

of Companies 31st Annual Report 2018

UMER GROUP OF COMPANIES

BLESSED TEXTILES LIMITED.

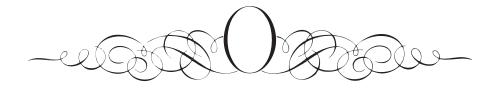


Vision

A Leader Company maintaining

an excellent Level of ethical and

Professional standards



Mission Statement

To become a top quality

Manufacturer of textile products

In the International

&

Local markets



CORPORATE INFORMATION

Board of Directors	Mr. Mohammad Amin Mr. Khurrum Salim Mr. Bilal Sharif Mr. Adil Shakeel Mr. Mohammad Salim Mr. Mohammad Sharif Mr. Mohammad Shaheen Mr. Hamza Shakeel Mr. Iqbal Mehboob Mr Ghulam Mohiuddin, ACMA	Chief Executive / Director Non Executive Director Executive Director Executive Director Non Executive Director / Chairman Non Executive Director Executive Director Non Executive Director Independent Director
Chief Financial Officer	Mr. Abdul Basit Janjua, ACA	
Audit Committee	Mr. Iqbal Mehboob Mr. Khurrum Salim Mr. Bilal Sharif	Chairman Member Member
Human Resource and Remuneration Committee	Mr. Iqbal Mehboob Mr. Khurrum Salim Mr. Adil Shakeel	Chairman Member Member
Auditors	M/s Rehman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq Chartered Accountants 72-A, Faisal Town Lahore	
Legal Advisor	Mr. Shahid Pervaiz Jami	
Bankers	Bank Al Habib Limited Dubai Islamic Bank MCB Bank Limited Meezan Bank Limited Samba Bank Limited Bank Alfalah Limited United Bank Limited	
Share Registrar	Hameed Majeed Associated (Private) Limited 5th Floor Karachi Chamber, Karachi	
Registered Office	Umer House, 23/1, Sector 23, S. M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi, Pakistan Tel : 021 35115177 - 80 ; Fax: 021 -35063002-3 Email: khioff@umergroup.com Website: http://www.umergroup.com	
Liason / Correspondence office	9th Floor, City Towers, 6-K, Main Boulevard Gulberg - II, Lahore, Pakistan Tel : 042 111 130 130 ; Fax: 042 -35770015 Email: lhroff@umergroup.com Website: http://www.umergroup.com	
Mills At:	Spinning and weaving units are situated at Feroz Watwan, Sheikhupura, Punjab. Tel: 0496 731724	



NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the 31st Annual General Meeting of the members of **Blessed Textiles Limited** will be held on Thursday 25th October 2018 at 4:30 PM., at the registered office of the company i.e. Umer House, 23/1, Sector 23, S. M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi, to transact the following business:

Ordinary Business

1. To confirm the minutes of the last Annual General Meeting held on 27th October 2017.

- 2. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements of the company for the year ended 30th June, 2018 together with the Auditors' and Directors' Report thereon.
- 3. To approve the cash dividend @ 230.00% (i.e. PKR 23.00 per share) for the year ended 30th June, 2018, as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- 4. To appoint the auditors for the next term i.e. year 2018-2019 and fix their remuneration. The retiring auditors M/S Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants, being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.
- 5. To transact any other business with the permission of the chairman.

(By the order of the Board)

Karachi: Date: September 27th, 2018

Ghulam Mohiuddin Company Secretary

Notes:

- The Shares Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from 17th October 2018 to 25th October, 2018 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the registered office of the company i.e. Umer House, 23/I, Sector 23, S. M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi by 15th October 2018 will be treated in time for the purpose of entitlement of dividend in respect of the period ended 30th June, 2018.
- 2. Members are requested to attend in person along with Computerized National Identity Card ("CNIC") or appoint some other member as proxy and send their proxy duly witnessed so as to reach the registered office of the company not later than 48 hours before the time of holding the meeting.
- 3. Pursuant to section 132(2) of Companies Act, 2017 the company shall facilitate its members to attend the annual general meeting through video-link by providing video-conference facility, if available, in the city where 10% or more shareholders of the company reside, provided that the Company receives their demand to participate in annual general meeting through video-link at least seven (07) days prior to the date of meeting.

In this regard, it is requested to fill the following Form and submit at the registered address of the Company at least 10 days before holding of the Annual General Meeting:

"I/We, _____ being a member of Bhanero Textile Mills Limited, holder of _____ Ordinary Shares vide folio _____ hereby opt for video conference facility at ______."

- 4. Any individual Beneficial Owner of CDC, entitled to attend and vote at this meeting, must bring his/her original CNIC or Passport, Account and participant's I.D. numbers, to prove his/her identity, and in case of proxy must enclose an attested copy of his/her CNIC or Passport. Representatives of corporate members should bring the usual documents required for such purpose. The account/ sub account holders of CDC will further have to follow the guidelines as laid down in Circular No. 1 of 2000 dated January 26, 2000 issued by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan.
- 5. Section 242 of Companies Act 2017 which states that, "Any dividend payable in cash shall only be paid through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders". In compliance of section 242 SECP issued a circular CLD/CCD/PR(11)/2017 No.18/2017 dated 1-Aug-17 requiring listed companies to obtain electronic dividend mandate from the Shareholders and in this regard a notice had already been sent to all the shareholders.



NOTICE OF THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

Further, Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) vide notification No. SRO 1145(1)2017 dated November 6, 2017 in terms of provision of section 242 of the Companies Act,2017 issued regulations for distribution of dividends by the listed companies requiring entitled shareholders to provide valid information pertaining to designated bank account including name of bank , title of account , address of bank branch and international bank account number.

In this regard we request all registered shareholders to provide the bank details in order to credit their cash dividends directly to their bank account, if declared. Also provide us verification of bank detail with your concern bank and submit to in case of book-entry securities in CDS, to CDS participants and in case of physical securities to the Company's Share Registrar.

6. In compliance of section 244 of Companies Act 2017 and SECP circular No. CLD/CCD/PR(11)/2017 Direction No.16 of 2017 dated 7-July -2017 regarding dividends, shares or modaraba certificates remains unclaimed or unpaid for a period of three years from the date it is due or payable shall be vested with Federal Government after complying the requirements of Companies Act 2017.

In compliance of SRO 1013(1)/2017 dated 6th September, 2017 the claimant wise details of unclaimed shares, dividend or modarba certificates as on June 30, 2018 have been uploaded on our website: www.umergroup.com.

In this regard, the said shareholders are requested to approach the Company Registered Office or Share Registrar Office with regard to any unclaimed dividend, shares or modarba certificates.

- 7. Members are requested to immediately inform of any change in their addresses and bank details to our share Registrar, Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited.
- 8. Pursuant to Notification vide SRO 787(1)/2014 of September 08, 2014, SECP has directed to facilitate the members of the company receiving Annual Financial Statements and Notices through electronic mail system (e-mail). We are pleased to offer this facility to our members who desire to receive Annual Financial Statements and Notices of the Company through e-mail in future. In this respect members are hereby requested to convey their consent via e-mail on a standard request form which is available at the Company website i.e. www.umergroup.com. Please ensure that your e-mail has sufficient rights and space available to receive such e-mail which may be larger than 2MB file in size. Further, it is the responsibility of the member to timely update the Share Registrar of any change in the registered e-mail address.
- 9. Pursuant to the provisions of the Finance Act 2018 effective July 1, 2018, the rates of deduction of income tax from dividend payments under section 150 of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 have been revised as follows:
 - a. For filer of income tax return 15%
 - b. For non-filers of income tax return 20%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @ 15% instead of 20%, shareholders whose names are not entered into the Active Taxpayers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR, despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered in ATL before the first day of book closure, otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted @ 20% instead of 15%.

Withholding Tax exemption from the dividend income, shall only be allowed if copy of valid tax exemption certificate or stay order from a competent court of law is made available to Hameed Majeed Associates (Private) Limited, by the first day of Book Closure.

Further, according to clarification received from Federal Board of Revenue (FBR), with-holding tax will be determined separately on 'Filer/Non-Filer' status of Principal shareholder as well as joint holder(s) based on their shareholding proportions, in case of joint accounts.

In this regard all shareholders who hold shares jointly are requested to provide shareholding proportions of Principal shareholder and Joint-holder(s) in respect of shares held by them (only if not already provided) to our Share Registrar, in writing.

In the event of non-receipt of the information by 23rd October 2018, each shareholder will be assumed to have equal proportion of shares and the tax will be deducted accordingly.

10.E-Voting, members can exercise their right to demand a poll subject to meeting requirements of Section 143 -145 of Companies Act, 2017 and applicable clauses of Companies (Postal Ballot) Regulations 2018.



CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW REPORT

As required under section 192(4) of Companies Act 2017 attached herewith a review report by the chairman on overall performance and effectiveness of the board of Blessed Textiles Limited (Board) in achieving its objectives.

The company has an effective governance framework which ensures success of the company and during the year under review the board has played an effective and active role in achieving its goals. The board has opted to carry out the evaluation process internally under the regulation 10(V) of Code of Corporate Governance 2017.

The Board has performed and discharge its duties as per provisions of Companies Act 2017, regulations under revised Code of Corporate Governance 2017 (CCG 2017), guidelines issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) and complying the requirements of listed companies as required by Pakistan Stock Exchange (PSX).

The Board has well-established and effective structures, policies and processes in place that will ensure the Company's sustainability. The Board is quite determined in mitigating all types of risk by incorporating proper risk management policies on both financial and operation risk arenas. The review depicts proper risk identification polices are in place to safeguard the organizations resources, repute interests of shareholders.

The Board has an effective mechanism is in place for communication with stakeholders and company secretary is designated and instructed to promptly resolve all the queries of shareholders. An effective website which also fulfilling in the regulatory compliance is a comprehensive medium to disseminate the information to the shareholders on issues related to notice of annual general meetings, date elections, financial results and distribution of dividends etc.

The Board of Blessed Textiles Limited is composed of Directors with the relevant skills and competencies, and of an appropriate mix in terms of relevant experience. As required under law the Board has constituted an audit committee and the human resource and remuneration committee to foresee financial reporting system and establishment of appropriate human resources policies respectively. Both committees comprised of three members each who actively participates in committee proceedings whereas an Independent Directors chair's both the committees.

The board of nine directors comprises of three executive, five non-executive and one independent director as required under law in force. The directors are completely equipped with the technical knowledge required for effective running of the board and committees to the board. Of the nine directors on board three are exempted on the basis of their educational credentials and experience on being on board of listed companies whereas remaining directors acquired the certification under Directors Training program from PICG & ICAP.

Karachi: Date: September 27th, 2018

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Mohammad Salim Chairman



Directors' Report

Dear Members

The Directors of your Company are pleased to present herewith the audit report on financial statement of the Company for the year ended 30th June 2018.

Financial Representation

	Year ended	Year ended
	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees
Sales	10,257,434,039	8,064,238,429
Cost of goods sold	9,185,919,277	7,268,794,921
Gross profit	1,071,514,762	795,443,508
Other operating income / (expenses)	3,830,127	35,742,158
	1,075,344,889	831,185,666
Selling & Distribution cost	227,393,453	150,627,722
Administrative expenses	121,714,680	112,640,636
Other operating expenses	35,512,372	24,366,361
Finance cost	186,788,164	166,058,495
	571,408,669	453,693,214
Profit before tax	503,936,220	377,492,452
Provision for taxation		
Current year	133,637,362	7,929,134
Prior year	-	-
Deferred	1,823,664	123,766,818
	135,461,026	131,695,952
Profit after tax	368,475,194	245,796,500
Earnings per share - basicanddiluted	57.29	38.21

The revenue has increased from PKR 8,064.238 million to PKR10,257.434 million showing the growth of 27.20% in revenue during the current year due to controls over cost of sales components, exchange gain and rebate on export sales.

Similarly, the gross profit to sales in current year is 10.45% as compared to previous year where it stood at i.e 9.86%.

The company earned net profit of PKR368.475 million during the year ended 2018 as compared to year 2017 whereas profit stood at PKR 245.797 million.

Dividend and General Reserves Appropriation

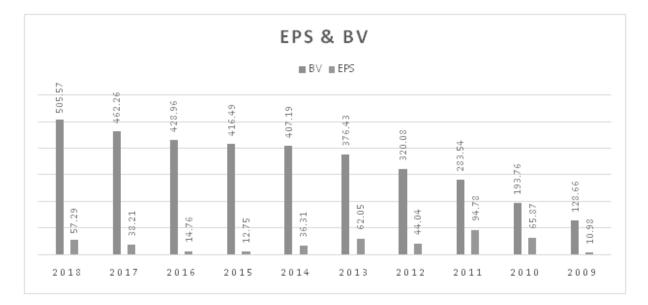
In the preceding year 2017 the dividend at 153.00% i.e PKR 15.30 has been paid by the company whereas for the current year the board of directors are pleased to recommend a final cash dividend of 230.00% i.e PKR 23.00 per share in line with the recommendation of audit committee for the approval of shareholders in forthcoming annual general meeting scheduled on October 25, 2018.

Moreover, the directors proposed to transfer an amount of PKR 200.000 million to the general reserve to meet any unforeseen contingencies in future.

Earnings per Share and Break-up Value of Share

The earning per share for the year ended 30th June, 2018 is PKR 57.29 as compared to the year 30th June, 2017 where it stood at 38.21.Similarly, the breakup value per share for the year ended 30th June, 2018 is PKR 505.57 as compared to the year 30th June, 2017 where it was stood at PKR 426.26.





Cash Flow Management

Management strategy is designed to monitor and utilize the components of working capital in the utmost financially efficient manner to assure that company maintains sufficient cash flow to meet its short-term obligations that simultaneously generates the maximum benefit to the shareholders of the company.

The company has invested PKR 90.852 million towards capital expenditure and PKR 221.742 million on account of repayment of long term finances during the year ended June 2018 whereas PKR 97.790 has been paid as dividends to the shareholders.

Financing Structure

A company's manages its capital structure with the combination of equity and debt in way that will maximize the value to the shareholders.

The long term debt during the year ended 30th June, 2018 is at 1,543.020 million as compared to the corresponding period where it stood 1,817.591 million.

The gearing ratio is at 1.54 during the period ended 30th June, 2018 whereas it stood at 1.10 during the corresponding period.

Expansion Plans and BMR

The board has approved approximate 369.50 million for BMR during the year for import of cards, ring frames, auto coner, compressor and engines for modernization of plant and machinery in order to cope up with the technological advancement around the globe.

Credit Rating

The final rating of A-/A-1 (Single A Minus / A-One) has been assigned to the company by the rating company Messer's JCR-VIS.The outlook on the assigned rating is "Stable".

Financial Statements

As required under Companies Act,2017 listing regulations of stock exchanges the Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer present the financial statements, duly endorsed under their respective signatures, for consideration and approval of the board of directors and after consideration and approval, authorize the signing of financial statements for issuance and circulation.

The financial statements of the company have been duly audited by the auditors of the company, Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants and the auditors have issued clean audit report on the financial statements for the year ended 30th June 2018 and clean review report on Statement of Code of Corporate Governance. These reports are attached with the financial statements.



Accounting Standards

The accounting policies of the Company fully reflect the requirements of the Companies Act, 2017 and such approved International Accounting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards as have been notified under this Act as well as through directives issued by the Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan.

Cotton Analysis

Though rains are beneficial for the quality crops but the recent heavy downpours in country, discontinued picking operation, pushing up rates of lint .The stagnant water in the field may hurt cotton crop if farmers and growers not take care of these negative developments, further rainy weather viruses can also damage the quality of cotton.

The cotton prices in Sindh were initially traded around 8,200 were rose to 9,500 and now gone down to 8,200 per maund whereas for Punjab depending on quality it ranges between 9100 - 9300 came down to 8,300 per maund. It seems that prices will ease further ahead of high arrivals in upcoming days.

Going forward it's presumed that prices in the local markets will observe stable trend, which was an encouraging sign for local farmers to grow more crop for maximizing their profit.

Besides, it is recommended that government should not impose import duty on imported raw cotton to make the availability of raw material as per of industry requirement which is around 15.00 million bales.

Economic Overview of Textile Sector in Pakistan

The nation is hopeful of positive changes after Election 2018 as the dust is settling down and now businessmen hopes to progress by building an economically powerful Pakistan but a lot depends on the economic managers to devise comprehensive and sustainable policies for future.

