

SHAHZAD TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED MANUFACTURERS AND EXPORTERS OF YARN



FORM-5

Date: 04-10-2018

THE GENERAL MANAGER Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited, Stock Exchange Building Stock Exchange Road, <u>Karachi.</u>

Subject: Transmission of Annual Report for the Year Ended June 30, 2018

Dear Sir,

We have to inform you that the Annual Report of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018 have been transmitted through PUCARS and is also available on Company's website.

You may please inform the TRE Certificate Holders of the Exchange accordingly.

Yours Sincerely, for SHAHZAD TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

COMPANY SECRE

19-A, OFF. ZAFAR ALI ROAD, GULBERG-V, LAHORE - PAKISTAN.

SHAHZAD TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

ANNUAL REPORT 2018



SG

Certificate SG05/00526

The management system of

Shahzad Textile Mills Limited

Head Office: 19-A, Off Zafar Ali Road, Gulberg - V, Lahore, Pakistan

has been assessed and certified as meeting the requirements of

ISO 9001:2015

For the following activities

The scope of registration appears on page 2 of this certificate.

This certificate is valid from 27 December 2017 until 15 August 2020 and remains valid subject to satisfactory surveillance audits. Re certification audit due before 13 August 2020 Issue 6. Certified since 16 August 2005

> This is a multi-site certification. Additional site details are listed on the subsequent page.





0005

SGS United Kingdom Ltd Rossmore Business Park Ellesmere Port Cheshire CH65 3EN UK t +44 (0)151 350-6666 f +44 (0)151 350-6600 www.sss.com

Page 1 of 2

Authorised by



This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Certification Services accessible at www.sgs.com/terms_and_conditions him-Attention is drawn to the institution of labitity, indemnitization and juncticitonal issues astabilished therein. The autoenticity of this document may be verified at http://www.sgs.com/ani/oetfiliad clienti-and-productic/certified-planet.fire/of/ Ary uncattroclocal distribution, foregray of labitity, index of the context or uppearance of this document is untawhili and offenders may be prosecuted to the luter.

SGS

Certificate SG05/00526, continued

Shahzad Textile Mills Limited

ISO 9001:2015

Issue 6

Detailed scope

"Manufacturing and Export of 100% Cotton, Blended, Pure Synthetic, Combed, carded and double yarn"

Additional facilities

Site 01: 34th Km, Sheikhupura Road, Sheikhupura, Pakistan.

Site 02: 7Km, Sheikhupura Faisalabad Road, Sheikhupura, Pakistan.







This document is issued by the Company subject to its General Conditions of Certification Services accessible of www.sgs.com/larms_and_conditions.hm Attention is drawn to the Immations of kability indernnification and junsdictional sease established therein. The authentity of the document may be writed at http://www.ags.com/ant/eartieler.ilee/its-and product/certified-citent-directory you mauthorized attention. Topory or fasification of the coment or appearance of this document is unlawful and offenders may be prosecuted to the fullest Any unaul

SGSSG





Page 2 of 2



CONTENTS

40th ANNUAL REPORT AND ACCOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Company's Information	1
Vision and Mission Statements	2
Code of Conduct	3-4
Six Years Financial Summary	5
Statement of Compliance With the Code of Corporate Governance	6-8
Review Report to the Members	9
Notice of Annual General Meeting	10-13
Chairman's Review Report	14
Directors' Report (English)	15-21
Auditors' Report to the Members	22-25
Balance Sheet	26-27
Profit and Loss Acount	28
Statement of Comprehensive Income	29
Cash Flow Statement	30
Statement of Changes in Equity	31
Notes to the Accounts	32-62
Pattern of Share Holding	63-64
Directors' Report (Urdu)	65-68
Proxy Form (English, Urdu)	70-71
Important Notice (English, Urdu)	72-73
Annual Accounts (English, Urdu)	74-75



Key features:

- Licensed Entities Verification
- m Scam meter*
- 🞮 Jamapunji games*
- Tax credit calculator*
- Company Verification
- Insurance & Investment Checklist
- ??? FAQs Answered



Jama Punji is an Investor Education Initiative of Securites and Exchange Commission of Pakistan

Be aware, Be alert, Be safe

Learn about investing at www.jamapunji.pk

- Stock trading simulator (based on live feed from KSE)
- Knowledge center
- Risk profiler*
- Financial calculator
- Subscription to Alerts (event notifications, corporate and regulatory actions)
- Jamapunji application for mobile device
- Online Quizzes



@jamapunji_pk

*Mobile apps are also available for download for android and ios devices

COMPANY INFORMATION

Board of Directors

Mian Parvez AslamChairmanMr. Imran AslamChief ExecutiveMr. Irfan AslamSyed Raza Ali BokhariMr. Humayun BakhtMr. Ahsan Ahmad KhanMr. Maqsood Shahid Najmi

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Humayun Bakht

Company Secretary Mr. Hassan-ud-Din Ansari

Auditors Horwath Hussain Chaudhry & Co. Chartered Accountants

Audit Committee

Syed Raza Ali BokhariChairmanMr. Irfan AslamMemberMr. Maqsood Shahid NajmiMember

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Syed Raza Ali BokhariChairmanMr. Imran AslamMemberMr. Ahsan Ahmad KhanMember

Bankers

Habib Metropolitan Bank Ltd. J S Bank Ltd. National Bank of Pakistan. Meezan Bank Limited.

Share Registrar Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt) Ltd. H.M. House, 7-Bank Square, Lahore.

Registered Office

19-A Off. Zafar Ali Road, Gulberg-V, Lahore. Ph: +92 (42) 35754024-27 Fax: +92 (42) 35712313 E-mail: mis@shaheencotton.com Web: www.shahzadtex.com

Mills Units # 1,3 & 4

34th KM Lahore Sheikhupura Road, Sheikhupura

Unit # 2 7th KM Sheikhupura Faisalabad Road, Sheikhupura.

VISION STATEMENT

We aim at seeing our mills to be a model manufacturing unit producing high quality yarn by complying with the requirements of Quality management System and continuously imporving its effectiveness for total coustomers' satisfaction. We wish to play a leading role in the spinning sector by keeping a substantial presence in the export and local markets.

MISSION STATMENT

- 1. To install state of the art machinery and to acquire sophisticated process technology to achieve maximum growth in a competitive quality environment.
- 2. To make strenuous efforts to enchance profitiablity of the mills ensuring a fair return to the investors, shareholders and employees of the company.
- 3. To exercise maximum care for improvement of quality of our products by employing a team of highly skilled techinicians and professional managers.
- 4. To strive hard to explore new customers for the sale of our products in export and local markets.
- 5. To improve customers' satisfaction level by adhering strictly to quality requirements of our customers in local and export markets and by improving communications with customers for receiving prompt feed backs about quality of our products.
- 6. To attend and prompt resolution of customers' quality complaints by taking timely corrective measures.
- 7. To improve logistic facilities for our customers dispatch programme and issue all shipments / delivery documents well in time.
- 8. To make comprehensive arrangements for the training of our workers / technicians.
- 9. To promote team work, sense of transparency, creativity in our professionals and technical people

CODE OF CONDUCT

Shahzad Textile Mills Limited, has laid down the following code of conduct, the observance of which is compulsory for all the directors and staff members of the company in the conduct of company's business in order to protect and safeguard the reputation and integrity of the company at all levels of its operations. Any contravention of these ethics is regarded as misconduct. The company will ensure that all the executives and subordinate staff members are fully aware of these standards and principles.

1. Conflict of interest

All staff member are expected not to engage ina nay activity which can cause confilict between their personal interests and company's interests, such as:

- a) In effecting the purchases for the company and selling its products the directors and the staff members are forbidden from holding any personal interest in any organization supplying goods or services to the company or buying its products.
- b) The staff members should not engage in any outside business while serving the company.
- c) Staff members are not permitted to conduct personal business in company's premises or use company's facilities for the same.
- d) If a staff member has direct or indirect relationship with an outside organization dealing with the company he must disclose the same to the management.

2. Confidentiality

All staff members are required not to divulge any secrets / informations of the company to any outsider even after leaving the service of the company unless it is so required by a court of law. During the course of service in the company they should not disseminate any information relating to business secrets of the company without the consent of management.

3. kickbacks

All staff members are strictly forbidden not to accept any favor, gifts or kickbacks from any organization dealing with the company. In case if such a favor is considered, in the interest of the company, the same should be disclosed clearly to the management.

4. Proper Books of Account

All funds, receipts and disbursements should be properly recorded in the books of accounts of the company. No false or fictitious entries should be made or misleading statement pertaining to the company or its operations should be issued. All agreements with agents, dealers and consultants should be made in writing supported with required evidence.

5. Relationship with government officials suppliers, agents etc.

The dealings of the company with Government officials, suppliers, buyers, agents and consultants of the company should always be such that the integrity of the company and reputation is not damaged. Members having queries in connection with how to deal with these requirements should consult the management.

6. <u>Health and Safety</u>

Every staff member is required to take care of his health and safety and of those working with him. The management is responsible for keeping its staff members insured as per government rules and regulations.

7. Environment

To preserve and protect the environment all staff members are required to operate the company's facilities and processes so as to ensure maximum safety of the adjoining communities, and strive continuously to improve environmental awareness and protections.

8. Alcohol, Drugs

All types of gambling and betting at the company's work places are strictly forbidden. Also bringing alcohols or drugs inside the work places are not allowed. If any staff member, not abiding by these prohibitions will attract disciplinary as well as penal action.

9. Coordination among staff members to maintain discipline

All staff members will work in close coordination with their co-workers, seniors and colleagues. Every member will cooperate with other members so that the company's work could be carried out effectively and efficiently. All cases of non-cooperation among staff members should be reported to the management for necessary and suitable action. Strict disciplinary action will be taken against those staff members who violate the rules and regulations of the company.

10. Workplace harassment

All staff members will be provided an environment that is free from harassment and in which all employees are equally respected. Work place harassment means any action that creates an intimidating, hostile or offensive environment which may include sexual harassment, disparaging remarks based on gender, religious, race or ethnicity.

SIX YEARS FINANCIAL SUMMARY

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
		Rupees In Thousands				
Sales	5,464,278	4,511,169	3,692,132	4,211,486	4,997,603	4,977,944
Gross Profit	267,586	242,998	184,755	253,651	398,645	480,705
Profit/(Loss) before taxation	101,183	64,031	21,632	48,567	285,627	258,799
Provision for tax	(28,983)	(29,316)	(34,989)	(12,789)	(67,928)	8,889
Profit/(Loss) after taxation	72,200	34,715	(13,357)	35,778	217,699	267,688
					,	
Total Assets	3,430,522	2,908,801	2,630,358	2,598,113	2,639,987	2,460,816
Current liabilities	969,147	764,960	591,876	578,450	600,823	635,105
	2,461,375	2,143,841	2,038,482	2,019,663	2,039,164	1,825,711
	_,,	_,,			_,000,101	.,
Represented By :						
Equity & Surplus	2,113,308	1,752,012	1,714,359	1,703,304	1,693,873	1,497,869
Long Term Loans & leases	58,036	98,777	-	-	35,224	77,014
Deferred Liablities	290,030	293,053	324,123	316,359	310,067	250,828
	2,461,375	2,143,841	2,038,482	2,019,663	2,039,164	1,825,711

5

Statement of Compliance with Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

Name of Company:Shahzad Textile Mills LimitedYear Ending:30th June, 2018

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

- 1. The total numbers of directors are seven (07) as per the following;
 - a) Male: Seven (07)
 - b) Female: Nil
- 2. The composition of board is as follows:

a)	Independent Directors	One (01)
	Syed Raza Ali Bokhari	
b)	Other Non-Executive Director	Four (04)
	Mian Parvez Aslam	
	Mr. Irfan Aslam	
	Mr. Ahsan Ahamd Khan	
	Mr. Maqsood Shahid Najmi	
c)	Executive Directors	Two (02)
	Mr. Imran Aslam	
	Mr. Humayun Bakht	

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.

9. The board has arranged Directors' Training Program for the following;

Three Directors of the Company namely Mian Parvez Aslam, Mr. Imran Aslam, and Mr. Irfan Aslam are exempted from the requirement of Directors' Training Program.

Three Directors Mr. Humayun Bakht, Mr. Maqsood Shahid Najmi and Mr. Ahsan Ahmad Khan obtained the Certificates under Directors' Training Program (DTP).

- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below;
 - a) <u>Audit Committee</u>
 - Syed Raza Ali Bokhari
 Chairman
 - Mr. Irfan Aslam Member
 - Mr. Maqsood Shahid Najmi Member
 - b) <u>HR and Remuneration Committee</u>

•	Syed Raza Ali Bokhari	Chairman
•	Mr. Imran Aslam	Member
•	Mr. Ahsan Ahmad Khan	Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/yearly) of the committee were as per following;

a) <u>Audit Committee</u>

The audit committee of the company is meeting every quarter of the financial year prior to the approval of interim results of the company by its board of directors and after completion of external audit and if requested by the external auditors or the head of internal audit.

b) HR and Remuneration Committee

The Committee shall meet at least once in a financial year and may meet more often if requested by a member of the board, or committee itself or the chief executive officer.

15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function which was duly reviewed and ratified by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors of the Company.

- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

ay ammu IRFAN ASLAM DIRECTOR

my 11-

IMRAN ASLAM Chief Executive Officer

Lahore Dated: 26th September, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SHAHZAD TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

REVIEW REPORT ON THE STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE CONTAINED IN LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 ("the Regulations") prepared by the Board of Directors of Shahzad Textile Mills Limited ("the Company") for the year ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Lahore Dated: September 26, 2018

HORWATH HUSSAIN CHAUDHURY & CO. Chartered Accountants

(Engagement Partner: Muhammad Nasir Muneer)

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Notice is hereby given that the Fortieth (40th) Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of SHAHZAD TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED will be held at Company's Registered Office, 19-A, Off. Zafar Ali Road, Gulberg-V, Lahore on Saturday, October 27, 2018 at 12:30 p.m. to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Chairman's Review Report, the Reports of Directors and Auditors together with Audited Annual Separate and Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018.
- 2. To approve, as recommended by the Board of Directors, the payment of final cash dividend of Re. 1.00 per share (i.e., @10.0%) for the year ended 30 June 2018.
- 3. To appoint Company's auditors and to fix their remuneration. The members are hereby notified that the Audit Committee and the Board of directors have recommended the name of retiring auditors M/s Horwath Hussain Chaudhury & Co.Chartered Accountants for appointment as auditors of the Company.

SPECIAL BUSNIESS

1. To consider and, if deemed fit, to pass the following resolution as Special Resolution with or without modification for ratification of Transactions with Related Parties as per Note No. 37 of Audited Accounts 2018.

RESOLVED that the related party transactions carried out by the Company with related parties during the year ended June 30, 2018 be and hereby approved.

RESOLVED FURTHER that Chief Executive of the Company be and is hereby authorized to approve transactions to be conducted with the Related Parties in the normal course of business during the year ending June 30, 2019 and till the date of next annual general meeting.

2. To consider and if deemed fit to pass the following resolution as Special Resolution with or without modification for the transmission of the annual audited accounts, notices of general meetings and other information contained therein of the Company either through CD/DVD/USB in terms of S.R.O 470(1) 2016 dated May 31, 2016.

RESOLVED that consent and approval of the members of Shahzad Textile Mills Limited, (the "Company") be and is hereby accorded for transmission of annual audited accounts, notices of general meetings and other information contained therein of the Company to the members for future years commencing from the year ended June 30, 2019 through CD or DVD or USB instead of transmitting the same in hard copies"

By order of the Board

Dated: September 26, 2018

(HASSAN-UD-DIN ANSARI) **Company Secretary**

Place: Lahore

NOTES:

- The Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from October 18, 2018 to October 27, 2018 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at Company's Independent Share Registrar's Office, Hameed Majeed Associates (Pvt.) Limited, H.M. House, 7- Bank Square, Lahore by the close of business on October 17, 2018, will be treated in time for the entitlement of dividend to the transferees and to attend the annual general meeting.
- 2. A member entitled to attend and vote at this meeting may appoint any other member as his/her proxy to attend and vote instead of him/her and a proxy so appointed shall have the same rights, as respects attending, speaking and voting at the AGM as are available to the members. A Proxy must be a member of the Company.
- 3. The instrument appointing a proxy and the power of attorney or other authority under which it is signed or a notarial attested copy of the power of attorney must be deposited at the Registered Office of the Company at least 48 hours before the time of the meeting. Proxy Forms, in English and Urdu languages, have been dispatched to the members along with the notice of AGM.
- 4. Members who have deposited their shares into Central Depository Company of Pakistan Limited ("CDC") will further have to follow the under mentioned guidelines as laid down by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

A. For Attending the Meeting

- a. In case of Individuals, the account holder and/or sub-account holder and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original CNIC or, original Passport at the time of attending the Meeting.
- b. In case of corporate entity, the Board's resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of the Meeting.

B. For Appointing Proxies

- a. In case of individuals, the account holder and/or sub-account holder and their registration details are uploaded as per the CDC Regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per above requirements.
- b. The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons, whose names, addresses and CNIC numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- c. Attested copies of the CNIC or the passport of beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- d. The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
- e. In case of corporate entity, the Board's resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be furnished (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

5. CNIC/IBAN for E-Dividend Payment

The provisions of Section 242 of the Companies Act, 2017 require the listed companies that any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account of designated by the entitled shareholders. Accordingly, the shareholders holding physical shares are requested to provide the

Company's Share Registrar at the address given herein above, electronic dividend mandate on E-Dividend Form provided in the annual report and also available on website of the Company. In the case of shares held in CDC, the same information should be provided to the CDS participants for updating and forwarding to the Company. In case of non-submission, all future dividend payments may be withheld.

6. Zakat Declarations:

The members of the Company are required to submit Declaration for Zakat exemption in terms of Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980.

7. Circulations of Annual Reports through Email

The shareholders who intends to receive the annual report including the notice of meeting through e-mail are requested to provide their written consent on the Standard Request Form provided in the annual report and also available on the Company's website: www.shahzadtex.com.

8. Tax Deductions from Filers and Non-Filers

The deduction of income tax from dividend payments shall be made on the basis of filers and non-filers as follows:

S.No	Nature of Shareholders	Rate of deduction
1	Filers	15.0%
2	Non- Filers	20.0%

Tax deduction will be made on the basis of Active Tax Payers List provided on the website of Federal Board of Revenue.

Members seeking exemption from deduction of tax on dividend payment or are eligible for deduction at a reduced rate are requested to submit a valid withholding tax exemption certificate or necessary documentary evidence, as the case may be.

