, the applicability of International Accounting Standard (IAS) 17 "Leases" on Modarabas with effect from 1 July 2003 and advised the management companies of Modarabas that they may continue to prepare the financial statements of the Modarabas without applying the requirements of IAS 17 to the Modarabas. However, the requirements of IAS 17 were considered for the purpose of leasing transactions (net investment in finance lease, assets given on finance lease, liabilities against assets subject to finance lease, and assets obtained on finance lease entered into by the Modaraba upto 30 June 2008. From 1 July 2008, all new lease transactions (both for assets given and assets obtained) are being accounted for in accordance with the requirements of IFAS 2 as explained hereunder. Islamic Financial Accounting Standard 2 'Ijarah' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan was adopted by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan ('the SECP') vide SRO 431(1)/ 2007 dated 22 May 2007. During the year ended 30 June 2009, SECP vide its letter no. SC/M/RW/SC/2009 dated 9 March 2009, directed that the management companies of Modarabas may apply the accounting treatment of IFAS 2, only to the leasing (Ijarah) transactions entered on or after 1 July 2008. Under the above IFAS 2, the 'Ijarah' transactions are accounted for in the following manner:

- Mustajir (lessor) presents the assets subject to Ijarah in their balance sheet according to the nature of the asset, distinguished from the assets in own use.

- Costs, including depreciation on the assets given on Ijarah, incurred in earning the Ijarah income are recognised as expenses.

- Ijarah income is recognised in income on an accrual basis as and when the rental becomes due, unless another systematic basis is more representative of the time pattern in which the benefit of the use derived from the leased asset is diminished.

Consequently, in preparation of these financial statements the Modaraba has accounted for leasing transactions executed before 1 July 2008 as finance leases consistent with prior years and has treated leasing transactions executed on or after 1 July 2008 in accordance with the requirements of IFAS 2.

#### 2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for certain financial instruments at fair value/amortized cost and employees retirement benefits at present value. In these financial statements, except for the cash flow statement, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

#### 2.3 Judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Subsequently, actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. Judgments made by management in the application of approved accounting standards that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a risk of material adjustment in subsequent years are as follows:

#### 2.3.1 Recoverable amount and impairment

The Modaraba reviews carrying amounts of its assets for possible impairment and makes formal estimates of recoverable amount if there is any such indication. Investments in marketable securities are tested for impairment by reference to their prices in the active market. An allowance for impairment is made for all investments for which there is an indication of permanent dimunition in market values. Musharakah, Murabahah and Ijarah finances, and related other receivables are tested for impairment taking into account the borrowers' payment/credit history, adequacy of security and requirements of Prudential Regulations for Modarabas.

# 2.3.2 Depreciation method, rates and useful lives of property and equipment

The Modaraba reassesses useful lives, depreciation method and rates for each item of property and equipment annually by considering expected pattern of economic benefits that the Modaraba expects to derive from that item.

#### 2.3.3 Obligation under defined benefit plan

The Modaraba's obligation under the defined benefit plan is based on assumptions of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increases in remuneration, remaining working lives of employees and discount rates to be used to determine present value of defined benefit obligation.

#### 2.3.4 Provisions

Provisions, other than allowances for impairment, are based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, that is, the amount that the Modaraba would rationally pay to settle the obligation at the reporting date or to transfer it to a third party.

#### 2.4 Functional currency

These financial statements are prepared in Pak Rupees which is the Modaraba's functional currency.

# 2.5 NEW AND AMENDED STANDARDS AND INTERPRETATIONS BECOME EFFECTIVE

The Company has adopted the following amendments in accounting standard and interpretation of IFRSs which became effective for the current year:

IAS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows - Disclosure Initiative - (Amendment)

IAS 12 – Income Taxes – Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized losses (Amendments)

IFRS 12 – Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle

		doption of the above amendments, and improver		
2.6	STAN	rds and interpretations did not have any effect on the fin DARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMEN UNTING STANDARDS THAT ARE NOT YET EFFECT.	TS TO APPROVED	
<b>2.6.1</b> The following revised standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standards or interpretation:				
ame	tandaı endme erpret	nts or	IASB Effective Date (annual periods beginning on or after)	
IFRS	5 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	01 July 2018	
IFRS	9	Financial Instruments – Classification and Measurement	01 July 2018	
IFRS	52	Share-based Payment – Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payments Transactions (Amendments)	01 January 2018	
IFRS	16	Leases	01 January 2018	
IFRS		Insurance Contracts – Applying IFRS 9 Financial Instruments with IFRS 4 Insurance Contracts (Amendments)	01 January 2018	
IAS	40	Investment Property – Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments)	01 January 2018	
IFRI	C 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration	01 January 2018	
IFRI	C 23	Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	01 January 2019	
IAS	28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle	01 January 2018	
IFRS	9	Financial Instruments – Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments)	01 January 2019	
IAS	19	Employee Benefits – Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments)	01 January 2019	
IAS	28	Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures – Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments )	01 January 2019	
IFRS	3	Business Combinations – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	01 January 2019	
IFRS	5 11	Joint Arrangements – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	01 January 2019	
IAS	12	Income Taxes – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	01 January 2019	
IAS	23	Borrowing Costs – Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015–2017 Cycle	01 January 2019	
		Conceptual Framework for Financial Reporting	01 January 2020	
	2.6.2	Further, following new standards have been issued by be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability is		

Standards, amendments or Interpretation		IASB Effective Date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS-14	Regulatory Deferral accounts	01 January 2016
IFRS-17	Insurance Contracts	01 January 2021
	and the state of the state of the state of the	المقدمة متناصير منتجا الأرب ماسيماني

The Company expects that the adoption of the above standards will have no material effect on the Company's financial statements, in the period of initial application, except for IFRS 15 and IFRS 16. The management is in the process of determining the effect of application of IFRS 15 and IFRS 16.

#### **3 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in the financial statements.

#### 3.1 Property and equipment

These comprise operating fixed assets of the Modaraba.

Operating fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Cost comprises purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, and includes other costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction, erection and installation.

Major renewals and improvements to operating fixed assets are recognized in the carrying amount of the item if it is probable that the embodied future economic benefits will flow to the Modaraba and the cost of renewal or improvement can be measured reliably. The cost of the day-to-day servicing of operating fixed assets are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

"The Modaraba recognizes depreciation in profit or loss by applying reducing balance method over the useful life of each operating fixed asset using rates specified in note 13 to the financial statements.

An operating fixed asset is de-recognized when permanently retired from use. Any gain or loss on disposal of operating fixed assets is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 3.2 Assets leased out under ijarah contracts

Assets leased out are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is recognized in profit or loss over the period of lease by applying straight line method. In respect of additions and sales / transfers during the year, amortization is charged proportionately to the period of lease.

#### 3.3 Certificate capital

Certificate capital is recognized as equity. Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of certificates are recognized as deduction from the equity.

#### **Employees retirement benefits** 3.4

#### Short term employee benefits 3.4.1

The Modaraba recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits to be paid in exchange for services rendered by employees as a liability after deducting amount already paid and as an expense in profit or loss. If the amount paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of benefits, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment would lead to a reduction in future payments or cash refund.

#### 3.4.2 **Post employment benefits**

The Modaraba operates an unfunded gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) for all its employees who have completed the minimum qualifying service period. The amount recognized on balance sheet represents the present value of defined benefit obligation. Actuarial gains or loss are recognized immediately in other comprehensive income as required by IAS-19 Employee Benefits. The details of the scheme are referred to in note 16 to the financial statements.

#### 3.5 Financial instruments

#### 3.5.1 Recognition

A financial instrument is recognized when the Modaraba becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

	3.5.2	depending are acquire	ation raba classifies its financial instruments into following classes on the purpose for which the financial assets and liabilities ed or incurred. The Modaraba determines the classification of I assets and liabilities at initial recognition.
		3.5.2(a)	Loans and receivables
			Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Assets in this category are presented as current assets except for maturities greater than twelve months from the reporting date, where these are presented as non-current assets.
		3.5.2(b)	Available for sale financial assets
			Available for sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as such on initial recognition or are not classified as loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments or financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Assets in this category are presented as non-current assets unless the management intends to dispose of the asset within twelve months from the reporting date. The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each instrument
		3.5.2(c)	Financial liabilities at amortized cost
			Non-derivative financial liabilities that are not financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial liabilities in this category are presented as current liabilities except for maturities greater than twelve months from the reporting date where these are presented as non-current liabilities.
	3.5.3	Measure	ment
	3.5.4		ular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the policy statements associated with each instrument.
	5.5.4	Financial a to the cas transfers tl substantia de-recogni expire or a	issets are de-recognized if the Modaraba's contractual rights h flows from the financial assets expire or if the Modaraba ne financial asset to another party without retaining control or ly all risks and rewards of the asset. Financial liabilities are ized if the Modaraba's obligations specified in the contract re discharged or cancelled. Any gain or loss on de-recognition assets and financial liabilities is recognized in profit or loss.
	3.5.5	Off-setti	ng
		reported ir right to set net basis o	I asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount in the balance sheet if the Modaraba has legally enforceable -off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a r to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.
	3.5.6	-	way" purchases and sales of financial assets way purchases and sales of financial assets are recognized on
		trade date contracts generally e	Regular way purchases or sales of financial assets are those which require delivery of assets within the time frame stablished by the regulation or convention in the market.
3.6			d securities
	an indefini significant assets'. Or date of a recognition as other co	ite period of changes in n initial reco cquisition, n, these are omprehensiv	quity and other securities, which are intended to be held for f time and may be sold in response to need for liquidity or equity prices are classified as 'available for sale financial gnition these are measured at cost, being their fair value on plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized ve income until the investment is derecognized or impaired. -recognition and impairment losses are recognized in profit or
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## 3.7 Accrued and other liabilities

#### 3.7.1 Financial liabilities

These are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized in profit or loss.