It is no secret that the textile industry in Pakistan has already face multiple challenges when it comes to production and export. Rising costs of doing business particular energy tariffs have hampered competitiveness compared to regional peers such as Vietnam, India Bangladesh and China.

On the contrary, the rupee depreciation helped the textile exports to grow by 14.15% in terms of local currency to PKR 1,488 billion during fiscal year 2017-18 as compared with PKR 1,303 billion in the preceding fiscal year, according to Pakistan Bureau of Statistics. The Pak Rupee depreciated massively by 18% during July 2017 to September 2018 from PKR 105 to PKR 124per dollar approximately.

However, in dollar term the exports registered 8.67% growth to \$13.53 billion during the last fiscal year as compared with \$12.45 billion in the preceding fiscal year which is mainly due to Prime Minister relief package under which certain tax concessions and rebates have been allowed to boost exports.

Impediments to Textile Sector

Agriculture experts stressed on the need for rationalizing the cropping pattern in the country in order to mitigate the prevailing adverse impact of climate change on the local agriculture sector. They also stressed for introducing the high resistance low water consuming and early maturing seed varieties of wheat, cotton, sugarcane and maize for conserving precious natural resources particularly the drastically reducing water resources for agriculture and human consumption.

The overall agriculture sector was badly impacted by recent heat waves and prolonging weather pattern was affecting the major cash crops like wheat, pulses and cotton production which is acting as the back bone of national exchequer of country. Consequently, the production was reduced and due to water shortage, the season's another major cash crop of cotton had witnessed sharp decrease in Sindh and Punjab and it's anticipated that Sindh would face about 45 percent water shortage and Punjab would face 42 percent during current season, resultant to this situation cotton sowing had witnessed 16 percent decrease across the crop sowing areas.

Compliance with Code of Corporate Governance

The Statement of Compliance with the Code of Corporate Governance is annexed.

Statement on Corporate and Financial Reporting Framework

The Directors of your company are aware of their responsibilities under Companies Act 2017, Code of Corporate Governance regulations, listing rules of the Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited and directives issued by Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan. As a part of the compliance to the regulators we confirm the following:



- These financial statements, prepared by the management of the company, present fairly its state of affairs, the result of its operations, cash flows and changes in equity.
- Proper books of account of the company have been maintained.
- Appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied in preparation of financial statements and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- International Financial Reporting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed in preparation of financial statements.
- The system of internal control was sound in design and has been effectively implemented and monitored.
- There were no significant doubts upon the company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- There has been no material departure from the best practices of corporate governance, as detailed in the listing regulations.
- We have prepared and circulated a Code of Conduct and business strategy among directors and employees.
- The Board of Directors has adopted a vision and mission statement and a statement of overall corporate strategy.
- All the directors have attended its general meeting unless preclude due to reasonable reason.
- All the directors are assigned with their responsibilities, roles, remuneration, powers and obligation at the commencement of their terms in accordance with Code of Corporate Governance, Companies Act and Article of Association.
- All the directors of the Company are accredited / exempted under Directors Training Program (DTP) as required by the Code
 of Corporate Governance regulation.
- There's a formal policy duly approved by the board on director's remuneration, anti-money laundering and risk management.
- As required by the Code of Corporate Governance, we have included the following information in this report:uU
 - o Statement of pattern of shareholding has been given separately.
 - o Statement of shares held by associated undertakings and related persons.
- o Statement of the Board meetings held during the year and attendance by each director has been given separately.
- Key operating and financial statistics for last six years. Information about taxes and levies had been adequately disclosed in the annexed audited financial statements.
- The company strictly follow the guidelines issued by SECP on prohibition of insider trading for listed companies and no trading in the Company's shares was carried by its Directors, CEO, CFO, Company Secretary, Head of Internal Audit and their spouses and minor children except as disclosed in pattern of shareholding.

Pattern of Shareholding

The pattern of shareholding and additional information regarding pattern of shareholding is attached separately.

Related Party

There is a robust policy in place for all related party transactions (RPT) in pursuant to SRO 768(1)2018 notification the guidelines issued by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan have been duly incorporated in the policy with regard to transactions and maintenance of records.

Board Evaluation

The company has opted to conduct evaluation process of the board internally in compliance of the regulation 10(3)(v) of code of corporate governance 2017 for assessing the board performance, members of the board and its committee members.

A comprehensive review has been carried out entailing statutory documents, the minutes of board and committee meetings, policies currently in place and other ancillary documents, questionnaires, interactions with the board and committees members.

Board Composition

As required under regulation 36 of CCG 2017 the board of nine directors is comprised as follows;

Sr No	Category	Gender	Total
(i)	Independent Director	Male	1
(ii)	Executive Directors	Male	3
(ii)	Non- Executive Directors	Male	5

Board and Audit Committee Meetings

• Following are the number of meeting held and attended by board of directors, audit committee and human resource & remuneration committee during 2017-18 :



				Committees			
Name of Directors	Board of Directors		Audit		Human Resource and Remuneration		
	Meetings held	Attended	Meetings held	Attended	Meetings held	Attended	
Mr. Mohammad Salim	4	4	-	-	-	-	
Mr. Mohammad Sharif	4	4	-	-	-	-	
Mr. Mohammad Shaheen	4	4	-	-	-	-	
Mr. Khurrum Salim	4	4	6	6	2	2	
Mr. Bilal Sharif	4	4	6	6	-	-	
Mr. Mohammad Amin	4	4	-	-	-	-	
Mr. Adil Shakeel	4	4	-	-	2	2	
Mr. Hamza Shakeel	4	4	-	-	-	-	
Mr. Iqbal Mehboob	4	4	6	6	2	2	

Audit Committee

The audit committee comprises of three members of which chairman is an independent director whereas all the other are nonexecutive directors and discharge its responsibilities under terms of reference assigned by the board of directors.

Besides meeting every quarter for the approval financial results, the committee also meets once a year with external auditors without the CFO and once with the internal auditor without the presence of the CFO and external auditor as required under code of corporate governance regulation.

The audit committee constituted to provide oversight of the financial reporting process, the audit process, the system of internal controls and compliance with laws and regulations. The committee reviews the results of the audit with management and external auditors, including matters required to be communicated by the committee as required by the code of corporate governance.

The audit committee has established robust internal audit system to monitor and review the adequacy and implementation of internal control at each level. The meetings of audit committee were held at regular intervals in compliance of the requirements of Code of Corporate Governance. Interim and annual financial statements were reviewed by the audit committee before the approval of board of directors.

Human Resource and Remuneration Committee

The human resource and remuneration committee (HRRC) is comprised of three members of which majority are non-executive directors whereas chairman is an independent director. The committee has established sound and effective employees' development programme that ensures that all federal and provincial laws and regulations that affect employment must be fully complied.

HRRC evaluates performance against set of goals and objectives assigned to the senior executive officers and chief executive officer. The committee operates under terms of reference assigned by the Board of directors which includes recommendation of remuneration for directors and senior personnel, evaluation process of the board and committee members.

Corporate Social Responsibility Policy

The company through CSR policy, engages itself in several programs at different forum like philanthropic contribution for the benefit of the society and the community as a whole. This eventually creates a stronger bond between employee and corporation which boost up the morale of employees and they feel more connected with the world around them.

Health, Safety and Environment Policy

The company is fully determined for the health and safety measures that aims to ensure that all work activates are done safely. It has made every possible effort to remove or reduce the risks to the health, safety of all workers, contractors and visitors, and anyone else who may be affected by business operations. Moreover, adherence to environmental management standards assures minimizing the environmental impacts of production processes and improving the efficiency of processes.



Human Resource focused on improving the efficacy and enhancing the quality of our work force in the Company. The Company has employed experienced and qualified human resources to meet the challenges ahead. Company also plans to strengthen its team, use employee performance evaluation methods to further strengthen organization structure and effectiveness.

Director's Remuneration

The feature of executive director's remuneration policy is prepared and recommended by human resource and remuneration committee (HRRC) to the boardsubject to the provisions of the Companies Act 2017, Companies' Article of Association and Code of Corporate Governance Regulations.

The remuneration of the executive directors is determined by considering the market competitiveness which is identical in akin companies, whilst also considering level of competencies, experience, scope of the board assignments and yearly meetings. The executive directors entitled for the fixed monthly remuneration recommended by HRRC which is approved in the board meeting, followed by the approval of members in General Meeting.

No fee or remuneration shall be payable either to non-executive or independent directors.

Auditors

The present auditors M/s Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants shall retire on the conclusion of the annual general meeting scheduled on October 25, 2018. Being eligible, they have offered themselves for re-appointment. The audit committee has suggested the appointment of aforesaid M/s Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants, as external auditor for the year ended 30th June 2019. The external auditors, M/s Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants have been given satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan and the firm and all its partner are in compliance with the International Federation of Accountants' Guidelines on the Code of Ethics as adopted by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. The Board of Directors also recommended the appointment of M/s Rahman Sarfaraz Rahim Iqbal Rafiq, Chartered Accountants, as external auditor for the year ended 30th

Material Changes and Commitments

No material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of financial year of the Company to which the balance sheet relates and the date of report of directors' report.

Acknowledgement

I am highly indebted to Board of Directors, valued shareholders, customers, bankers, suppliers and other stakeholders for their support, trust and confidence. I also appreciate to all employees for their loyalty dedication and hard work which enabled the Company to achieve its objectives.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mohammad Amin Chief Executive

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Mohammad Salim Director

Karachi Date: September 27th, 2018



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEST PRACTICE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2018

The statement is being presented to comply with the requirement of regulation 40 contained in Code of Corporate Governance, 2017 for the purpose of establishing a framework of good corporate governance, whereby a company quoted at Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited is managed in compliance with best practices of corporate governance.

The company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

- 1. The total number of directors are 09 as per the following:
- a. Male : 09
- b. Female : Nil
- 2. The composition of board is as follows:

Category	Name	
Independent Director	Mr. Iqbal Mehboob	
Executive Directors	Mr. Mohammad Amin Mr. Mohammad Shaheen Mr. Adil Shakeel	
Non- Executive Directors	Mr. Mohammad Salim Mr. Mohammad Sharif Mr. Khurrum Salim Mr. Bilal Sharif Mr. Hamza Shakeel	

- 3. The directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than five listed companies, including this company (excluding the listed subsidiaries of listed holding companies where applicable).
- 4. The company has prepared a Code of Conduct and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures.
- 5. The board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the company. A complete record of particulars of significant policies along with the dates on which they were approved or amended has been maintained.
- 6. All the powers of the board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by board/ shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations.
- 7. The meetings of the board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the board for this purpose. The board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of board.
- 8. The board of directors have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations.
- 9. All the directors on the Board are accredited / exempted from directors training programs.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of CFO, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations.
- 11. CFO and CEO duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the board.
- 12. The board has formed committees comprising of members given below:



STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH THE BEST PRACTICE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE, 2018

Audit Committee

Mr. Iqbal Mehboob	Chairman - Independent Director
Mr. Bilal Sharif	Member-Non- Executive Director
Mr. Khurrum Salim	Member - Non- Executive Director

Human Resource & Remuneration Committee

Mr. Iqbal Mehboob	Chairman - Independent Director			
Mr. Khurrum Salim	Member - Non- Executive Director			
Mr. Adil Shakeel	Member - Executive Director			

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance.
- 14. The frequency of meetings of the audit and human resource committees were as per following:
 - a) Audit Committee Quarterly
 - b) HR and Remuneration Committee Half Yearly
- 15. The board has set up an effective internal audit function who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the company.
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the quality control review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they or any of the partners of the firm, their spouses and minor children do not hold shares of the company and that the firm and all its partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP.
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the Regulations have been complied with.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Get to o'

MOHAMMAD SALIM Chairman

Karachi Date: September 27th, 2018



72-A, Faisal Town, Lahore

Auditors' Report to the Members

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Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2017 ['the Regulations'] prepared by the Board of Directors of **BLESSED TEXTILES LIMITED** for the year ended June 30, 2018 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 40 of the Regulation.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions and also ensure compliance with the requirements of section 208 of the Companies Act, 2017. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee. We have not carried out procedures to assess and determine the Company's process for identification of related parties and that whether the related party transactions were undertaken at arm's length price or not.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Date: September 27th, 2018 Place: Lahore

RAHMAN SARFARAZ RAHIM IQBAL RAFIQ Chartered Accountants

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72-A, Faisal Town, Lahore

T: +92 42 35160431 - 35160432 F: +92 42 35160433

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of BLESSED TEXTILES LIMITED ['the Company'], which comprise the statement of financial position as at June 30, 2018, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2018 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing ['ISAs'] as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan ['the Code'] and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit matter(s)

1 Preparation of financial statements under Companies Act, 2017

As disclosed in note 3 to the annexed financial statements, the Companies Act, 2017 ['the Act'] became applicable for the first time for the preparation of the Company's annual financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2018.

The Act forms an integral part of the statutory financial reporting framework as applicable to the Company and amongst others, prescribes the nature and content of disclosures in relation to various elements of the financial statements.

In the case of the Company, a summary of key additional disclosures and changes to the existing disclosures have been stated in note 3 to the annexed financial statements.

The above changes and enhancements in the financial statements are considered important and a key audit matter because of the volume and significance of the changes in the financial statements resulting from transition to the new reporting requirements under the Act.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

We assessed the procedures applied by the management for identification of the changes required in the financial statements due to the application of the Act. We considered the adequacy and appropriateness of the additional disclosures and changes to the previous disclosures based on the new requirements.

We also evaluated the sources of information used by the management for the preparation of these disclosures and the internal consistency of such disclosures with other elements of the financial

statements.



72-A, Faisal Town, Lahore

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

To address the valuation of stock in trade, we assessed

historical costs recorded in the valuation of stock in trade;

testing on a sample basis with purchase invoices. We tested

the reasonability of assumptions applied by the management

in allocating direct labour and direct overhead costs to stock

We also assessed management's determination of the net

realizable value of stock in trade by performing tests on the sales prices secured by the Company for similar or comparable

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Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

in trade.

items of stock in trade.

Key audit matter(s)

2 Inventory valuation

Stock in trade amounts to Rs 3,893 million as at the reporting date. The valuation of stock in trade at cost has different components, which includes judgment in relation to the allocation of labour and overheads which are incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition. Judgment has also been applied by management in determining the Net Realizable Value ['NRV'] of stock in trade.

The estimates and judgments applied by management are influenced by the amount of direct costs incurred historically, expectations of repeat orders to utilize the stock in trade, sales contracts in hand and historically realized sales prices.

The significance of the balance coupled with the judgment involved has resulted in the valuation of stock in trade being identified as a key audit matter

The disclosures in relation to stock in trade are included in note 18.

Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017(XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistanwill always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of user taken on the basis of these financial statements.



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Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide
 a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting
 from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal
 control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter shouldnot be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication. Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- b) the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- c) investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is ZUBAIR IRFAN MALIK.

Lahore: Date: 27th September 2018

RAHMAN SARFARAZ RAHIM IQBAL RAFIQ Chartered Accountants



Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2018

EQUITY AND LIABILITIES SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES Authorized capital 6,500,000 (2017: 6,500,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each	Note	2018 <i>Rupees</i> 65,000,000	2017 <i>Rupees</i> 65,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital General reserve Accumulated profit TOTAL EQUITY	7 8	64,320,000 3,000,000,000 187,484,648 3,251,804,648	64,320,000 2,800,000,000 108,958,561 2,973,278,561
LIABILITIES			
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Long term finances - secured	9	1,543,019,632	1,817,590,905
Deferred liabilities	10	2,072,967,994	444,531,359
CURRENT LIABILTIES		2,072,967,994	2,202,122,204
Trade and other payables Unclaimed dividend Accrued interest/markup/profit	11	487,985,016 3,877,973 38,781,113	347,609,278 3,258,589 30,863,256
Short term borrowings - <i>secured</i> Current portion of non-current liabilities	13 12	3,146,462,335 303,439,273	1,242,800,994 221,741,940
		3,980,545,710	1,846,274,057
TOTAL LIABILITIES		6,053,513,704	4,108,396,321
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	14	-	-
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		9,305,318,352	7,081,674,882

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statemements.