The shareholders who have joint shareholdings held by Filers and Non-Filers shall be dealt with separately and in such particular situation, each account holder is to be treated as either a Filer or a Non-Filer and tax will be deducted according to his shareholding. If the share is not ascertainable then each account holder will be assumed to hold equal proportion of shares and the deduction will be made accordingly. Therefore, in order to avoid deduction of tax at a higher rate, the joint account holders are requested to provide the below details of their shareholding to the Share Registrar of the Company latest by the AGM date.

Folio/CDC Account	Name of	CNIC	Shareholding	Total	Principal/joint
No.	shareholder			shares	shareholder

9. Unclaimed Dividend and Bonus Shares

Shareholders, who by any reason, could not claim their dividend or bonus shares or did not collect their physical shares, if any, are advised to contact our Share Registrar M/s Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited, 7-Bank Square, Lahore, to collect/enquire about their unclaimed dividend or pending shares, if any.

10. Video Conference Facility

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2017, the shareholders residing in a city and holding at least 10% of the total paid up share capital may demand the Company to provide the facility of video-link for participating in the AGM. The demand for video-link facility shall be received by the Share Registrar at the address

given hereinabove at least seven (7) days prior to the date of the meeting on the Standard Form provided in the annual report and also available on the company's website: www.shahzadtex.com.

11. Placement of Financial Statements

The Company has placed a copy of the Notice of AGM, Annual Separate and Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2018 along with the Reports of Auditors and Directors www.shahzadtex.com.

STATEMENT UNDER SECTION 134(3) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2017

This statement sets out the material facts concerning special business to be transacted at the Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on October 27, 2018.

Ratification / approval of Related Party Transactions

The Company carried out transactions as detailed in the below draft resolution with its related parties in the ordinary course of business under the authority of the special resolution of the members as approved by them during the last annual general meeting held on October 28, 2017. All these transactions were presented before the Board of Directors for their review and consideration as recommended by the Audit Committee on quarterly basis.

Since, the majority of the Company Directors were interested in the related party transactions carried out during the financial year ended June 30, 2018 with the related parties as mentioned in the below draft resolution, due to their common directorship and shareholding in these associated undertakings, therefore, these transactions have been placed before the members of the Company for their approval in the General Meeting. The transactions with all related parties are entered on arms' length basis.

The Directors are interested in this business to the extent of their respective directorships and /or shareholdings.

Circulation of Annual Report through CD/DVD/USB

The Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide SRO No. 470(1) 2016 dated May 31, 2016, has allowed listed companies to circulate their Annual Audited Accounts (i.e. the annual balance sheet and profit and loss account, auditor's report and director's report) to its members through CD/DVD/USB at their registered addresses instead of sending them in hard copies, subject to approval obtained from shareholders in General Meeting. Accordingly, approval is hereby sought from members of the Company to comply with the requirements of said SRO vide an ordinary resolution.

Subject to the approval of resolution in the AGM, the company will circulate its annual accounts in future through CD/DVD/USB. However, members will have the right to request hard copies free of cost at their registered addresses after submitting the Standard Request Form which shall be made available on Company website. While members who wish to receive hard copies for all future annual audited accounts shall also require to give their preference in writing.

The directors of the Company have no direct or indirect interest in this agenda except to the extent of their respective directorships and /or shareholdings.

CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

For the year ended June 30, 2018

I am pleased to present this report to the Shareholders of Shahzad Textile Mills Limited pertaining to the overall performance of the Board and the effectiveness of its role in attaining Company's objectives.

The Committees of the Board had performed their duties and responsibilities diligently and contributed to the governance structure of the Company as per the best practices in light of the relevant legal requirements. The Audit Committee has focused on control of risks associated with the textile business. The Human Resource and Remuneration Committee has worked within the ambit of its term of reference and ensured that the HR policies regarding performance management, HR staffing, compensation and benefits are market driven and are aligned to the company's performance, stakeholders' interests and the long-term success of the company.

The Company has developed a mechanism for the evaluation of performance of the Board of Directors and its Committees. During the year, a self-evaluation was carried out, as required. The purpose of this evaluation is to ensure that the Board's overall performance and effectiveness is measured and benchmarked against expectations in the context of objectives set for the Company. For the financial year ended June 30, 2018, the Board's overall performance and effectiveness has been assessed as satisfactory. The overall assessment as satisfactory is based on an evaluation of integral components, including vision, mission and values; engagement in strategic planning; formulation of policies; monitoring the organization's business activities; monitor financial resource management; effective fiscal oversight; equitable treatment of all employees and efficiency in carrying out the Board's business.

On an overall basis, I believe that the strategic direction of the Company is clear and appropriate. Further, the processes adopted in developing and reviewing the overall corporate strategy and achievement of Company's objectives are commendable and have helped tremendously in ensuring the smooth and efficient running of the Company's business.

The Company is striving to further improve the working conditions of its employees to provide safe, healthy and comfortable working environment.

I wish to acknowledge the contributions of our employees, suppliers, customers, bankers and other stakeholders for their confidence and support.

We look forward to the next year with confidence and hope to meet the challenges ahead.

Lahore.

Dated September 26, 2018

Mian Parvez Aslam

Chairman.

On behalf of the Board, it is my great pleasure to present the 40th Directors' Report accompanied by Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018 along with Auditors' Report thereon, which reflects the affairs of the Company.

Financial and Operational Performance:

The financial results of the Company are summarized below:

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Sales	5,464,277,865	4,511,169,297
Gross Profit	267,585,555	242,997,791
Profit before taxation and share of associate	61,095,682	27,077,796
Share of Net profit of Associate	40,087,570	36,953,173
Profit before Taxation	101,183,252	64,030,969
Taxation	(28,983,671)	(29,316,329)
Profit after Taxation	72,199,581	34,714,640

By the grace of God, profit of the Company before taxation and share of Net Profit of associated undertaking increased to Rs. 61.096 million in the current year ended June 30, 2018 as compared to profit Rs. 27.078 million in the corresponding period of last year. Top line increase is recorded as Rs. 5,464 billion in the current year from Rs. 4,511 billion in the corresponding period of last year. However, gross profit to sales percentage decreased slightly from 5.39% to 4.90% due to increase in cost of raw materials and other manufacturing cost.

This profit is not only attributable to business transactions but also includes reversal of provision of further tax Rs. 42,168,181/- created in tax year 2017 to meet the contingency of legal petition filed against imposition of this levy.

GENERAL OVERVIEW

Our economy is continuously facing strenuous times due to unstable political circumstances. Our Cotton crop growth is decreasing consecutively and export sale is falling sharply day-byday. The Government does not pay attention to this aspect and enhances the electricity and gas prices without anticipating its negative impact on the industry. Resultantly, sometimes it becomes very difficult for industrialist to meet the export contracts made with the foreign buyers due to higher cost of the product. Pakistani Rupee also experienced a worst fall ever against US dollar reaching at the historic level of Rs.125-128 eroding 19% as compared to last year.

The Federal Government, however, announced Textile Package 2017 to boost textile exports. It includes several relief measures, including widening of the scope of Duty Drawbacks, zero rating of sales tax on machinery imports, and raw-materials, prompt payment of sales tax refunds for textile sector but high energy prices will wipe out all these incentives.

Earning per Share

Earning per share of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018 is Rs. 4.02 as compared Rs. 1.93 of previous year's earning.

DIVIDEND AND BONUS ISSUE

The Board of Directors has proposed a 10% cash dividend for the year ended June 30, 2018. The dividend recommended is subject to approval by the shares holders in the Annual General Meeting.

FUTURE OUTLOOK

The Company maintained its sales momentum and exhibited a substantial increase of 21% in volume over the preceding financial year due to constant supply of energy to industrial sector and little improvement in local yarn rates. As we discussed in the last Directors' Report that management has imported 5 gas generators from Austria to replace the existing ones and also planned to overhaul two existing generators. Three generators were installed in the last year and two generators valuing Rs. 79,726,000/- are installed in the current year. Two existing generators are also completely overhauled costing Rs. 21, 780,600/- These four generators have started functioning successfully in current year efficiency of overhauled generators is excellently improved which has also enhanced the production of energy. This increase in production of electricity will help to reduce the energy cost and eventually enhancement in profit.

The Management is always determined to give good results to the shareholders and takes all necessary steps, which go in favor of the company according to their intellectual perception.

ISO 9001-2008 CERTIFICATION

The Company trusts in sustainable quality of yarn to the complete satisfaction of its clients. For this the Company has obtained the latest version of ISO 9001-2008 Certification, which is renewed every year after an extensive checking, and complete verification of its quality management system. This quality certification enhances the trust of new customers and boosts up the confidence of old clients as well.

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UN-CERTAINTIES FACING THE COMPANY

Despite the fact that the Company's financial performance is better in the period under discussion but there are some risk factors, which may have an impact on the future performance of the Company.

RISK FACTORS

A) FOREIGN EXCHANGE RISK

Foreign currency risk arises mainly where receivables and payables exist due to transactions entered into foreign currencies. The Company is exposed to foreign currency risk on trade debts, payables and revenues which are entered in a currency other than Pak Rupees. Majority of the revenue of the Company is in currencies other than Pak Rupees.

B) LIQUIDITY RISK

Liquidity risk reflects an enterprise's inability in raising funds to meet commitments. The Company's exposure to liquidity risk arises primarily from mismatch of the maturities of financial assets and liabilities. The Company follows an effective cash management and planning policy to ensure availability of funds and to take appropriate actions for new requirements.

C) CREDIT RISK

Credit risk represents the accounting loss that would be recognized at the reporting date if counter-parties failed completely to perform as contracted. To reduce exposure to credit risk the Company has developed a formal approval process whereby credit limits are applied to its customers. The Management also continuously monitors credit exposure towards the customers and makes provision against those balances considered doubtful of recovery.

D) INTEREST RATE RISK

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. Majority of the interest rate exposure arises from short and long term borrowings from bank, term deposits and deposits in profit and loss/saving accounts with banks and investments in mutual funds.

CHANGES DURING FINANCIAL YEAR CONCERNING NATURE OF THE BUSINESS OF THE COMPANY OR OF ITS SUBSIDIARIES AND JOINT OPERATION

No changes have occurred during the financial year concerning nature of the business of the Company.

MAIN TRENDS AND FACTORS LIKELY TO AFFECT THE FUTURE DEVELOPMENT, PERFORMANCE AND POSITION OF THE COMPANY BUSINESS

We are striving hard to give good results to the share holders. But in the present scenario where electricity cost has already been raised and cotton crop is deteriorating in the every coming year. Both these factors may affect the future production of yarn. China, the major importer of spun yarn, has diverted its concentration towards Bangladesh and Vietnam where labour and electricity is available at much cheaper rates than Pakistan, therefore, spun yarn is exported to China by these two countries at comparatively cheaper rates. In spite of these adversities our Management, with its untiring efforts, is running the business in profit.

IMPACT OF COMPANY BUSINESS ON THE ENVIRNOMENT

We are maintaining a fresh and pollution free system at our mills by using latest safety devices which sucks all the fluff and all other injurious gains which damage the health of the workers.

ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Board has the ultimate responsibility to establish and maintain adequate internal controls over our financial reporting. Our internal controls are designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of our financial reporting and the preparation of our external financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards. Due to inherent limitations of any internal control system, the Management acknowledges that there may be limitations as to the effectiveness of internal controls over financial reporting and therefore recognize that only reasonable assurance can be gained from any internal control system. The Company, however, maintains an effective internal control framework comprising of clear structures, authority limits and accountabilities, well understood policies and procedures for review processes.

RELATED PARTIES TRANSACTIONS

The transactions between the related parties were made at arm's length prices determined in accordance with the comparable uncontrolled price method. The same are disclosed in the attached financial statements The related party transactions were approved by the Board on the recommendation of Audit Committee.

CODE OF CONDUCT FOR PROTECTIONS AGAINST HARASSMENT AT WORK PLACE

The Company is determined to provide clean working atmosphere and ensures that every employee is treated with respect and dignity. The Company is committed to encourage a positive professional work atmosphere that is essential for the professional growth of its staff. Harassment, therefore, has no place at Shahzad Textile Mills Limited. As offender must be ready to confront disciplinary and corrective action ranging from a warning to termination of job if such situation arises.

ANTI-CORRUPTION

We have provided corruption free environment to the workers. It includes all types of corruption including extortion and bribery.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company recognizes that the key to successful and sustainable business is to give back to the society from where we derive economic benefits. We create value for our local community, employers and the government by providing a vast array of facilities to our employees, financial assistance to the families of our deceased employees, promoting a better work life balance amongst our employees, contributing regularly to the national exchequer as per law

I)Health, Safety and Environment

We work continuously to ensure that our employees work in safe and healthy working environment. Besides, the Company is registered with Social Security and Employees Old Age Benefit Department of the Government and pay regular contribution for the health facility and retirement benefits to the workers of the company.

II) Work-Life Balance

In order to promote a healthy life balance we strictly observe working timing from 9.00am to 5.30pm. This ensures that our employees have plenteous time for recreational activities with their families and friends.

III) Business Ethics

The Management is committed to conduct all business activities with integrity, honesty, and observance of laws and regulations. A Code of Conduct has been developed and approved by the Board.

IV) Contribution to the National Exchequer

To meet our social obligations towards the development of the economy of the country, the Company has contributed Rs.49.732 million in the year 2017-18 into the Government Exchequer on account of taxes, levies, excise duty, Income Tax and Sales Tax. Moreover, foreign exchange amount of USD 10.066 Million was also earned for the country from export sales(yarn) during financial year.

V) Energy Savings

The Management is watchfully focusing on energy saving. There are many preventive measures adopted by fixing energy conserving devices to save the energy. Awareness is also given to workers for energy saving so that unnecessary consumption of energy could be saved.

COMPOSITION OF THE BOARD

The composition of the Board of Directors is in compliance with the requirement of Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance, Regulations 2017 applicable on a listed company which is given below:

Total Number of Directors:

(a) Male - 7
(b) Female - Exempted for current term

Composition:

i)	Independent Directors	01-
ii)	Non-Executive Directors	04
iii)	Executive Directors	02-

NAME OF THE DIRECTORS

The names of the Directors as at June 30, 2018 are as follows: Mian Parvez Aslam Mr.Imran Aslam Mr.Irfan Aslam Syed Raza Ali Bokhari Humayun Bakht Mr. Ahsan Ahmad Khan Mr.Maqsood Shahid Najmi

BOARD OF DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

During the period under review, Nine 9) meetings of the Board of Directors were held from July 01, 2017 to June 30, 2018. The attendance of the Board members were as follows:

Name of Directors

No. of Meetings Attended

Mian Parvez Aslam	9
Mr. Imran Aslam Mr. Irfan Aslam	9 6
Syed Raza Ali Bokhari	9
Mr.Humayun Bakht	9
Mr.Ahsan Ahmad khan	9
Mr. Maqsood Shahid Najmi	9

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Board has formed an Audit Committee which consists of the following directors:

Syed Raza Ali Bokhari (Independent director) (Non executive director) Mr. Irfan Aslam Mr. Magsood Shahid Najmi (Non executive director) Chairman Member Member

The Audit Committee efficiently reviews the usefulness of prevailing internal control system and identically point out the loop holes therein. The Committee also recommends corrective measures to improve the implementation of internal control system.

During the period under review five (5) meetings of Audit Committee of the Company were held from July 01, 2017 to June 30, 2018 and attendance of Audit Committee members was as follows:

. . . Nar

Name of Member	No. of Meetings Attended
Syed Raza Ali Bokhari	Five (5)
Mr.Irfan Aslam	Five (5)
Mr.Maqsood Shahid Najmi	Five (5)

HUMAN RESOURCES AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE (HR & R)

In Compliance with the Regulations of 2017 the Board of Directors has formed a Human Resource and Remuneration Committee (HR & R Committee) comprising three Directors named below. The HR & R Committee provides assistance to the Board of Directors in helping the Company's Human Resource Department function efficiently. Further, the HR & R Committee will also assess and makes recommendations to ensure that the Company's Human Resource policies are objectively associated with its overall business.

Syed Raza Ali Bokhari	Independent Director	Chairman
Mr. Imran Aslam	Executive Director	Member
Mr. Ahsan Ahmad Khan	Non executive	Member

Names of the members of the Committee Meetings Attended

Syed Raza Ali Bokhari	Chairman	Two(2)
Mr.Imran Aslam	Member	Two(2)
Mr.Ahsan Ahmad Khan	Member	Two(2)

CORPORATE GOVERANCE

Statement of compliance as required under the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance), 2017 is annexed. Statement of compliance under the Companies Act, 2017 has not been notified.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS AND THE BOARD COMMITTEES

Complying with Listed Companies Code of Corporate Governance, 2017, the Board has developed a mechanism for evaluation of performance of the Board of Directors and board

committees. During the year a comprehensive questionnaire was circulated among all members of the board for evaluation of performance of the Board of Directors. The core area of focus covered included:

- Alignment of corporate goals and objectives with vision and mission of the Company.
- Strategy formulation for sustainable operation; ٠
- Measuring and monitoring of performance; and •
- Evaluation of Board's Committees performance in relation to discharging their • responsibilities set out in respective terms of reference.

Individual feedback was obtained and on the basis of that feedback the average rating of the performance of the board was found satisfactory. Improvement is an ongoing process and the board has identified the areas of improvement in line with the global best practices.

DIRECTORS' REMUNERATION

The remuneration policy for Board of Directors [Executive, Non-Executive & Independent Directors] has been prepared. The policy has been designed on the basis of standards in the market, and reflects demands to competencies & efforts in light of scope of their work and increase in responsibilities of the directors. The remuneration of the Executive Directors is approved by the Board. No director takes part in deciding his own remuneration. For information on remuneration of Executive Directors year 2017-18, please refer notes to the financial statements. The Company does not pay remuneration to non-executive directors and independent directors except fee for attending the meetings.

DIRECTORS' TRAINING PROGRAM

The Company is fully compliant with the requirement of Directors Training Program.

APPOINTMENT OF AUDITORS

The Auditors M/s Horwath Hussain Chaudhry & Co. Chartered Accountants, will retire and are eligible for reappointment as auditors of the Company for the next year. The Audit committee and the Board have endorsed their re-appointment for reconsideration of the members at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company.

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING

The pattern of shareholding as of 30 June, 2018 on the prescribed Form 34 is attached herewith.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

No material changes or commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have taken place between the end of the financial year and the date of this report.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The Directors would like to thank to all of their stakeholders, staff & workers, customers, bankers and suppliers of the Company for their dedication displayed in the growth of the Company. The Directors feel pleasure in expressing appreciation for the continued interest and support of all the shareholders. We fervently hope that cooperation with same spirit shall be extended from all backers in future.