#### 3.7.2 Non-financial liabilities

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

### 3.8 Advances and other receivables

#### 3.8.1 Financial assets

These are classified as 'loans and receivables'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date of transaction, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized in profit or loss.

#### 3.8.2 Non-financial assets

These, on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

#### 3.9 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and cash at banks. Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost.

#### 3.10 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns allowances, trade discounts and rebates, and represents amounts received or receivable for goods and services provided and other operating income earned in the normal course of business. Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Modaraba, and the amount of revenue and the associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

#### Revenue from different sources is recognized as follows:

Ijarah rentals are recognized over the period of lease as and when the related rentals become due.

Profit on murabahah finances is recognized on time proportion basis as and when accrued.

Profit on musharakah finances is recognized on time proportion basis as and when accrued.

Return on saving accounts is recognized on time proportion basis as and when accrued.

Dividend income is recognized when right to receive payment is established.

#### 3.11 Related party transactions

Parties are considered to be related if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial or operational decisions and include holding company, associated companies with or without common directors, directors and major shareholders and their close family members, key management personnel and staff and retirement benefit funds.

#### 3.12 Comprehensive income

Comprehensive income is the change in equity resulting from transactions and other events, other than changes resulting from transactions with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders. Total comprehensive income comprises all components of profit or loss and other comprehensive income. Other comprehensive income comprises items of income and expense, including reclassification adjustments, that are not recognized in profit or loss as required or permitted by approved accounting standards, and is presented in 'statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income'.

#### 3.13 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income.

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#### 3.13.1 Current taxation

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on taxable income for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. Provision for current tax is based on current rates of taxation in Pakistan after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. The amount of unpaid income tax in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as a liability. Any excess paid over what is due in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as an asset.

#### 3.13.2 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is accounted for using the balance sheet approach providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income that is subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the treatment prescribed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. Deferred tax is measured at rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. A deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences to the extent that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

#### 3.14 Earnings per certificate (EPC)

Basic EPC is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to certificate holders of the Modaraba by the weighted average number of certificates outstanding during the period.

Diluted EPC is calculated by adjusting basic EPC by the weighted average number of certificates that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential certificates into certificates and post-tax effect of changes in profit or loss attributable to certificate holders of the Modaraba that would result from conversion of all dilutive potential certificates.

#### 3.15 Impairment 3.15.1 Fi

#### Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at fair value is determined by reference to that fair value. All impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses in respect of Musharakah, Murabahah and Ijarah finances are determined by reference to the borrowers' payment/ credit history, adequacy of security and requirements of the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the financial asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 3.15.2 Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Modaraba's non-financial assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset

or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the assets in a unit on a pro rata basis. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used in determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to that extent that the asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

#### 3.16 **Provisions and contingencies**

Provisions are recognized when the Modaraba has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provision is recognized at an amount that is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. Where outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable, a contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of outflow is remote.

#### 3.17 **Profit distribution to certificate holders**

Profit distribution to certificate holders is recognized as a deduction from accumulated profit in statement of changes in equity and as a liability, to the extent it is unclaimed/unpaid, in the Modaraba's financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Board of Directors of the Management Company.

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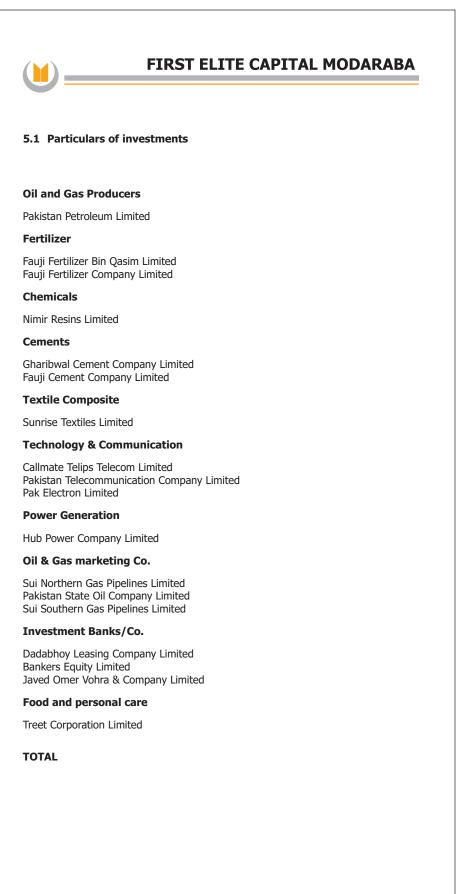
			June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
4	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cash in hand		79,305	223,381
	Cash at bank in			
	Current accounts		46,478	52,816
	Saving / deposit accounts	4.1	14,112,792	22,813,437
			14,159,270	22,866,253
			14,238,575	23,089,634

Effective rate of return on deposit/saving accounts, for the year, ranges from 4% 4.1 to 7% (2017: 4% to 7%).

#### SHORT TERM INVESTMENTS 5

These represent investments in listed securities and have been classified as available for sale financial assets.

Cost	5.1	19,884,275	19,317,834
Accumulated impairment	5.1	(3,736,390)	(3,736,390)
Accumulated changes in fair value	5.1	(1,248,237)	548,004
		14,899,848	16,129,448



	Shares/ ficates	Avera	age Cost	Fa	ir Value
June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2018	June 30 2017
		Ru	ipees	F	Rupees
500	-	105,985	-	107,450	-
17,000 51,450	17,000 51,450	972,425 2,789,754	972,425 2,789,754		728,280 4,251,828
-	50,000	-	631,933	-	471,500
35,000 1,000	15,000 -	1,540,691 27,796	993,085 -	732,200 22,850	683,100 -
153,900	153,900	2,023,076	2,023,076	-	-
5,100 85,000 17,000	5,100 85,000 20,000	530,323 4,200,073 2,024,271	530,323 4,200,073 2,381,481	- 972,399 602,820	- 1,326,850 2,206,400
5,000	5,000	329,560	329,560	460,800	587,150
8,500 16,031 3,500	5,000 13,200 -	1,239,756 2,571,028 115,651	878,748 2,387,665 -	851,870 5,102,828 114,870	744,600 5,113,020 -
1,000 2,000 8,800	1,000 2,000 8,800	9,000 26,100 1,164,611	9,000 26,100 1,164,611	- - 16,720	- - 16,720
5,000	-	214,175	-	170,950	-
415,781	432,450	19,884,275	19,317,834	14,899,848	16,129,448
415,781	432,450	19,884,275	19,317,834	14,899,848	16,129,44
					2

#### 6 SHORT TERM FINANCES UNDER MUSHARAKAH ARRANGEMENTS - SECURED

These represent investments made under musharakah arrangements on profit and loss sharing basis and are secured by specific charge over operating fixed assets and demand promissory notes. The share of profit of Modaraba is 40% per annum. The details are as follows:

		Note	June 30, 2018 Rupees	June 30, 2017 Rupees
	dered good		-	-
Consid	lered doubtful		1,384,744	1,576,004
			1,384,744	1,576,004
Accum	nulated impairment	6.1	(637,500)	(637,500)
			747,244	938,504
6.1	Movement in accumulated impairment is as follows:			
	As at beginning of the year Recognized during the year		637,500	637,500
	As at end of the year		637,500	637,500
	RT TERM FINANCES UNDER ABAHAH ARRANGEMENTS - SE	CURED		
Consid	dered good		9,561,352	27,218,067
Consid	dered doubtful		55,382,573	60,551,344
			64,943,925	87,769,411
Accum	nulated impairment	7.1	(55,382,573)	(60,551,344)

These represent receivable against murbahaha transactions on deferred payment basis at a specified margin. These are secured against pledge of marketable securities, mortgage of property, vehicles, hypothecation of stocks, demand promissory notes and personal guarantees. Profit margin on murabahah transactions ranges from 13% to 20% (2017: 15% to 20%) per annum receivable on monthly basis.