Mohammad Amin Chief Executive

Karachi Date: September 27th, 2018



Statement of Financial Position as at June 30, 2018

Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
15 16	3,595,552,344 14,144,095 3,609,696,439	3,897,890,705 14,154,095 3,912,044,800
17 18 19	71,765,436 3,893,102,492 926,183,117	72,384,810 1,821,519,639 523,159,134
20 21 22	150,108,121 180,087,987 334,546,794 139,827,966	91,496,284 264,688,706 360,939,015 35,442,494
	5,695,621,913 9,305,318,352	3,169,630,082
	15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Rupees 15 3,595,552,344 16 14,144,095 3,609,696,439 3,609,696,439 17 71,765,436 18 3,893,102,492 19 926,183,117 20 150,108,121 180,087,987 334,546,794 22 139,827,966

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statemements.

Abdul Basit Janjua Chief Financial Officer

Tout to

Mohammad Salim Director



Statement of Profit or Loss for the year ended June 30, 2018

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Sales - net	23	10,257,434,039	8,064,238,429
Cost of sales	24	9,185,919,277	7,268,794,921
Gross profit		1,071,514,762	795,443,508
Selling and distribution expenses Administrative and general expenses	25 26	227,393,453 121,714,680	150,627,722 112,640,636
		349,108,133	263,268,358
Other income	27	722,406,629 3,830,127	532,175,150 35,742,158
Operating profit		726,236,756	567,917,308
Finance cost Other charges	28 29	186,788,164 35,512,372	166,058,495 24,366,361
		222,300,536	190,424,856
Profit before taxation		503,936,220	377,492,452
Provision for taxation Current taxation Deferred taxation	30 31	133,637,362 1,823,664	7,929,134 123,766,818
		135,461,026	131,695,952
Profit after taxation		368,475,194	245,796,500
Earnings per share - basic and diluted	32	57.29	38.21

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statemements.

Mohammad Amin Chief Executive

Tout to **Mohammad Salim**

Director

Abdul Basit Janjua Chief Financial Officer

Karachi Date: September 27th, 2018



Statement of other Comprehensive Income for the year ended June 30, 2018

	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss		-	-
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurements of defined benefit obligation Taxation relating to remeasurements of defined benefit obligation	10.1.4 10.4.1	10,261,427 (1,800,970)	709,843 (118,455)
Other comprehensive income		8,460,457	591,388
Profit after taxation		368,475,194	245,796,500
Total comprehensive income		376,935,651	246,387,888

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statemements.

Mohammad Amin Chief Executive

Mohammad Salim

Director

Karachi Date: September 27th, 2018

Abdul Basit Janjua Chief Financial Officer



Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended June 30, 2018

	Issued	Revenue Reserves			
	subscribed and	General	Accumulated	Total	
	paid-up capital	reserve	profit	equity	
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	
Balance as at July 01, 2016 Comprehensive income	64,320,000	2,600,000,000	94,730,673	2,759,050,673	
Profit after taxation Other comprehensive income	-	-	245,796,500 591,388	245,796,500 591,388	
Total comprehensive income	-	-	246,387,888	246,387,888	
Transaction with owners					
Final dividend @ 50% i.e. Rs. 5 per ordinary share	-	_	(32,160,000)	(32,160,000)	
Profit transferred to general reserve	-	200,000,000	(200,000,000)	-	
	-	200,000,000	(232,160,000)	(32,160,000)	
Balance as at June 30, 2017	64,320,000	2,800,000,000	108,958,561	2,973,278,561	
Balance as at July 01, 2017	64,320,000	2,800,000,000	108,958,561	2,973,278,561	
Comprehensive income					
Profit after taxation	-	-	368,475,194	368,475,194	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	8,460,457	8,460,457	
Total comprehensive income	-	-	376,935,651	376,935,651	
Transaction with owners					
Final dividend @ 153% i.e. Rs. 15.30 per ordinary share	-	-	(98,409,564)	(98,409,564)	
Profit transferred to general reserve	-	200,000,000	(200,000,000)	-	
Balance as at June 30, 2018	64,320,000	3,000,000,000	187,484,648	3,251,804,648	

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statemements.

Mohammad Amin **Chief Executive**

Mohammad Salim

Director

Abdul Basit Janjua Chief Financial Officer

Karachi Date: September 27th, 2018

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Statement of Cash Flows for the year ended June 30, 2018

CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	Note	June 30, 2018 <i>Rupees</i>	June 30, 2017 <i>Rupees</i>
Cash (used in)/generated from operations	33	(1,133,924,678)	490,948,531
Payments for: Employees retirement benefits Interest/markup/profit Income tax Net cash (used in)/generated from operating activities		(26,768,075) (156,982,075) (107,245,141) (1,424,919,969)	(31,958,361) (145,737,880) (96,867,760) 216,384,530
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Capital expenditure Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment Long term deposit refunded Net cash used in investing activities		(90,851,780) 7,150,000 10,000 (83,691,780)	(804,893,823) 92,267,695 - (712,626,128)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			(, , , , ,
Long term finances obtained Repayment of long term finances Net increase in short term borrowings Dividend paid Net cash generated from financing activities NET INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		28,868,000 (221,741,940) 1,903,661,341 (97,790,180) 1,612,997,221 104,385,472	663,016,786 (254,009,620) 89,089,040 (31,657,138) 466,439,068 (29,802,530)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE YEAR		35,442,494	65,245,024
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE YEAR	34	139,827,966	35,442,494

The annexed notes from 1 to 49 form an integral part of these financial statemements.

Mohammad Amin Chief Executive

Mohammad Salim Director

Abdul Basit Janjua Chief Financial Officer

Karachi Date: September 27th, 2018



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

1 REPORTING ENTITY

Blessed Textiles Limited ['the Company'] was incorporated in Pakistan as a Public Limited Company under the repealed Companies Ordinance, 1984 and is listed on Pakistan Stock Exchange Limited. The Company is primarily engaged in the manufacture and sale of yarn and woven fabric, however, it is also engaged in the generation of electricity for self consumption. The registered office of the Company is situated at Umer House, 23/1, Sector 23, S.M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi. The manufacturing facility is located at 18 KM, Feroze Wattoan, Sheikhupura Road, District Sheikhupura in the Province of Punjab.

2 BASIS OF PREPARATION

2.1 Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise:

- International Financial Reporting Standards ['IFRS'] issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ['IASB'] as notified under the Companies Act, 2017;
- Islamic Financial Accounting Standards ['IFAS'] issued by Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan as notified under the Companies Act, 2017; and
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 differ from the IFRS and IFAS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Companies Act, 2017 have been followed.

2.2 Basis of measurement

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except for employees retirement benefits liabilities measured at present value and certain financial instruments measured at fair value/amortized cost. In these financial statements, except for the amounts reflected in the statement of cash flows, all transactions have been accounted for on accrual basis.

2.3 Judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions and judgments are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the result of which forms the basis of making judgments about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Subsequently, actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected. There are no estimation uncertainties as at the reporting date. Judgments made by management in the application of approved accounting standards that have significant effect on the financial statements and estimates with a risk of material adjustment in subsequent years are as follows:

2.3.1 Depreciation method, rates and useful lives of operating fixed assets (see note 5.1.1)

The Company reassesses useful lives, depreciation method and rates for each item of operating fixed assets annually by considering expected pattern of economic benefits that the Company expects to derive from that item.

2.3.2 Recoverable amount and impairment (see note 5.21)

The management of the Company reviews carrying amounts of its assets for possible impairment and makes formal estimates of recoverable amount if there is any such indication.

2.3.3 Obligation under defined benefit plan (see note 5.4.2)

The Company's obligation under the defined benefit plan is based on assumptions of future outcomes, the principal ones being in respect of increases in remuneration, remaining working lives of employees and discount rates to be used to determine present value of defined benefit obligation. These assumptions are determined periodically by independent actuaries.

2.3.4 Taxation (see note 5.16)

The Company takes into account the current income tax law and decisions taken by appellate and other relevant legal forums while estimating its provision for current tax. Provision for deferred tax is estimated after taking into account historical and expected future turnover and profit trends and their taxability under the current tax law.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

2.3.5 Provisions (see note 5.11)

Provisions are based on best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date, that is, the amount that the Company would rationally pay to settle the obligation at the reporting date or to transfer it to a third party.

2.3.6 Net realizable values of stock in trade (see note 5.3)

The company estimates net realizable values of its stock in trade as the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

2.4 Functional currency

These financial statements have been prepared in Pak Rupees which is the Company's functional currency.

2.5 Date of authorization for issue

These financial statements were authorized for issue on September 27, 2018 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

3 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS EFFECTIVE DURING THE YEAR.

The following new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments are effective in the current year but are either not relevant to the Company or their application does not have any material impact on the financial statements of the Company other than presentation and disclosures.

Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses (Amendments to IAS 12 - Income Taxes)

IAS 16 - Property, Plant and Equipment and IAS 38 - Intangible Assets have been amended to clarify the following aspects:

- Unrealised losses on debt instruments measured at fair value and measured at cost for tax purposes give rise to a deductible temporary difference regardless of whether the debt instrument's holder expects to recover the carrying amount of the debt instrument by sale or by use.
- The carrying amount of an asset does not limit the estimation of probable future taxable profits.
- Estimates for future taxable profits exclude tax deductions resulting from the reversal of deductible temporary differences.
- An entity assesses a deferred tax asset in combination with other deferred tax assets. Where tax law restricts the utilisation of tax losses, an entity would assess a deferred tax asset in combination with other deferred tax assets of the same type.

Disclosure initiative (Amendments to IAS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows)

IAS 7 - Statement of Cash Flows have been amended to clarify that entities shall provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2014–2016 Cycle (IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities)

IFRS 12 - Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities have been amended to clarify the scope of the standard by specifying that the disclosure requirements in the standard, except for those in paragraphs B10–B16, apply to an entity's interests listed in paragraph 5 that are classified as held for sale, as held for distribution or as discontinued operations in accordance with IFRS 5 - Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations

Companies Act, 2017

The Companies Act 2017 ['the Act'] was enacted on May 30, 2017. The Act has brought certain changes with regard to the preparation and presentation of these financial statements. These changes, amongst others, included change in nomenclature of primary statements. Further, the disclosure requirements contained in the fourth schedule of the Act have been revised, resulting in elimination of duplicative disclosure with the IFRS disclosure requirements and incorporation of additional/amended disclosures including, but not limited to, particulars of immovable assets of the Company (see note 15.1.4), management assessment of sufficiency of tax provision in the financial statements (see note 30), change in threshold for identification of executives (see note 41), additional disclosure requirements for related parties (see note 35), disclosure of export sales for each jurisdiction in respect of outstanding trade debts (see note 19.3), disclosure relating to number of employess (see note 46) etc.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

4 NEW AND REVISED STANDARDS, INTERPRETATIONS AND AMENDMENTS NOT YET EFFECTIVE.

The following standards, interpretations and amendments are in issue which are not effective as at the reporting date and have not been early adopted by the Company.

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments (2014)	(annual periods beginning on or after) July 01, 2018
	-
IFRS 15 – Revenue from Contracts with Customers (2014)	July 01, 2018
IFRS 16 – Leases (2016)	January 01, 2019
IFRS 17 – Insurance contracts (2017)	January 01, 2021
Sale or contribution of assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendments to IFRS 10 - Consolidated Financial Statements and IAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures).	Deferred Indefinitely
Clarifications to IFRS 15 - Revenue from Contracts with Customers	January 01, 2018
IFRIC 22 - Foreign Currency Transactions and Advances Consideration	January 01, 2018
IFRIC 23 - Uncertainty over Income Tax Treatments	January 01, 2019
Classification and Measurement of Share-based Payment Transactions (Amendments to IFRS 2 - Share-based Payment)	January 01, 2018
Applying IFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' with IFRS 4 'Insurance Contracts' (Amendments to IFRS 4 - Insurance Contracts)	July 01, 2018
Transfers of Investment Property (Amendments to IAS 40 - Investment Property)	January 01, 2018
Annual Improvements to IFRS 2014–2016 Cycle	3
Prepayment Features with Negative Compensation (Amendments to IFRS 9 - Financial	January 01, 2018
Instruments)	January 01, 2019
Long-term Interests in Associates and Joint Ventures (Amendments to IAS 28 - Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures)	January 01, 2019
Annual Improvements to IFRS Standards 2015 – 2017 Cycle	lanuary 01, 2010
Plan Amendment, Curtailment or Settlement (Amendments to IAS 19 - Employee	January 01, 2019
Amendments to References to the Conceptual Framework in IFRS Standards	January 01, 2019
Other than aforementioned standards, interpertations and amendments, IASB has also issued the following standards which have not been notified by the SECP.	January 01, 2020

IFRS 1- First time adopttion of International Financial Reporting Standards

IFRS 14-Regulatory defferal accounts

The Company intends to adopt these new and revised standards, interpretations and amendments on their effective dates, subject to, where required, notification by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan under section 225 of the Companies Act, 2017 regarding their adoption. The management anticipates that, except as stated below, the adoption of the above standards, amendments and interpretations in future periods, will have no material impact on the Company's financial statements other than in presentation/disclosures.

IFRS 9 – Financial Instruments: Classification and Measurement (2014)

IFRS 9 replaces IAS 39 - Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. The standard contains requirements in the following areas:

- **Classification and measurement:** Financial assets are classified by reference to the business model within which they are held and their cash flow characteristics. The standard introduces a 'fair value through comprehensive income' category for certain debt instruments. Financial liabilities are classified in a similar manner to under IAS 39, however there are differences in the requirements applying to measurement of entity's own credit risk.

Effective dete



- **Impairment:** IFRS 9 introduces an 'expected credit loss' model for the measurement of the impairment of financial assets, so it is no longer necessary for a credit loss to have occurred before a credit loss is recognized.
- **Hedge accounting:** IFRS 9 introduces a new hedge accounting model that is designed to be more closely aligned with how entities undertake risk management activities when hedging financial and non-financial risk exposure.
- **Derecognition:** The requirements for the derecognition of financial assets and liabilities are carried forward from IAS 39.

Adoption of this IFRS 9 may result in material adjustment to carrying amounts of financial assets and liabilities. However, the financial impact of the same cannot be estimated with reasonable certainty at this stage.

5 SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

5.1 Property, plant and equipment

5.1.1 Operating fixed assets

Operating fixed assets are accounted for under the cost model and measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses with the exception of freehold land, which is stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses. Cost comprises purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates, and includes other costs directly attributable to the acquisition or construction, erection and installation.

Major renewals and improvements to operating fixed assets are recognized in the carrying amount if it is probable that the embodied future economic benefits will flow to the Company and the cost of renewal or improvement can be measured reliably. The cost of the day-to-day servicing of operating fixed assets are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

The Company recognizes depreciation in profit or loss by applying reducing balance method over the useful life of each operating fixed asset using rates specified in note 15.1 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions to operating fixed assets is charged from the month in which the item becomes available for use. Depreciation is discontinued from the month in which it is disposed or classified as held for disposal.

An operating fixed asset is de-recognized when permanently retired from use. Any gain or loss on disposal of operating fixed assets is recognized in profit or loss.

5.1.2 Capital work in progress

Capital work in progress is stated at cost less identified impairment loss, if any, and includes the cost of material, labour and appropriate overheads directly relating to the construction, erection or installation of an item of operating fixed assets. These costs are transferred to operating fixed assets as and when related items become available for intended use.

5.2 Stores, spares and loose tools

These are generally held for internal use and are valued at cost. Cost is determined on the basis of weighted average except for items in transit, which are valued at invoice price plus related cost incurred up to the reporting date. For items which are considered obsolete, the carrying amount is written down to nil. Spare parts held exclusively for capitalization are classified as property, plant and equipment.

5.3 Stock in trade

These are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value, with the exception of stock of waste which is valued at net realizable value. Cost is determined using the following basis:

Raw material	Weighted average cost
Work in process	Average manufacturing cost
Finished goods	Average manufacturing cost
Stock in transit	Invoice price plus related cost incurred up to the reporting date

Average manufacturing cost in relation to work in process and finished goods consists of direct material, labour and an appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads.