For and on behalf of the Board

my 11-

IMRAN ASLAM Chief Executive Officer

ame IRFAN ASLAM DIRECTOR

Lahore Dated: 26th September, 2018

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF SHAHZAD TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Shahzad Textile Mills Limited**, which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2018, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, statement of profit or loss, statement of other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2018 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standard Board for Accountants' *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Following are the Key Audit Matters:

S. No.	Key audit matters	How the matter was addressed in our audit		
Preparation of the Financial Statements under the Companies Act, 2017				
1	The Companies Act, 2017 (the new Act) has replaced Companies Ordinance, 1984 and the requirements	We discussed this transition with the management and assessed:		
	of the new Act have been applied in	Procedures adopted by the Company to identify		

	the preparation of annual financial statements of Shahzad Textile Mills Limited (the Company) for the first time for year ended June 30, 2018. The new Act forms an integral part of the financial reporting framework applicable in Pakistan. This transition from the Ordinance to the new Act has required significant changes in disclosure requirements of financial statements. Further, as required under the new Act, the Company has changed its accounting policy and has reclassified certain account balances as specified in note 5 and 46 to these financial statements. Owing to the significant impact on disclosure requirements, this transition from the Ordinance to the new Act is considered a key audit matter.	 the changes introduced by the new Act Extent of change in disclosure requirements, change in accounting policy and reclassification of account balances Changes made in the bookkeeping system to account for the newly promulgated changes consistently Adequacy of enhanced disclosures to be given in the annual financial statements in accordance with the applicable reporting framework
Increa	sed Inventory Levels	
2.	The Company has significantly increased its inventory levels as at the reporting date as compared to the prior year. These balances are disclosed in Note 20 to these financial statements. Increased inventory level was considered to be a key audit matter as it is a material account balance and it associates with various risks such as obsolescence and possible impairment.	 We responded to the risks associated with increased inventory levels, by: Observing inventory counts; Reviewing entity's costing methodologies for inventory valuation; Reviewing entity's cut-off procedures for inventory; Evaluating the presentation and disclosure of inventories in the financial statements as required by the applicable reporting framework.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report 2018, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the Other Information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this Other Information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

• Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) Zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Muhammad Nasir Muneer.

LAHORE Dated: September 26, 2018

HORWATH HUSSAIN CHAUDHURY & CO. Chartered Accountants

(Engagement Partner: Muhammad Nasir Muneer)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

		2018	2017	2016
	Note	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
			(Restated)	(Restated)
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES				
Share Capital and Reserves				
Authorized share capital: 40,000,000 (2017: 40,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		400,000,000	400,000,000	400,000,000
	1	100,000,000	100,000,000	100,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid up capital	6	179,713,720	179,713,720	179,713,720
Reserves	7	1,149,804,529	1,088,787,306	1,029,324,962
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	8	783,789,762	483,510,877	505,320,397
		2,113,308,011	1,752,011,903	1,714,359,079
Non Current Liabilities				
Long term financing	9	58,036,100	98,776,500	-
Staff retirement benefits	10	117,208,249	91,186,667	93,332,207
Deferred tax liability - net	11	172,822,200	201,866,183	230,790,948
		348,066,549	391,829,350	324,123,155
Current Liabilities				
Trade and other payables	12	359,213,897	263,158,418	228,721,312
Unclaimed dividends		163,152	242,454	242,454
Unpaid dividends		199,348	173,749	173,749
Accrued mark up on short term borrowings		12,450,350	8,631,020	4,807,189
Current portion of long term financing	9	40,740,400	40,740,400	-
Short term borrowings	13 14	488,605,485	406,846,544	320,590,584
Provision for taxation - net	14	67,774,490	45,166,955	37,340,529
		969,147,122	764,959,540	591,875,817
Contingencies and Commitments	15	-	-	-
		3,430,521,682	2,908,800,793	2,630,358,051

The annexed notes 1 - 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

my 11-

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

ay am u DIRECTOR

		2018	2017	2016
	Note	Rupees	Rupees (Restated)	Rupees (Restated)
ASSETS				
Non Current Assets				
Property, plant and equipment Long term investment Long term deposits	16 17 18	1,907,740,469 389,984,319 14,070,369	1,684,984,281 370,634,687 13,970,369	1,576,075,286 344,014,924 13,970,369
Current Assets		2,311,795,157	2,069,589,337	1,934,060,579
Stores and spares Stock in trade Trade debts Advances, trade deposits, prepayments and other receivables Short term investments Tax refunds due from the Government Cash and bank balances	19 20 21 22 23 24 25	59,294,042 656,653,138 103,126,356 122,365,318 8,440,050 64,053,211 104,794,410 1,118,726,525	71,792,058 478,373,868 92,683,730 51,054,738 820,508 84,146,787 60,339,767 839,211,456	49,408,186 363,390,459 45,987,630 77,380,795 1,183,793 70,795,771 88,150,838 696,297,472

|my 1/-

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

3,430,521,682

w ay ammu DIRECTOR

2,630,358,051

2,908,800,793

STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Sales Cost of sales	26 27	5,464,277,865 (5,196,692,310)	4,511,169,297 (4,268,171,506)
Gross Profit		267,585,555	242,997,791
Operating Expenses			
Selling and distribution costsAdministrative expenses	28 29	(25,802,248) (130,276,738)	(23,905,588) (121,253,886)
		(156,078,986)	(145,159,474)
Operating Profit		111,506,569	97,838,317
Finance cost Other operating expenses Other income Share of net profit of associate	30 31 32 17	(53,100,365) (41,753,202) 44,442,680 40,087,570 (10,323,317)	(35,920,133) (49,611,214) 14,770,826 36,953,173 (33,807,348)
Profit before Taxation		101,183,252	64,030,969
Taxation	33	(28,983,671)	(29,316,329)
Net Profit for the Year		72,199,581	34,714,640
Earnings per Share - Basic and Diluted	36	4.02	1.93

The annexed notes 1 - 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

myl

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

ay ammu DIRECTOR

Annual Report 2018

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees (Restated)
Net Profit for the Year	72,199,581	34,714,640
Other Comprehensive Income for the Year		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
Experience adjustment on remeasurement of staff retirement benefits of:		
- The Company Related tax impact	(16,263,853) 3,687,015 (12,576,838)	9,234,801 (2,069,519) 7,165,282
- Associated company Related tax impact	(2,041,686) 306,253 (1,735,433)	(1,050,974) 131,372 (919,602)
<i>Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss</i>		
Share in deficit on available for sale investments of associated company Related tax impact	(7,199,126) 1,079,869	(840,245) 105,031
Effect of change in shareholding percentage in associated company - (reclassified to profit or loss)	-	293,721
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment Related tax impact	327,250,029 (3,692,495)	-
	317,438,277	(441,493)
Other comprehensive income for the year	303,126,006	5,804,187
Total Comprehensive Income for the Year	375,325,587	40,518,827

The annexed notes 1 - 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

myl

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

w ay am u DIRECTOR

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		2018	2017
N	ote	Rupees	Rupees
CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS	34	151,051,086	11,704,454
Income tax paid		(58,621,729)	(23,406,529)
Gratuity paid		(24,695,661)	(27,508,323)
Finance cost paid		(41,232,805)	(25,442,537)
Workers' (profit) participation fund paid		(3,520,995)	(1,184,115)
		(128,071,190)	(77,541,504)
Net Cash generated from / (used in) Operating Activitie	S	22,979,896	(65,837,050)
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Property, plant and equipment purchased		(7,579,080)	(27,705,932)
Long term deposits		(100,000)	-
Capital work in progress		(33,081,146)	(188,441,613)
Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment		23,001,507	18,250,664
Net Cash used in Investing Activities		(17,758,719)	(197,896,881)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Dividends received from associated company		16,240,000	10,150,000
Dividends paid to shareholders		(18,025,075)	-
Long term financing (repaid) / obtained - net		(40,740,400)	139,516,900
Short term borrowings acquired - net		81,758,941	86,255,960
Net Cash generated from Financing Activities		39,233,466	235,922,860
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents	5	44,454,643	(27,811,071)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		60,339,767	88,150,838
Cash and Cash Equivalents at the End of the Year		104,794,410	60,339,767

The annexed notes 1 - 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

my 11-

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

40 ay amme DIRECTOR

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Share Capital Rupees	Share Premium Rupees	Unappropriated Profits Rupees	Revaluation Surplus Rupees	Total Rupees
Balance as at June 30, 2016 as previously reported	179,713,720	5,796,000	1,023,528,962	-	1,209,038,682
Impact of re-statement - note 5		-	-	505,320,397	505,320,397
Balance as at June 30, 2016 as restated	179,713,720	5,796,000	1,023,528,962	505,320,397	1,714,359,079
Net profit for the year ended June 30, 2017	-	-	34,714,640	-	34,714,640
Other comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2017	-	-	5,804,187	-	5,804,187
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment on incremental depreciation charged in current year (net of deferred tax)	-	-	15,431,522	(15,431,522)	-
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment realized on disposal	-	-	1,804,186	(1,804,186)	-
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment related to export	-	-	-	(4,573,812)	(4,573,812)
Share in realized surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment of associate (net of deferred tax)	-	_	1,707,809	-	1,707,809
Balance as at June 30, 2017 as restated	179,713,720	5,796,000	1,082,991,306	483,510,877	1,752,011,903
Balance as at June 30, 2017 as previously reported	179,713,720	5,796,000	1,082,991,306	-	1,268,501,026
Impact of restatement		-	-	483,510,877	483,510,877
Balance as at June 30, 2017 as restated	179,713,720	5,796,000	1,082,991,306	483,510,877	1,752,011,903
Net profit for the year ended June 30, 2018	-	-	72,199,581	-	72,199,581
Other comprehensive income for the year ended June 30, 2018	-	-	(20,431,528)	323,557,534	303,126,006
Final dividend paid for the year ended June 30, 2017			(17,971,372)	-	(17,971,372)
Transferred from surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment on incremental depreciation charged in current year (net of					
deferred tax)	-	-	13,069,861	(13,069,861)	-
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment realized on disposal	-	-	9,407,807	(9,407,807)	-
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment related to export	-	-	-	(3,149,085)	(3,149,085)
Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment related to rate change	-	-	-	2,348,104	2,348,104
Share in realized surplus on disposal of property, plant and equipment of associate (net of deferred tax)	-	-	3,926,406	-	3,926,406
Share in realized surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment of associate (net of deferred tax)	-	-	816,468	-	816,468
Balance as at June 30, 2018	179,713,720	5,796,000	1,144,008,529	783,789,762	2,113,308,011
•					

The annexed notes 1 - 46 form an integral part of these financial statements.

MM

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

no ay amme DIRECTOR

NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Note 1

The Company and its Operations

Shahzad Textile Mills Limited (the Company) was incorporated in Pakistan on October 24, 1978 as a Public Limited Company under the Companies Act, 1913 (now the Companies Act, 2017). The shares of the Company are quoted on Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is domiciled in Pakistan and principle business of the Company is to manufacture and deal in all types of yarn.

The information on geographical location and addresses of the Company's business units including plants is as under:

- The Company's registered office is situated at 19-A, Off Zafar Ali Road, Gulberg V, Lahore
- Unit 1,3 & 4 is situated at 34th Km, Lahore Sheikupura Road, Sheikupura
- Unit 2 is situated at 7th Km, Sheikupura Faisalabad Road, Sheikupura

Note 2

Summary of Significant Events and Transactions in the Current Reporting Period

2.1 With the promulgation of the Companies Act, 2017, certain prescribed changes have been made in the presentation and the relevant amounts reported for the previous years are restated. This is explained in Note 5 and Note 46.

2.2 Summary of significant events and transactions in the current reporting period:

	2018
	Impact in Rupees
- Reclassification of revaluation surplus in equity as per Companies Act, 2017	783,789,762
- Reclassification of unclaimed dividend as per Companies Act, 2017	163,152
 Revaluation carried as on June 30, 2018 and revaluation surplus on property, plant and equipment created during the year. Revaluation surplus arises as on June 30, 2018. 	327,250,029
- Increase in short term borrowings	81,758,941
- Addition in property, plant and equipment	115,818,568
- Increase in revenue as compared to last year	953,108,568
- Adjustment of current tax expense arising from tax credits of prior year	11,437,856

Note 3 Basis of Preparation

3.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise of:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS Standards) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS Standards, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

3.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except to the extent of following:

Staff retirement benefits	Note 10	(Stated at Present value)
Certain property, plant and equipment	Note 16	(Stated at Revalued amount)
Long term investment	Note 17	(Stated at Equity method)
Investments in quoted companies	Note 23	(Stated at Fair value)

Note 3, Basis of Preparation - Contd...

3.3 Functional and presentational currency

These financial statements are prepared and presented in Pak Rupees which is the functional and presentation currency of the Company. All the figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee, unless otherwise stated.

3.4 Use of estimates and judgments

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards, as applicable in Pakistan, requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires the management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on the historical experience, as well as expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. These estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Significant management estimates in these financial statements relate to the useful life and residual values of property, plant and equipment; provisions for doubtful receivables; provisions for defined benefit plans, slow moving and obsolete inventory, and taxation.

The basis and associated assumptions underlying the accounting estimates used in the preparation of annual financial statement of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018 have been consistent with previous years unless otherwise stated.

3.4.1 Property, plant and equipment

The Company reviews the useful lives of property, plant and equipment on a regular basis. Any change in the management's estimates might affect the carrying amount of respective item of property, plant and equipment, with a corresponding effect on the depreciation charge and impairment.

3.4.2 Doubtful receivables

The Company reports its trade and other receivables after deducting appropriate provisions for doubtful receivables using its prudence and experience. This estimate is judgment based. Recoveries of amounts already provided and / or the need of further provisioning cannot be determined with precision.

3.4.3 Staff retirement benefits

The Company has recorded its employees' retirement benefits at fair value using actuarial assumptions regarding increase in salaries in subsequent years, remaining working lives of employees and an estimate of discount rates. Change in actuarial assumptions over the period of time may affect the fair value of post-employment benefits payable and the charge for such liability accounted for in any given period.

3.4.4 Inventories

The Company has recorded its inventories using lower of cost and net realizable value. Valuation of this inventory is reviewed at regular intervals for determination of possible impairment, if any. Any possible impairment may change the future value of inventories.

3.4.5 Taxation

The Company takes into account the current income tax laws and decisions taken by the appellate judicial authorities. Instances where the Company's view differs from the view taken by the tax department at the assessment stage and the Company considers that its view on items of material nature is in accordance with law, the amounts are shown as contingent liabilities.

Note 3, Basis of Preparation - Contd...

3.5 Changes in accounting standards, interpretations and pronouncements

3.5.1 Standards, interpretations and amendments to approved accounting standards which became effective during the year

The Company has adopted the following accounting standard and the amendments which became effective for the current year:

- IAS 7 Financial Instruments: Disclosures Disclosure Initiative (Amendment)
- IAS 12 Income Taxes Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized losses (Amendments)

Improvements to Accounting Standards Issued by the IASB in December 2014

- IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities Clarification of the
 - scope of the disclosure requirements in IFRS 12

3.5.2 Standards, interpretation and amendments to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and interpretations with respect to the approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan and relevant to the Company, would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standard or interpretation:

Standard or Interpretation		Effective Date (Period beginning on or after)
IFRIC 22	Foreign Currency Transactions and Advance Consideration	January 1, 2018
IFRS 9	Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement	July 1, 2018
IFRS 15	Revenue from Contracts with Customers	July 1, 2018
IFRS 16	Leases	January 1, 2019
IAS 23	Borrowing costs	January 1, 2019

The Company expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application; except for IFRS 9, IFRS 15 and IFRS 16.

In addition to the above standards and amendments, improvements to various accounting standards have also been issued by the IASB. Such improvements are generally effective for accounting periods beginning on or after 01 January 2019.

Further, following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan.

Effective Date (Period beginning on or after)

January 1, 2016

January 1, 2021

-IFRS 14 'Regulatory Deferral Accounts' -IFRS 17 'Insurance Contracts '

The Company expects that such improvements to the standards will not have any material impact on the Company's financial statements.

Note 4 Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The significant accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

4.1 Provisions

A provision is recognized in the statement of financial position when the Company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

4.2 Staff retirement benefits

Defined benefits plan

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme covering its permanent employees. Employees are eligible for benefits under the gratuity scheme after completion of one year of continuous service. The benefit is calculated on the basis of the number of completed years of service and last drawn gross salary.

Actuarial gains / (losses) arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions for the defined benefit plan are charged or credited to other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise. Past service costs are charged to income immediately.

4.3 Taxation

Income tax on profit or loss for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in the profit or loss and other comprehensive income except to the extent that relates to items recognized directly in equity, in which case it is recognized in equity.

Current

The charge for current tax is based on taxable income for the year determined in accordance with the prevailing laws of taxation. All tax credits and tax rebates are taken into account in calculating this charge. However, in case of taxable loss for the year, income tax expense is recognized on the basis of minimum tax liability on turnover of the Company in accordance with the provisions of the income tax law.

Deferred

Deferred tax is recognized using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences between the carrying amount of assets and liabilities and their tax bases.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognized for all major taxable temporary differences.

Deferred tax assets are recognized for all major deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilized.

Carrying amount of the deferred tax asset is reviewed at each reporting date and is recognized only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which assets may be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Unrecognized deferred tax assets are reassessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent of probable future taxable profit available that will allow deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rate that are expected to apply to the year when the asset is utilized or the liability is settled, based on the tax rates that have been enacted or have been notified at the reporting date for subsequent enactments.

4.4 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid or given in future for goods and services received or to be delivered or for any other amount, whether or not billed to the Company.

4.5 Contingent liabilities

A Contingent liability is disclosed when there is a possible obligation that arises from past events and whose existence is confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company.

A contingent liability is also disclosed when there is present obligation that arises from past events but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits would be required to settle the obligation or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

4.6 Property, plant and equipment

Owned

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost / revalued amount less accumulated depreciation and identified impairment loss, if any, except freehold land which is stated at revalued amount. Cost of property, plant and equipment consists of historical cost, borrowing cost pertaining to the construction and erection period and directly attributable cost of bringing assets to their working condition.

The management reviews market value of revalued assets at each balance sheet date to ascertain whether the fair value of revalued assets has differed materially from the carrying value of revalued assets, thus necessitating further revaluation. Latest revaluation of land, building, plant and machinery and power house is carried out by an independent valuer as at June 30, 2018.

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment has been provided for using the reducing balance method at the rates specified in Note 16 and is charged to the statement of profit or loss. Depreciation on additions is charged from the month in which the asset is available for use up to the month in which the asset is disposed off.