9,561,352

27,218,067

7.1 Movement in accumulated impairment is as follows:

As at beginning of the year		60,551,344	52,074,751
Recognized during the year Reversed during the year	24	14,097,647 (19,266,418)	8,476,593 -
		(5,168,771)	8,476,593
As at end of the year	7.1.1	55,382,573	60,551,344

**7.1.1** The Modaraba has filed execution petitions with the Modaraba Tribunal Punjab and suit with Banking Court, Lahore against various parties for recoveries, also claims has been filed against one (2017 : one) company, with official liquidator appointed by Lahore High Court.

#### 8 IJARAH RENTALS RECEIVABLE - SECURED

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These represent rentals receivable against assets leased out under Ijarah contracts. These are secured against the promissory note (Signed cheques) in favour of Modarba for the entire lease rental amount. The details are as follows:

Considered good Considered doubtful		1,288,775 2,484,652	2,062,152 3,152,120
Accumulated impairment	8.1	3,773,427 (2,484,652)	5,214,272 (3,152,120)
		1,288,775	2,062,152
8.1 Movement in accumulated impa	airment is as	follows:	
As at beginning of the year		3,152,120	6,665,226
Recognized during the year Reserved during the year		2,892,801 (3,560,269)	2,936,649 (6,449,755)
	20	(667,468)	(3,513,106)
As at end of the year	8.1.1	2,484,652	3,152,120

**8.1.1** The Modaraba has filed execution petitions against one party with the Modaraba Tribunal Punjab, Lahore for recovery.

			Note	June 30, 2018 Rupees	June 30, 2017 Rupees
		ABLE - SECURED		ance.	
	dered good dered doubtf	ul		36,181 21,700,043	157,540 36,760,724
Accu	mulated impa	irment	9.1	21,736,224 (21,700,043)	36,918,264 (36,760,724)
	Maximum			36,181	157,540
9.1		in accumulated im	pairment is as		26 762 702
	Recognized	ning of the year during the year uring the year		36,760,724 - (15,060,681)	36,762,782 - (2,058)
	Reverseu u	uning the year		(15,060,681)	(2,058)
	As at end o	f the year		21,700,043	36,760,724
	ANCES, DEP	OSITS, PREPAYI	MENTS		
	OTHER REC nces to emplo	vees-considered g	jood		
agair	st salaries		10.1	590,423	437,643
	against retirement benefits Advances to suppliers - unsecured Security deposits			2,192,218 1,114,000	2,500,846 800,000
				60,450	60,450
	iyments			2,144,062	2,376,580
	Accrued profit on bank deposits Other receivables - unsecured			- 113,707	55,562 54,816
ouric	receivables	unsecured	10.2	6,214,860	6,285,897
10.1	These inclu	de advances to off	ficers of the M	odaraba amounting t	
10.2	incurred by follows:	ly include amount the Modaraba or good		from customers in re Particulars of other 113,707 2,765,941	
	Considered Considered	doubtful			5,754,488
		doubtful		2,879,648	5,754,400
	Considered	doubtful d impairment	10.2.1	2,879,648 (2,765,941)	(5,699,672)
	Considered Accumulate	d impairment			
	Considered Accumulate 10.2.1 Mo	d impairment vement in accumu pairment is as follo	ilated bws:	(2,765,941) 113,707	(5,699,672) 54,816
	Considered Accumulate <b>10.2.1</b> Mo imp As Ref	d impairment vement in accumu pairment is as follo at beginning of th cognized during th	ilated ows: e year ie year	(2,765,941) 113,707 5,699,672	(5,699,672) 54,816 7,400,476
	Considered Accumulate 10.2.1 Mo imp As Ret Ret	d impairment vement in accumu pairment is as follo at beginning of th cognized during the versed during the	ilated ows: e year ie year year	(2,765,941) 113,707 5,699,672 (2,933,731)	(5,699,672) 54,816 7,400,476 (1,700,804)
	Considered Accumulate 10.2.1 Mo imµ As Rev Rev As	d impairment vement in accumu pairment is as follo at beginning of th cognized during the versed during the at end of the year	ulated ows: e year ie year year <b>10.2.1.1</b>	(2,765,941) 113,707 5,699,672 (2,933,731) 2,765,941	(5,699,672) 54,816 7,400,476 (1,700,804) 5,699,672
1. ADV	Considered Accumulate 10.2.1 Mo imµ As Rev Rev As	d impairment vement in accumu pairment is as follo at beginning of th cognized during the versed during the at end of the year <b>.2.1.1</b> The Moda with the N	ulated ows: e year le year year year • <b>10.2.1.1</b> araba has fileo	(2,765,941) 113,707 5,699,672 (2,933,731)	(5,699,672) 54,816 7,400,476 (1,700,804) 5,699,672 against one part
Oper Add:	Considered Accumulate 10.2.1 Mo im As Rev Rev As 10 ANCE INCOM ing balance	d impairment vement in accumu pairment is as folic at beginning of th cognized during the versed during the at end of the year <b>.2.1.1</b> The Moda with the N METAX / paid during the	ulated ows: e year le year year <b>10.2.1.1</b> araba has fileo lodaraba Tribu	(2,765,941) 113,707 5,699,672 (2,933,731) 2,765,941 execution petitions	(5,699,672) 54,816 7,400,476 (1,700,804) 5,699,672 against one part or recovery. 1,558,171 119,175
Oper Add: Less:	Considered Accumulate 10.2.1 Mo imp As Re Re As 10 ANCE INCOM ing balance tax deducted	d impairment vement in accumu pairment is as follo at beginning of th cognized during the at end of the year <b>.2.1.1</b> The Moda with the N <b>ME TAX</b> / paid during the the year	ulated ows: e year year year • <b>10.2.1.1</b> araba has fileo 1odaraba Tribu year	(2,765,941) 113,707 5,699,672 (2,933,731) 2,765,941 d execution petitions nal Punjab, Lahore for 1,263,041	(5,699,672) 54,816 7,400,476 (1,700,804) 5,699,672 against one part or recovery. 1,558,171

		COSI	2			DEPREC	DEPRECIALION		Carrying Value
PARTICULARS	As at July 01, 2017	Additions	Disposals	As at June 30, 2018	As at July 01, 2017	For the year	Adjustment	As at June 30, 2018	As at June 30, 2018
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Vehicles	129,662,316	63,103,000	63,103,000 (50,787,000) 141,978,316	141,978,316	36,808,622	23,831,952	(25,600,210)	35,040,364	35,040,364 106,937,952
Office equipment	ı					ı		ı	ı
Machinery	19,154,197		(4,532,194)	14,622,003	6,616,316	4,940,803	(3,842,109)	7,715,010	6,906,993
	148,816,513	63,103,000	(55,319,194)	156,600,319	43,424,938	28,772,755	(29,442,319)	42,755,374	113,844,945
				Year ended June 30, 2017	ne 30, 2017				
		COST	ST			DEPREC	DEPRECIATION		Carrying Value
PARTICULARS	As at July 01, 2016	Additions	Disposals	As at June 30, 2017	As at July 01, 2016	For the year	Adjustment	As at June 30, 2017	As at June 30, 2017
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Vehicles	113,016,716	67,448,120	(50,802,520)	129,662,316	36,958,921	21,708,126	(21,858,427)	36,808,622	92,853,694
Office equipment	938,300		(038,300)		565,688	176,027	(741,715)		
Machinery	13,364,197	13,585,000	(7,795,000)	19,154,197	6,325,854	5,735,914	(5,445,452)	6,616,316	12,537,881
	127,319,213	81,033,120	(59,535,820)	148,816,513	43,850,463	27,620,067	(28,045,594)	43,424,938	105,391,575

		-	COST				DEPRECIATION	LION		Net book value
PARTICULARS	As at July 01, 2017	Additions	Disposals	As at June 30, 2018	Rate %age	As at July 01, 2017	For the year	Adjustment	As at June 30, 2018	as at June 30, 2018
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Land - Freehold	·	23,533,287	I	23,533,287	I	ı	I	I	ı	23,533,287
Furniture and fixtures	264,280	18,535	ı	282,815	10	165,933	10,234		176,167	106,648
Office equipment	2,276,264	110,000	•	2,386,264	10	1,470,363	90,415		1,560,778	825,486
Vehicles	4,935,835	1,873,000	(030,500)	5,878,335	20	2,364,324	798,751	(860,091)	2,302,984	3,575,351
	7,476,379	25,534,822	(930,500)	32,080,701		4,000,620	899,400	(860,091)	4,039,929	28,040,772
				Year end	Year ended June 30, 2017	0, 2017				
		_	COST				DEPRECIATION	ION		Net book value
PARTICULARS	As at July 01, 2016	Additions	Disposals	As at June 30, 2017	Rate %age	As at July 01, 2016	For the year	Adjustment	As at June 30, 2017	as at June 30, 2017
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees		Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Furniture and fixtures	253,280	11,000	,	264,280	10	155,729	10,204	,	165,933	98,347
Office equipment	2,240,138	36,126	·	2,276,264	10	1,383,480	86,883	ı	1,470,363	805,901
Vehicles	2,788,470	2,193,365	(46,000)	4,935,835	20	2,157,992	251,482	(45,150)	2,364,324	2,571,511
	5,281,888	2,240,491	(46,000)	7,476,379		3,697,201	348,569	(45,150)	4,000,620	3,475,759