Net realizable value signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

5.4 Employee benefits

5.4.1 Short-term employee benefits

The Company recognizes the undiscounted amount of short term employee benefits to be paid in exchange for services rendered by employees as a liability after deducting amount already paid and as an expense in profit or loss unless it is included in the cost of inventories or property, plant and equipment as permitted or required by the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. If the amount paid exceeds the undiscounted amount of benefits, the excess is recognized as an asset to the extent that the prepayment would lead to a reduction in future payments or cash refund.

5.4.2 Post-employment benefits

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme (defined benefit plan) for all its employees who have completed the minimum qualifying service period. Liability is adjusted on each reporting date to cover the obligation and the adjustment is charged to profit or loss with the exception of remeasurements which are recognized in other comprehensive income. The amount recognized on statement of financial position represents the present value of defined benefit obligation. The details of the scheme are referred to in note 10.1 to the financial statements.

5.5 Financial instruments

5.5.1 Recognition

A financial instrument is recognized when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

5.5.2 Classification

The Company classifies its financial instruments into following classes depending on the purpose for which the financial assets and liabilities are acquired or incurred. The Company determines the classification of its financial assets and liabilities on initial recognition.

(a) Loans and receivables

Non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market are classified as loans and receivables. Assets in this category are presented as current assets except for maturities greater than twelve months from the reporting date, where these are presented as non-current assets.

(b) Financial liabilities at amortized cost

Non-derivative financial liabilities that are not financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss are classified as financial liabilities at amortized cost. Financial liabilities in this category are presented as current liabilities except for maturities greater than twelve months from the reporting date where these are presented as non-current liabilities.

5.5.3 Measurement

The particular measurement methods adopted are disclosed in the individual policy statements associated with each instrument

5.5.4 De-recognition

Financial assets are de-recognized if the Company's contractual rights to the cash flows from the financial assets expire or if the Company transfers the financial asset to another party without retaining control or substantially all risks and rewards of the asset. Financial liabilities are de-recognized if the Company's obligations specified in the contract expire or are discharged or cancelled. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of financial assets and financial liabilities is recognized in profit or loss

5.5.5 Off-setting

A financial asset and a financial liability is offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position if the Company has legally enforceable right to set-off the recognized amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

5.6 Ordinary share capital

Ordinary share capital is recognized as equity. Transaction costs directly attributable to the issue of ordinary shares are recognized as deduction from equity.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

5.7 Loans and borrowings

Loans and borrowings are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost with any difference between cost and value at maturity recognized in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis.

5.8 Finance leases

Leases in terms of which the Company assumes substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. Assets subject to finance lease are classified as 'operating fixed assets'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being an amount equal to the lower of its fair value and the present value of minimum lease payments. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation, subsequent expenditure, de-recognition, and gains and losses on de-recognition are accounted for in accordance with the respective policies for operating fixed assets. Liabilities against assets subject to finance lease and deposits against finance lease are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost' and 'loans and receivables' respectively, however, since they fall outside the scope of measurement requirements of IAS 39 'Financial Instruments - Recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date of commencement of lease, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, minimum lease payments made under finance leases are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Deposits against finance leases, subsequent to initial recognition are carried at cost.

5.9 Operating leases

Leases that do not transfer substantially all risks and rewards of ownership are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are recognized in profit or loss on a straight line basis over the lease term.

5.10 Trade and other payables

5.10.1Financial liabilities

These are classified as 'financial liabilities at amortized cost'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date the liability is incurred, less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized in profit or loss.

5.10.2Non-financial liabilities

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

5.11 Provisions and contingencies

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a legal and constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of obligation. Provision is recognized at an amount that is the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the reporting date. Where outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is not probable, or where a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation cannot be made, a contingent liability is disclosed, unless the possibility of outflow is remote.

5.12 Trade and other receivables

5.12.1Financial assets

These are classified as 'loans and receivables'. On initial recognition, these are measured at cost, being their fair value at the date of transaction, plus attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these are measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest recognized in profit or loss.

5.12.2 Non-financial assets

These, both on initial recognition and subsequently, are measured at cost.

5.13 Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns allowances, trade discounts and rebates, and represents amounts received or receivable for goods and services provided and other income earned in the normal course of business. Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company, and the amount of revenue and the associated costs incurred or to be incurred can be measured reliably.

Revenue from different sources is recognized as follows:



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when risks and rewards incidental to the ownership of goods are transferred to the buyer. Transfer of risks and rewards vary depending on the individual terms of the contract of sale. Transfer usually occurs on dispatch of goods to customers.

Export rebate is recognized at the same time when revenue from export sales is recognized.

Interest income is recognized using effective interest method.

5.14 Comprehensive income

Comprehensive income is the change in equity resulting from transactions and other events, other than changes resulting from transactions with shareholders in their capacity as shareholders. Total comprehensive income comprises all components of profit or loss and other comprehensive income ['OCI']. OCI comprises items of income and expense, including reclassification adjustments, that are not recognized in profit or loss as required or permitted by accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan, and is presented in 'statement of comprehensive income'.

5.15 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying assets, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying asset is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalization. All other borrowing costs are recognized in profit or loss as incurred.

5.16 Income tax

Income tax expense comprises current tax and deferred tax. Income tax expense is recognized in profit or loss except to the extent that it relates to items recognized directly in other comprehensive income, in which case it is recognized in other comprehensive income.

5.16.1 Current taxation

Current tax is the amount of tax payable on taxable income for the year and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years. Provision for current tax is based on current rates of taxation in Pakistan after taking into account tax credits, rebates and exemptions available, if any. The amount of unpaid income tax in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as a liability. Any excess paid over what is due in respect of the current or prior periods is recognized as an asset.

5.16.2 Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is accounted for using the' balance sheet approach' providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for tax purposes. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income that is subject to final tax regime is also considered in accordance with the treatment prescribed by The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan. Deferred tax is measured at rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse, based on laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. A deferred tax liability is recognized for all taxable temporary differences. A deferred tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences to the extent that future taxable profits will be available against which temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

5.17 Government grants

Government grants that compensate the Company for expenses or losses already incurred are recognized in profit or loss in the period in which these are received and are deducted in reporting the relevant expenses or losses.

5.18 Earnings per share ['EPS']

Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted EPS is calculated by adjusting basic EPS by the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares and post-tax effect of changes in profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company that would result from conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

5.19 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of statement of cash flows comprise cash in hand and cash at banks.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

5.20 Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currency are translated to the functional currency of the Company using exchange rate prevailing at the date of transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at fair value are translated to the functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the date the fair value is determined. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency that are measured at historical cost are translated to functional currency at exchange rate prevailing at the date of initial recognition. Any gain or loss arising on translation of foreign currency transactions and balances is recognized in profit or loss.

5.21 Impairment

5.21.1Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. Individually significant financial assets are tested for impairment on an individual basis. The remaining financial assets are assessed collectively in groups that share similar credit risk characteristics. A financial asset is considered to be impaired if objective evidence indicates that one or more events have had a negative effect on the estimated future cash flows of the asset.

An impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at amortized cost is calculated as the difference between its carrying amount, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the original effective interest rate. Impairment loss in respect of a financial asset measured at fair value is determined by reference to that fair value. All impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. An impairment loss is reversed if the reversal can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment loss was recognized. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the financial asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

5.21.2Non-financial assets

The carrying amount of the Company's non-financial assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the asset's recoverable amount is estimated. The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present values using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset or cash generating unit.

An impairment loss is recognized if the carrying amount of the asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognized in respect of cash generating units are allocated to reduce the carrying amounts of the assets in a unit on a pro rata basis. Impairment losses recognized in prior periods are assessed at each reporting date for any indications that the loss has decreased or no longer exists. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used in determining the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to that extent that the asset's carrying amount after the reversal does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation and amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

5.22 Non-current assets held for sale

Non-current assets are classified as held for sale if their carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. This condition is regarded as met only when the asset is available for immediate sale in its present condition subject only to terms that are usual and customary for sale of such asset and it sale is highly probable. Management must be committed to the sale, which should be expected to qualify for recognition as complete sale within one year from the date of classification. Non-current assets classified as held for sale are measured at lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. The amount of write-down to fair value less costs to sell, if any, is recognized in profit or loss as impairment loss.

5.23 Dividend distribution to ordinary shareholders

Dividend to ordinary shareholders is recognized as a deduction from accumulated profit in statement of changes in equity and as a liability, to the extent it is unclaimed/unpaid, in the Company's financial statements in the year in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders.

6 SIGNIFICANT EVENTS AND TRANSACTIONS

The following significant events and transactions have affected the Company's financial position and performance during the year.



- During the year, Company's total sales has increased by 27% mainly due to increase in local sales. That increase is attributed to Balancing, Modernization and Replacement conducted by Company in previous year through enhancement of capacity by addition of 9,600 spindles and change in marketing strategy of the Company through focus on local market.

	Not	ote	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
7	ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL			
	6,432,000 (2017: 6,432,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each issued for cash	=	64,320,000	64,320,000

8 GENERAL RESERVE

General reserve is primarily being maintained to have adequate resources for future requirements and business operations.

9 LONG TERM FINANCES - SECURED

These represent long term finances utilized under interest/mark-up/profit arrangements from banking companies

interest/mark-up/profit arrangements from banking companies		2018	2017
	Note		
Term Finances ('TF')	Note	Rupees	Rupees
TF - I	9.1	425,082,796	600,979,132
TF - II	9.2	6,806,954	9,623,618
TF - III	9.3	10,783,615	13,864,647
TF - IV	9.4	15,197,614	19,539,790
TF - V	9.5	8,566,704	11,681,872
TF - VI	9.6	5,775,000	7,875,000
TF - VII	9.7	15,353,000	19,193,000
TF - VIII	9.8	10,257,200	12,821,600
TF - IX	9.9	12,863,800	16,079,400
TF - X	9.10	6,382,200	6,382,200
TF - XI	9.11	3,919,000	3,919,000
TF - XII	9.12	5,284,630	5,284,630
TF - XIII	9.13	9,072,000	9,072,000
		535,344,513	736,315,889
Long Term Finances for Export Oriented Projects ('LTFEOP')		, ,	, ,
LTFEOP - I	9.14	212,007,062	218,846,000
LTFEOP - II	9.15	219,636,937	226,722,000
LTFEOP - III	9.16	212,243,437	219,090,000
LTFF - IV	9.17	16,141,500	16,141,500
LTFF - V	9.18	9,586,916	9,586,916
LTFF - VI	9.19	24,330,900	24,330,900
LTFF - VII	9.20	40,340,000	40,340,000
LTFF - VIII	9.21	10,422,000	10,422,000
LTFF - IX	9.22	5,269,920	5,269,920
LTFF - X	9.23	3,275,400	3,275,400
LTFF - XI	9.24	28,578,900	28,578,900
LTFF - XII	9.25	215,926,500	215,926,500
LTFF - XIII	9.26	103,335,000	103,335,000
LTFF - XIV	9.27	170,082,920	170,082,920
LTFF - XV	9.28	11,069,000	11,069,000
LTFF - XVI	9.29	14,159,000	-
LTFF - XVII	9.30	14,709,000	-
		1,311,114,392	1,303,016,956
		1,846,458,905	2,039,332,845
Current maturity presented under current liabilities	12	(303,439,273)	(221,741,940)
		1,543,019,632	1,817,590,905

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- **9.1** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in twenty four equal monthly instalments with the first instalment due in December 2014.
- **9.2** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in twenty four equal monthly instalments with the first instalment due in December 2014.
- **9.3** The finance has been obtained from Meezan Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries profit at three months KIBOR plus 0.65% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.65% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in twenty four equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in January 2016.
- **9.4** The finance has been obtained from Meezan Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries profit at three months KIBOR plus 0.65% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.65% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in twenty four equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in January 2016.
- **9.5** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in twenty four equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in June 2015.
- **9.6** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in twenty four equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in June 2015.
- **9.7** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in twenty four equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in September 2016.
- **9.8** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in twenty four equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in September 2016.
- **9.9** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in twenty four equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in September 2016.
- **9.10** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carried interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in March 2019.
- **9.11** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carried interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in February 2019.
- **9.12** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carried interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in April 2019.



- **9.13** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carried interest/markup at three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum (2017: three months KIBOR plus 0.45% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in September 2019.
- **9.14** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in May 2018.
- 9.15 The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in May 2018.
- **9.16** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in June 2018.
- 9.17 The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in February 2019.
- 9.18 The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in April 2019.
- 9.19 The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in August 2019.
- **9.20** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in August 2019.
- **9.21** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in February 2019.
- **9.22** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in March 2019.
- **9.23** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in April 2019.
- **9.24** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in April 2019.



- **9.25** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in April 2019.
- **9.26** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in May 2019.
- **9.27** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in June 2019.
- **9.28** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum (2017: 2.4% per annum), payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in July 2019.
- **9.29** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum, payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in November 2019.
- **9.30** The finance has been obtained from MCB Bank Limited to finance capital expenditure and is secured by charge over operating fixed assets of the Company. The finance carries interest/markup at 2.4% per annum, payable quarterly. The finance is repayable in thirty two equal quarterly instalments with the first instalment due in December 2019.
- 9.31 For mortgages and charges on assets as security for liabilities, refer to note 40 to the financial statements.

10 DEFERRED LIABILITIES	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
These include the following:			
Employees retirement benefits	10.1	126,056,944	108,130,060
Long term payables - Excise and Taxation	10.2	73,370,210	53,271,066
Long term payables - Gas Infrastructure Development Cess	10.3	113,450,311	69,683,970
Deferred taxation	10.4	217,070,897	213,446,263
		529,948,362	444,531,359

10.1 Employees retirement benefits

The Company operates an unfunded gratuity scheme, a defined benefit plan, for all its employees who have completed the minimum qualifying service period. Under the scheme, the Company pays a lump-sum benefit equal to last drawn monthly gross salary for each year of service to scheme members whereas the members of the scheme are not required to make any contributions to the scheme. The scheme is administered by the management of the Company under the supervision and directions of the Board of Directors of the Company.

The amount recognized in statement of financial position represents present value of defined benefit obligation.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

	Note	2018 <i>Rup</i> ees	2017 Rupees
10.1.1 Movement in present value of defined benefit obligation			
As at beginning of the year		108,130,060	91,759,993
Charged to profit or loss during the year	10.1.2	54,956,386	49,038,271
Benefits paid during the year		(26,768,075)	(31,958,361)
Remeasurements recognized in other comprehensive income	10.1.4	(10,261,427)	(709,843)
As at end of the year		126,056,944	108,130,060
10.1.2 Charge to profit or loss			
Current service cost		46,192,379	42,217,998
Interest cost		8,764,007	6,820,273
		54,956,386	49,038,271
10.1.3 The charge to profit or loss has been allocated as follows			
Cost of sales	24.2	49,410,435	32,120,293
Administrative and general expenses	26.1	5,545,951	16,917,978
		54,956,386	49,038,271
10.1.4 Remeasurements recognized in other comprehensive income			
Actuarial (gain)/loss arising from changes in:			
Demographic assumptions		-	19,896,009
Financial assumptions		-	(1,377,462)
Experience adjustments		(10,261,427)	(19,228,390)
		(10,261,427)	(709,843)

Present value of defined benefit obligation has been determined using projected unit credit method. The liability as at the reporting date is based on actuarial valuation carried out by independent actuaries. The principal assumptions used in determining present value of defined benefit obligation are:

	2018	2017
Discount rate		
Short term	9.25%	9.25%
Long term	10.00%	8.00%
Expected rates of increase in salary	10.00%	9.25%
Withdrawal rate	Moderate	Moderate

10.1.6 Average duration of the defined benefit plan

The average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 12.69 years.

10.1.7 Expected charge to profit or loss for the next financial year

The expected charge to profit or loss for the year ending June 30, 2019 amounts to Rs. 60.451 million.

10.1.8 Sensitivity analysis

An analysis of sensitivity for discount rate and expected rate of increase in salary used to determine the present value of defined benefit obligation as at the reporting date showing how the defined benefit obligation would have been affected by changes in relevant actuarial assumption that were reasonably possible at that date is as follows:



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

	20	18	2017		
	Change in actuarial assumption	Defined benefit obligation Rupees	Change in actuarial assumption	Defined benefit obligation Rupees	
Discount rate	+1%	111,652,360	+1%	95,524,742	
	-1%	143,618,255	-1%	123,543,556	
Expected rate of increase in salary	+1%	144,094,103	+1%	123,914,732	
	-1%	111,024,511	-1%	95,019,548	

A change in expected withdrawal rates is not expected to have a material impact on the present value of defined benefit obligation. Accordingly, the sensitivity analysis for the same has not been carried out.