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is any indication that property, plant and equipment is impaired. If such indication exists, the carrying amounts of such assets are reviewed to assess whether they are recorded in excess of their recoverable amount. Where carrying amounts exceed the respective recoverable amount, assets are written down to their recoverable amounts and the resulting impairment loss is recognized in the profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell and value in use. Where an impairment loss is recognized, the depreciation charge is adjusted in future periods to allocate the asset's revised carrying amount over its estimated useful life.

Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to income as and when incurred. Major renewals and improvements are capitalized. Gain or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment, if any, is shown in the statement of profit or loss.

Capital work-in-progress

Capital work-in-progress is stated at cost less any identified impairment loss.

4.7 Impairment

Carrying amount of the Company's assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment loss. If any such indication exists, recoverable amount is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss, if any.

The recoverable amount is the higher of the fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In the absence of any information about the fair value of a cash-generating unit, the recoverable amount is deemed to be the value in use.

Impairment loss is recognized as expense in the statement of profit or loss. Where conditions giving rise to impairment are reversed subsequently, the effect of the impairment charge is also reversed as a credit to the statement of profit or loss. Reversal of impairment loss is restricted to the original cost of asset.

4.8 Investment in associate

An associate is an entity in which the Company holds more than 20% voting power or over which the Company has significant influence and that is neither a subsidiary nor an interest in a joint venture. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but is not control or joint control over those policies.

The operating results, assets and liabilities of associates are incorporated in the financial statements using the equity method. This method is applied from the date when significant influence is established until the date when the significant influence ceases. The Company's share of income and expenses of associates are recognized based upon their latest audited financial statements after realigning their accounting policies, if required.

The share of losses of the associate are recognized to the extent of carrying value/cost of investment. Further losses are recognized only when the Company has made payments on behalf of the associate or has an obligation to make payments on its behalf.

Unrealized gains and losses, if any, arising from transactions with associates are eliminated under the equity method. The Company's share of changes recognized directly in associate's statement of comprehensive income and statement of changes in equity are recognized directly in the Company's statement of comprehensive income and statement of changes in equity, respectively.

Investments in associates, not accounted for under the equity method are classified as "Available for Sale".

4.9 Stores and spares

These are valued at lower of moving average cost and net realizable value; whilst items considered obsolete are written down. Cost of items in transit comprises invoice value plus incidental charges paid thereon.

4.10 Stock in trade

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined as follows:

Raw and packing materials	- Average cost
Material in transit	- Cost comprising Invoice value plus incidental charges
Work in process	 Estimated average manufacturing cost
Finished goods	 Average manufacturing cost
Wastes	- Net realizable value

Manufacturing cost in relation to work in process and finished goods comprises cost of material, labor and appropriately allocated to manufacturing overheads. Net realizable value signifies estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less necessary costs to make the sale.

4.11 Trade debts and other receivables

Trade debts are recognized at fair value less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade debts and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all the due amounts according to the original terms of the receivable. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable has been impaired. Debts, considered irrecoverable, are written off, as and when identified.

4.12 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are carried at cost. For the purpose of statement of cash flows, these comprise cash in hand, cash at bank and short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

4.13 Financial instruments

4.13.1 Financial assets

The classification depends on the intended purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. The management determines the classification of its financial assets at the time of initial recognition. The Company classifies its financial assets in the following categories:

At fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading and financial assets designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. A financial asset is classified as held for trading if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. These are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than twelve months after the balance sheet date, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables comprise advances, deposits and other receivables in the balance sheet.

Held to maturity

Held to maturity are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturity, where the management has the intention and ability to hold till maturity, are carried at amortized cost.

Available-for-sale

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. These are included in non-current assets unless the management intends to dispose off the investments within twelve months from the balance sheet date, in which case these financial assets are classified as short term investments in the balance sheet.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognized directly in equity are included in the profit or lossas gains and losses from investment securities. Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognized in the statement of profit or loss. Dividends on available-for sale equity instruments are recognized in the profit or losswhen the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Measurement criteria

All financial assets are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Regular purchases and sales of investments are recognized at trade date that is the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Financial assets are initially recognized at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognized at fair value and their transaction costs are expensed in the statement of profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. 'Loans and receivables' and 'held to maturity' investments are carried at amortized cost using effective interest rate method.

Fair values of quoted investments are based on current prices as prevailing on stock exchange. If the market for a financial asset is not active (for unlisted securities), the Company measures the investments at cost less impairment in value, if any.

Note 4.13.1 , Summary of Financial Assets - Contd...

Financial assets are derecognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Company has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

The Company assesses at each balance sheet date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired.

4.13.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognized at the time when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial liabilities, other than those at fair value through profit or loss, are measured at amortized cost using the effective yield method.

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expired. Where an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange and modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit or loss.

4.13.3 Offsetting of financial assets and financial liabilities

Financial assets and financial liabilities and tax assets and tax liabilities are set off in the balance sheet, only when the Company has a legally enforceable right to set off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

4.14 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are initially recorded in Pak Rupees by applying the foreign exchange rate ruling on the date of transaction. All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into Pak Rupees at exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Exchange differences are included in profit or loss.

4.15 Related party transactions

Transactions with related parties are based on the transfer pricing policy that all transactions between the Company and the related party or between two or more segments of the Company are at arm's length prices using the comparable uncontrolled price method except in circumstances where it is not in the interest of the Company to do so.

4.16 Revenue recognition

- Local sales are recorded on dispatch of goods to customers.
- Export sales are recorded on the receipt of bills of lading.
- Dividend on equity investments is recognized as income when the Company's right to receive the dividend is established.

4.17 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are charged to profit or loss as and when incurred except those costs that are directly attributable to acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets that are capitalized as part of the cost of assets.

4.18 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (the Chief Executive Officer of the Company). Segment results, assets and liabilities include items directly attributable to a segment. Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the year to acquire property, plant and equipment and intangible assets.

4.19 Dividends

Dividends are recognized as a liability in the period in which these are declared.

4.20 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date in the principal, or in its absence, the most advantageous market to which the Company has access at that date. The fair value of a liability reflects its non-performance risk. When applicable, the Company measures the fair value of an instrument using the quoted price in an active market for that instrument. A market is regarded as active if transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

When there is no quoted price in an active market, the Company uses valuation techniques that maximize the use of relevant observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. The chosen valuation technique incorporates all the factors that market participants would take into account in pricing a transaction. The best evidence of the fair value of a financial instrument at initial recognition is normally the transaction price i.e. the fair value of the consideration given or received. If the Company determines that the fair value at initial recognition differs from the transaction price and the fair value is evidenced neither by a quoted price in an active market for an identical asset or liability nor based on a valuation technique that uses only data from observable markets, the instrument is initially measured at fair value, adjusted to defer the difference between the fair value at initial recognition and the transaction price. Subsequently, that difference is credited or charged to the profit or losson an appropriate basis over the life of the instrument but no later than when the valuation is supported wholly by observable market data or the transaction is closed out.

The Company's policy is to recognize transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in circumstances that caused the transfer.

Note 5 Change in Accounting Policy

The Company has changed its accounting policy for the presentation and treatment of Surplus on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment in line with the requirements of newly promulgated Companies Act, 2017 which does not stipulate any special treatment for revaluation surplus and therefore allows the presentation prescribed under IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment". Thus, the Surplus on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment is presented as equity. This change in policy is applied retrospectively in accordance with the requirements of IAS 8 "Accounting Policies, Changes in Accounting Estimates and Errors" with effect from earliest period presented in these financial statements. Since section 235 of the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 has lost its application, the revaluation surplus which was previously shown as a separate line item on statement of financial position, has now been presented in equity for the year ended June 30 2017, and figures have been restated accordingly.

In view of the above, the accounting policy for the presentation and treatment of Surplus on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment is given below:

Increase in the carrying amounts arising on revaluation of land, building, plant and machinery and power house are recognized, net of tax, in other comprehensive income and accumulated in reserves in shareholders' equity. To the extent that the increase reverses a decrease previously recognized in statement of profit or loss, the increase in first recognized in profit or loss. Decreases that reverse previous increases of the same asset are first recognized in other comprehensive income to the extent of the remaining surplus attributable to the asset all other decreases are charged to profit or loss. Each year, the difference between depreciation based on the revalued carrying amount of the asset charged to profit or loss and depreciation based on the asset's original cost, net of tax, is reclassified from the Revaluation surplus on land, building, plant and machinery and power house to retained earnings.

The impact of this change in accounting policy has been applied retrospectively from the earliest period presented in these financial statements:

	As at June 30, 2017		As at June 30, 2016		j	
	As previously reported on June 30, 2017	Adjustment	As restated on June 30, 2017	As previously reported on June 30, 2016	Adjustment	As restated on June 30, 2016 (Restated)
			Ruj	Dees		
Effect on statement of financial position						
Surplus on revaluation of property,	402 510 077			FOF 220 207	(505 220 207)	
plant and equipment Share capital and reserves	483,510,877 -	(483,510,877) 483,510,877	- 483,510,877	505,320,397 -	(505,320,397) 505,320,397	- 505,320,397
Effect on statement of changes in equity						
Revaluation surplus	-	483,510,877	483,510,877	-	505,320,397	505,320,397

Note 6 Issued, Subscribed and Paid Up Capital

2018	2017		2018	2017
Number of shares			Rupees	Rupees
12,240,569	12,240,569	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid in cash	122,405,690	122,405,690
4,418,803	4,418,803	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued for consideration otherwise than in cash	44,188,030	44,188,030
1,312,000	1,312,000	Ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued as fully paid bonus shares	13,120,000	13,120,000
17,971,372	17,971,372		179,713,720	179,713,720

6.1 No shares were issued or cancelled during the year (2017: Nil).

6.2 Sargodha Jute Mills Limited, an associate, held 21,090 (2017: 21,090) ordinary shares of the Company as at the balance sheet date.

6.3 There are no agreements with shareholders for any specific voting rights, board selection, rights of first refusal and block voting etc.

Note 7 **Reserves**

		2018	2017
Capital		Rupees	Rupees
Share premium reserve		5,796,000	5,796,000
Share premium reserve		5,750,000	5,790,000
Revenue			
Unappropriated profits		<u>1,144,008,529</u> 1,149,804,529	<u>1,082,991,306</u> 1,088,787,306
Note 8		1,149,004,329	1,000,707,500
Surplus on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment			
		2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Land - freehold:		Rupees	Rupees
- Opening balance	8.1	239,616,170	239,616,170
- Revaluation during the year	8.2	310,962,000	-
		550,578,170	239,616,170
Buildings on freehold land:	0.1	120 252 471	1 40 100 200
 Opening balance Revaluation during the year 	8.1 8.2	139,352,471 21,355,595	149,190,269
- Revaluation during the year	0.2	160,708,066	149,190,269
Plant and machinery:		100,700,000	115,150,205
- Opening balance	8.1	93,679,751	100,417,747
- Revaluation during the year	8.2	(7,709,588)	
		85,970,163	100,417,747
Power house:	0.1	10.002.405	10 000 211
 Opening balance Revaluation during the year 	8.1 8.2	10,862,485 2,642,022	16,096,211
	0.2	13,504,507	16,096,211
		810,760,906	505,320,397
Related deferred taxation		(3,692,495)	
		807,068,411	505,320,397
Deferred tax relating to export	8.3	(3,149,085)	(4,573,812)
Deferred tax due to rate change	0.5	2,348,104	(4,3/3,612)
Incremental depreciation charged on revalued property, plant		2,510,101	
and equipment during the year transferred to retained			
earnings - net of deferred tax		(13,069,861)	(15,431,522)
Surplus realized on disposal of revalued property, plant and equipment			
transferred to retained earnings - net of deferred tax		(9,407,807)	(1,804,186)
		783,789,762	483,510,877

Note 8, 'Surplus on Revaluation of Property, Plant and Equipment - Contd...

- **8.1** First revaluation of land, buildings and plant and machinery was carried out by an independent valuer as at September 30, 1995 resulting in revaluation surplus of Rs. 435.412 million.
- **8.2** Latest revaluation of property plant and equipment has been carried out on June 30, 2018, by an independent valuer that has resulted in revaluation surplus of Rs. 327.250 million. The following basis have been used for revaluation:

Land	Market Value
Buildings	Market Value
Plant and Machinery	Market Value
Power House	Market Value

8.3 This represents amount transferred to deferred tax liability due to change in proportion of local and export sales resulting in change in estimate of deferred tax on surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment.

```
Note 9
```

```
Long Term Financing
```

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Long term financing Less : Current portion	9.1	98,776,500 (40,740,400) 58,036,100	139,516,900 (40,740,400) 98,776,500

9.1 These represent long term loans from JS Bank Limited and Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited for enhancement / replacement of power generation facilities under State Bank of Pakistan's (SBP) concessional rate scheme. These loans are secured against specific and exclusive charge on relevant fixed assets of the Company and are repayable in 3 to 5 years starting from February 2017 and ending in February 2022. Mark up on these facilities is charged at SBP rate which is 5% payable quarterly along with payment of principal.

Note 10 Staff Retirement Benefits

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Staff rativoment honofite Cratuity	10.2.3	117,208,249	91,186,667
Staff retirement benefits - Gratuity	10.2.5	117,208,245	91,180,007

10.1 The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme covering its permanent employees subject to completion of minimum prescribed period of service. Actuarial valuation of the scheme is carried out annually by an independent actuary and the latest actuarial valuation has been carried out as at June 30, 2018. Following key information is included in that actuarial report:

10.2 Actuarial assumptions

	Discount rate Expected rate of salary increase in future years Average expected remaining working life of employees Expected mortality rate for active members Actuarial valuation method		9.00% 8.00% 6.35 Years As per SLIC (200 Table with one Projected Unit	e year setback
10.2.1	Reconciliation of the funded status			
	Present value of defined benefit obligation	10.2.2	117,208,249	91,186,667
	The company does not maintain plan assets to cover its defined benefit	t obligation.		
10.2.2	Company's liability			
	Opening balance		91,186,667	93,332,207
	Charge for the year	10.2.4	34,453,390	34,597,584
	Remeasurement chargeable to other comprehensive			
	income - experience adjustment		16,263,853	(9,234,801)
			141,903,910	118,694,990
	Benefits paid to outgoing employees		(24,695,661)	(27,508,323)
			117,208,249	91,186,667

Note 10, 'Staff Retirement Benefits - Contd...

Note 10.2, Actualrial Assumptions - Contd...

Note 10.2, Actualitat Assumptions - Conta		
	2018	2017
10.2.3 Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation	Rupees	Rupees
Opening balance	91,186,667	93,332,208
Current service cost	28,540,477	28,828,176
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	5,912,913	5,769,407
Benefits paid to outgoing employees	(24,695,661)	(27,508,323)
Remeasurement chargeable to other comprehensive		
income - experience adjustment	16,263,853	(9,234,801)
	117,208,249	91,186,667
10.2.4 Charge for the year		
Current service cost	28,540,477	28,828,176
Interest cost	5,912,913	5,769,407
	34,453,390	34,597,583
10.2.5 Charge for the year has been allocated as under		
Cost of sales	29,500,000	29,500,000
Administrative expenses	4,953,390	5,097,583
	34,453,390	34,597,583

10.2.6 Year end sensitivity analysis on defined benefit obligation

Reasonably possible changes at the balance sheet date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have resulted in present value of defined benefit obligation as stated below:

Impact o	on defined benefit o	obligation
Change in assumption	Increase in assumption	Decrease in assumption
	Rupees	Rupees
1%	110,232,342	125,128,550
1%	125,363,688	109,887,175

10.2.7 The Company does not have any plan assets covering its post-employment benefits payable. The comparative statement of present value of defined benefit obligations is as under:

2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
17,208,249	91,186,667	93,332,207	88,831,027	72,795,423
-	-	-	-	-
17,208,249	91,186,667	93,332,207	88,831,027	72,795,423
	Rupees 17,208,249 -	Rupees Rupees 17,208,249 91,186,667	Rupees Rupees Rupees 17,208,249 91,186,667 93,332,207	Rupees Rupees Rupees Rupees 17,208,249 91,186,667 93,332,207 88,831,027

Note 11 Deferred Tax Liability - Net

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Taxable temporary differences:		
- Share of net profit of associate	48,657,648	38,129,336
- Accelerated tax depreciation	155,338,377	157,445,589
- Surplus on revaluation of property, plant and equipment	68,349,707	70,443,104
	272,345,732	266,018,029
Deductible temporary differences:		
- Staff retirement benefits and others	(26,565,531)	(20,435,315)
- Unused tax credits available	(70,557,481)	(42,565,969)
- Others	(2,400,520)	(1,150,562)
	(99,523,532)	(64,151,846)
	172,822,200	201,866,183

Note 12 Trade and Other Payables

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Creditors for:			
- Goods supplied	12.1	30,446,325	22,253,176
- Services		8,531,889	12,718,339
Accrued liabilities	12.2	277,587,056	176,585,064
Advances from customers		7,543,298	138,205
Workers' (profit) participation fund	12.3	6,378,311	3,450,221
Workers' welfare fund		4,212,881	1,683,828
Sales tax payable	12.4	20,481,774	43,595,834
Unclaimed wages		4,032,363	2,733,751
		359,213,897	263,158,418

12.1 There is amount of Rs. 63,294 outstanding payable to related party i.e. Sargodha Jute Mills Limited as at the balance sheet date.

12.2 This includes Rs. 119.93 million (2017: 88.91 million) on account of gas infrastructure development cess (GIDC).

12.3	Workers' (profit) participation fund		
	Opening balance	3,450,221	1,184,115
	Provision for the year	6,449,085	3,450,221
		9,899,306	4,634,336
	Paid during the year	(3,520,995)	(1,184,115)
	Closing balance	6,378,311	3,450,221

12.4 This includes Rs. 18.82 million (2017: 42.16) on account of provision for further sales tax.

Note 13 Short Term Borrowings

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
From banking companies - Secured			
Cash / packing finances	13.1	488,605,485	366,846,544
From related parties - Unsecured			
Loan from directors	13.2	-	40,000,000
		488,605,485	406,846,544

13.1 The Company obtained various funded and unfunded financial facilities from different banks for a total sanctioned limit of Rs. 2,194 million (2017: Rs. 2,559 million) towards working capital requirements, retirement of local and foreign LC's discounting local bills / receivables. These facilities shall expire on various dates latest by January 31, 2019. Mark up on these facilities is charged from 1 to 3 month KIBOR plus a spread of 1.25% to 2.25%) payable quarterly. The aggregate short term finances are secured by ranking and hypothecation charge on property, plant and equipment, stocks and receivables of the Company; lien over export and import documents and personal guarantee of sponsoring directors of the Company. The above balance represents the utilized portion of the funded facilities, whereas the Company has also utilized Rs. 77.25 (2017: 75.42 million) from its non-funded facilities.