				June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017
			Note	Rupees	Rupees
14		UED AND OTHER LIABILITIES			•
14				E24 209	
		jement fee payable ed expenses		524,308 1,574,928	1,305,109
		ce ijarah rentals - secured		109,206	76,433
		ty deposit olding tax payable		334,200 20,166	- 97,776
	Charit	y payable		5,328	1,130
	Other	payables - unsecured		348,122	397,246
1 6	GECU			2,916,258	1,877,694
15		RITY DEPOSITS		40 700 4 44	12 001 216
		ty deposits under ijarah contracts nt maturity presented under		42,702,141	43,081,216
		t liabilities		(5,196,862)	(5,435,152)
				37,505,279	37,646,064
16	EMPL	OYEES RETIREMENT BENEFITS	5		
		mounts recognized on			
		ce sheet are as follows: nt value of defined benefit obligation	on <b>16.1</b>	9,433,938	8,286,565
		Movement in present value of			
		defined benefit obligation	1		r
		As at beginning of the year		8,286,565	6,754,166
		Current service cost Interest cost on defined	16.2	588,144	512,569
		benefit obligation	16.2	642,209	489,677
		benefit obligation	16.2	642,209 9,516,918	489,677 7,756,412
		benefit obligation Remeasurements:	16.2	,	
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from		,	
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt		,	
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions		9,516,918 - 24,241	7,756,412
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from	ions	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221)	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments		9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980)	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year	ions <b>16.3</b>	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221)	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809
	16.2	Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b>	ions <b>16.3</b>	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980) 9,433,938	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153 8,286,565
	16.2	Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b> Current service cost	ions <b>16.3</b>	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980)	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153
	16.2	Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b>	ions <b>16.3</b>	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980) 9,433,938	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153 8,286,565
	16.2	Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b> Current service cost Interest cost on defined	ions <b>16.3</b>	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980) 9,433,938 588,144	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153 8,286,565 512,569
	16.2	Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b> Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation <b>Remeasurements recognized</b>	ions 16.3 4L	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980) 9,433,938 588,144 642,209	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153 8,286,565 512,569 489,677
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b> Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation <b>Remeasurements recognized</b> <b>in other comprehensive incom</b>	ions 16.3 L	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980) 9,433,938 588,144 642,209	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153 8,286,565 512,569 489,677
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b> Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation <b>Remeasurements recognized</b> <b>in other comprehensive incom</b> Actuarial (gains) / losses from charges	ions 16.3 L	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980) 9,433,938 588,144 642,209	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153 8,286,565 512,569 489,677
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b> Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation <b>Remeasurements recognized</b> <b>in other comprehensive incom</b> Actuarial (gains) / losses from chain in demographic assumptions Actuarial (gains) / losses from chain	ions 16.3 L ne anges	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980) 9,433,938 588,144 642,209 1,230,353	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153 8,286,565 512,569 489,677 1,002,246
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b> Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation <b>Remeasurements recognized</b> <b>in other comprehensive incom</b> Actuarial (gains) / losses from cha- in demographic assumptions Actuarial (gains) / losses from cha- in financial assumptions	ions 16.3 L ne anges	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980) 9,433,938 588,144 642,209 1,230,353 - 24,241	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153 8,286,565 512,569 489,677 1,002,246 - 9,344
		Remeasurements: Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in demographic assumpt Actuarial (gains)/losses from changes in financial assumptions Experience adjustments As at the close of the year <b>Expenses to be charged to P8</b> Current service cost Interest cost on defined benefit obligation <b>Remeasurements recognized</b> <b>in other comprehensive incom</b> Actuarial (gains) / losses from chain in demographic assumptions Actuarial (gains) / losses from chain	ions 16.3 L ne anges	9,516,918 - 24,241 (107,221) (82,980) 9,433,938 588,144 642,209 1,230,353	7,756,412 - 9,344 520,809 530,153 8,286,565 512,569 489,677 1,002,246

#### 16.4 Significant actuarial assumptions

Discount rate used for interest cost charged in P&L Discount rate used for year end oblig	<b>7.75%</b> gation <b>9.00%</b>	7.25% 7.75%
Salary increase used for year end ob Salary increase FY 2018 Salary increase FY 2019 Salary increase FY 2020 Salary increase FY 2021 Salary increase FY 2022 Salary increase FY 2023 Salary increase FY 2024 onwards Next salary is increased at	ligation 7.00% 7.00% 7.00% 7.00% 7.00% 7.00% 7.00% July 01, 2018	5.75% 5.75% 5.75% 5.75% 5.75% 5.75% 5.75% July 01, 2017
Mortality rates	SLIC (2001 - 2005) Setback 1 Year	SLIC (2001 - 2005) Setback 1 Year
Withdrawal rates Retirement assumption	Age-based (per Appendix) Age 60	Age-based (per appendix) Age 60

#### 16.5 Historical information

	June 30, 2018	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2016	June 30, 2015	June 30, 2014
Present value of defined benefit obligation Rupee	es 9,433,938	8,286,565	6,754,166	5,689,317	4,798,851
Actuarial adjustment arising during the year %	6.81	5.91	0.27	0.27	8.93

#### 16.6 Future expectation

The estimated expenses to be charged to P & L during the year ending June 30, 2019 amounts to Rs.1.31 million. The actual cost will be determined after valuation of the Fund as at June 30, 2019 when the actuarial gains and losses arising during the year ending June 30, 2019 will be available.

#### 16.7 Additional disclosure items

#### Year end sensitivity analysis (± 100 bps) on defined benefit obligation

Discount rate + 100 bps	9,016,762	7,895,367
Discount rate - 100 bps	9,893,351	8,719,496
Salary increase + 100 bps	9,909,341	8,735,050
Salary increase - 100 bps	8,994,802	7,874,246
Average duration of the defined benefit obligation	5 years	5 years

#### 17 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

#### 17.1 Contingencies

17.1.1 For the Assessment year 2002-2003 the assessment was made by the Taxation Officer/Officer Inland Revenue making additions under different heads and tax liability determined at Rs. 5,123,287/- which was reduced to Rs. 7,765/- by the learned Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeals (CIR-A). The Tax department filed a second appeal before the Appellate Tribunal Inland Revenue (Learned Tribunal) who vide order ITA No. 1844/LB/2006 dated 28-05-2008 upheld the Ordre of CIR (A) and dismissed the departmental appeal. Resultantly, a net tax liability of Rs.7,765/- was deposited on 07-11-2008 and confirmed by the tax department through letter bearing reference 188/unit/05 dated 07-11-2008.

The Tax department had filed a reference to the Honorable Lahore High Court against the Order passed by the Learned Tribunal in respect of "Provision for Doubtful Debts", "Provision for Gratuity" and

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"Excess Perquisites" whereby the disallowances are 2,781,440/-, 87,290/- and 323,113/- respectively. No further correspondence has been received till date in this regard.

- 17.1.2 Proceedings under section 161(1A)/205 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 for the Tax Year 2014 were initiated by the Assistant Commissioner Inland Revenue (ACIR), E & C, WHT Unit-07, Corporate Regional Tax Office, Lahore through its Notice no. 539495-1 dated 09-01-2017. The Modaraba through its AR has made compliance of this notice by submitting all the required reconciliations alongwith supporting data/documents, etc. The last reply was submitted on 25-06-2018. No further correspondence has been received till date in this regard.
- 17.1.3 The Modaraba has filed seven (2017: 7) execution petitions for recovery of receivables amounting to Rs. 86,862,791/- (2017: 86,862,791/-) against different parties in Modaraba Tribunal Punjab, Lahore. The management is hotly pursuing its cases in the Court of law. There are almost no chances of any unfavorable decision(s) against First Elite Capital Modaraba.
- **17.1.4** The Modaraba has filed a claim for Rs. 22,063,889/- against Sunrise Textile Limited (under liquidation) in High Court, Lahore. The Modaraba has applied to the official liquidators, appointed by the honourable Lahore High Court in C.O.No. 10/1995 for recovery of its dues. The management is hotly pursuing its case in the Court of law. There are almost no chance of any unfavorable decision against First Elite Capital Modaraba.
- **17.1.5** The Modaraba has filed eleven (2017: 7) suits for recovery of receivables amounting to Rs. 20,417,620 (Rs: 8,430,510/-) against different parties in Banking Court, Lahore. The management is hotly pursuing its cases in the Court of law. There are almost no chances of any unfavorable decision(s) against First Elite Capital Modaraba.
- **17.1.6** The Modaraba has filed one (2017: Nil) criminal complaint against a party in Banking Court, Lahore. The management is actively pursuing its case in the Court of law. There are almost no chance of any unfavorable decision against First Elite Capital Modaraba.