The sensitivity analysis presented above may not be representative of the actual change in the defined benefit obligation as it is unlikely that the change in assumptions would occur in isolation of one another as some of the assumptions may be correlated. Furthermore, in presenting the above sensitivity analysis, the present value of defined benefit obligation as at the reporting date has been calculated using projected unit credit method, which is the same as that applied in calculating the defined benefit obligation to be recognized in these financial statements.

10.1.9 Risk factors

The defined benefit plan exposes the Company to the following actuarial risks:

Interest risk: The discount rate used in determination of present value of defined benefit obligation has been determined by reference to market yield at the reporting date on Pakistan Investment Bonds since there is no deep market in long term corporate bonds in Pakistan. An increase in market yield resulting in a higher discount rate will decrease the defined benefit liability.

Longevity risk: The present value of defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to the best estimate of the expected remaining working lives of employees. An increase in the expected remaining working lives will increase the defined benefit obligation. However, the increase is not expected to be material.

Salary risk: The present value of defined benefit obligation is calculated by reference to future salaries of employees. An increase in salary of employees will increase the defined benefit obligation.

10.2 Long Term Payables - Excise and Taxation

This represents Sindh Infrastructure Cess levied by Excise and Taxation Officer ['ETO'] Government of Sindh on movement of imported goods entering the Sindh Province from outside Pakistan and Punjab Infrastructure Tax levied by ETO Government of Punjab on movement of imported goods entering the Punjab Province from outside Pakistan . The Company has obtained stay on the recovery of these levies by respective ETOs. During the pendency of final judgement on this, the Hounrable Courts granting stay have directed the petitioners to pay 50% of liability for levies to ETOs and to arrange bank gaurantees for the remaining amount in favour of ETOs. The liability represents 50% of levies against which guarantees have been arranged in favour of ETO (see note 14.1.1).

10.3 Long Term Payables - Gas Infrastructure Development Cess

This represents Gas Infrastructure Development Cess ['GIDC'] levied by Sui Northern Gas Pipelines Limited ['SNGPL'] The Company and others have filed a suit before the Lahore High Court ['LHC'] challenging the levy. The LHC has granted the stay in favour of the Company and directed the SNGPL to avoid collection of GIDC. The liability represents amount of GIDC payable against which the Company has obtained stay order.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

for the	year ended June 30, 2018	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
10.4	Deferred taxation		·	
	Deferred tax liability on taxable temporary differences	10.4.1	244,494,606	236,775,544
	Deferred tax asset on deductible temporary differences	10.4.1	(27,423,709)	(23,329,281)
			217,070,897	213,446,263

10.4.1 Recognized deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

		201	8	
Deferred tax liabilities	As at July 01 2017 <i>Rup</i> ees	Recognized in profit or loss <i>Rup</i> ees	Recognized in OCI <i>Rup</i> ees	As at June 30 201 <i>Rup</i> ees
Operating fixed assets	236,775,544	7,719,062	-	244,494,60
Operating lixed assets			-	
Deferred tax assets	236,775,544	7,719,062	-	244,494,60
	(40.044.004)	(5.000.550)	4 000 070	(00.405.04
Employees retirement benefits Accumulated impairment	(18,044,264) (5,285,017)	(5,882,553) (12,845)	1,800,970	(22,125,847 (5,297,862
Unused tax losses and credits	(3,203,017)	(12,043)		(3,297,002
	(23,329,281)	(5,895,398)	1,800,970	(27,423,709
	213,446,263	1,823,664	1,800,970	217,070,89
		201	7	
	As at	Recognizedin	Recognized	As at
	July 01 2016	profit or loss	in OCI	June 30 201
Deferred tax liabilities	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Operating fixed assets	189,195,392	47,580,152	-	236,775,54
	189,195,392	47,580,152	-	236,775,54
Deferred tax assets				
Employees retirement benefits	(14,135,823)	(4,026,896)	118,455	(18,044,264
Accumulated impairment	(4,902,002)	(383,015)	-	(5,285,017
Unused tax losses and credits	(80,596,577)	80,596,577	-	-
	(99,634,402)	76,186,666	118,455	(23,329,281
	89,560,990	123,766,818	118,455	213,446,26

10.4.2Revenue from export sales of the Company is subject to taxation under the final tax regime, while the remaining portion of revenue attracts assessment under normal provisions of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 ['Ordinance']. Deferred tax is provided for only that portion of timing differences that represent income taxable under normal provisions of the Ordinance. These differences are calculated at that proportion of total timing differences that the local sales, other than the indirect exports taxable under section 154(3) of the Ordinance, bear to the total sales revenue based on historical and future trends. Deferred tax has been calculated at 30% of the timing differences so determined based on tax rates notified by the Government of Pakistan for future tax years.

11 TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Trade creditors - Unsecured		225,895,934	199,316,254
Accrued liabilities		203,440,186	111,577,080
Advances from customers - Unsecured		11,683,046	6,561,814
Workers' Profit Participation Fund	11.1	27,111,848	20,154,971
Workers' Welfare Fund	11.2	16,456,456	8,555,932
Unclaimed dividend		3,397,546	1,443,227
Other payables - Unsecured		487,985,016	347,609,278



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30. 2018

for th	ie year ended June 30, 2018	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
11.1	Workers' Profit Participation Fund			
	As at beginning of the year		20,154,971	7,010,437
	Interest on funds utilized by the Company	11.1.1	2,288,367	590,604
	Charged to profit or loss for the year	29	27,111,848	20,154,971
	Paid during the year		(22,443,338)	(7,601,041)
	As at end of the year		27,111,848	20,154,971
11.1.1	Interest is charged at 114.75% (2017: 37.5%) per annum.			
11.2	Workers' Welfare Fund			
	As at beginning of the year		8,555,932	4,994,542
	Charged to profit or loss for the year	29	7,900,524	3,561,390
	As at end of the year		16,456,456	8,555,932
12	CURRENT MATURITY OF NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
	Long term finances - Secured	9	303,439,273	221,741,940
			303,439,273	221,741,940
13	SHORT TERM BORROWINGS - SECURED			
	These represent short term finances utilized under interest/mark-up/pro-farrangements from banking companies	it		
	Running finances	13.1	1,222,386,261	530,100,994
	Term loans	13.1	1,924,076,074	712,700,000
			3,146,462,335	1,242,800,994

13.1 These facilities has been obtained from various banking companies for working capital requirements and are secured by charge over all present and future current assets of the Company and demand promissory notes.

Interest/markup/profit on money market loans is payable along with principal on maturity and that on running finances is payable quarterly. These finances carry markup/markup/profit at rates ranging from one to six months KIBOR plus 0.1% to 1.25% per annum (2017: one to three months KIBOR plus 0.1% to 1.25% per annum).

The aggregate available short term funded facilities amounts to Rs. 5,115 million (2017: Rs. 4,615 million) out of which Rs. 1968 million (2017: Rs. 3,372 million) remained unavailed as at the reporting date.

13.2 For mortgages and charges on assets as security for liabilities, refer to note 40 to the financial statements.

14 CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

14.1 Contingencies

- **14.1.1**Guarantees issued by banks on behalf of the Company as at the reporting date amount to Rs. 212.537 (2017: Rs. 115.265 million), however the Company has already recognized related liability amounting to Rs. 73.37 million (2017: Rs. 53.27 million). See note 10.2.
- 14.1.2 Bills discounted/negotiated as at the reporting date amount to Rs. 613.268 million (2017: Rs. 988.406 million).
- **14.1.3** The Company has issued post dated cheques collectively amounting to Rs. 223.913 million (2017: Rs. 220.758 million) in favour of Sales Tax Department in lieu of levies under various statutory notifications and these are likely to be released after fulfilment of the terms of related notifications.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30. 2018

for th	e year ended June 30, 2018	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
14.2	Commitments		Nupees	Rupees
14.2.1	Commitments under irrevocable letters of credit for:			
	 purchase of stores, spares and loose tools purchase of raw material 		43,783,091 1,678,378,680	2,079,514 12,649,155
			1,722,161,771	14,728,669
14.2.2	Commitments for capital expenditure		15,044,611	109,362,790
15	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets Capital work in progress	15.1 15.2	3,592,585,178 2,967,166	3,868,751,586 29,139,119
			3,595,552,344	3,897,890,705

15.1 Operating fixed assets

	2018										
			COS	ST					Net book value		
	As at July 01, 2017 <i>Rup</i> ees	Additions Rupees	Disposals <i>Rup</i> ees	Transfers <i>Rupees</i>	As at June 30, 2018 <i>Rup</i> ees	Rate %	As at July 01, 2017 <i>Rup</i> ees	For the year <i>Rup</i> ees	Adjustment Rupees	As at June 30, 2018 <i>Rupees</i>	as at June 30, 2018 <i>Rup</i> ees
Freehold land	87,092,738	2,601,500		-	89,694,238			-			89,694,238
Buildings on freehold land											
Factory buildings	476,762,229	-	•	17,866,926	494,629,155	10	392,993,366	43,179,326	-	436,172,692	58,456,463
Non-factory buildings	461,465,102	-	-	28,383,490	489,848,592	5	41,987,428	4,205,644	-	46,193,072	443,655,520
	938,227,331			46,250,416	984,477,747		434,980,794	47,384,970	•	482,365,764	502,111,983
Plant and machinery	5,029,810,463		(20,064,037)	47,065,682	5,056,812,108	10	1,906,725,799	319,961,516	(16,104,802)	2,210,582,513	2,846,229,595
Equipment and other assets	93,054,402	10,734,409		-	103,788,811	25-35	86,260,262	4,667,220		90,927,482	12,861,329
Electric installations	142,216,435	-		430,000	142,646,435	10	35,377,335	6,081,647		41,458,982	101,187,453
Office equipment - head office	4,919,754	1,254,876			6,174,630	10	3,960,018	95,965		4,055,983	2,118,647
Office equipment - factory	2,773,815				2,773,815	10	2,037,177	252,503		2,289,680	484,135
Furniture and fixtures - head office	199,098				199,098	10	163,872	3,523		167,395	31,703
Furniture and fixtures - factory	6,971,397	300,000		-	7,271,397	10	5,267,062	177,933		5,444,995	1,826,402
Vehicles	81,331,410	8,386,850	(10,964,958)	-	78,753,302	20	43,072,938	8,039,333	(8,398,662)	42,713,609	36,039,693
	6,386,596,843	23,277,635	(31,028,995)	93,746,098	6,472,591,581		2,517,845,257	386,664,610	(24,503,464)	2,880,006,403	3,592,585,178

					2017						
			CO	ST				DEPRE	CIATION		Net book value
	As at				As at		As at			As at	as at
	July 01, 2016	Additions	Disposals	Transfers	June 30, 2017		July 01, 2016	For the year	Adjustment	June 30, 2017	June 30, 2017
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	%	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Freehold land	87,092,738	-	-	-	87,092,738		-	-	-	-	87,092,738
Buildings on freehold land											
Factory buildings	439,222,373	-	-	37,539,856	476,762,229	10	349,983,448	43,009,918	-	392,993,366	83,768,863
Non-factory buildings	461,465,102	-	-	-	461,465,102	5	37,683,081	4,304,347	-	41,987,428	419,477,674
	900,687,475	-	-	37,539,856	938,227,331		387,666,529	47,314,265	-	434,980,794	503,246,537
Plant and machinery	4,542,335,861	-	(215,244,231)	702,718,833	5,029,810,463	10	1,764,759,220	299,006,809	(157,040,230)	1,906,725,799	3,123,084,664
Equipment and other assets	89,604,897	3,449,505	-	-	93,054,402	25-35	84,369,705	1,890,557		86,260,262	6,794,140
Electric installations	120,200,042	-		22,016,393	142,216,435	10	31,080,703	4,296,632	-	35,377,335	106,839,100
Office equipment - head office	4,919,754	-	-	-	4,919,754	10	3,853,382	106,636	-	3,960,018	959,736
Office equipment - factory	2,773,815	-	-	-	2,773,815	10	1,925,973	111,204	-	2,037,177	736,638
Furniture and fixtures - head office	199,098	-	-	-	199,098	10	159,958	3,914	-	163,872	35,226
Furniture and fixtures - factory	6,971,397	-	-	-	6,971,397	10	5,077,692	189,370	-	5,267,062	1,704,335
Vehicles	74,233,436	11,342,512	(4,244,538)	-	81,331,410	20	38,758,529	8,006,130	(3,691,721)	43,072,938	38,258,472
	5,829,018,513	14,792,017	(219,488,769)	762,275,082	6,386,596,843		2,317,651,691	360,925,517	(160,731,951)	2,517,845,257	3,868,751,586



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

15.1.1 Disposal of property, plant and equipment

					2018		
	Cost Rupees	Accumulated depreciation <i>Rup</i> ees	Net book value <i>Rup</i> ees	Disposal proceeds <i>Rupees</i>	Gain on disposal <i>Rup</i> ees	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
Plant and machinery							
Drawing RSB-51	1,603,501	1,375,462	228,039	300,000	71,961	Negotiation	AbdulHafeez HouseNo.583StreetNo.5Sarfaraz Colony,Faisalabad
Looms	18,460,536	14,729,340	3,731,196	3,750,000	18,804	Negotiation	BismillahIndustries ChakNo.228/R.BBongi MukkanaMadinaTownFaisalabad
	20,064,037	16,104,802	3,959,235	4,050,000	90,765		
Vehicles							
Suzuki Cultus	560,950	535,174	25,776	150,000	124,224	Negotiation	AmirAli HouseNo.14-A-S-79,MaqboolRoadlchra, Lahore
Suzuki Cultus	1,051,490	529,390	522,100	400,000	(122,100)	Negotiation	MasoodAkhtar ChakNo.43,DakKhanaTehsilPattoki, DistrictKasur
Toyota Hilux	918,818	868,305	50,513	150,000	99,487	Negotiation	AbdulRaziq BairoonYakkaKoot,MohallahSheikh Ameerabad, Peshawar
Toyota Hilux	884,940	824,127	60,813	150,000	89,187	Negotiation	GhulamMuhammad Bhatian Wala, Dheremia Post Office Khas Tehsil, District Sargodha
Honda Civic	2,000,210	1,576,803	423,407	500,000	76,593	Negotiation	BilalRiaz PindiManya,P.OKhas,ShakkarGarh, DistrictNarowal
Honda Civic	2,166,000	1,395,867	770,133	850,000	79,867	Negotiation	NadeemAkhtarBhutta HouseNo.104,MohallahMain Road, Samnabad,Lahore
Honda Civic	2,000,210	1,568,501	431,709	500,000	68,291	Negotiation	MoinAmjad Mandiala Dak Khana Khas, Chak No.2 RB, Mandiala Tehsil Safdarabad, DistrictSheikhupur
Toyota Corolla	1,382,340	1,100,495	281,845	400,000	118,155	Negotiation	Mrs.MussaratGul Mandiala Dak Khana Khas, Chak No
	10,964,958	8,398,662	2,566,296	3,100,000	533,704		20 RB, Mandiala Tehsil Safdarabad, DistrictSheikhupura
	31,028,995	24,503,464	6,525,531	7,150,000	624,469		

					2017		
	Cost Rupees	Accumulated depreciation Rupees	Net book value <i>Rup</i> ees	Disposal proceeds <i>Rup</i> ees	Gain on disposal <i>Rupees</i>	Mode of disposal	Particulars of buyer
Plant and machinery							
Air Jet Shutless Looms 31 Sets	99,267,098	75,165,038	24,102,060	46,084,538	21,982,478	Negotiation	MOM Tex (Private) Limited, Bangladesh
Air Jet Shutless Looms 10 Sets	33,531,783	25,391,341	8,140,442	14,865,980	6,725,538	Negotiation	MOM Tex (Private) Limited, Bangladesh
Air Jet Shutless Looms 09 Sets	28,818,549	21,821,955	6,996,594	13,706,537	6,709,943	Negotiation	Nannu Textile Limited, Bangladesh
Air Jet Shutless Looms 07 Sets	21,537,292	16,308,389	5,228,903	10,660,640	5,431,737	Negotiation	Nannu Textile Limited, Bangladesh
Power generation gas engine	32,089,509	18,353,507	13,736,002	6,000,000	(7,736,002)	Negotiation	Orient Energy Systems (Private) Limited
	215,244,231	157,040,230	58,204,001	91,317,695	33,113,694		
Vehicles							
Toyata corolla	1,443,630	1,096,728	346,902	500,000	153,098	Negotiation	Asad Abbas
Suzuki Cultus	605,403	583,525	21,878	100,000	78,122	Negotiation	Amir Munir (Employee)
Toyata corolla	1,193,705	1,128,627	65,078	150,000	84,922	Negotiation	Tazeen Zawar
Toyata corolla	1,001,800	882,841	118,959	200,000	81,041	Negotiation	Ch. Ameer Alam Narowal
	4,244,538	3,691,721	552,817	950,000	397,183		
	219,488,769	160,731,951	58,756,818	92,267,695	33,510,877		

15.1.2 Transfers represent transfers from capital work in progress on related assets becoming available for use.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

15.1.3 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Cost of sales	24	378,095,353	352,508,263
Administrative and selling expenses	26	8,569,257	8,417,254
		386,664,610	360,925,517

15.1.4 Free hold land of the Company is located at Ferozewattoan, Sheikhupura with a total area of 739 Kanal, 6 Marla (2017: 730 Kanal, 19 Marla).