13.2 This represented short term loan obtained from directors to meet the working capital requirements of the Company. The loan was unsecured and carried mark up at the rate of 3 month KIBOR (2017: 3 months KIBOR), payable quarterly. During the year Company has paid off the loan.

Note 14 Provision for Taxation - net

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Opening balance	45,166,955	37,340,529
Charge for the year - Current	67,774,490	46,435,705
Payments / adjustments against advance tax, tax credits and refunds	(45,166,955)	(38,609,279)
	67,774,490	45,166,955

14.1 The provision for current year is based on turnover tax i.e. 1.25% on domestic sales, 1% and 15% FTR on export sales and dividend income respectively. Sufficient tax provision has been incorporated in these financial statements.

14.2 Income tax assessments are deemed finalized by the management up to the Tax Year 2017 as tax returns were filed under the self assessment scheme.

Note 14, Provision for Taxation - net, cont...

14.3 The Company computes tax based on the generally accepted interpretations of the tax laws to ensure that the sufficient provision for the purpose of taxation is available. The comparison of estimated provision for taxation and actual tax assessed as per income tax return filed for previous years can be analyzed as follows:

	2017	2016	2015
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Income tax provision for the year (as per accounts)	45,166,955	37,340,529	42,698,034
Income tax as per tax assessment	45,166,955	37,340,529	42,693,857

Note 15 Contingencies and Commitments

15.1 Contingencies

15.1.1 The Company has provided bank guarantees / post dated cheques in the favor of following parties:

- Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited 72 64 69 32		2018	2017
- Sui Northern Gas Pineline Limited 72 64 69 32		Rupees	n Million
- Sui Northern Gas Pineline Limited 72.64 69.32			
	- Sui Northern Gas Pipeline Limited	72.64	69.32

15.1.2 The Company is contingently liable for Rs. 19.983 million (June 2017: Rs. 16.367 million) on account of electricity duty on self generation. The company has obtained stay order by filing petition on August 10, 2010 in Lahore High Court, Lahore. However the company has not admitted the said duty and case is pending before the Lahore High Court, Lahore.

15.2 Commitments

15.2.1 The Company's outstanding commitments / contracts as at the balance sheet date are as under:

Foreign bills of exchange purchased	50.34	89.08
Letters of credits	4.61	6.10
	54.95	95.18

Note 16 Property, Plant and Equipment	Ŧ								2018	2017
								Note	Rupees	Rupees
Operating fixed assets								16.1 16.8	1,907,740,469	1,609,825,939 75 158 347
								0.01	1,907,740,469	1,684,984,281
16.1 Operating fixed assets								II		
Year ended June 30, 2018										
		Cost / Revalued	ed Amounts				Depreciation	ation		Book Value
Description	As at June 30, 2017	Additions / (Disposals)	Revaluation Adjustment	Total as at June 30, 2018	Rate	Up to June 30, 2017	For the year	Revaluation Adjustment	Total as at June 30, 2018	as at June 30, 2018
	Rupees	Rupees		Rupees	%	Rupees	Rupees		Rupees	Rupees
Owned										
Land - freehold	244,418,000	ı	310,962,000	555,380,000	,	ı				555,380,000
Buildings on freehold land	313,516,500		21,355,595 (30,475,106)	304,396,989	Ŋ	15,578,190	14,896,916	(30,475,106)		304,396,989
Plant and machinery	890,078,289	3,505,999 (18,042,000)	(7,709,588) (84,938,056)	782,894,644	N	44,398,557	42,092,509 (1,553,010)	(84,938,056)	·	782,894,644
Power house	165,040,271	101,506,609 (21,000,000)	2,642,022 (47,188,902)	201,000,000	20	12,599,169	39,443,066 (4,853,333)	(47,188,902)		201,000,000
Fumiture and fixtures	5,867,172			5,867,172	10	5,374,092	49,308		5,423,400	443,772
Vehicles	100,210,225	7,579,080		100,164,367	20	48,352,504	10,946,454 (4_316_838)		54,982,120	45,182,247
Electric installations	43,628,477	3,226,880	,	46,855,357	10	27,404,526	1,649,287		29,053,813	17,801,544
Computers and equipment	3,553,214			3,553,214	20	2,948,700	120,904		3,069,604	483,610
Arms and ammunition	410,775			410,775	7	241,246	11,866		253,112	157,663
	1,766,722,923	115,818,568	327,250,029	2,000,522,518		156,896,984	109,210,310		92,782,049	1,907,740,469

Annual Report 2018

1,907,740,469

92,782,049

(162,602,064) (162,602,064)

(10,723,181) 98,487,129

156,896,984

2,000,522,518

(162,602,064) 164,647,965

(46,666,938) 69,151,630

1,766,722,923

Total as at June 30, 2018

Description	As at	Additions / Transfers	(Disposals)	Total as at	Rate	Up to	For the	(Disnosal)	Total as at	as at
	June 30, 2016			June 30, 2017		June 30, 2016	year	(modera)	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
	Rupees	Rupees		Rupees	%	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Owned										
Land - freehold	244,418,000	·		244,418,000	,					244,418,000
Buildings on freehold land	310,169,000	3,347,500		313,516,500	ъ		15,578,190		15,578,190	297,938,310
Plant and machinery	886,983,001	3,095,288		890,078,289	ъ		44,398,557		44,398,557	845,679,732
Power house	67,757,000	111,283,271	(14,000,000)	165,040,271	20		14,822,761	(2,223,592)	12,599,169	152,441,102
Furniture and fixtures	5,867,172			5,867,172	10	5,319,306	54,786		5,374,092	493,080
Vehicles	93,364,440	23,204,344	(16,358,559)	100,210,225	20	46,056,290	11,332,491	(9,036,277)	48,352,504	51,857,721
Electric installations	43,628,477			43,628,477	10	25,601,866	1,802,660		27,404,526	16,223,951
Computers and equipment	3,494,414	58,800		3,553,214	20	2,811,045	137,655	,	2,948,700	604,514
Arms and ammunition	410,775			410,775	7	228,486	12,760		241,246	169,529
Total as at June 30, 2017	1,656,092,279	140,989,203	(30,358,559)	1,766,722,923		80,016,993	88,139,860	(11,259,869)	156,896,984	1,609,825,939

16.3 Had there been no revaluation, the cost, accumulated depreciation and book values of revalued assets would have been as follows.

		As on June 30,2018	
	Cost	Accumulated Depreciation	Book Value
Land	4,801,830	-	4,801,830
Building on freehold land	217,697,226	105,276,848	112,420,378
Plant and machinery	1,268,968,920	605,001,392	663,967,528
Power house	320,966,375	110,642,361	210,324,014
	1,812,434,351	820,920,601	991,513,750

Book Value

Depreciation

Cost / Revalued Amounts

16.2 Operating fixed assets Year ended June 30, 2017

Note 16, Property, Plant and Equipment - Contd...

		2018	2017
16.4 Depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as under:	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Cost of sales	27	98,081,777	76,602,168
Administrative expenses	29	11,128,532	11,537,692
		109,210,309	88,139,860

16.5 Particulars of immovable property (i.e. land and building) in the name of the Company are as follows:

ocation / Address	Usage of Immovable Property	Total Area	Covered Area (In sq. ft.)
34th Km, Lahore Sheikupura Road, Sheikupura	Manufacturing facility Unit 1,3,4	104 Kanals and 3 Marla's	433,347
-Km Sheikupura Faisalabad Road, Kharianwala	Manufacturing facility Unit 2	123 Kanals and 18 Marla's	250,184
Office No. 703, 7th Floor, Tricon corporate center, Lahore			5,150

16.6 Forced sales value of freehold land, building, plant and machinery and power house is Rs. 472,073,000, Rs. 258,737,441, Rs. 665,460,447 and Rs. 170,850,000 respectively.

16.7 Detail of items of property, plant and equipment having book value exceeding Rs. 500,000 sold during the year

Rupees Rupees Rupees Vehicles 1,205,000 (696,351) 508,649 Provat Corolla GL1 1,331,000 (1,190,742) 243,258 Toyota Corolla GL1 2,525,560 (638,922) 2,086,338 Toyota Corolla GL1 2,521,560 (638,922) 2,086,338 Toyota Corolla GL1 2,521,560 (638,922) 2,086,338 Toyota Corolla GL1 2,521,560 (638,922) 2,086,538 Plant and machinery 7,29,638 (571,946) 157,692 Gas Generator 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 5,506,667 Gas Generator 7,000,000 (1,49	Particulars	Cost / Revalued amount	Accumulated depreciation	Book value	Disposal proceeds	Gain / (Loss)	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyers	Relationship
1,205,000 (696,351) 1,434,000 (1,190,742) 2,725,260 (1,190,742) 2,725,260 (1,198,877) 1,531,040 (1,218,877) 7,531,040 (1,218,877) 7,531,040 (1,218,877) 7,531,040 (1,218,877) 7,531,040 (1,218,877) 7,29,538 (571,946) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,4,000 (711,481) 7,4,000 (711,481) 7,4,000 (711,481) 7,4,000 (711,481) 7,4,000 (58,552) 7,4,000 (758,552) 7,000 (758,552) 7,000 (758,552) 7,000 (757,283)	8	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees			
ery 1,331,040 (1,190,742) 2,725,260 (638,922) 1,531,040 (1,218,877) 7,29,638 (571,946) 7,29,638 (571,946) 7,29,638 (571,946) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 2,80,100 (1,491,100 (1,491) 2,80,100 (1,491,100 (1,58,562) 2,80,100 (1,58,562)	Civic	1.205.000	(696.351)	508.649	508.649		Negotiation	Azmat IIIlah. Lahore	No relation
ery 2,725,260 (638,922) 1,531,040 (1,218,877) 729,638 (571,946) 729,638 (571,946) 729,638 (571,946) 7000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 2,872,000 (711,481) 2,872,000 (58,652) 2,872,000 (558,652) 2,872,000 (557,283) 2,872,000 (557,283)	Corolla GLI	1,434,000	(1,190,742)	243,258	1,050,000	806,742	Negotiation	Faiz Ahmad Khan, Lahore	No relation
1,531,040 (1,218,877) 729,638 (571,946) 729,638 (571,946) 729,638 (571,946) 729,639 (571,946) 7200,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,4,000 (58,552) 7,000 (28,652) 7,000 (25,652) 7,000 (25,652) 7,000 (57,233) 7,000 (57,733)	Civic	2,725,260	(638,922)	2,086,338	2,600,000	513,662	Negotiation	Ijaz Ahmad, Lahore	No relation
729,638 (571,946) ery 7,29,638 (571,946) ery 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) C 8 Ton Hvc 900 8,712,000 (71,481) 5,872,000 (58,552) 7,000e1 1985 2,872,000 (258,552) 2,872,000 (257,283) 7,000 1985 2,872,000 (257,283) (257,283)	Corolla GLI	1,531,040	(1,218,877)	312,163	1,185,000	872,837	Negotiation	Ibrar Ahmad, Lahore	No relation
7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,866,667) 2,000,000 (1,866,667) 2,872,000 (711,481) 2,872,000 (58,522) 2,872,000 (257,283) 2,872,000 (257,283)	Alto	729,638	(571,946)	157,692	650,000	492,308	Negotiation	Asim Zafar Butt, Lahore	Employee
7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,866,667) 7,000,000 (1,866,667) 7,14,000 (58,310) 68,310) 7,14,000 (58,310) 7,872,000 (58,522) 2,872,000 2,872,833)	and machinery								
7,000,000 (1,493,333) 7,000,000 (1,866,667) 00 8,712,000 (711,481) ta 714,000 (58,512) 2,872,000 (268,552) 2,872,000 (257,283) 2,872,000 (257,283)	nerator	7,000,000	(1,493,333)	5,506,667	5,000,000	(506,667)	Negotiation	Orient Energy Systems (Private) Limited, Lahore	No relation
7,000,000 (1,866,667) ta 8,712,000 (711,481) ta 8,712,000 (58,310) nd Hun guan 2,872,000 (258,352) 2,872,000 (257,283) 2,877,000 (757,283)	nerator	7,000,000	(1,493,333)	5,506,667	5,000,000	(506,667)	Negotiation	Orient Energy Systems (Private) Limited, Lahore	No relation
0 ta 8,712,000 (711,481) nd Hun guan 7.14,000 (58,310) 2,872,000 (255,23) 2,872,000 (257,283) 2,872,000 (257,283)	nerator	7,000,000	(1,866,667)	5,133,333	3,200,000	(1,933,333)	Negotiation	Stameco Energy Solutions, Shiekupura	No relation
ta 8,712,000 (711,481) nd Hun guan 714,000 (58,310) 2,872,000 (268,652) 2,872,000 (257,283) 2,872,000 (257,283)	j 2Y Lowa A/C 8 Ton Hvc 900								
nd Hun guan 714,000 (58,310) 2,872,000 (268,552) 2,872,000 (257,283) 2,872,000 (257,283)	ther Fa Cone Winiding Murata	8,712,000	(711,481)	8,000,519	1,997,045	(6,003,474)	Negotiation	Tariq Mehmood, Shiekupura	No relation
2,872,000 (268,652) 2,872,000 (257,283) 2,877,000 (257,283)	ate, compressor Bog, Fuji and Hun guan	714,000	(58,310)	655,690	163,670	(492,020)	Negotiation	Tariq Mehmood, Shiekupura	No relation
2,872,000 (257,283) 2,872,000 (257,283)	chine Cone 7.2 Model 1985	2,872,000	(268,652)	2,603,348	537,898	(2,065,450)	Negotiation	Wisal Kamal Fabrics, Shiekupura	No relation
2.872.000 (257.283)	chine Cone 7.2 Model 1985	2,872,000	(257,283)	2,614,717	554,623	(2,060,094)	Negotiation	Muhammad Saleem, Faisalabad	No relation
	chine Cone 7.2 Model 1985	2,872,000	(257,283)	2,614,717	554,623	(2,060,094)	Negotiation	Muhammad Saleem, Faisalabad	No relation

Note 16, Property, Plant and Equipment - Contd...

16.8 Capital Work in Progress

	2018	2017
Plant and machinery	Rupees	Rupees
Opening balance	75,158,342	-
Additions during the year	33,081,146	188,441,613
Transferred to plant and machinery	(108,239,488)	(113,283,271)
	-	75,158,342

Note 17 Long Term Investment

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Associates - Unquoted		
Sargodha Jute Mills Limited:		
8,120,000 (2017: 8,120,000) fully paid ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each		
Equity held 24.94% (2017: 24.94%)		
Cost of investment Rs. 65,600,000 (2017: Rs. 65,600,000)		
- Opening balance	370,634,687	344,014,924
- Share in net profit for the year of associate	40,087,570	36,953,173
 Share in realized surplus on revaluation of property, plant and 		
equipment of associate	3,926,406	1,707,809
 Surplus realized on disposal of revalued property, plant and equipment 		
transferred to retained earnings - net of deferred tax of associate	816,468	-
- Share in deficit on investments available for sale of		
associate	(7,199,126)	(840,245)
- Share in remeasurement of staff retirement benefits liability	(2,041,686)	(1,050,974)
- Less: Dividend received	(16,240,000)	(10,150,000)
	389,984,319	370,634,687

17.1 The investment made in associated company have been made in accordance with the requirements under the Companies Act, 2017.

17.2 The Company holds 24.94% (2017: 24.94%) shareholding in Sargodha Jute Mills Limited (the associate) and accounts for this investment under equity method as prescribed in IAS 28 (Investments in Associates). Information extracted from the audited financial statements of the associate is as follows:

		2018	2017
		Rupees in	thousand
			(Restated)
Equity		1,749,902	1,683,956
Total assets		3,616,267	2,978,598
Revenue		3,803,420	3,332,965
Net profit for the year		160,736	148,168
Note 18			
Long Term Deposits			
		2018	2017
		Rupees	Rupees
Deposit with LESCO		11,951,410	11,951,410
Others		2,118,959	2,018,959
		14,070,369	13,970,369
Note 19			
Stores and Spares			
Stores and Spares		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Stores and spares	19.1	59,294,042	71,792,058
		33,23 1,012	, 1,, 52,050

19.1 This includes stores in transit amounting to Rs. 1.067 million (2017: Rs. 7.335 million) as at the balance sheet date.

Note 20 Stock in Trade

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Raw materials Work in process	553,612,147 37,450,722	389,941,855 33,323,636
Finished goods	65,590,269	55,108,377
	656,653,138	478,373,868

20.1 Stocks amounting to Rs. 275.321 million (2017: Rs. 274.595 million) approximately are pledged against short term borrowings.

Note 21 Trade Debts

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Local debts (Unsecured - considered good)	21.1	71,943,496	58,434,374
Foreign debts (Secured - considered good)	21.3	31,182,860	34,249,356
		103,126,356	92,683,730

21.1 There is amount of Rs. 198,286 outstanding receivable from related party i.e. Sargodha Jute Mills Limited as at the balance sheet date.

21.2 The maximum aggregate amount due from related party at the end of any month during the year was Rs. 70,918 (2017: Rs. 116,087)

21.3 The amount of Rs. 31.182 million (2017: 34.249 million) are secured by way of export Letters of Credit.

Note 22 Advances, Trade Deposits, Prepayments and Other Receivables

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Advances (Unsecured - considered good):			
- Employees	22.1	747,559	212,408
- Suppliers and others		36,487,677	6,578,076
Income tax deducted at source / Advance tax		32,207,246	22,137,779
Margins with banks against:			
- Letters of credit	22.2	1,641,893	-
- Letters of guarantee		7,042,811	7,042,811
Prepayments		672,346	1,367,444
Duty draw back on export		41,075,441	10,324,846
Insurance claims receivable		2,274,437	3,259,344
Other receivables		215,908	132,030
		122,365,318	51,054,738
		122,505,510	51,051,750

22.1 Amount due from chief executive, directors and executives as at the balance sheet date was Nil (2017: Nil).

22.2 This includes the amount given to clearing agent for import of raw material.

Note 23 Short Term Investments

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
At fair value through profit or loss			
Investment in quoted shares	23.1	1,189,565	820,508
Investment in mutual funds	23.2	7,250,485	-
		8,440,050	820,508

23.1 Investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss in accordance with IAS - 39 (Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement). The quoted market value in an active market is considered as the fair value of investment. The resulting difference between cost and fair value of investment is taken to the profit or loss account.

23.2 Investments are made in Islamic hybrid funds 2-JSICPAP-2 on which lien is marked by the JS bank, against which guarantee has been issued by JS bank on behalf of company to Excise and Taxation department.