The Modaraba has made adequate provisions in respect of the balances mentioned in Notes 17.1.3, 17.1.4, 17.1.5 and 17.1.6 as required by the regulations.

#### 17.2 Commitments

There are no significant commitments as at the reporting date except for those under ijarah contracts regarding use by lessees of assets leased out under ijarah contracts against future rentals, which are as follows:

		Note	June 30, 2018 Rupees	June 30, 2017 Rupees
	Future Ijarah rentals receivabl	e		
	Not later than one year		4,825,599	34,616,651
	Later than one year but not later than five years Later than five years		105,113,963 -	49,846,107
			109,939,562	84,462,758
18	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL			
	Modaraba certificates of Rs. 10 each 10,000,000 (2017: 10,000,000) certificate issued for cash 1,340,000 (2017: 1,340,000) certificates	S	100,000,000	100,000,000
	issued as full paid bonus certificates		13,400,000	13,400,000
			113,400,000	113,400,000

#### **19 OTHER RESERVES**

These include statutory reserves which represent profits set aside by the Modaraba to comply with the Prudential Regulations for Modarabas issued by the SECP. These regulations require the Modaraba to transfer not less than 20% and not more than 50% of its after tax profit till such time that reserves equal 100% of the paid up capital. Thereafter, a sum not less than 5% of the after tax profit is to be transferred. During the current year, the Modaraba has transferred an amount of Rs. 943,754 (2017: Rs. Nil) which represents 20% (2017: Nil) of the profit after taxation for the year.

	which represents 20% (2017. N			real.
		Note	June 30, 2018 Rupees	June 30, 2017 Rupees
20	INCOME FROM IJARAH FIN	ANCING		
	Income from ijarah rental Ijarah income recovered /		42,697,836	41,000,550
	(suspended) - net	8.1 & 20.1	667,468	3,513,106
			43,365,304	44,513,656
	<b>20.1</b> This represents ijarah in prudential regulations ap	plicable to the Mo		cordance with the
21	INCOME FROM MURABAHAH	FINANCING		
	Income from murabahah Murabahah income suspended/reversed profit - net	9.1 & 21.1	1,544,727	1,691,310 2,058
	suspended/reversed pront - net	9.1 & 21.1		
			1,544,727	1,693,368
22	21.1 This represents murabah prudential regulations ap		•	ccordance with the
	Dividend income		878,091	982,790
	Gain on sale of investments		62,856	2,668,837
			940,947	3,651,627
3	OTHER INCOME			
	Gain on financial instrumen	te		
	Gain on disposal of property	13		
	and equipment		729,591	5,150
	Return on bank deposits		524,294	638,650
			1,253,885	643,800
.4	ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES			
	Salaries and benefits	24.1	10,155,249	9,424,118
	Rent, rates and taxes Utilities		96,950 341,401	20,315 215,412
	Repair and maintenance		399,733	539,550
	Printing and stationery		603,606	501,231
	Communication		256,117	251,247
	Postage Travelling and conveyance		130,783 608,902	109,445 754,105
	Insurance		3,941,737	3,271,871
	Provision for doubtful debts und			
	murabahah arrangements	7.1	14,097,647	8,476,593
	Advertisement Fee and subscription		13,460 489,361	33,013 445,947
	Newspapers, books and periodi	cals	7,935	7,915
	Entertainment		80,425	98,452
	Auditors' remuneration	24.2	362,500	362,500
	Legal and professional charges		2,530,996	1,781,000
				35

	Note	June 30, 2018 Rupees	June 30, 2017 Rupees
Depreciation Zakat and charity Others	13	899,400 5,328 246,075	348,569 1,963 277,842
		35,267,605	26,921,088

**24.1** These include charge in respect of employees retirement benefits amounting to Rs. 1,230,353/- (2017: Rs. 1,002,246/-).

24.2	Auditors'	remuneration
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Annual statutory Audit Half yearly review Review report under Code of	250,000 52,500	250,000 52,500
Corporate Governance	45,000	45,000
Out of pocket expenses	15,000	15,000
	362,500	362,500

## 25 MANAGEMENT FEE

The Modaraba Management Company is entitled to a fee for services rendered to the Modaraba under the provisions of the Modaraba Companies and Modarabas (Floatation and Control) Ordinance, 1980 upto a maximum of 10% per annum of the net annual profits of the Modaraba. The fee for the year ended 30 June 2018 has been recognised at 10% (2017: nil) of the profit for the year before charging such fee.

			524,308	-
26	TAXATION			
	Current taxation For the year Prior years		-	500,750 (86,445)
			-	414,305
	Deferred taxation	26.1	-	-
			-	414,305

**26.1** As per the requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards, deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and tax credits can be utilized. As, the Company currently has huge amount of unappropriated losses and does not forsee sufficient profits in the near future to set off these losses, therefore, the deferred tax asset is not being recognized.

# 27 PROFIT/(LOSS) PER CERTIFICATE -BASIC AND DILUTED

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certificate holders	Rupees	4,718,773	(2,767,436)
Weighted average number certificates outstanding during the year	r of No. of certificates	11,340,000	11,340,000
Profit/(loss) per certificate	Rupees	0.42	(0.24)

There is no diluting effect on the basic earnings per certificate of the Modaraba

				June 30, 20 Rupees		e 30, 2017 Rupees
28	CASH GENERATED FROM O	PERAT				
	Profit/ (loss) before taxati	on		4,718,773	<b>B</b> (	2,353,131)
	Adjustments for non-cash	and ot	ner items			
	Depreciation of assets under o Depreciation of assets leased o under ijarah contracts			899,400 28,772,755	<b>5</b>    2	348,570 7,620,067
	Gain on sale of investments Dividend income			(62,856 (878,091		2,668,837) (982,790)
	Gain on transfer of assets leas	ed out		(871,776		(773,374)
	Gain on sale of property and e Provision for doubtful debts un		nt	(729,591	L)	-
	murabahah arrangements Provision for taxation			14,097,647		8,476,593 (414,305)
	Provision for employees retirer Reversal of provision for doubt		nerits	1,230,353	s	1,002,246
	murabahah receivables Reversal of provision for doubt		ivables	(19,266,418 (2,933,731	Ú	-
				20,257,692	2 3	2,608,165
	Operating profit before cha in working capital Changes in working capita	-		24,976,465	5 3	0,255,034
	Finances under murabahah ari		ents	3,559,068	2 1	0,642,772
	Finances under musharakah ar Ijarah rentals receivable Profit receivable Advances, deposits, prepayme	rangem		191,260 773,377 121,359	)    7    9	141,526 (863,380) (64,390)
	and other receivables Security deposits Accrued and other liabilities			71,037 (379,075) 1,038,564	)	(56,218) 7,923,142 293,390
				5,375,590	<b>)</b> 1	8,016,842
	Cash generated from opera	ations		30,352,055	5 4	8,271,876
29	CASH AND CASH EQUIVAL	INTS				
	Cash and bank balances		4	14,238,575	5 23	3,089,634
0	TRANSACTIONS AND BALA	NCES	NITH REL	ATED PARTI	ES	
	The related party of the Modar directors and key management appropriately disclosed in the re	person	nel. Transa	ctions with rela	ated partie	
			2	018	20	017
			Loans and	Available for sale financial	Loans and	Available for sale financial
		Note	receivables Rupees	assets Rupees	receivables Rupees	assets Rupees
1	FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS					
	31.1 Financial instruments by class a	nd catego	ry			
	Financial assets Cash and bank balances	4	14,238,575		23,089,634	_
	Short term investments	5	•	14,899,848		- 16,129,448
	Finances under musharakah arranger Finances under murabahah arrangem		747,244 9,561,352		938,504 27,218,067	
	ljarah rentals receivable Profit receivable	8 9	1,288,775 36,181	•	2,062,152 157,540	-
	Advances to employees	10	2,782,641	•	2,938,489	-
		10	60,450	-	60,450	-
	Security deposits Other receivables	10	113,707	•	54,816	-