15.2 Capital work in progress

oupliar work in progress		20	018	
	As at July 01, 2017 <i>Rup</i> ees	Additions <i>Rupees</i>	Transfers <i>Rupees</i>	As at June 30, 2018 <i>Rupees</i>
Buildings on freehold land	29,126,292	19,229,609	(46,250,416)	2,105,485
Plant and machinery Electric Installations	12,827	47,914,536 430,000	(47,065,682) (430,000)	861,681
	29,139,119	67,574,145	(93,746,098)	2,967,166

	2017			
	As at July 01, 2016 <i>Rupees</i>	Additions <i>Rupees</i>	Transfers <i>Rupees</i>	As at June 30, 2017 <i>Rupees</i>
Buildings on freehold land Plant and machinery	- 1,312,395	66,666,148 701,419,265	(37,539,856) (702,718,833)	29,126,292 12,827
Electric Installations	-	22,016,393	(22,016,393)	-
	1,312,395	790,101,806	(762,275,082)	29,139,119

16 LONG TERM DEPOSITS

These have been deposited with various utility companies and regulatory authorities. These are classified as 'loans and receivables' under IAS 39 'Financial Instruments - Recognition and Measurement' which are required to be carried at amortized cost. However, these, being held for an indefinite period with no fixed maturity date, are carried at cost as their amortized cost is impracticable to determine.

	Note	2018	2017
17 STORES, SPARES AND LOOSE TOOLS		Rupees	Rupees
Stores, spares and loose tools		71,765,436	72,384,810

17.1 It is impracticable to distinguish stores, spares and loose tools, each from the other.

17.2 There are no spare parts exclusively held for capitalization as at the reporting date.

18 STOCK IN TRADE

Raw material		3,368,819,505	1,317,562,405
Work in process		109,149,164	93,614,949
Finished goods	18.1	415,133,823	410,342,285
		3,893,102,492	1,821,519,639

18.1 Stock of finished goods include stock of waste valued at Rs. 1,414,266 (2017: Rs. 3,740,203). The entire stock of waste is valued at net realizable value.

18.2 Entire stock in trade, with the exception of stock of waste, is carried at cost being lower than net realisable value.



20

Security deposits

BLESSED TEXTILES LIMITED

Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

19	TRADE DEBTS Local - unsecured	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
	considered good considered doubtful		480,423,208 30,185,752	336,683,422
			510,608,960	30,735,752 367,419,174
	Foreign - secured	19.1	445,759,909	186,475,712
	A 17.12 1. 1	10.0	956,368,869	553,894,886
	Accumulated impairment	19.2	(30,185,752) 926,183,117	(30,735,752) 523,159,134
	19.1 These are secured through letters of credit			
	19.2 Movement in accumulated impairment is as follows:			
	As at beginning of the year Reversed during the year on recovery	27	30,735,752 (550,000)	30,735,752
	As at end of the year		30,185,752	30,735,752

19.3 Amount of export sales made in each foreign jurisdiction in respect of trade debts outstanding as at the reporting date is as follows:

	Trade debt		Export sales	
	2018	2017	2018	2017
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Africa	2,288,430	-	2,288,430	-
America	8,201,088	-	101,685,018	-
Asia	362,593,512	177,348,807	1,195,411,774	774,678,302
Europe	72,676,879	9,126,905	422,231,820	112,316,449
	445,759,909	186,475,712	1,721,617,043	886,994,751
			2018	2017
		Note	Rupees	Rupees
ADVANCES, DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS	AND OTHER RECEIVA	ABLES		
Advances to suppliers - unsecured, consider	red good		39,545,259	19,209,044
Advances to employees - unsecured, consid	lered good	20.1	9,184,188	12,133,985
Prepayments			2,096,397	648,185

 Letters of credit
 186,711

 Other receivables - unsecured
 20.2
 29,250,627
 5,243,543

 150,108,121
 91,496,284

20.2

70,031,650

20.1 These represent advances to employees against future salaries and post employment benefits in accordance with the Company policy. No advances have been given to any of the directors of the Company.

20.2 These include Rs. 70,026,650 (2017: Rs. 54,069,816) deposited with a banking company against bank guarantees and carry return at rates ranging from 4.5% to 6% (2017: 4.5% to 6%) per annum.

54,074,816



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

		Note	2018	2017
			Rupees	Rupees
	19.2 Particulars of other receivables			
	Considered good		29,250,627	5,243,543
	Considered doubtful		99,583	99,583
			29,350,210	5,343,126
	Accumulated impairment		(99,583)	(99,583)
			29,250,627	5,243,543
21	CURRENT TAXATION			
	Advance income tax/income tax refundable		476,113,290	368,868,149
	Provision for taxation	30	(141,566,496)	(7,929,134)
			334,546,794	360,939,015
22	BANK BALANCES			
	Cash at banks local currency foreign currency		139,177,549 650,417	34,301,901 1,140,593
	5 ,		;	, -,

			2018	
		Local	Export	Total
23	SALES - NET	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
	Yarn	3,877,187,359	3,455,536,841	7,332,724,200
	Fabric	2,285,110,437	327,732,553	2,612,842,990
	Cotton and polyester	172,721,930	-	172,721,930
	Waste and other	89,772,222	-	89,772,222
		6,424,791,948	3,783,269,394	10,208,061,342
	Duty drawback on export	-	49,794,756	49,794,756
	Sales tax	(422,059)	-	(422,059)
		6,424,369,889	3,833,064,150	10,257,434,039

		2017	
	Local	Export	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Yarn	2,594,114,761	2,770,069,313	5,364,184,074
Fabric	2,136,121,056	332,801,282	2,468,922,338
Cotton and polyester	161,315,165	-	161,315,165
Waste and other	68,438,296	-	68,438,296
	4,959,989,278	3,102,870,595	8,062,859,873
Duty drawback on export	-	1,541,962	1,541,962
Sales tax	(163,406)	-	(163,406)
	4,959,825,872	3,104,412,557	8,064,238,429

35,442,494

139,827,966



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

for	the year ended June 30, 2018		2018	2017
24	COST OF SALES	Note	Rupees	Rupees
	Raw material consumed	24.1	6,753,923,305	5,266,527,588
	Stores, spares and loose tools consumed		233,814,708	206,652,270
	Salaries, wages and benefits	24.2	614,807,904	536,276,131
	Fee and subscription		258,945	174,792
	Fuel and power		979,631,752	815,179,106
	Insurance		15,749,565	19,520,639
	Vehicle running and maintenance		8,756,953	7,518,524
	Rent, rates and taxes		469,971	451,036
	Repair and maintenance		8,187,710	4,658,903
	Communication		824,396	657,432
	Traveling, conveyance and entertainment		1,617,466	973,307
	Depreciation	15.1.3	378,095,353	352,508,263
	Others		2,050,288	2,590,543
	Manufacturing cost		8,998,188,316	7,213,688,534
	Work in process			
	As at beginning of the year		93,614,949	98,794,202
	As at end of the year		(109,149,164)	(93,614,949)
			(15,534,215)	5,179,253
	Cost of goods manufactured		8,982,654,101	7,218,867,787
	Finished goods			
	As at beginning of the year		410,342,285	281,885,074
	Purchased during the year		42,576,810	12,352,103
	Loss due to theft		(5,859,629)	(71,621)
	As at end of the year		(415,133,823)	(410,342,285)
			31,925,643	(116,176,729)
	Cost of cotton sold	24.3	171,339,533	166,103,863
			9,185,919,277	7,268,794,921
24	I.1 Raw material consumed			
	As at beginning of the year		1,317,562,405	1,211,885,677
	Purchased during the year		8,985,311,473	5,534,703,969
	Sold during the year		(180,131,068)	(162,499,653)
	As at end of the year		(3,368,819,505)	(1,317,562,405)
			6,753,923,305	5,266,527,588

24.2 These include charge in respect of employees retirement benefits amounting to Rs. 49,410,435 (2017: Rs. 32,120,293).

24.3 Cost of cotton sold

Cost of purchase	169,188,756	158,372,550
Salaries, wages and benefits	432,000	706,367
Loading and unloading	11,389	16,767
Insurance	362,174	1,451,399
Finance cost	1,345,214	5,556,780
	171,339,533	166,103,863

25 SELLING AND DISTRIBUTION EXPENSES

Export		
Ocean freight and forwarding	78,693,589	68,029,791
Export development surcharge	9,171,630	6,857,471
Commission	94,029,563	42,395,110
Others	1,101,365	860,496
	182,996,147	118,142,868



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

for the year ended June 30, 2018	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Local	Note		
Inland transportation		3,178,034	1,723,385
Commission		40,926,317	30,712,796
Others		292,955	48,673
		44,397,306	32,484,854
		227,393,453	150,627,722
26 ADMINISTRATIVE AND GENERAL EXPENSES			
Directors' remuneration		23,400,000	20,400,000
Salaries and benefits	26.1	60,959,535	55,810,280
Traveling, conveyance and entertainment		5,462,209	5,768,664
Printing and stationery		2,052,134	942,587
Communication		1,225,747	1,412,524
Vehicles running and maintenance		4,777,503	3,387,572
Legal and professional charges		1,012,500	1,296,470
Auditors' remuneration	26.2	1,448,500	1,388,500
Fee and subscription		2,722,554	2,029,437
Repair and maintenance		304,750	24,460
Depreciation	15.1.3	8,569,257	8,417,254
Rent, rates and utilities		7,578,099	9,224,106
Oracle license and support fee		856,216	104,018
Others		1,345,676	2,434,764
		121,714,680	112,640,636

26.1 These include charge in respect of employees retirement benefits amounting to Rs. 5,545,951 (2017: Rs. 16,917,978).

26.2 Auditor's remuneration			
Annual statutory audit		1,260,000	1,200,000
Limited scope review		128,500	128,500
Review report under Code of Corporate Governance		50,000	50,000
Out of pocket expenses		10,000	10,000
		1,448,500	1,388,500
27 OTHER INCOME			
Gain on financial instruments			
Reversal of impairment on trade debts on recovery	19.2	550,000	-
Foreign exchange gain		123,603	-
Return on bank deposits	20.2	2,532,055	2,231,281
Other income		2 205 650	0.004.004
		3,205,658	2,231,281
Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment	15.1.1	624,469	33,510,877
		3,830,127	35,742,158
28 FINANCE COST			
Interest / mark-up on borrowings:			
long term finances		74,703,343	75,902,947
short term borrowings		90,196,589	73,539,831
		164,899,932	149,442,778
Interest on workers' profit participation fund	11.1	2,288,367	590,604
Bank charges and commission	28.2	19,599,865	16,025,113
		186,788,164	166,058,495



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

- **28.1** Interest/markup/profit amounting to Rs. 181,512 (2017: Rs. 3,270,531) was capitalized during the year as part of cost of property, plant and equipment.
- 28.2 These include letters of credit discounting charges amounting to Rs. 16,137,695 (2017: Rs. 14,109,997).

29 OTHER CHARGES	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Workers' Profit Participation Fund	11.1	27,111,848	20,154,971
Workers' Welfare Fund	11.2	7,900,524	3,561,390
Donations	29.1	500,000	650,000
		35,512,372	24,366,361
29.1 None of the directors or their spouses had any interes	t in the donees.		
30 CURRENT TAXATION			
Current year Prior year	30.1	141,566,496 (7,929,134)	7,929,134 -

30.1 Provision for current tax has been made in accordance with section 18 and section 154 (2017: section 113 and section 169) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 ['the Ordinance']. According to management, the provision for current taxation made in the financial statements is sufficient to discharge tax liability. A comparison of last three years of provision for current taxation with tax assessed is presented below:

	2017	2016	2015
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Provision for current taxation as per financial statements	7,929,134	(202,204)	1,523,173
Assessment under the Income Tax Ordinance	-		1,499,832

30.2 Reconciliation between average effective tax rate and applicable tax rate

	Unit	2018
Profit before taxation	Rupees	503,936,220
Provision for taxation	Rupees	135,461,026
Average effective tax rate	%	26.88
Tax effects of: Adjustments for prior years Income chargeable to tax at different rates Deferred taxation Tax credit	% % %	1.57 1.00 (0.36) 0.86
Applicable tax rate	%	29.95

There is no relationship between provision for taxation and accounting profit for the year ended June 30, 2017. Therefore no reconciliation has been presented for year ended June 30, 2017

- **30.3** Assessments upto assessment year 2002-2003 have been finalized under the relevant provisions of the Repealed Income Tax Ordinance, 1979.
- 30.4 Assessments upto tax year 2017 have been finalized under relevant provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.
- **30.5** The Government of Pakistan vide Finance Act 2017 notified a reduced tax rate of 30% for tax year 2018 as compared to 31% applicable to previous year for Companies.

133.637.362

7.929.134



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018 31 DEFERRED TAXATION	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Attributable to origination and reversal of temporary differences Attributable to changes in tax rates		8,938,539 (7,114,875)	126,655,882 (2,889,064)
-		1,823,664	123,766,818
	Unit	2018	2017
32 EARNINGS PER SHARE - BASIC AND DILUTED Profit attributable to ordinary shareholders	Rupees	368,475,194	245,796,500
Weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year	No.of shares	6,432,000	6,432,000
Earnings per share	Rupees	57.29	38.21
There is no diluting effect on the basic earnings per share of the 0 33 CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS Profit before taxation	Company.	503,936,220	377,492,452
Adjustments for non-cash and other items Interest/markup on borrowings Gain on disposal of property, plant and equipment Provision for employees retirement benefits Depreciation		164,899,932 (624,469) 54,956,386 386,664,610 605,896,459	149,442,778 (33,510,877) 49,038,271 360,925,517 525,895,689
Changes in working capital Stores, spares and loose tools Stock in trade Trade debts Advances, deposits, prepayments and other receivables Sales tax refundable Trade and other payables Long term payables - <i>Excise and Taxation</i> Long term payables - <i>Gas Infrastructure Development Cess</i>		1,109,832,679 619,374 (2,071,582,853) (403,023,983) (58,611,837) 84,600,719 140,375,738 20,099,144 43,766,341 (2,243,757,357)	903,388,141 (7,471,408) (228,954,686) (220,694,346) 13,005,386 (72,837,182) 89,782,879 14,729,747 - (412,439,610)
Cash generated from/(used in) operations		(1,133,924,678)	490,948,531
34 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(,,,	
Bank balances	22	139,827,966	35,442,494
		139,827,966	35,442,494

35 TRANSACTIONS AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES

Related parties from the Company's perspective comprise associated companies and key management personnel. Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Company, directly or indirectly, and includes the Chief Executive and Directors of the Company. The details of Company's related parties, with whom the Company had transactions during the year or has balances outstanding as at the reporting date are as follows:

Name of related party	Nature of relationship	Basis of relationship	Percentage of shareholding
Faisal Spinning Mills Limited	Associated company	Common directorship	18.49%
Bhanero Textiles Mills Limited	Associated company	Common directorship	NA
Bhanero Energy Limited	Associated company	Common directorship	NA
Admiral (Private) Limited	Associated company	Common directorship	NA
Mohammad Amin	Key management personnel	Chief executive officer	4.39%
Adil Shakeel	Key management personnel	Director	6.91%
Mohammad Shaheen	Key management personnel	Director	1.07%

Transactions with key management personnel are limited to payment of short term employee benefits only. The Company in the normal course of business carries out various transactions with associated companies and continues to have a policy whereby all such transactions are carried out on commercial terms and conditions which are equivalent to those prevailing in an orderly transaction between market participants at the date of transaction.