Note 24

Tax Refunds Due from the Government

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Sales tax	24,758,382	58,563,762
Income tax	39,294,829	25,583,025
	64,053,211	84,146,787

Note 25 Cash and Bank Balances

Cash and Bank Balances		
	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Cash in hand	752,276	631,659
Cash at banks - Current accounts	104,042,134	59,708,108
	104,794,410	60,339,767

Note 26 Sales - Net

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Yarn sales		
- Local	4,298,088,899	3,633,514,205
- Export	1,113,894,007	853,446,629
Waste sales	43,478,717	32,826,537
Duty draw back	43,040,587	15,031,797
	5,498,502,210	4,534,819,168
Commission to selling agents	(28,620,749)	(20,558,044)
Sales tax	(5,603,596)	(3,091,827)
	(34,224,345)	(23,649,871)
Note 27	5,464,277,865	4,511,169,297

Note 27 Cost of Sales

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Raw materials consumed Stores and spares consumed Packing materials consumed Salaries, wages and other benefits Fuel and power Insurance Repairs and maintenance	27.1	3,663,384,065 105,147,816 138,731,680 525,456,187 651,380,704 8,280,303 10,880,748	2,952,152,832 94,297,725 93,365,947 457,392,541 575,782,886 7,789,773 5,275,394
Other manufacturing expenses Depreciation	16.4	9,958,008 98,081,777 5,211,301,288	11,647,906 76,602,168 4,274,307,172
Opening work in process Closing work in process Cost of goods manufactured:		33,323,636 (37,450,722) (4,127,086) 5,207,174,202	29,335,701 (33,323,636) (3,987,935) 4,270,319,237
Opening finished goodsClosing finished goods		55,108,377 (65,590,269) (10,481,892) 5,196,692,310	52,960,646 (55,108,377) (2,147,731) 4,268,171,506

27.1 This includes Rs. 29.50 million (2017: Rs. 29.50 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

Note 28 Selling and Distribution Costs

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Freight and octroi	8,503,130	5,700,982
Export sale expenses	17,299,118	18,204,606
	25,802,248	23,905,588

Note 29 Administrative Expenses

·		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Salaries, wages and other benefits	29.1	79,891,874	71,674,906
Printing and stationery		684,934	674,382
Communication		1,293,741	1,003,566
Travelling and conveyance		585,045	1,835,632
Repairs and maintenance		1,175,196	1,612,606
Vehicles' running and maintenance		7,232,743	6,619,119
Rent, rates and taxes		6,061,651	4,267,706
Insurance		2,220,217	2,221,260
Legal and professional charges		1,540,665	1,285,165
Fees and subscription		2,427,483	2,786,015
Utilities		10,169,632	11,148,726
Entertainment		4,846,935	4,025,463
Advertisement		397,557	204,270
Miscellaneous		620,533	357,378
Depreciation	16.4	11,128,532	11,537,692
•		130,276,738	121,253,886

29.1 This includes Rs 5.098 million (2017: Rs. 5.098 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

Note 30 Finance Cost

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Interest / mark-up on:		
 Short term borrowings Long term loans 	39,133,199 5,918,936	27,895,175 1,371,193
Bank charges and commission Commission on bank guarantees	45,052,135 7,032,217 1,016,013 53,100,365	29,266,368 5,609,161 1,044,604 35,920,133

Note 31 Other Operating Expenses

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Auditors' remuneration		
- Statutory audit	862,500	862,500
- Limited scope review	100,000	100,000
- Other attestation services	50,000	50,000
	1,012,500	1,012,500
Provision for workers' (profit) participation fund	6,449,085	3,450,221
Provision for workers' welfare fund	2,529,053	1,229,502
Provision for further sales tax	18,820,314	42,164,181
Loss on revaluation of short term investments at fair value through profit or loss	-	363,285
Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment - Net	12,942,250	848,026
Effect of change in shareholding percentage in associate (reclassified from OCI)	-	293,721
Exchange loss	-	249,778
-	41,753,202	49,611,214
Note 32		

Note 32 Other Income

	2018	2017
Note	Rupees	Rupees
Exchange gain	429,345	-
Profit on sale of raw material	891,000	373,153
Fair value gain on remeasurement of short term investment	365,455	-
Reversal of further sales tax 32.1	42,168,181	-
Gain on settlement of liabilities	-	13,965,673
Profit on term deposit receipts	108,699	-
Others 32.2	480,000	432,000
	44,442,680	14,770,826

Note 32 , Other Income , cont...

- **32.1** The provision recognized in previous year for further sales tax has been reversed on the basis of the final verdict issued by the Lahore High Court, Lahore dated February 22, 2018 in favor of the Company.
- 32.2 This includes Rs. 0.480 million (2017: 0.432 million) on account of rental income from related party.

Note 33

Taxation

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Current:		
- Current period / year	67,774,490	46,435,705
- Prior years		
 Adjustment on account of assessment / return 	1,111,359	18,212,317
- Tax credits utilized	(11,437,856)	-
	(10,326,497)	18,212,317
	57,447,993	64,648,022
Deferred	(28,464,322)	(35,331,693)
	28,983,671	29,316,329

33.1 The charge for taxation is based on minimum tax under section 113(c) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

33.2	Reconciliation of tax charge for the year		
	Profit before taxation	101,183,252	64,030,969
	Tax @ 30% (2017: 31%) on profit before taxation	30,354,976	19,849,600
	Prior year tax charge	1,111,359	18,212,317
	Tax credits (BMR investment)	(11,437,856)	-
	Tax effect of exports under final tax regime	4,951,078	4,779,215
	Tax effect on income taxed at reduced rate	(12,026,271)	(11,455,484)
	Other adjustments	44,494,707	33,262,374
	Deferred tax	(28,464,322)	(35,331,693)
		28,983,671	29,316,329

Note 34 Cash Generated from Operations

	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Profit before taxation	101,183,252	64,030,969
Adjustments for:		
- Depreciation	109,210,310	88,139,860
- Share of net profit of associate	(40,087,570)	(36,953,173)
- Loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment - Net	12,942,250	848,026
 (Gain) / loss on investment at fair value through profit or loss 	(365,455)	363,285
- Provision for staff retirement benefits	34,453,390	34,597,584
- Exchange (gain) / loss	(429,345)	249,778
- Effect of change in shareholding percentage in associate (reclassified from OCI)	-	293,721
 Provision for workers' (profit) participation fund Provision for workers' welfare fund 	6,449,085	3,450,221
- Provision for further sales tax	2,529,053 18,820,314	1,229,502 42,164,181
- Reversal of provision for further sales tax	(42,168,181)	42,104,101
- Gain on settlement of liabilities	(42,100,101)	(13,965,673)
- Finance cost	45,052,135	29,266,368
	45,052,155	25,200,500
	146,405,986	149,683,680
Operating profit before working capital changes	247,589,238	213,714,649
Decrease / (increase) in current assets:		
- Stores and spares	12,498,016	(22,383,872)
- Stock in trade	(178,279,270)	(114,983,409)
- Trade debts	(10,013,281)	(46,945,878)
 Advances, trade deposits, prepayments and other receivables Short term investments 	(61,241,113)	15,764,468
- Tax refunds due from the Government	(7,254,087)	(26, 204, 404)
Increase / (decrease) in current liabilities:	33,805,380	(36,204,494)
- Trade and other payables	113,946,203	2,742,990
indue and outer payables	113,570,203	2,772,990
	(96,538,152)	(202,010,195)
Cash Generated from Operations	151,051,086	11,704,454

Note 35 Reconciliation of Liabilities arising from Financing Activities

	As at June 30, 2017	Non-cash changes	Cash flows	As at June 30, 2018
			Rupees	
Long term financing Short term borrowings	98,776,500 406,846,544	-	(40,740,400) 81,758,941	58,036,100 488,605,485
Total liabilities from financing activities	505,623,044	-	41,018,541	546,641,585
Note 36 Earnings per Share - Basic and Diluted			2018	2017
Basic earning per share is based on			Rupees	Rupees
Net profit for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders	Rupees		72,199,581	34,714,640
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	Number		17,971,372	17,971,372
Earnings per share - Basic	Rupees		4.02	1.93

36.1 Diluted Earnings per Share

There is no dilutive effect on the basic earnings per share of the Company as the Company has no such commitments that would result in dilution of earnings of the Company.

Note 37

Balances and Transactions with Related Parties

The related parties comprise associated companies, staff retirement funds, directors and key management personnel. The Company in the normal course of business carries out transactions with various related parties. The Company enters into transactions with related parties on the basis of mutually agreed terms. Significant balances and transactions with related parties are as follows:

Transactions during the year

Related party	Basis of Relationship	Aggregate Shareholding	Nature of Transaction	2018	2017
	·····	j		Rupees	Rupees
Sargodha Jute Mills Limited	Associate	24.94%	Dividends income received	16,240,000	10,150,000
			Rent received from leasehold land	480,000	432,000
			Purchase of materials, goods and services	367,560	396,100
			Sale of materials, goods and services	313,144	676,801
			Dividends paid	21,090	-
Director			Mark up charged on loan from director	-	2,110,946
Balances outstanding as at	June 30,				
Sargodha Jute Mills Limited (no	ote 12 & 21)			134,992	-
Director (note 13)			Short term loan payable	-	40,000,000
371 There were no trans	actions with key m	anagement nersonr	el other than undertaken as ner terr	ns of their employment	that have been

37.1 There were no transactions with key management personnel other than undertaken as per terms of their employment that have been disclosed in Note 38.

37.2 Sale and purchase transactions have been carried out on commercial terms and conditions under comparable uncontrolled price method.

Note 38 Chief Executive's, Directors' and Executives' Remuneration

	2018				2017		
	Chief Executive	Directors Executives		Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Managerial remuneration	9,272,727	3,818,182	8,900,597	9,272,727	3,818,182	11,830,157	
Medical	927,273	381,818	890,059	927,273	381,818	1,183,015	
Bonus	475,063	195,801	335,829	-	-	-	
Staff retirement benefits	850,000	350,000	690,622	850,000	350,000	968,444	
	11,525,063	4,745,801	10,817,107	11,050,000	4,550,000	13,981,616	
Number of persons	1	1	4	1	1	5	

The aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements for the year as remuneration and benefits to chief executive, directors and executives of the Company are as follows:

38.1 In addition to above, Chief Executive, Director, and Executives are provided with free use of Company maintained vehicles in accordance with the Company's policy.

- **38.2** An executive is defined as an employee, other than the chief executive and directors, whose basic salary exceeds Rs. 1.2 million in a financial year. Comparative figures have been restated to reflect changes in the definition of executive as per the Companies Act, 2017 (Previously, basic salary limit for executive was Rs. 500,000).
- **38.3** No meeting fee has been paid during the year.

Note 39 Segment Information

For management purposes, the activities of the Company are recognized into one operating segment, i.e. manufacturing and sales of yarn. The Company operates in the said reportable operating segment based on the nature of the product, risk and return, organizational and management structure and internal financial reporting systems. Accordingly, the figures reported in these financial statements related to the Company's only reportable segment. Entity-wide disclosures regarding reportable segment are as follows:

	2018 Percentage	2017 Percentage
39.1 Information about products: Yarn	99.10%	99.27%
39.2 Major customers: 4 customers (2017: 4 customers)	53.78%	54.10%

39.3 80% (2017: 81%) of sales of yarn are local sales whereas the remaining 20% (2017: 19%) sales are export / foreign sales.

39.4 Geographical Information:

Company's revenue from external customers and geographical location is given as under:

	2018	2017
	Rupees in t	:housand
Pakistan	4,341,568	3,666,341
sia	997,260	704,432
Europe	116,634	149,014
	5,455,462	4,519,787

39.5 Details of Outstanding trade debts in respect of export sales are as follows:

Country	Total export sales made to debtors outstanding	Amount Outstanding	Mode of Contract	
	Rupees			
China	523,285,869	31,182,860	Letters of Credit	

39.6 All non-current assets of the Company are located and operated in Pakistan as at the reporting date.

Note 40 Plant Capacity and Production

		2018	2017
		Kilograms	Kilograms
Plant capacity converted into 20/S count based on three shifts per day for 365 days (2017: 365 days)		42,673,542	42,673,542
Actual production converted into 20/S count	40.1	39,667,532	38,191,592

40.1 Reasons attributable to under utilization of optimal production capacity are mainly due to various factors such as spindles' speed, twist, maintenance of machinery, power shutdown, etc.

Note 41 Financial Risk Management

41.1 Financial risk factors

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including currency risk, price risk and interest rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's overall risk management policies focus on the unpredictability of financial markets and seek to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance.

Risk management is carried out by the Board of Directors (the Board). The Board provides principles for overall risk management, as well as policies covering specific areas such as currency risk, price risk, interest rate risk, credit risk and liquidity risk.

(a) Market risk

(i) Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises mainly from future commercial transactions or receivables and payables that exist due to transactions in foreign currencies.

The Company is exposed to currency risk arising with respect to the United States Dollar (USD). Currently, the Company's foreign exchange risk exposure is restricted to the amounts receivable from / payable to foreign entities. As at the balance sheet date, the Company's exposure to currency risk was as follows:

	2018	2017
	Rupees in th	nousand
Trade debts	31,183	34,249
Outstanding commitments against letters of credit	(4,610)	(6,095)
Net exposure	26,573	28,154
The following significant exchange rates were applied during the year:		
Rupees per US Dollar		
Average rate during the year reported	113.10	103.68

Reporting date rate

Sensitivity analysis

If the functional currency, at reporting date, had weakened / strengthened by 1% against the USD with all other variables held constant, the impact on profit before taxation for the year would have been Rs. 3.12 million (2017: Rs. 0.2815 million) respectively lower / higher, mainly as a result of exchange gains / losses on translation of foreign exchange denominated financial instruments. This sensitivity analysis reflects exposure as at reporting date and is unrepresentative of the exposure during the year.

(ii) Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all similar financial instrument traded in the market. The Company is exposed to equity and commodity price risk in respect of short term investments carried at market value. Following analysis shows the impact of change in equity and commodity price.

121.40

104.80

Note 41, Financial Risk Management - Contd...

	2018	2017
Change in commodity prices (%)	1%	1%
Effect on profit or loss account (Rupees)	84,401	8,205

(iii) Interest rate risk

This represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

The Company has no significant long-term interest-bearing asset. The Company's interest rate risk arises from short term borrowings. As the borrowings made at variable rates, these expose the Company to cash flow interest rate risk. As at the balance sheet date the interest rate profile of the Company's interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

	2018	2017
	Rupees in	thousand
Fixed rate instruments		
Long term financing	98,777	139,517
Floating rate instruments		
Financial liabilities		
Short term borrowings	488,605	406,847

Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

The following analysis demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit or loss account. This analysis is prepared assuming the amounts of floating rate instruments outstanding at balance sheet dates were outstanding for the whole year.

	2018	2017
Change in interest rates (%)	1%	1%
Effect on profit or loss account		
Short term borrowings (Rupees in thousand)	4,886	4,068
Total effect on profit or loss account (Rupees in thousand)	4,886	4,068

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk represents the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. Carrying amounts of financial assets represent the maximum credit exposure. The maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date was as follows:

	2018	2017
	Rupees in	thousand
Long term deposits	14,070	13,970
Trade debts	103,126	92,684
Short term investments	8,440	821
Trade deposits and other receivables	50,609	20,759
Bank balances	104,042	59,708

Company exposure relating to credit risk relating to trade debt is disclosed in relevant notes to the financial statement. There are no significant debtors that are past due as at the balance sheet date.

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings (if available) or to historical information about counterparty default rate:

Note 40, Financial Risk Management - Contd...

	Rat	Rating		2018	2017
	Short term	Long term	Agency	2018	2017
				Rupees in	thousand
Habib Metropolitan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	51,196	25,945
MCB Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	25,402	12,185
Habib Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	3,256	528
Allied Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	PACRA	9,293	12,199
Meezan Bank Limited	A1+	AA+	JCR-VIS	11,932	2,424
National Bank of Pakistan	A1+	AAA	PACRA	1,560	4,822
United Bank Limited	A1+	AAA	JCR-VIS	112	112
Bank Alfalah Limited	A1+	AA+	PACRA	1,216	1,493
			-	103,967	59,708

(c) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Company manages its liquidity risk by maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities. As at the balance sheet date, the Company had Rs. 1,532.76 million (2017: 2,062 million) worth unavailed short term borrowing limits available (both funded and unfunded) from financial institutions and Rs. 104.79 million (2017: Rs. 60.34 million) cash and bank balances. Following are the contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including interest payments.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2018:

	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 1 year	2-5 Years	More than 5 years
		R	upees in thous	and	
Long term financing	98,777	103,716	40,740	62,976	-
Trade and other payables	351,671	351,671	351,671	-	-
Unclaimed dividends	163,152	163,152	163,152	-	-
Unpaid dividends	199,348	199,348	199,348	-	-
Accrued interest	12,450	12,450	12,450	-	-
Short term borrowings	488,605	531,114	531,114	-	-
	1,314,003	1,361,451	1,298,475	62,976	-

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities as at June 30, 2017:

	Carrying Amount	Contractual cash flows	Within 1 year	2-5 Years	More than 5 years
		R	upees in thous	and	
Long term financing	139,517	146,493	40,740	105,753	-
Trade and other payables	263,020	263,020	263,020	-	-
Unclaimed dividends	242,454	242,454	242,454	-	-
Unpaid dividends	173,749	173,749	173,749	-	-
Accrued interest	8,631	8,631	8,631	-	-
Short term borrowings	406,847	442,243	442,243	-	-
	1,234,218	1,276,590	1,170,837	105,753	-

The contractual cash flows relating to the above financial liabilities have been determined on the basis of interest rates / mark up rates effective as at June 30,2018. The rates of interest / mark up have been disclosed in relevant notes to these financial statements.

(d) Fair value of financial instruments

Fair value is an amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable willing parties in an arm's length transaction. Consequently, differences may arise between the carrying value and the fair value estimates.

As at June 30, 2018 the net fair value of all financial assets and financial liabilities are estimated to approximate their carrying values.

Note 41, Financial Risk Management - Contd...

Financial assets which are tradable in an open market are revalued at the market prices prevailing on the balance sheet date. The fair values of all other financial assets and liabilities are not considered to be significantly different from their carrying values.