				2018 Financial liabilities at	2017 Financial liabilities at
			Note	Amortized cost Rupees	amortized cost Rupees
Fina	ncial l	iabilities			
	ied exp r payat		14 14	1,574,928 348,122	1,305,109 370,727
		values of financial inst		1,923,050	1,675,836
	settle As at i	alue is the amount for wh d between knowledgeabl the reporting date, fair va proximate their carrying a	e willing lues of a	parties in an arm's l	ength transaction.
	31.2	1 Methods of determi	-		
		Fair values of financia from the active marke prices. Fair values of market are determin pricing models based inputs from other than	t are me financia ed in a on disc	easured by reference l assets and liabiliti accordance with ge ounted cash flow a	te to those market ies with no active enerally accepted
	31.2	2 Discount/interest r			-
		The interest rates us applicable, are based	l on the		,
		reporting date plus an	adequat	e credit spread.	
		reporting date plus an ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing	ANAGE	MENT	ction of certificate
The Mod holders' process and othe profitabi from the	laraba's value. I of ongo r contr lity. Tho financi	ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing Risk is inherent in the Moo oing identification, measi ols. The process of risk m e Modaraba is exposed to al instruments it holds.	ANAGE risks is laraba's urement anageme credit ris	MENT creation and protect activities, but it is m and monitoring su ent is critical to Mod sk, liquidity risk and	hanaged through a bject to risk limits araba's continuing market risk arising
The Mod holders' process and othe profitabi from the The Mod diversifie The way transacti	laraba's value. I of ongo r contr lity. Tho financi daraba ed port y thes	ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing Risk is inherent in the Moo oing identification, measu ols. The process of risk me e Modaraba is exposed to	ANAGE risks is laraba's urement anageme credit ris arah as fhese ar , expen	MENT creation and protect activities, but it is m and monitoring su ent is critical to Mod sk, liquidity risk and sets, musharakah, e subject to varying ses, assets, liabilit	hanaged through a bject to risk limits araba's continuing market risk arising murabahah and g degrees of risks ties and forecast
The Mod holders' process and othe profitabi from the The Mod diversifie The way	laraba's value. I of ongo r contr lity. The financi daraba ed port y thes ons of	ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing Risk is inherent in the Moo oing identification, measi ols. The process of risk m e Modaraba is exposed to al instruments it holds. primarily invests in ijj folio of listed securities. e risks affect revenues the Modaraba and the m	ANAGE risks is laraba's urement anageme credit ris arah as fhese ar , expen	MENT creation and protect activities, but it is m and monitoring su ent is critical to Mod sk, liquidity risk and sets, musharakah, e subject to varying ses, assets, liabilit	hanaged through a bject to risk limits araba's continuing market risk arising murabahah and g degrees of risks ties and forecast
The Mod holders' process and othe profitabi from the The Mod diversifie The way transacti follows: <b>32.1 C</b>	laraba's value. I of onge r contre lity. The financi daraba daraba daraba ed port y thes ons of redit r	ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing Risk is inherent in the Moo oing identification, measi ols. The process of risk m e Modaraba is exposed to al instruments it holds. primarily invests in ijj folio of listed securities. e risks affect revenues the Modaraba and the m	ANAGE risks is laraba's urement anagem, credit ris arah as fhese ar , expen anner ir oss to th	MENT creation and protect activities, but it is m and monitoring su ent is critical to Mod sk, liquidity risk and sets, musharakah, e subject to varying ses, assets, liabilit which these risks a ne Modaraba, if the	hanaged through a bject to risk limits araba's continuing market risk arising murabahah and degrees of risks ties and forecast are managed is as
The Mod holders' process and othe profitabi from the The Mod diversifie The way transacti follows: <b>32.1 C</b>	laraba's value. I of onge r contre lity. The financi daraba daraba daraba ed port y thes ons of redit r	ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing Risk is inherent in the Moo oing identification, measi ols. The process of risk m e Modaraba is exposed to al instruments it holds. primarily invests in ijj folio of listed securities. e risks affect revenues the Modaraba and the m isk sk is the risk of financial l	ANAGE risks is laraba's urement anagem, credit ris arah as fhese ar , expen anner ir oss to th	MENT creation and protect activities, but it is m and monitoring su ent is critical to Mod sk, liquidity risk and sets, musharakah, e subject to varying ses, assets, liabilit which these risks a ne Modaraba, if the	hanaged through a bject to risk limits araba's continuing market risk arising murabahah and degrees of risks ties and forecast are managed is as
The Mod holders' process and othe profitabi from the The Mod diversifie The way transacti follows: <b>32.1 C</b> fin	laraba's value. I of onge r contr lity. The financi daraba d port y thes ons of <b>redit r</b> redit ris nancial 2.1.1	ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing Risk is inherent in the Moo oing identification, mease ols. The process of risk me e Modaraba is exposed to al instruments it holds. primarily invests in ijj folio of listed securities. e risks affect revenues the Modaraba and the m isk sk is the risk of financial l instrument fails to meet i	ANAGE risks is laraba's urement anagem, credit ris arah as: These ar , expen anner ir oss to th ts obliga	MENT creation and protect activities, but it is m and monitoring su ent is critical to Mod sk, liquidity risk and sets, musharakah, e subject to varying ses, assets, liabilit which these risks a ne Modaraba, if the tions.	anaged through a bject to risk limits araba's continuing market risk arising gurabahah and g degrees of risks ties and forecast are managed is as counterparty to a June 30, 2017
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The Mod holders' process and othe profitabi from the The Mod diversifie The way transacti follows: <b>32.1 C</b> fin	laraba's value. I of ongo r contr lity. The financi daraba d port y thes ons of <b>redit r</b> redit ris nancial 2.1.1	ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing Risk is inherent in the Moc oing identification, measi ols. The process of risk m e Modaraba is exposed to al instruments it holds. primarily invests in iji folio of listed securities. e risks affect revenues the Modaraba and the m isk sk is the risk of financial l instrument fails to meet i Maximum exposure to credit risk The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the report date is as follows:	ANAGE risks is laraba's urement anageme credit ris arah as These ar , expen anner ir oss to th ts obliga	MENT creation and protect activities, but it is m and monitoring su ent is critical to Mod sk, liquidity risk and sets, musharakah, e subject to varying ses, assets, liabilit which these risks a ne Modaraba, if the tions.	anaged through a bject to risk limits araba's continuing market risk arising gurabahah and g degrees of risks ties and forecast are managed is as counterparty to a June 30, 2017
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The Mod holders' process and othe profitabi from the The Mod diversifie The way transacti follows: <b>32.1 C</b> fin	laraba's value. I of ongo r contr lity. The financi daraba ed port y thes ons of <b>redit r</b> redit ris nancial <b>2.1.1</b>	ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing Risk is inherent in the Moo bing identification, measi- ols. The process of risk me e Modaraba is exposed to al instruments it holds. primarily invests in ij- folio of listed securities. the Modaraba and the me sk sis the risk of financial l instrument fails to meet i maximum exposure to credit risk The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the report date is as follows: Loans and receivables Cash at bank Finances under musharaka arrangements Ijarah rentals receivable	ANAGE risks is laraba's urement anageme credit ris arah as These ar , expen anner ir oss to th ts obliga Note	MENT creation and protect activities, but it is m and monitoring su ent is critical to Mod sk, liquidity risk and it sets, musharakah, e subject to varying ses, assets, liabilit which these risks a me Modaraba, if the tions. June 30, 2018 Rupees 14,159,270 1,384,744 64,943,925 3,773,427	anaged through a bject to risk limits araba's continuing market risk arising degrees of risks ties and forecast are managed is as counterparty to a June 30, 2017 Rupees 22,866,253 1,576,004 87,769,411 5,214,272
The Mod holders' process and othe profitabi from the The Mod diversifie The way transacti follows: <b>32.1 C</b> fin	laraba's value. I of ongo r contr lity. The financi daraba d port y thes ons of <b>redit r</b> redit ris nancial 2.1.1	ISK EXPOSURE AND M s objective in managing Risk is inherent in the Moo oing identification, mease ols. The process of risk me e Modaraba is exposed to al instruments it holds. primarily invests in ijj folio of listed securities. e risks affect revenues the Modaraba and the m isk sk is the risk of financial l instrument fails to meet i Maximum exposure to credit risk The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the report date is as follows: Loans and receivables Cash at bank Finances under musharaka arrangements	ANAGE risks is Jaraba's Jaraba's Jaraba's Jaraba's Jaraba's Jaraba's Creese ar , expen anner ir oss to th ts obliga Note	MENT creation and protect activities, but it is m and monitoring su ent is critical to Mode sk, liquidity risk and it sets, musharakah, e subject to varying ses, assets, liabilit which these risks a me Modaraba, if the tions. June 30, 2018 Rupees 14,159,270 1,384,744 64,943,925	anaged through a bject to risk limits araba's continuing market risk arising degrees of risks ties and forecast are managed is as counterparty to a June 30, 2017 Rupees 22,866,253 1,576,004 87,769,411

#### 32.1.2 Concentration of credit risk

The Modaraba identifies concentrations of credit risk by reference to type of counter party and balances with customers are further analyzed by reference to industry distribution. Maximum exposure to credit risk by type of counterparty is as follows:

- -

	June 30, 2018 Rupees	June 30, 2017 Rupees
Customers Banking companies and	94,717,968	137,232,439
financial institutions	14,159,270	22,866,253
	108,877,238	160,098,692

Concentration of credit risk in respect of balances with customers by industrial distribution is as follows:

				2018		
	ljarah rentals Receivable	Finances under Murabahah arrangements	Finances under Musharakah arrangements	Profit receivables	Others receivables	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Services Textile	40,520 133,162	65,500 23,911,156	:	533,301 14.288.302	192,985 476.036	832,306 38,808,656
Transport	-	-	1,384,744	923,610	1,623,804	3,932,158
Fuel and energy Electrical and engine Packaging Individuals	ering - - 3,546,102	2,044,949 3,180,619 35,741,705		291,064 3,013,864 2,686,083	- 132,928 1,497,312	2,336,013 6,327,411 43,471,202
	3,719,784	64,943,929	1,384,744	21,736,224	3,923,065	95,707,746

				2017		
	ljarah rentals Receivable	Finances under Murabahah arrangements	Finances under Musharakah arrangements	Profit receivables	Others receivables	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Services Textile Transport Fuel and energy Electrical and engineering	246,554 133,162 - 58,772 -	65,500 43,177,574 - 5,574,017	- - 1,576,004 -	533,301 29,345,983 923,610 - 334,802	151,997 3,409,767 509,804 -	997,352 76,066,486 3,009,418 58,772 5,908,819
Packaging Individuals	- 4,775,784	3,180,618 35,771,701	-	3,013,864 2,766,704	132,928 1,549,992	6,327,410 44,864,181
	5,214,272	87,769,411	1,576,004	36,918,264	5,754,488	137,232,439

#### \_\_\_\_ 32.1.3 Credit quality and impairment

Credit quality of financial assets is assessed by reference to external credit ratings, except for balances with customers where credit quality is assessed by reference to historical information about counterparty default rates and present ages.

#### 32.1.3(a) Counterparties with external credit ratings

These include banking companies, which are counterparties to cash deposits. These counterparties have reasonably high credit ratings as determined by various credit rating agencies and management does not expect non-performance by these counterparties on their obligations to the Modaraba.

### 32.1.3(b) Counterparties without external credit ratings

These include customers which are counter parties to finances under murabahah, musharakah and ijara arrangements, profit receivable thereon and other amounts receivable in connection therewith. The Modaraba is exposed to credit risk in respect of these balances. The analysis of ages of customer balances as at the reporting date is as follows:

39

		2018	2017		
	Gross Carrying Amount	Carrying Accumulated		Accumulated Impairment	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Neither past due nor impaired	10,363,991	-	13,876,153	-	
Past due by upto 90 days	1,271,314	-	2,219,693	2,219,693	
Past due by 90 to 180 days	390,241	390,241	828,915	828,915	
Past due by 180 days to 1 year	583,046	583,046	766,111	766,111	
Past due by 1 to 2 years	3,213,708	3,213,708	31,659,201	17,515,147	
Past due by 2 to 3 years	28,901,462	28,901,462	79,862	79,862	
Past due by 3 years or more	50,983,984	49,882,252	88,549,823	87,611,320	
	95,707,746	82,970,709	137,979,758	109,021,048	

The Management believes that the existing impairment allowance is adequate and no further allowance is necessary.

## 32.1.4 Collateral held

The Modaraba's investments in ijarah assets are secured by registration of title to the underlying assets in the name of Modaraba. Particulars of collateral held against financing under musharakah and murabahah arrangements and profit receivable thereon is referred to in relevant notes to the financial statements.

### 32.1.5 Credit risk management

The Modaraba's portfolio of loans and receivables is broadly diversified and transactions are entered into with diverse credit worthy counterparties thereby mitigating any significant concentration of credit risk. The Modaraba does not have significant concentration of credit risk with a single counterparty. Formal policies and procedures of credit management and administration of receivables are established and executed. In monitoring customer credit risk, the ageing profile of total receivable balances and individually significant balances, along with collection activities are reported Management Company on a monthly basis. High risk customers are identified and restrictions are placed on future financing and credit period extensions.

#### 32.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Modaraba will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. Given the nature of Modaraba's operations and existing financial liabilities, the Modaraba's exposure to liquidity risk is very limited and liquidity risk management is limited to ensuring that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational cash flows.

### 32.3 Market risk

### 32.3.1 Currency risk

The Modaraba is not exposed to currency risk.

#### 32.3.2 Profit rate risk

Profit rate risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in profit rates. The Modaraba's exposure to profit rate risk is limited as all of its investments in ijarah assets, musharakah, murabahah are fixed rate instruments.

### 32.3.3 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from profit rate risk or currency risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments.

The Modaraba is exposed to unfavorable changes in the fair value of the investments in listed equity securities as a result of the changes in the equity prices. The particulars of investments exposed to price risk as at the reporting date are referred to note 5 to the financial statements. A ten percent increase in market prices would have increased equity by Rs. 1.6 million (2016: Rs. 1.9 million). A ten percent decrease in market prices would have had an equal but opposite impact on equity.

#### 33 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Modaraba's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Management Company monitors the return on assets of the Modaraba, including finances under ijarah, murabahah and musharakah arrangements and investments in capital market which are managed through appropriate risk management policies. For major aspects of capital management, the Modaraba adheres to the requirements of the Ordinance, Rules and Regulations including the requirements of statutory reserve. The level of profit distribution to certificate holders is kept at the required level in order to avail the tax exemption. There were no changes in the Modaraba's approach to capital management during the year.

### 34 REMUNERATION OF OFFICERS AND OTHER EMPLOYEES

The aggregate amount charged to profit or loss in respect of officers and other employees on account of managerial remuneration, allowances and perquisites, post employment benefits and the number of such executives and employees is as follows:

		2018	
	Officers	Other Employees	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Managerial remuneration Allowances and perquisites Post employment benefits	3,176,000 1,966,320 734,319	2,374,978 1,407,598 413,054	5,550,978 3,373,918 1,147,373
	5,876,639	4,195,630	10,072,269
Number of persons	5	11	16
		2017	
	Officers	Other Employees	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Managerial remuneration Allowances and perquisites Post employment benefits	3,159,950 2,246,544 980,735	1,780,700 1,234,678 551,664	4,940,650 3,481,222 1,532,399
	6,387,229	3,567,042	9,954,271
Number of persons	5	11	16

#### 35 EVENT AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

The Board of Directors of the Management Company has approved the payment of dividend of Re. 0.30 per certificate. (2017: Nil) on the certificate capital of the modaraba in their meeting held on September 28, 2018.

#### 36 DATE OF AUTHORIZATION FOR ISSUE

These financial statements were authorized for issue by the Board of Directors of the Management Company on September 28, 2018.

### 37 RECOVERABLE AMOUNTS AND IMPAIRMENT

Impairment on ijarah, murabahah and musharakah finances, and profit receivable thereon is recognized in accordance with the requirements of Prudential Regulations for Modarabas pertaining to classification and provisioning. In the opinion of the management, no further impairment, in addition to that already recognized in accordance with Prudential Regulations, is necessary. Further, the recoverable amounts of all other assets/cash generating units are equal to or exceed their carrying amounts, unless stated otherwise in these financial statements.

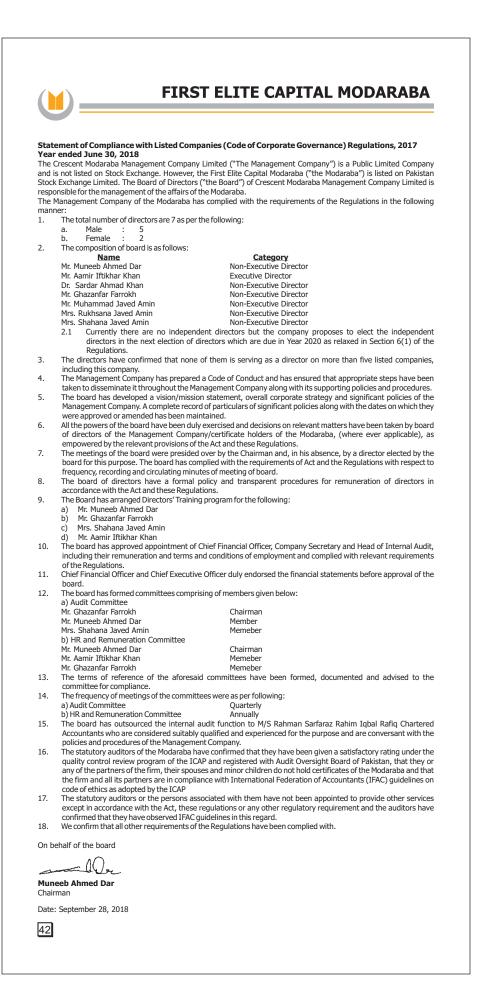
#### 38 GENERAL

Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

Comparative figures have been rearranged and reclassified, where necessary, for the purpose of comparison.

For Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited (Management Company of First Elite Capital Modaraba)

(Manage	ement Company of I	First Elite Capital Mod	araba)
and	Jan Spellen	Shazant	our
Chairman	Chief Executive	Director	Chief Financial Officer
			41



NUMBER OF CERTIFICATE HOLDERS	CERTIFIC FROM	ATE HOLDINGS TO	TOTAL CERTIFICATE HELD
2,304	1	100	110,877
449	101	500	150,410
1,174	501	1,000	704,324
362	1,001	5,000	888,313
114	5,001	10,000	920,680
45	10,001	15,000	548,381
29	15,001	20,000	535,391
17	20,001	25,000	404,711
19	25,001	30,000	532,670
7	30,001	35,000	237,218
6	35,001	40,000	231,987
5	40,001	45,000	219,550
11	45,001	50,000	537,000
2	50,001	55,000	105,253
4	55,001	60,000	227,700
1	65,001	70,000	68,000
2	75,001	80,000	158,000
2	80,001	85,000	165,427
3	95,001	100,000	297,500
1	100,001	105,000	105,000
2	105,001	110,000	215,000
1	115,001	120,000	119,500
1	120,001	125,000	123,000
1	135,001	140,000	140,000
1	180,001	185,000	182,000
1	190,001	195,000	190,443
1	195,001	200,000	200,000
1	200,001	205,000	202,073
1	225,001	230,000	225,500
1	235,001	240,000	235,500
1	295,001	300,000	300,000
1	390,001	395,000	392,620
1	530,001	535,000	531,972
1 1	1,130,001	1,135,000	1,134,000
4,572			11,340,000

# PATTERN OF CERTIFICATE HOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

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## CATEGORIES OF CERTIFICATE HOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

CATEGORIES OF CERTIFICATE HOLDERS	NUMBERS	CERTIFICATE HELD	PERCENTAGE
ASSOCIATED COMPANIES, UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PAI	RTIES		
Crescent Modaraba Management Co. Ltd	d. 1	1,134,000	10.00
NIT			
CDC-Trustee National Investment (Unit)	Trust 1	392,620	3.46
DIRECTORS, CEO AND THEIR SPO AND MINOR CHILDREN	USES 3	244,143	2.15
Mr. Muhammad Javed Amin		190,443	
Mrs. Shahana Javed Amin		45,000	
Mrs. Rukhsana Javed Amin		8,700	
EXECUTIVE	-	-	-
PUBLIC SECTOR COMPANIES AND CORPORATIONS			
State Life Insurance Corporation of Pakis	stan 1	531,972	4.69
INSTITUTIONS, NON BANKING FINANCE COMPANIES, INSURANC COMPANIES, TAKAFUL, MODARAB AND PENSION FUNDS		128,320	1.13
MUTUAL FUNDS			
Golden Arrow Selected Stocks Fund Lto		5,000	0.04
Prudential Stock Fund Ltd.	1	37,920	0.33
JOINT STOCK COMPANIES	21	162,438	1.44
INDIVIDUALS	4,535	8,703,587	76.76
TOTAL:	4,572	11,340,000	100.00
CERTIFICATES HOLDERS HOLDING PERCENTAGE OR MORE INTEREST LISTED COMPANY. Crescent Modaraba Management Comp	IN THE	1,134,000	10.00

## **KEY OPERATING AND FINANCIAL DATA**

YEAR	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
			Rupees in	million		
Revenues	69.31	52.20	49.77	58.55	62.54	61.78
Profit/(Loss) after Management Fee & Taxation	4.72	(2.77)	(3.02)	8.58	9.07	9.04
Paid up Capital	113.40	113.40	113.40	113.40	113.40	113.40
Certificate Holder's Equity	127.95	124.94	130.45	142.19	138.16	133.69
Current Liabilities	15.94	15.14	17.31	27.50	22.44	19.25
Fixed Assets	141.88	108.87	85.05	103.83	107.24	119.23
Current Assets	48.93	77.15	96.73	99.52	88.87	74.24
Dividend (%)	3.00	-	-	5.50	5.50	5.50
Earning/(Loss) per Certificate	0.42	(0.24)	(0.27)	0.76	0.80	0.80
Break up Value	11.28	11.02	11.50	12.54	12.18	11.79



## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT**

To the members of First Elite Capital Modaraba

## Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of **Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited**, the management Company of **First Elite Capital Modaraba** for the year ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop and effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018.

ILYAS SAEED & CO Chartered Accountants Engagement Partner: Muhammad Ilyas Date: September 28, 2018 Place: Lahore

## **Shariah Advisor's Report**

I have conducted the Shariah review of **First Elite Capital Modaraba** managed by **Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited** for the year ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of the **Shariah Compliance and Shariah Audit Mechanism for Modarabas.** Based on my review, I report that in my opinion:

- i. The Modaraba has introduced a mechanism which has strengthened the Shariah compliance, in letter and spirit and the systems, procedures and policies adopted by the Modaraba are in line with the Shariah principles.
- ii. No major developments took place during the period.
- iii. I confirm that the financing agreement(s) entered into by the Modaraba are Shariah compliant and the financing agreement(s) have been executed on the formats as approved by the Religious Board and all the related conditions have been met;
- iv. To the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, the business transactions undertaken by the Modaraba and all other matters incidental thereto are in conformity with the Shariah requirements as well as the requirements of the Prospectus, Islamic Financial Accounting Standards as applicable in Pakistan and the Shariah Compliance and Shariah Audit Regulations for Modarabas.
- v. The Modaraba does not offer any deposit raising products and therefore no review has been done in respect to profit sharing ratio.
- vi. The Charity amounts have been credited to charity account.

## Recommendation(s)

- 1. A few remaining Non Shariah Non Tradable equity instruments will be disposed off when they would be tradable equity instruments.
- 2. The management should maintain its efforts to comply with rulings of Shariah in its business operations and future transactions.

## Conclusion

Alhamdulillah, after introduction of Shariah Compliance and Shariah Audit Mechanism for Modarabas by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), the Management of First Elite Capital Modaraba has effectively shown its sincerity to comply with Shariah Rulings. According to my best knowledge the business operations of First Elite Capital Modaraba are Shariah compliant.

May Allah bless us with the best Tawfeeq to accomplish his cherished tasks, make us successful in this world and in the hereafter, and forgive our mistakes.

**Mufti Muhammad Umar** Shariah Advisor

Date: September 28, 2018

## NOTICE OF ANNUAL REVIEW MEETING

Notice is hereby given that 19th Annual Review Meeting of certificate holders of First Elite Capital Modaraba will be held on Friday, October 26, 2018 at 11:30 a.m. at 50-A, Garden Block, New Garden Town, Lahore to review the performance of the Modaraba for the year ended June 30, 2018. The Certificate Holders whose names appear on the Register of Certificate Holders of the Modaraba as on October 18, 2018 will be eligible to attend the Meeting.

Muhammad Arif Hilal Company Secretary Crescent Modaraba Management Company Limited Manager of First Elite Capital Modaraba Date: October 05, 2018 Place: LAHORE

## Note:

- The Certificate Transfer Books shall remain closed from October 19, 2018 to October 26, 2018 (both days inclusive.) Transfers received in order at the office of our Registrar M/s Corptec Associates (Pvt) Limited, 503-E, Johar Town, Lahore, before the close of business on October 18, 2018 will be treated in time for the purpose of entitlement of dividend and to attend the Annual Review Meeting.
- 2. CDC certificate holders desiring to attend the meeting are requested to bring their original CNIC, Account and participant's ID number for identification purpose.

Dividend Mandate Form         Date:         I hereby wish to communicate my desire to receive my dividends directly my bank account as detailed below:         I. Name of shareholder/certificate holder:
I hereby wish to communicate my desire to receive my dividends directly my bank account as detailed below: Name of shareholder/certificate holder:
<ul> <li>my bank account as detailed below:</li> <li>Name of shareholder/certificate holder:</li></ul>
I.       Name of shareholder/certificate holder:
<ol> <li>Polio number:</li></ol>
<ol> <li>Postal Address:</li> <li>Contact number:</li> <li>Name of Bank:</li> <li>Bank Branch &amp; full mailing address:</li> <li>Title of Bank Account:</li> </ol>
<ol> <li>Contact number:</li></ol>
<ol> <li>Name of Bank:</li></ol>
7. Title of Bank Account:
3. Bank Account No. (complete with code):
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IBAN Number (complete with code):
10. CNIC No. (attach copy):
11. NTN (in case of corporate entity, attach copy):
INDIVIDUAL CERTIFICATE HOLDER(S)         Signature         CNIC NO
(copy attached)
CORPORATE ENTITY
Authorized Signatory(ies) NTN No (copy attached)
In case Certificate held in CDC, then please inform concer Participant/CDC Investor Account Services).