There are no balances with related parties as at the reporting date. Names, basis of relationship, details of transactions with associated undertakings & related parties is as follows:



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

for the year ended June 30, 2018		2018	2017
35.1 Transactions with related parties	i	Rupees	Rupees
Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions		
Associated companies	Sale of yarn	937,798,495	792,425,223
	Sale of fabric	-	25,905
	Sale of cotton	148,806,516	155,663,379
	Purchase of cotton	142,455,718	16,141,910
	Purchase of yarn	276,459,700	221,360,949
	Purchase of fabric	24,960,505	-
	Purchase of machinery	409,500	-
	Purchase of electricity	644,403,256	637,411,840
	Services received	309,000	324,000
Key management personnel	Short term employee benefits	23,400,000	20,400,000

36 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The carrying amounts of the Company's financial instruments by class and category are as follows:

36.1 Financial assets	Note	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Loans and receivables			
Long term deposits	16	14,144,095	14,154,095
Trade debts	19	926,183,117	523,159,134
Advances to employees	20	9,184,188	12,133,985
Security deposits	20	70,031,650	54,074,816
Bank balances	22	139,827,966	35,442,494
36.2 Financial liabilities		1,159,371,016	638,964,524
Financial liabilities at amortized cost			
Long term finances	9	1,846,458,905	2,039,332,845
Short term borrowings	13	3,146,462,335	1,242,800,994
Accrued interest/markup		38,781,113	30,863,256
Trade creditors	11	225,895,934	199,316,254
Accrued liabilities	11	203,440,186	111,577,080
Unclaimed dividend	11	3,877,973	3,258,589
		5,464,916,446	3,627,149,018

37 FINANCIAL RISK EXPOSURE AND MANAGEMENT

The Company's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (including currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk). These risks affect revenues, expenses and assets and liabilities of the Company.

The Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for establishment and oversight of risk management framework. The Board of Directors has developed a risk policy that sets out fundamentals of risk management framework. The risk policy focuses on unpredictability of financial markets, the Company's exposure to risk of adverse effects thereof and objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing such risks. The management team of the Company is responsible for administering and monitoring the financial and operational financial risk management throughout the Company in accordance with the risk management framework.

The Company's exposure to financial risks, the way these risks affect the financial position and performance, and forecast transactions of the Company and the manner in which such risks are managed is as follows:

37.1 Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company, if the counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligations.

37.1.1Maximum exposure to credit risk

Credit risk principally arises from the Company's loans and receivables. The maximum exposure to credit risk as at the reporting date is as follows:



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

he year ended June 30, 2018		2018	2017
Loans and receivables	Note	Rupees	Rupees
Long term deposits	16	14,144,095	14,154,095
Trade debts	19	956,368,869	553,894,886
Security deposits	20	70,031,650	54,074,816
Bank balances	22	139,827,966	35,442,494
		1,180,372,580	657,566,291

37.1.2 Concentration of credit risk

The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk, as at the reporting date, by type of counterparty is as follows:

	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Customers	956,368,869	553,894,886
Utility companies and regulatory authorities	14,149,095	14,154,095
Banking companies and financial institutions	209,854,616	89,517,310
	1,180,372,580	657,566,291

37.1.3Credit quality and impairment

Credit quality of financial assets is assessed by reference to external credit ratings, where available, or to historical information about counterparty default rates. All counterparties, with the exception of customers, have external credit ratings determined by various credit rating agencies. Credit quality of customers is assessed by reference to historical defaults rates and present ages.

(a) Counterparties with external credit ratings

These include banking companies and financial institutions, which are counterparties to 'security deposits' and 'bank balances'. These counterparties have reasonably high credit ratings as determined by various credit rating agencies. Due to long standing business relationships with these counterparties and considering their strong financial standing, management does not expect non-performance by these counterparties on their obligations to the Company.

(b) Counterparties without external credit ratings

These include customers which are counter parties to 'trade debts' and utility companies and regulatory authorities which are counter parties to 'long term deposits'. Credit risk in respect of long term deposits is considered to be insignificant as non-performance by these parties is not expected. The Company is exposed to credit risk in respect of trade debts. The analysis of ages of trade debts as at the reporting date is as follows:

	2018		2017	
	Gross Accumulated		Gross	Accumulated
(carrying amount	Impairment	carrying amount	Impairment
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Neither past due nor impaired	605,159,197	-	186,475,712	-
Past due by 0 to 6 months	320,455,701	-	321,204,513	-
Past due by 6 months to 1 year	-	-	15,415,689	-
Past due by more than 1 year	30,753,971	30,185,752	30,798,972	30,735,752
	956,368,869	30,185,752	553,894,886	30,735,752

The Company's one (2017: one) significant customer accounts for Rs. 88.99 million (2017: Rs. 82.37 million) of trade debts as at the reporting date, apart from which, exposure to any single customer does not exceed 10% (2017: 10%) of trade debts. These significant customers have long standing business relationships with the Company and have a good payment record and accordingly non-performance by these customers is not expected. Further, trade debts amounting to Rs. 445.760 million (2017: Rs. 186.475 million) secured through letters of credit and thus do not carry any significant credit risk. The Company believes that impairment recognized in respect of trade debts past due is adequate and no further allowance is necessary based on historical default rates.

37.1.4 Collateral held

The Company does not hold any collateral to secure its financial assets with the exception of trade debts, which are partially secured through confirmed letters of credit.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

37.1.5 Credit risk management

As mentioned in note 37.1.3 to the financial statements, the Company's financial assets do not carry significant credit risk, with the exception of trade debts, which are exposed to losses arising from any non-performance by customers. In respect of trade debts, the Company manages credit risk by limiting significant exposure to any single customer. Formal policies and procedures of credit management and administration of receivables are established and executed. In monitoring customer credit risk, the ageing profile of total receivables and individually significant balances, along with collection activities are reviewed on a regular basis. High risk customers are identified and restrictions are placed on future trading, including suspending future shipments and administering dispatches on a prepayment basis or confirmed letters of credit.

37.2 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

37.2.1 Exposure to liquidity risk

The followings is the analysis of contractual maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest/markup/profit payments.

			2018		
	Carrying amount <i>Rupees</i>	Contractual cash flows <i>Rup</i> ees	One year or less <i>Rupees</i>	One to five years <i>Rup</i> ees	More than five years <i>Rup</i> ees
Long term finances Short term borrowings	1,846,458,905 3,146,462,335	2,043,003,466 3,182,931,568	460,257,612 3,182,931,568	1,096,150,525	486,595,329
Accrued interest/mark-up Trade creditors	38,781,113 225,895,934	38,781,113 225,895,934	38,781,113 225,895,934	-	-
Accrued liabilities Unclaimed dividend	203,440,186 3,877,973	203,440,186 3,877,973	203,440,186 3,877,973	-	
	5,464,916,446	5,697,930,240	4,115,184,386	1,096,150,525	486,595,329
			2017		
	Carrying	Contractual	One year	One to	More than
	amount Rupees	cash flows Rupees	or less Rupees	five years Rupees	five years Rupees
Long term finances	2,039,332,845	1,850,445,233	307,932,826	1,216,220,256	326,292,151
Short term borrowings	1,242,800,994	1,246,639,358	1,246,639,358	-	-
Accrued interest/mark-up	30,863,256	30,863,256	30,863,256	-	-
Trade creditors	199,316,254	199,316,254	199,316,254	-	-
Accrued liabilities	111,577,080	111,577,080	111,577,080	-	-
Unclaimed dividend	3,258,589	3,258,589	3,258,589	-	-
	3,627,149,018	3,442,099,770	1,899,587,363	1,216,220,256	326,292,151

37.2.2Liquidity risk management

The Company's approach to managing liquidity risk is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Company's reputation. The Company monitors cash flow requirements and produces cash flow projections for the short and long term. Typically, the Company ensures that it has sufficient cash on demand to meet expected operational cash flows, including servicing of financial obligations. This includes maintenance of statement of financial position liquidity ratios, debtors and creditors concentration both in terms of overall funding mix and avoidance of undue reliance on large individual customer. The Company also maintains various lines of credit with banking companies.

37.3 Market risk

37.3.1Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. Currency risk arises from sales, purchases and resulting balances that are denominated in a currency other than functional currency.

(a) Exposure to currency risk

The Company's exposure to currency risk as at the reporting date is as follows:



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

			2018		
	CHF	JPY	Euro	USD	Total
Financial assets	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Trade debts	-	-	-	445,759,909	445,759,909
Bank balances	-	-	-	650,417	650,417
	-	-	-	446,410,326	446,410,326
Financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-
Net balance sheet exposure	-	-	-	446,410,326	446,410,326
Foreign currency commitments	-	(10,070,800)	(4,208,855)	(1,722,926,727)	(1,737,206,382)
Net exposure	-	(10,070,800)	(4,208,855)	(1,276,516,401)	(1,290,796,056)
			2017		
	CHF	JPY	Euro	USD	Total
Financial assets	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Trade debts	-	-	-	186,475,712	186,475,712
Bank balances	-	_	-	1,140,593	1,140,593
	-	-	-	187,616,305	187,616,305
Financial liabilities		-	-	-	
Net balance sheet exposure	-	-	-	187,616,305	187,616,305
Foreign currency commitments	(14,267,500)	(15,243,310)	(3,798,423)	(61,782,226)	(95,091,459)
Net exposure	(14,267,500)	(15,243,310)	(3,798,423)	125,834,079	92,524,846

(b) Exchange rates applied as at the reporting date

The following spot exchange rates were applied as at the reporting date.

	2018		2017	
	Assets Rupees	Liabilities Rupees	Assets <i>Rupees</i>	Liabilities <i>Rupees</i>
CHF	-	122.32		109.75
JPY	-	1.10	-	0.94
Euro	-	141.57	-	120.14
USD	121.40	121.60	104.80	105.00

(c) Sensitivity analysis

A ten percent appreciation in Pak Rupee against the US \$ would have decreased profit for the year by Rs. 44.641 million (2017: Rs. 18.761 million). A ten percent depreciation in Pak Rupee would have had an equal but opposite effect on profit for the year. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores the impact, if any, on provision for taxation for the year.

(d) Currency risk management

The Company manages its exposure to currency risk through continuous monitoring of expected/forecast committed and non-committed foreign currency payments and receipts. Reports on forecast foreign currency transactions, receipts and payments are prepared on monthly basis, exposure to currency risk is measured and appropriate steps are taken to ensure that such exposure is minimized while optimizing return. This includes matching of foreign currency liabilities/payments to assets/receipts and using source inputs in foreign currency.

37.3.2 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair values or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in interest rates.

(a) Interest/markup/profit bearing financial instruments

The effective interest/markup/profit rates for interest/markup/profit bearing financial instruments are mentioned in relevant notes to the financial statements. The Company's interest/markup/profit bearing financial instruments as at the reporting date are as follows:



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

Fixed rate instruments	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Financial assets Financial liabilities	- 1,311,114,392	- 1,303,016,956
<i>Variable rate instruments</i> Financial assets Financial liabilities	70,031,650 3,681,806,848	54,074,816 1,979,116,883

(b) Fair value sensitivity analysis for fixed rate instruments The Company does not account for fixed rate financial assets and liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

(c) Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable rate instruments

An increase of 100 basis points in interest rates as at the reporting date would have decreased profit for the year by Rs. 36.12 million (2017: Rs. 19.25 million). A decrease of 100 basis points wound have had an equal but opposite effect on profit for the year. The analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign exchange rates, remain constant and ignores the impact, if any, on provision for taxation for the year.

(d) Interest rate risk management

The Company manages interest rate risk by analyzing its interest rate exposure on a dynamic basis. Cash flow interest rate risk is managed by simulating various scenarios taking into consideration refinancing, renewal of existing positions and alternative financing. Based on these scenarios, the Company calculates impact on profit after taxation and equity of defined interest rate shift, mostly 100 basis points.

37.3.3 Price risk

Price risk represents the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices, other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments. The Company is not exposed to price risk since the fair values of the Company's financial instruments are not based on market prices.

38 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital and level of dividends to ordinary shareholders. The Company seeks to keep a balance between the higher return that might be possible with higher level of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Company monitors capital using the gearing ratio which is debt divided by total capital employed. Debt comprises long term finances including current maturity. Total capital employed includes total equity as shown in the statement of financial position plus debt. The Company's strategy is to maintain an optimal capital structure in order to minimize cost of capital. Gearing ratio of the Company as at the reporting date is as follows:

	Unit	2018	2017
Total debt	Rupees	1,846,458,905	2,039,332,845
Total equity	Rupees	3,251,804,648	2,973,278,561
		5,098,263,553	5,012,611,406
Gearing		36.22%	40.68%

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the year. The Company is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements, except those, related to maintenance of debt covenants, commonly imposed by the providers of debt finance.

39 FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

39.1 Financial Instruments

There are no recurring or non-recurring fair value measurements as at the reporting date. The management considers the carrying amount of all the financial instruments to approximate their fair values.

39.2 Assets and liabilities other than financial instruments.

None of the assets and liabilities other than financial instruments are measured at fair value.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

40 RESTRICTION ON TITLE, AND ASSETS MORTGAGED/PLEDGED AS SECURITY

Mortgages and charges	2018 Rupees	2017 Rupees
Charge over current assets Charge over fixed assets	6,289,666,667 3,478,000,000	-) -))

41 REMUNERATION OF CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTORS AND EXECUTIVES

The aggregate amount charged to profit or loss in respect of chief executive, directors and executives on account of managerial remuneration, allowances and perquisites, post employment benefits and the number of such directors and executives is as follows:

		2018	
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Managerial remuneration	7,800,000	15,600,000	18,412,073
Allowances and perquisites	-	-	2,402,895
Post employment benefits	-	-	10,828,750
	7,800,000	15,600,000	31,643,718
Number of persons	1	2	9
		2017	
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Managerial remuneration	6,800,000	13,600,000	25,835,469
Allowances and perquisites	-		19,092,632
Post employment benefits	-	-	3,744,008
	6,800,000	13,600,000	48,672,109
Number of persons	1	2	36

42 EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING PERIOD

The Board of Directors in their meeting held on September 27, 2018 has proposed dividend on ordinary shares at Rs. 23.00 per ordinary share of Rs. 10 each. The proposed dividend is subject to approval of the Company's shareholders in the forthcoming annual general meeting and has not been included as a liability in the financial statements.

43 SEGMENT INFORMATION

43.1 Products and services from which reportable segments derive their revenues

Information reported to the Company's chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance is focused on type of goods supplied. The Company's reportable segments are therefore as follows:

Segment	Product
Spinning	Yarn
Weaving	Fabric

Information regarding Company's reportable segments is presented below.