The Company classifies the financial instruments measured in the balance sheet at fair value in accordance with the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted market prices
- Level 2 Valuation techniques (market observable)
- Level 3 Valuation techniques (non market observable)

41.2 Financial instruments by categories

Financial assets as at June 30, 2018

	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Loans and advances	Fair value through profit or loss	Held for trading	Total
		R	upees in thous	and	
Long term deposits	-	14,070	-	-	14,070
Short term investments	-	-	8,440	-	8,690
Trade debts	-	103,126	-	-	103,126
Trade deposits and other receivables	-	50,609	-	-	50,609
Cash and bank balances	104,794	-	-		104,794
	104,794	167,805	8,440	-	281,039

Financial assets as at June 30, 2017

	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Loans and advances	Fair value through profit or loss	Held for trading	Total
		R	lupees in thous	and	
Long term deposits	-	13,970	-	-	13,970
Short term investments	-	, -	821	-	821
Trade debts	-	92,684	-	-	92,684
Trade deposits and other receivables	-	20,759	-	-	20,759
Cash and bank balances	60,340	-	-		60,340
	60,340	127,413	821	-	188,574

Financial liabilities at amortized cost

	2018	2017
	Rupees in	thousand
Long term financing	98,777	139,517
Trade and other payables	351,671	263,020
Unclaimed dividends	163,152	242,454
Unpaid dividends	199,348	173,749
Accrued mark-up	12,450	8,631
Short term borrowings	488,605	406,847
	1,314,003	1,234,218

41.3 Fair values of financial assets and liabilities

Carrying values of all financial assets and liabilities reflected in these financial statements approximate to their fair values. Fair value is determined on the basis of objective evidence at each reporting date.

Note 42 Capital Risk Management

While managing capital, the objectives of the Company are to ensure that it continues to meet the going concern assumption, enhances shareholders' wealth and meets stakeholders' expectations. The Company ensures its sustainable growth viz. maintaining optimal capital structure, keeping its finance cost low, exercising the option of issuing right shares or repurchasing shares, if possible, selling surplus property, plant and equipment without affecting the optimal production and operating level and regulating its dividend payout thus maintaining smooth capital management.

In line with others in the industry, the Company monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratio. This ratio is calculated as net debt divided by total capital. Net debt is calculated as total borrowings less cash and cash equivalents. Total capital is calculated as equity as shown in the balance sheet plus net debt.

As at the balance sheet date, the gearing ratio of the Company was as under:

		2018	2017
	Note	Rupees in	thousand
			(Restated)
Total borrowings	9 & 13	587,382	546,363
Cash and bank balances		(104,794)	(60,340)
Net Debt		482,588	486,023
Equity		2,113,308	1,752,012
Total capital employed		2,595,896	2,238,035
Gearing Ratio		18.59%	21.72%

42.1 Equity for the year ended June 30, 2017 has been restated due to inclusion of revaluation surplus as detailed in note 5.

Note 43 Number of Employees

			2010		
			2018		
	Perma	nent	Contra	ctual	Total
	Head office	Mills	Head office	Mills	TOLAI
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Employees as at the year end	32	2,143	6	140	2,321
Average employees during the year	32	2,096	6	137	2,271
			2017		
	Perma	nent	Contra	ctual	Total
	Head office	Mills	Head office	Mills	Total
	Number	Number	Number	Number	Number
Employees as at the year end	31	2,016	5	125	2,177
Average employees during the year	31	1,995	5	125	2,156
Note 44					

Provident Fund Related Disclosures

The Company does not maintain any provident fund for its employees.

Note 45 Authorization of Financial Statements

These financial statements were authorized for issuance on September 26, 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

Note 46 General

Comparative figures are re-arranged / reclassified, wherever necessary, to facilitate comparison. In addition to restatements discussed in note 5, the following re-arrangements / reclassifications have been made in these financial statements for better presentation:

Nature	From	То	2017 Amount (Rupees)
Unclaimed dividends	Trade and other payables (Note 12)	Unclaimed dividends (face of the statement of financial position)	242,454
Unpaid dividends	Trade and other payables (Note 12)	Unpaid dividends (face of the statement of financial position)	173,749

my 11-

CHIEF EXECUTIVE

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

an amm u DIRECTOR

FORM - 34

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2018 CUIN (INCORPORATION NUMBER) 0006512

No. of Sh		re Holding	Total
Shareholders	From	To	Share Held
467	1	100	11,527
224	101	500	53,532
35	501	1,000	23,570
35	1,001	5,000	71,620
2	5,001	10,000	15,900
1	10,001	15,000	14,580
2	15,001	20,000	35,061
1	20,001	25,000	21,090
2	35,001	40,000	76,303
1	95,001	100,000	96,883
1	265,001	270,000	265,553
1	270,001	275,000	272,374
2	295,001	300,000	600,000
1	430,001	435,000	432,131
2	495,001	500,000	1,000,000
1	76,0001	765,000	760,382
1	1,105,001	1,110,000	1,105,907
1	1,680,001	1,685,000	1,682,217
1	2,495,001	2,500,000	2,500,000
2	4,465,001	4,470,000	8,932,742
783	Total	· ·	17,971,372

5.	Categories of Shareholders	Shares Held	Percentage
5.1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer, and their spouse and minor children	13,141,099	73.12
5.2	Associated Companies, undertakings and related parties	1,021,090	5.68
5.3	NIT and ICP	9,310	0.05
5.4	Banks Development Financial Institutions, Non Banking Financial Institutions,	2,200	0.01
5.5	Insurance Companies	600	0.00
5.6	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	122	0.00
5.7	Share Holding 10 % or more	13,875,341	77.21
5.8	General Public		
	a. Local b. Foreign	3,791,273	21.09
5.9	Others (Securities & Joint Stock Companies)	5,178	0.03

CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDING

INFORMATION REQUIRED AS PER CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

S. #	Particular		Shares Held	Percentage
1)	A <u>ssociated Companies, Under</u>	takings and Related Parties		
	i) Sargodha Jute Mills Limited		21,090	0.11
	ii)Mrs. Saima Hassan		500,000	2.78
	iii)Sadaf Parvez		500,000	2.78
			1,021,090	5.67
2)	Mutual Funds			
	i) Golden Arrow Selected Stock	Fund Limited	122	0.00
3)	Directors, Chief Executive Off Childern			
	i) Mian Parvez Aslam	-Director	2,500,000	13.91
	ii) Mr. Imran Aslam	-Chief Executive Officer	4,466,371	24.85
	iii) Mr. Irfan Aslam	-Director	4,466,371	24.85
	iv) Mr. Ahsan Ahmad Khan	-Director	650	0.00
	v) Syed Raza Ali Bokhari	-Director	500	0.00
	vi) Mr. Humayun Bakht	-Director	650	0.00
	vii) Mr. Maqsood Shahid Najmi	-Director	650	0.00
	viii) Mrs. Nazish Imran	-Spouse	300,000	1.66
	ix) Mrs. Sara Irfan	-Spouse	300,000	1.66
	xi) Mrs. Fakhra Parvez	-Spouse	1,105,907	6.15
			13,141,099	73.11
4)	Executives		500	0.00
5)	Public Sector Companies and	Corporations	9,310	0.05
6)		l Institutions, Non Banking Financial mies, Takaful, Modarabas and Pension		
	Funds	, ,	2,800	0.02
7)	Individuals and Joint Stock C	ompanies	3,796,451	21.13
	TOTAL NUMBER OF SHAR	ES	17,971,372	100.00
8)	Shareholders Holding Five Pe	rcent or More Voting Rights		
0)	Mian Parvez Aslam	reent of more voting tights	2 500 000	12.01
	Mian Parvez Aslam Mian Shahzad Aslam		2,500,000	13.91
	Mian Shanzad Aslam Mr. Imran Aslam		2,442,599 4,466,371	13.59 24.85
	Mr. Infan Aslam Mr. Irfan Aslam		4,466,371 4,466,371	24.85 24.85
	Mrs. Fakhra Parvez		4,400,371 1,105,907	24.85 6.15
			1,103,907	0.13

Detail of Purchase / Sales / Gifts of Shares by Directors/CEO/Company Secretary/CFO and Their Spouses /Minor Children during 2018.

1755400 shares were gifted by Mian Parvez Aslam 876893 shares were received as gift by Mr. Imran Aslam 878507 shares were received as gift by Mr. Irfan Aslam

No other trades were carried out by other directors, executives, and their spouses and minor children.

زیر جائزہ سال کے دوران، کم جولائی 2017 سے لے کر 30 جون 2018 تک آڈٹ کمیٹی کے پانچ(5) اجلاس منعقد ہوئے۔ آڈٹ کمیٹی کی حاضری حب ذیل تقی: نامركن تعدادحاضري سيدرضاعلى 05 عرفان أتتكم 05 لقصو دشامد 05 ہومن ریسورس اور معاوضہ (HR & R) کار پوریٹ گورنٹس کے ضابطہء اخلاق کے مطابق ، بورڈ آف ڈ ائر کٹرز نے ہیومن ریبورس اور معاوضہ (HR & R) سمیٹی تشکیل دی ہے جو درج ذیل نامی تین ارکان پر شتمل ہے۔ ہیومن ریسورس اور معاوضہ (HR & R) کمیٹی کمپنی کے انسانی ذرائع کومؤ ٹر طریقے ہے فعال بنانے میں مدد فراہم کرتی ہے۔ اس کے علاوہ ، ہیؤمن ریسورس اور معاوضہ (HR & R) کمپٹی اس بات کویٹینی بنانے کے لئے کہ کمپنی کی ہیومن ریسورس پالیسیاں اس کے مجموعی کا روبار کے ساتھ باضابطہ طور پرمنسلک ہیں کی شخیص اور سفار شات بھی مرتب کرےگی۔ نام كميٹى ركن تعدادجاضري عبده سيدرضاعلي بخاري چيئر مين 02 رکن عمران أتتكم 02 رکن احسن احمدخان 02 بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی قدریائی لسطة کمپنی کے کورڈ آف کاریوریٹ گورنن 2017 کے مطابق بورڈ نے ایک میکنیز متیار کیا ہے جوڈ ائر کیٹروں کی قدر پہائی اوراُنکی کارکردگی کو چیک کرتا ہے سال رواں کے درمیان ایک جامع سوال نامہ تیار کیا گیا ہے جوتمام ممبرز کے درمیان بانٹا گیا ہے کہ وہ نقصان دہ جگہوں پراینی توجہ بڑھا کمیں۔ بیسوال نامہ دربن ذیل ہے۔ کار پوریٹ کے مقاصد کوا پنامشن بنائے اور پائیدارتسم کی اسٹریٹی بنائے۔ورکروں کی پرفارمنس کو چیک کریں اور اُس پرنظر رکھیں اور بورڈ کی برفارمنس کوبھی چیک کریں بورڈ یہ بتائے کہ کوئی جگہوں پر بہتری کی گنجائش ہے۔ دْائرَ يَكْثِرْزِكَ تْخْوَاه ڈائر کیٹروں کی تخواہ کی پالیسی (ا گیز کیٹو، نان اگیز کیٹواورا نڈیپینڈنٹ) تخواہ کی پالیسی تیار کی گئی ہے یہ پالیسی مارکیٹ میں موجود شینڈ رڈ کے مطابق ہے جوان کے کام کے مطابق ہےا گیز کیٹو ڈائر کیٹر کی ٹنخواہ کی منظوری بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹر دیتا ہے ۔ کوئی ڈائر کیٹر بھی اپنی ٹنخواہ خود مقرر نہیں کر سکتا ہے یالیسی 18-2017 کے کورڈ کے مطابق ہے ۔ کمپنی نان ایگز کیٹوڈائر کیٹر اور انڈ پینڈنٹ ڈائر کیرکوکوئی معادض نہیں دیتی صرف مینٹک اٹینڈ کرنے کی فیس دیتی ہے۔ محاسب كاتقرر محاسب میسرز بارور تھ^حسین چوہدری اینڈ کمپنی، جارٹرڈا کا ڈینٹٹس، ریٹائرڈ ہوجائیں گےاورا گلے سال کے لئے کمپنی کےحاسب کےطور برتقر ری کے اہل ہیں۔آ ڈٹ کمپٹی اور بورڈ نے کمپنی کے آئندہ سالانہ اجلاس عام میں ممبران کیفظر ثانی کے لئے ان کی دوبارہ تقرری کی حمایت کی ہے۔ حاكا شيئر بهولدرز فارم 34 آف30 جون 2018 پٹرن آف شیئر ہولڈ گزیہاں منسلک کر دیا گیا ہے۔ مالی سال کی بحیل کے بعد کے داقعات کوئی بھی ایسابڑاوا قع جو کمپنی کے مالی حالات کوتید مل کرے دقوع بزیرنہیں ہوا اعتراف ڈائر یکٹرز کمپنی کی ترقی میں عملہ اور کارکنوں کی گگن اور جان بثاری کوسرایتے ہیں۔ مدت کے دوران ڈائر یکٹرز ایے حصص داروں ، مینکوں ، کمپنی کے مختلف سرکاری اداروں کی ایے فرائض انجام دیتے وقت مسلسل دلچیسی اور جمایت کا اظہار کرنے میں خوشی محسوس کرتے ہیں اور امیدر کھتے ہیں کہ ستقبل میں بھی نہیں جذبہ جاری وساری رے گا۔ برائے اور بحکم یورڈ my 11ay am u جناب عمران أسلم جف الكَّز يكِتُوا فيسر IRFAN ASLAM DIRECTOR لا ہور: مورخہ26ستمبر2018ء

ما بر کو و کی آند ب

عرفان اسلم(نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر)

مقصود شاہد بحجمی (نان ایگزیکٹوڈ ائر یکٹر)

				او	كثرزكي تعدا	ڈ ائر
		07		هرات	⁷ 3,p	(a)
راه	شرائط سےمب	0		ىن	خواتب	(b)
				يكثرز	آف دائرً	يور ڈ
		01	برز) پینیڈنٹڈائرک	انڈک	(i)
		04	į	مَكَرْ يَكْتُودْ ارْ يَكْتُر	ئان	(ii)
		02		يكثوذائر يكثرز	المكَرَ	(iii)
				ام	يكثرزك	ڈ ابر
					پرویز اسلم پرویز اسلم	ميال
					نائىلم	عمران
					ناسلم	
					ضاعلی بخاری	سيدر
					بالجنت	بمايور
)احمدخان بیم	
					د شاہد جمی س	
				يكثرزك ميثنكه	أف دائر	بورڈ
		ائريكٹرز				
		پرویز اسلم سا				
		ن اُسلم سا				
		ن اسلم مارا مار م				
		رضاعلی بخاری یز				
		ں بخت ہور زیر				
		یاحمدخان ددشامد خبمی				
		ودسالم ف	5		- ت میٹی	ہ پ
	مشتما ويرو	والم والمحالية الم	3.2 -	ی میٹی تشکیل دی	•	
	•	•	· ·	ے یک سفیں دنی (انڈی پینڈنٹ		
	0	* / uT	والريدس	راندن پیدس	صافی جاری	12

ممبر

ممبر

آ ڈٹ سمیٹی مؤ ٹر طور پرموجودہ اندرونی کنٹرول سٹم کے ذریعے مفادات کا جائزہ اورکو ہتا ہیوں کی نشاند ہی کرتی ہے۔ کمیٹی اندرونی کنٹر ول سٹم کے بہتر نفاذ کے لئے اصلاحی اقدامات بھی تجویز کرتی ہے۔

تعدادحاضري

9

9

6 9 9

9 9

متعلق رپورٹنگ سے مطابق ہونا چا ہےتا ہم کمپنی ایک پر اثر مالی اندرونی کنٹرول بنائے ہوئے ہے جس میں جواب دہی کائمل بہت عیاں ہے۔ **متعلقہ پارٹیوں سے لین دین** متعلقہ پارٹیوں کے درمیان لین دین قابل رسائی قیمتیں مقرر کرکے کیا گیا۔کمپنی پاکستان میں ساک ایکٹینیخز کی لسٹنگ کے ضابطے میں موجود متقلی پرائسنگ بہترین طریقوں پرعمل پیرا ہے۔ آ ڈٹ کمیشن کی سفارش پر بورڈ کی طرف سے متعلقہ پارٹی کے لین دین کی منظوری دی گئی تھی۔

کام کی جگہ پر ہراساں کرنے کے خلاف تحفظ کا ضابطہ اخلاق

کمپنی کام کرنے کی جگہ پر صاف ماحول فراہم کرنے کا پختدارادہ رکھتی ہےاوراس بات کویشی بناتی ہے کہ ہرملازم سے عزت اور وقار کا سلوک کیا جاتا ہے۔ کمپنی ایک مثبت پیشہ درانہ کام ک ماحول کوفر وغ دینے کیلئے پرعزم ہے جواس کے عملے کی پیشہ درانہ ترقی کے لئے ضروری ہے۔ اس وجہ سے ہراساں کرنے کی شنراد ٹیکسٹائل ملز کمیٹڈ میں کوئی جگہ نہیں ہے۔ تا کہ تجرم کوان ضباطی اور اصلاحی کا روائی کا سامنا کرنے ،الیی انتباہ پیدا ہونے پر ملازمت سے برخوانتگی کے لئے تیار رہنا چاہیے۔

اينٹى ڪريش

ہم کارکنوں کوکر پٹن سے آ زاد ماحول فراہم کرتے ہیں۔اس میں کر پٹن کی تمام صورتیں بدعنوانی اور دشوت بھی شامل ہے۔

اجتماعي سماجي ذمه داري

سمپنی شلیم کرتی ہے کہ معاشر ہواقضا دی فوائد پہنچانا کا میاب اور پائیدارکا روبارکی کلید ہے۔ہم اسپنے ملاز مین کو سیج سہولیات کی فراہمی ،اسپنے مرحوم ملاز مین کے خاندانوں کی مدداسپنے ملاز مین مے درمیان بہتر کا ماورزندگی کے توازن کا فروغ،قانون کے مطابق قومی خزانے میں با قاعدہ حصہ فراہم کر کے اپنی مقامی کمیونٹی ، ملاز مین اور حکومت کی قدر پیدا کرتے ہیں۔

صحت ، حفاظت اور ماحول

ہم اپنے ملاز مین کے لئے حفوظ اور صحت مند کام کاما حول یقینی بنانے کے لئے مسلسل کام کرتے ہیں۔اس کے علاوہ کمپنی حکومت کے سوشل سکیور ٹی اورا یم پلائز اولڈا بنج بینیفٹ ڈیپار ٹمنٹ کے ہاں رجسٹر ڈہےاور کمپنی کے کارکنوں کوصحت کی سہولت اورریٹائر ڈمنٹ فوائد کے لئے با قاعدہ حصہ اداکرتی ہے۔

کام اورزندگی کا توازن

صحت کا م اورزندگی کے تواز کوفروغ دینے کے لئے ہم تخق سے صح9:00 بجے تاسہہ پہر 3:30 بجے کا م کامعمول کے مطابق عمل کرتے ہیں۔ ییقینی بنا تا ہے کہ ہمارے ملاز مین کے پاس کا م کے بعد اپنے اہل خانداور دوستوں کے ساتھ غیر نصابی سرگرمیوں کے لئے کافی وقت میسر ہے۔

كاروبارى اخلاقيات

ا نظامی تمام کاروباری سرگرمیوں کوصدافت،ایمانداری اورقوانین اورقواعد وضوالط کی پاسداری سے انجام دینے کے لئے پرعزم ہے۔ضالط ءاخلاق بورڈ کی طرف سے تیار اور منظور کیا گیا ہے۔ **قومی خزانے میں شرا کت**

ملک کی اقتصادی ترتی کے لئے اپنی قانونی اور ساجی ذمہ داری کو پورا کرنے کیلئے ، کمپنی نے ٹیکس، لیویز ، ایکسائز ڈیوٹی اور سیلز ٹیکس کی مد میں حکومتی خزانے میں مالی سال 18-2017 میں 49.732 ملین حصہ شامل کیا ہے اس کےعلاوہ موجودہ مالی سال کے دوران دھا گے کی برآ مد سے ملک کے لئے10.066 امریکی ڈالر کاغیر ملکی ذرعی مبادلہ بھی کمایا ہے۔

بجلی کی بچپت

ا نظامیہ ہمہ وقت بجلی کی بچت پر توجہ مرکوز کررہی ہے۔ بجلی کی بچت کے آلات نصب کر کے توانائی کے تحفظ کے کٹی اقدامات کئے ہیں۔ کارکنوں کوتوانائی کی بچت کے لئے آگا ہی بھی دی جاتی ہے تا کہ بجلی کے غیر ضروری استعال کو بچایا جا سکے۔

بورد آف د ائر يکٹرز

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹرز کی تفکیل کسٹر میٹن کی کورڈ آف کارپوریٹ گورنٹس ریگولیشن 2017 کے مطابق ہے۔

زرِمبادلہ کے نقصان کے خدشات

ہیرونی کرنس میں کاروبار کی دجہ سے اتار چڑھا کا خدشہ سر پرمنڈ لاتا ہے جب کاروبار ہیرونی کرنس میں کیا جاتا ہےتو ہیرونی کرنس کے اتار چڑھا کی دجہ سے کاروبار میں نقصان کا خدشہ ہوتا ہے کیوں کہ کاروباری واجب الا داقر ضے داجب الوصول رُقوم میں فرق آنالازمی ہے کمپنی کا زیادہ تر آمدنی ہیرونی کرنس میں ہے اس لئے نقصان کے خدشات بھی زیادہ ہیں۔

ليكوذي في نقصان كاخد شه

کسی بھی کاروبار کے دعدے پورے کرنے کیلئے فنڈ زکا اکٹھا کرنا اور مقررہ وقت پر اُسکی ادائیگی کاروبار کی اہلیت ظاہر کرتا ہے بنیا دی خطرہ اُس وقت اُٹھتا ہے جب مالی اساسوں کے لین دین میں فرق آ جاتا ہے کمپنی کومؤ ٹرکیش کابند وبست کر کے مقررہ وقت پرادائیگی کی پالیسی پڑمل درآ مدکرنا چا ہے اور سنتقبل کی ضرورتوں کیلئے بھی فنڈ زکا بند وبست رکھنا چا ہے۔ **اُدھار میں نقصان کا خدمشہ**

اُدھار میں نقصان کا خدشہ اکا دُنٹنگ نقصان ظاہر کرتا ہے جور پورٹنگ کے وقت اُبھر کے سامنے آتا ہے اس خد شے کوئم کرنے کیلیے کمپنی نے گا ہوں سے اُدھار کی پالیسی بھی بنائی ہےاور پھر یہ اُدھار کی مقررہ حدسلسل نظر میں رکھی جاتی ہے۔

شرح سُود میں اُتار چڑ ھاؤے نے نقصان

شرح ٹو دیں اُتار چڑھاؤ سے نقصان کا خدشداُس وفت وقوع پذیر یہوتا ہے جب شرح ٹو دیں کی بیٹی ہوتی ہے کیونکہ کمپنی نے لیے عرصے کے قریضاور کم تریدت کے قریض پیکوں سے لئے ہوئے ہیں جن سے کار دبار چلایا جاتا ہے اور بینک جب ٹو دمیں اضافہ کرتے ہیں تو کمپنی کو نقصان کا سامان کرنا پڑتا ہے چاہے وہ نفع ونقصان کا کھاتا ہویا انویسٹمنٹ کا کاؤنٹ ہویا کوئی فنڈ ہو۔ **مالی سال کے کمپنی سے متعلقہ کار دبار میں تبدیلی**

> روال مالی سال کے دوران کمپنی کے کاروبار میں کسی قتم کی تبدیلی رونمانہیں ہوئی اور کمپنی اپنے پرانے طرز کے کاروبار پرروال دوال ہے۔ **مرکز می رجحان کے اجزاء جو کمپنی کے مستقبل کی ترقی پر اثر انداز ہو سکتے ہیں**

کر ہے۔ سمپنی کی انتظامیہ تودل وجان سے اس عمل میں بختی ہوئی ہے کہ اپنے شیئر ہولڈرزکوزیادہ سے زیادہ منافع دکھائے موجودہ حالات میں جب کہ کپاس کی فصل بتدریخ خراب ہوتی جادر پجل کی قیمت دن بدن بڑھتی جارہی ہے اس وجہ سے چائند نے جو کہ سب سے بڑادھا گے کا درآ مدکنندہ ہے اپنی تمام تر توجہ ویتنام، بھارت اور بنگلہ دلیش پر مرکوز کردی ہے۔ جہاں لیبر پا کستان سے کہیں زیادہ سے داموں پرمیسر ہے پا کستان کیلئے ان ملکوں سے دھا گے کی فروخت میں مقابلہ کرنا بہت مشکل ہوگیا ہے پھر بھی کپنی کی انتظامیہ نے مشکل ترین حالات کہ پر اور بنگلہ دلیش پر مرکوز کردی ہے۔ جہاں لیبر پا کستان سے دکھائے ہیں جو قابل ستائش ہیں۔

سمپنی کے کاروبار کا حالات پراثر

ہم اپنی ملوں میں تاز ہادرگندگی سے پاک ماحول کوتر تیب دئے ہوئے ہیں ہم نے وہاں تمام تر حفاظتی اقدامات کرر کھے ہیں مثال کےطور میں جدید طرز کے سکرز لگائے ہیں جوسا ری فلف اور نقصان کنندہ اجزاء کو پٹوس کے باہر پھینک دیتا ہےاور درکروں کے لئے صاف تھراماحول بنائے رکھتا ہے۔

موزون ترین اندرونی مالی کنٹرول

یہ بورڈ کی ذمہ داری ہے کہ یمپنی میں موزوں ترین اندرونی مالی کنٹرول کوتر ویج دے اور اس پڑمل درآ مدکرائے اور اس کے خاطرخواہ نتائج پرنظرر کھے۔ بیاندرونی مالی کنٹرول بین الاقوامی مالی

ڈائر یکٹرزریورٹ

میں تمام ڈائر ئیٹرز کی جانب سے سال30 جون2018ء کے اختیام پر کمپنی کے40 دیں سالا نہ رپورٹ ہمراہ پڑتال شدہ گوشواروں معہان پرڈائر ئیٹرز کا جائزہ آپ کونیش کرتا ہوں۔ مالی اور آپریشنل کارکردگی سمپنی کے مالیاتی نتائج کا خلاصہ حسب ذمل ہے :

•		
	2018(روپي)	2017(روپے)
دھا گے کی فروخت	5,464,277,865	4,511,169,297
خام منافع	267,586,555	242,997,791
^ن یکس اورا بیوی ایٹ کے منافع کے حصہ سے پہلے کا منافع	61,095,682	27,077,796
ایسوی ایٹ کے حصبہ کا خالص منافع	40,087,570	36,953,173
^ن یکس سے پہلے کامنافع	101,183,252	64,030,969
<i>شيكسي</i> يشن	(28,983,671)	(29,316,329)
نیکس کے بعد کا منافع	72,199,581	34,714,640

پاکستان کی معیشت پر چھائے غیریقینی سیاسی حالات کے باعث مشکلات کا سامنا ہے گزشتہ سالوں میں ہماری کپاس کی پیداواری میں تقریباً 30% کمی آگئی ہے حکومت صنعت پراس کے منفی اثرات کا تخمینہ لگائے بغیر بطی اورگیس کی قیمتوں میں اضافہ کردیتی ہے جونا قابل برداشت حد تک منافع کے مارجن کو کم کردیتی ہے اس کے نتیج میں بہت سے صنعت کاراپنے یونٹ کو بند کرنے پر مجبور ہوگئے ہیں دوسری صورت میں بغیر نفع ونقصان پر چلانے پر مجبور ہیں ان تمام رکاوٹوں کے باوجود ہماری انتظامیدا پی تمام تر ذہانت اور وسیع صنعت کاراپنے یونٹ کو بند کرنے پر مؤثر انداز سے چلایا ہے اور اپنے حصوراروں کے لئے منافع کی مارکیٹ میں دھا گے کی قیمت میں بہتری آئی ہے جس سے ہمارہ کی کہ شرح کو مزمن موں مند فی حصد آخذ کی ہم تک بند کر بلکہ اور منافع کی شرح کو میں میں دھا گے کی قیمت میں بہتری آئی ہے جس سے ہمارے اور منافع کی شرح کو فروخ ملا ہے ہوئے اپنی ملوں مو فی حصد آخذ کی ہمار ہے کہ میں اور اپنے میں میں میں دھا گے کی قیمت میں بہتری آئی ہے جس سے ہمارے اور میں کو شرح کو فروخ ملا ہے۔

30 جون 2018 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے تمینی کی فی شیئر آمدنی 4.02 روپے جو چھلے سال 2017 میں 1.93 روپے تھی۔

منافع منقسمه

بورڈ آف ڈائر یکٹر نے30 جون 2018 کوختم ہونے والے سال کے لئے 10% نقد منافع منقسمہ تجویز کیا ہے۔منافع منقسمہ کی سفارش سالا نہ اجلاس عام میں تصص داران کی منظوری سے مشروط ہے۔

مستنقبل كانقطة نظر

سمینی نے اپنی سیلز کی مقدارکو قائم رکھا ہے اور حالیہ سال کے آخر میں اس کے قجم میں 12 اضافہ ہوا ہے ہم نے جیسے کے پچھلے سال کی ڈائر کیٹر زیورٹ میں ذکر کیا تھا۔ بجلی کی پیداواری

FORM OF PROXY

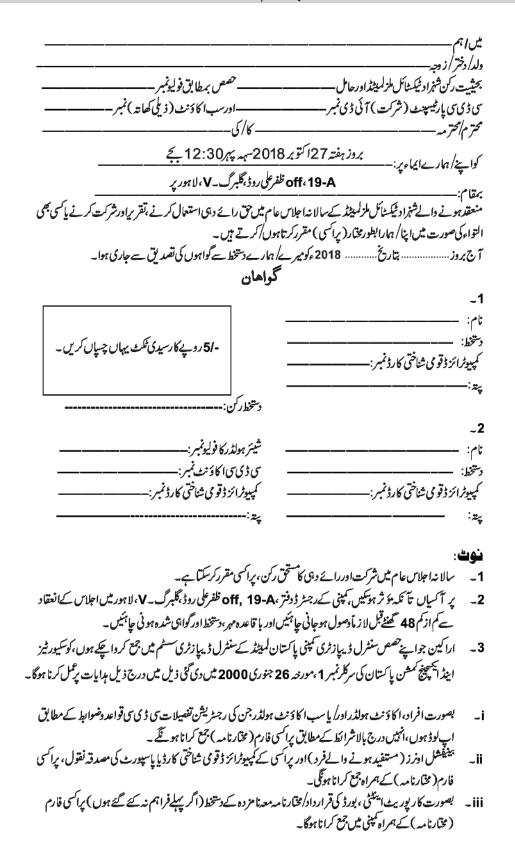
I/We	Son / Daughter / Wife of	being a member
Of SHAHZAD TEX	XTILE MILLS LIMITED and holder of	Shares Folio
No	CDC Participant ID #	and
Sub Account #	do hereby appoint	of or failing
him /her	of	as my/our proxy_to
	on Saturday October 27, 2018 at 12:30 p.m at 1	nnual General Meeting of Shahzad Textile Mills Limited 19-A, Off. Zafar Ali Road, Gulberg-V, Lahore and at any
As witness my/our h	ands this	day of2018.
1. Witnesses:		
		Please affix here Revenue Stamp of Rs. 5/-
Address:		Members' Signature
2. Witnesses:		
Name:		Shareholder's Folio No
Signature _		CDC A/c No.
CNIC:		CNIC:
Address:		Address:
Notes:		

- 1. A member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy.
- 2. Proxies, in order to be effective, must be received at the Company's Registered Office, 19-A, Off. Zafar Ali Road, Gulberg-V, Lahore, not later than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting and must be duly stamped, signed and witnessed.
- CDC account holders will further have to follow the under-mentioned guidelines as laid down in circular # 1, dated 26th January, 2000 of the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
 - i) In case of individuals, the account holder and/or subaccount holder whose securities and their registration details are uploaded as per the Regulations shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
 - ii) The proxy shall produce his original CNIC or original passport at the time of the Meeting.
 - iii) In case of corporate entity, the Board's resolution/power of attorney with specimen signatures of the proxy holder shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

The Secretary SHAHZAD TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

19-A, Off Zafar Ali Road, Gulberg V, Lahore. Tel: +92 (42) 35754024-27

پراکسی فارم (مختار نامه)



^{سیریزی} ش**نزراد شیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹٹڑ** A-19 آف ظفر على روڈ ، گلبرگ ۵ لا ہور Tel: +92 (42) 35754024-27

Dear Valued Shareholder(s)

Section 242 of Companies Act 2017 and Circular No. 18/2017 dated August 01, 2017 issued by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) has directed all listed Companies to pay dividend only throuth electronic mode directly into the Bank Accounts designated by the entitled shareholders with effect form November 01, 2017.

In view of above, you are advised to provide you complete Bank Account / IBAN detail as per format given below to Shahzad Textile Mills Limited 19-A, Off. Zafar Ali Road, Gulberg-V, Lahore (in case of CDC Account Holder / Sub Account Holders please provide said details to respective member Stock Exchange) enabling us to comply with above Section / Circular.

HASSAN-UD-DIN ANSARI Company Secretary

Folio Number				
Name of Shareholder				
Title of Bank Account				
Bank Account Number (Complete)				
Bank's Name Branch Name, Code				
And Address				
Cell Number				
Landline Number, if any				
CNIC Number (also attaché copy)				
It is stated that the above mentioned information is correct, that Iwill intimate the changes in the above mentioned information to the Company.				
	Shareholder's Signature			

DIVIDEND MANDATE DETIAL

ضروري اطلاع

محترم شيئر ہولڈر(ز) کمپنیز ایک 2017 کی شق 242اور سیکوریٹیز ایندا بیچینج کمیٹن آف پاکستان کے سرکلر نمبر 18/2017 بتاریخ کیم اگست 2017 کے ذریعے SECP کی طرف سے تمام لمیٹڈ کمپنیوں کو ہدایت کی گئی ہے کہ کیم نومبر 2017 کے بعد سے ادا ہونے والے ڈیویٹرنڈ کی رقم الیکٹر انک طریقہ کار سے براوراست شئیر ہولڈرز کی طرف سے فراہم کر دہ بنک اکا ؤنٹ میں منتقل کی جائے۔ درج بالا بدایات کے تناظر میں، آپ سے گزارش کی جاتی ہے کہ اپنے کمل بنک اکاؤنٹ/IBAN (انٹریشنل بنک نمبر) کی تفصیل درج ذیل فارمیٹ ے تحت سمپنی سے شیئر زرجشرار شہراد ٹیکسٹاکل ملزلمیٹٹہ , A-19 آف ظفرعلی روڈ ، گلبرگ ۵ لا ہورکوم ہیا کریں (سی ڈی سی اکا ؤنٹ ہولڈر/سب اکا ؤنٹ ہولڈریپنصیل متعلقہ ممبراسٹاک ایک پیچنج کومہیا کریں) تا کہ ہم درج بالاشق/سرکلریڈمل پیرا ہو سکیں۔

	فوليونمبر	
	شيئر ہولڈرکا نام	
	بنک اکاؤنٹ جس نام سے ہے	
	كمل بنك اكاؤنث نمبر	
	بنك كانام، براخچ كانام،كوڈاور پية	
	موبائل نمبر	
	فون نمبر(اگرہے)	
	كمپيوٹرائز ڈ شناختی كارڈ نمبر	
	(كاپىنسلككري)	
بیان کیاجا تا ہے کہ درج بالامعلومات درست ہیں اور بیر کہ میں درج بالامعلومات میں تبدیلی کی صورت میں کمپنی اور متعلقہ شیئر زرجسر ارکوطلع کرونگا۔		
	.,	

ANNUAL ACCOUNTS

REQUEST FORM

Consent for Circulation of Annual Audited Financial Statements through e-mail Company Name: Shahzad Textile Mills Limited

Folio No. / CDC Sub -Account No. _____

E-mail Address: _____

CNIC No.

The above e-mail address will be recorded in the members register maintained under Section 120 of the Companies Act, 2017.

I will inform the Company or the Registrar about any change in my e-mail address immediately. Henceforth, I will receive the Audited Financial Statements along with Notice only on the above email address, unless a hard copy has been specifically requested by me.

Name and Signature of Shareholder (Attachment Copy of CNIC)

The Secretary SHAHZAD TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

19-A, Off Zafar Ali Road, Gulberg V, Lahore. Tel: +92 (42) 35754024-27 درخواست فارم

سلال نہ مالی سال کے آڈٹ شدہ اکاؤنٹس کی بذریعہ ای میل منظوری کمپنی کانام: شنم اد نیک ٹاکل ملز کمیٹر ای میل ایڈرلیں: شناختی کارڈنمبر: او پردیا گیا ای میل ایڈرلیس کا اندرائی ممبر رجمٹر ڈانڈر سیکشن 120 آف دیکھینیز ایک 2017 میں ہوگا میں کمپنی کو کسی بھی ای میل ایڈیس کی تبدیلی کی صورت میں فوری اطلاع دوں گا اور میں کمپنی کے مالیاتی گوشوارہ (نظر ثانی شدہ) اور نوٹس کی کا پی او پر دیتے گئے ای میل ایڈر یس پر موصول کروں گا جس کے لئے میں نے خاص طور پر درخواست کی ہے۔

> **شیئر ہولڈرکا نام اورد میخط** شاختی کارڈ کی کا پی نسلک شدہ ہے

^{سیریڑی} ش**ہراد ٹیکسٹائل ملزلمیٹٹر** A-13 ق خفرعلى روڈ ،گلبرگ ۵ لا ہور Tel: +92 (42) 35754024-27