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

43.2 Information about reportable segments

		2018	
	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Revenue from external customers	7,621,909,996	2,635,524,043	10,257,434,039
Intersegment revenues	193,152,393	-	193,152,393
Depreciation	284,390,643	102,273,967	386,664,610
Segment results	666,250,058	59,986,698	726,236,756
Segment assets	7,294,516,948	1,662,110,515	8,956,627,463
Segment liabilities	501,257,156		757,294,177
Interest income	2,519,350		2,532,055
Additions to non-current assets	78,132,456	12,719,324	90,851,780
Disposals of property, plant and equipmet	2,246,459	4,279,072	6,525,531
		2017	
	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Spinning Rupees	Weaving Rupees	Total Rupees
Revenue from external customers	Rupees	0	
Revenue from external customers Intersegment revenues	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
	Rupees 5,585,301,315	Rupees	Rupees 8,064,238,429
Intersegment revenues	Rupees 5,585,301,315 65,777,843	Rupees 2,478,937,114 - 97,889,516	Rupees 8,064,238,429 65,777,843
Intersegment revenues Depreciation	Rupees 5,585,301,315 65,777,843 263,036,001 398,484,829	Rupees 2,478,937,114 - 97,889,516	Rupees 8,064,238,429 65,777,843 360,925,517
Intersegment revenues Depreciation Segment results	Rupees 5,585,301,315 65,777,843 263,036,001 398,484,829	Rupees 2,478,937,114 - 97,889,516 169,432,479 1,752,426,809	Rupees 8,064,238,429 65,777,843 360,925,517 567,917,308
Intersegment revenues Depreciation Segment results Segment assets	Rupees 5,585,301,315 65,777,843 263,036,001 398,484,829 4,954,154,963	Rupees 2,478,937,114 - 97,889,516 169,432,479 1,752,426,809	Rupees 8,064,238,429 65,777,843 360,925,517 567,917,308 6,706,581,772
Intersegment revenues Depreciation Segment results Segment assets Segment liabilities	Rupees 5,585,301,315 65,777,843 263,036,001 398,484,829 4,954,154,963 344,448,076	Rupees 2,478,937,114 - 97,889,516 169,432,479 1,752,426,809 205,535,395 -	Rupees 8,064,238,429 65,777,843 360,925,517 567,917,308 6,706,581,772 549,983,471

The accounting policies of the reportable segments are the same as the Company's accounting policies. Segment results represent operating profit earned by the segment. This is the measure reported to the chief operating decision maker for the purpose of resource allocation and assessment of segment performance.

43.3 Reconciliations of reportable segment information

43.3.1Segment revenues

		2018	
	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
tal for reportable segments	7,815,062,389	2,635,524,043	10,450,586,432
r-segment revenues	(193,152,393)	-	(193,152,393)
al for the Company	7,621,909,996	2,635,524,043	10,257,434,039

		2017	
	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Total for reportable segments	5,585,301,315	2,478,937,114	8,130,016,272
Inter-segment revenues	-	-	(65,777,843)
Total for the Company	5,585,301,315	2,478,937,114	8,064,238,429



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

43.3.2 Segment assets

		2018	
	Spinning <i>Rupees</i>	Weaving <i>Rup</i> ees	Total <i>Rupees</i>
Total for reportable segments	7,294,516,948	1,662,110,515	8,956,627,463
Unallocated assets Long term deposits Advance income tax/income tax refundable			14,144,095 334,546,794
Total for the Company	7,294,516,948	1,752,426,809	9,305,318,352
		2017	
	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Total for reportable segments Unallocated assets	4,895,040,551	1,752,426,809	6,706,581,772
Long term deposits			14,154,095
Advance income tax/income tax refundable			360,939,015
Total for the Company	4,895,040,551	1,752,426,809	7,081,674,882

43.3.3 Segment liabilities

	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Total for reportable segments	501,257,156	256,037,021	757,294,177
Un-allocated liabilities			
Long term finances			1,846,458,905
Deferred taxation			217,070,897
Short term borrowings			3,146,462,335
Accrued interest/mark-up			38,781,113
Workers' Profit Participation Fund			27,111,848
Workers' Welfare Fund			16,456,456
Unclaimed dividend			3,877,973
Total for the Company			6,053,513,704

		2017	
	Spinning	Weaving	Total
	Rupees	Rupees	Rupees
Total for reportable segments	290,038,750	205,535,395	549,983,471
Un-allocated liabilities			
Long term finances			2,039,332,845
Deferred taxation			213,446,263
Short term borrowings			1,242,800,994
Accrued interest/mark-up			30,863,256
Workers' Profit Participation Fund			20,154,971
Workers' Welfare Fund			8,555,932
Unclaimed dividend			3,258,589
Total for the Company			4,108,396,321

43.4 Geographical information

The Company's operations are not distributed geographically.

43.5 Information about significant customers

There is no single significant external customer to whom sales in excess of 10% of the Company's total sales were made during the year.

2018



Notes to and forming part of financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018

44 SHARES IN THE COMPANY HELD BY ASSOCIATED COMPANIES

Faisal Spinning Mills Limited, an associated company, holds 1,189,160 (2017: 1,189,160) ordinary shares of Rs. 10 each in the Company.

45 PLANT CAPACITY AND ACTUAL PRODUCTION

Spinning	Unit	2018	2017
Number of spindles installed	No.	68,640	68,640
Plant capacity on the basis of utilization converted into 20s count	Kgs'000	23,405	23,405
Actual production converted into 20s count	Kgs'000	25,240	21,911
Weaving			
Number of looms installed	No.	140	140
Plant capacity on the basis of utilization converted into 50 picks	Mtrs'000	20,352	20,352
Actual production converted into 50 picks	Mtrs'000	26,942	14,507

It is difficult to precisely compare production capacity and the resultant production converted into base count in the textile industry since it fluctuates widely depending on various factors such as count of yarn spun, raw materials used, spindle speed and twist, picks etc. It would also vary according to the pattern of production adopted in a particular year.

46 NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

	Factory	Factory		office
	2018	2017	2018	2017
Total number of employees	1,276	1,252	76	77
Average number of employees	1,275	1,226	75	76

47 RECLASSIFICATIONS

The following have been reclassified for better presentation.

Particulars	From	То	2018	2017
Unclaimed dividend	Trade and other payables	Statement of Financial Position	3,877,973	3,258,589
Long term payable - Gas Infrastructure	Trade and other payables	Deferred liabilities	113,450,311	69,683,970

Development Cess

48 RECOVERABLE AMOUNTS AND IMPAIRMENT

As at the reporting date, recoverable amounts of all assets/cash generating units are equal to or exceed their carrying amounts, unless stated otherwise in these financial statements.

49 GENERAL

49.1 Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupee.

49.2 Comparative figures have been rearranged and reclassified, where necessary, for the purpose of comparison. However, there were no significant reclassifications during the year other than those referred to in note 47.

Mohammad Amin Chief Executive

Karachi Date: September 27th, 2018

Gel 4 ø

Mohammad Salim Director

Abdul Basit Janjua Chief Financial Officer



NUMBER OF	NUMBER OF SHARE HOLDING		TOTAL
SHAREHOLDERS	FROM	то	SHARES HELD
384	1	100	12,128
152	101	500	59,998
24	501	1000	21,530
44	1001	5000	120,900
2	5001	10000	14,144
6	10001	15000	75,585
4	15001	20000	64,400
2	20001	25000	44,400
3	25001	30000	90,000
4	40001	45000	167,500
2	45001	50000	97,500
1	50001	55000	58,000
1	60001	65000	63,900
2	65001	70000	134,500
2	70001	75000	143,530
3	90001	95000	280,485
3	95001	100000	294,500
1	100001	105000	103,000
1	125001	130000	126,100
1	130001	135000	135,000
2	135001	140000	273,700
1	160001	165000	163,200
1	265001	270000	268,100
1	280001	285000	282,400
1	330001	335000	330,400
1	390001	395000	393,900
2	440001	445000	888,040
1	535001	540000	536,000
1	1185001	1190000	1,189,160
653			6,432,000

PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

* There is no shareholding in the slab not mantioned



LIST OF SHARE HOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

Sr #	Shareholder Category	Percentage	No. of Shares
1	ASSOCIATED COMPANIES UNDERTAKINGS AND RELATED PARTIES		
	M/S. FAISAL SPINNING MILLS LTD	18.49	1,189,160
	MR. MUHAMMAD SHAKEEL	0.47	30,000
	MR. FARRUKH SALEEM	1.41	91,000
	MR. YOUSUF SALEEM	1.96	126,100
	MR. SAQIB SALEEM	1.47	94,700
	MR. MUHAMMAD QASIM	4.17	268,100
	MR. FAISAL SHAKEEL	8.04	516,985
	MR. ABDULLAH BILAL	1.53	98,100
	MR. UMER KHURRAM	0.04	2,500
	MRS. NAZLI BEGUM	1.02	65,500
	MRS. SABA YOUSUF	1.80	116,094
	MRS. SABA SAQIB	2.29	147,494
	MRS. SADAF FARRUKH	2.35	151,194
	MRS. SUMBUL QASIM	1.09	70,285
2	CEO, DIRECTORS AND THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN		
	MR. MUHAMMAD SHAHEEN	1.07	69,000
	MR. MUHAMMAD SALEEM	0.78	50,000
	MR. MUHAMMAD SHARIF	0.04	2,500
	MR. KHURRAM SALEEM	0.99	63,900
	MR. HAMZA SHAKEEL	0.06	4,000
	MR. IQBAL MEHBOOB VOHRA	0.04	2,500
	MR. BILAL SHARIF	3.58	230,285
	MR. MUHAMMAD AMIN	4.39	282,400
	MR. ADIL SHAKEEL	6.91	444,300
	MRS. YASMIN BEGUM	0.65	42,000
	MRS. SEEMA BEGUM	0.63	40,600
	MRS. AMNA KHURRAM	2.73	175,803
	MRS. SAMIA BILAL	8.33	536,000
	MRS. FATIMA AMIN	5.14	330,400
	MASTER AZAAN BILAL	1.53	98,200
	MASTER ALI BILAL	1.53	98,200
3	BANKS, DEVELOPMENT FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS, NON BANKING		
	FINANCE INSTITUTIONS AND INSURANCE COMPANIES		
	STATE LIFE INSURANCE CORPORATION OF PAKISTAN	6.12	393,900
	NATIONAL BANK OF PAKISTAN	0.00	31



LIST OF SHARE HOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

Sr #	Shareholder Category	Percentage	No. of Shares
4	JOINT STOCK COMPANIES		
	SHAFI (PRIVATE) LIMITED	0.01	400
	M/S. MEHRAN SUGAR MILLS LIMITED	0.003	200
	M/S. KOHINOOR TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED	0.27	17,300
5	INDIVIDUAL SHAREHOLDERS	8.96	576,442
6	OTHER COMPANIES	0.10	6,427
	TOTAL	100.00	6,432,000
7	DETAIL OF TRADING IN THE SHARES BY THE DIRECTORS, CEO COMPANY SECRETARY AND THEIR SPOUSES AND MINOR CHILDREN	-	NIL
8	SHAREHOLDERS HOLDING 05% OR MORE		
	M/S. FAISAL SPINNING MILLS LTD	18.49	1,189,160
	STATE LIFE INSURANCE CORPORATION OF PAKISTAN	6.12	393,900
	MR. FAISAL SHAKEEL	8.04	516,985
	MR. ADIL SHAKEEL	6.91	444,300
	MRS. SAMIA BILAL	8.33	536,000
	MRS. FATIMA AMIN	5.14	330,400



CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS AS AT JUNE 30, 2018

SR #	CATEGORIES OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBERS OF SHAREHOLDERS	SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE %
1	Directors Chief Executive Officer their Spouses and minor children's	18	2,470,088	38.40
2	Associated Companies, Undertaking and Related Parties	18	2,967,212	46.13
3	Banks / Financial Institutions	1	31	0.00
4	Insurance Company	1	393,900	6.13
5	General Public / Individuals	606	576,442	8.96
6	Joint Stock Companies	3	17,900	0.28
7	Other Companies	6	6,427	0.10
		653	6,432,000	100.00

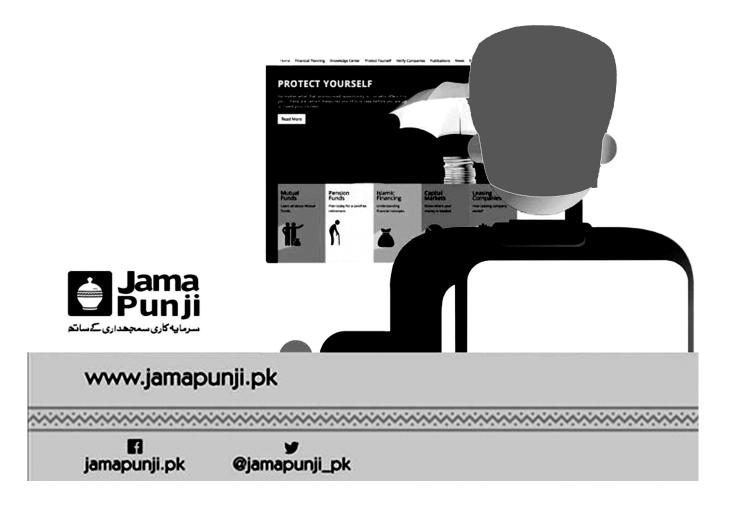


Spinning Unit 2018 2016 2013 2013 Spinnle installed 68,640 66,640 59,136 55,572 47,7616 Spinnle installed 68,640 66,640 59,136 55,572 47,7616 Conversion into 20/s count. Kg 23,405,000 21,015,867 21,015,867 21,015,867 21,015,867 21,015,867 21,015,867 20,0413,000 Actual production converted into 20/s rkg 25,240,000 21,911,000 20,978,751 19,394,197 18,657,200 16,220,000 Meaving Unit 410 140 139 138 138 Installed capacity after conversion into 50 picks - Meter 20,332,500 19,771,0		Year wise Operating Data					
Spinitel installed Spinitel installed conversion into 20% court - Kg 68,640 68,640 59,136 59,136 55,872 47,616 Spinitel installed conversion into 20% court - Kg 23,405,000 23,405,000 21,015,867 21,015,867 20,101,687 21,015,867 20,413,000 Actual production converted into 20% court - Kg 25,240,000 21,911,000 20,979,751 19,934,197 18,657,200 16,220,000 Weaving Unit 140 140 139 138 136 136 Installed capacity after conversion into 50 picks. Meter 20,352,500 20,352,500 19,771,000 19,771,000 19,771,000 Profit and loss account 10,257,434 8,064,238 6,346,744 7,623,285 7,379,595 7,67,6769 Turnover (Net) 10,257,434 8,064,238 6,346,744 7,23,595 5,76,769 Turnover (Net) 10,257,443 8,064,75 24,613,561 18,080 22,174,305 519,115 Operating profit 690,724 643,520 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 <th></th> <th></th> <th>1</th> <th>Year Ende</th> <th>d 30th June</th> <th>1</th> <th></th>			1	Year Ende	d 30 th June	1	
Spindle installed spindles worked installed capacity after conversion into 20/s count - Kg Actual production converted into 20/s count - Kg Ari jet iooms worked Installed capacity after conversion into 50 picks - Meter Actual production converted into 50 picks - Meter into 00 picks - Meter into 00	Spinning Unit	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Spindles worked Installed capacity after conversion Into 20/s court - Kg Actual production converted Into 20s - Kg 68,640 68,640 59,136 59,136 55,872 47,616 Actual production converted Into 20s - Kg 23,405,000 23,405,000 21,015,867 11,85 21,857,000 13,857,000 13,857,000 13,857,000 13,857,000 13,977,1000 19,771,000		68,640	68,640	59,136	59,136	55,872	47,616
conversion into 20is count - Kg 23,405,000 21,015,867 21,015,867 21,015,867 21,015,867 21,015,867 20,413,000 Actual production converted into 20is - Kg 25,240,000 21,911,000 20,979,751 19,934,197 18,657,200 16,220,000 Mari pt looms installed 140 140 139 139 136 136 Air pt looms installed 140 140 139 139 136 136 Actual production converted to 50 picks - Meter 20,352,500 19,771,000 </td <td></td> <td>68,640</td> <td>68,640</td> <td>59,136</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>47,616</td>		68,640	68,640	59,136			47,616
Into 20s - Kg 25,240,000 21,911,000 20,979,751 19,934,197 18,657,200 16,220,000 Weaving Unit 140 140 139 139 136 136 Air jet looms worked 140 140 139 139 136 136 Installed capacity after conversion into 50 picks - Meter 20,352,500 19,771,000 19,771,000 19,771,000 19,771,000 Profit and loss account 20,694,2000 14,491,059 11,634,888 11,456,148 19,775,500 19,771,000 Profit and loss account 10,257,434 8,064,238 521,155 650,250 7,743,955 5,765,769 Operating profit 60,724 54,551 28,648 379,268 486,438 522,917 Frincial account 368,475 245,779 94,938 82,001 233,536 399,014 Cash divided 147,956 9,8410 32,160 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 <	conversion into 20/s count - Kg	23,405,000	23,405,000	21,015,867	21,015,867	21,015,867	20,413,000
Air jet looms installed 140 140 139 139 136 136 Air jet looms worked 140 140 139 139 136 136 Installed capcity after conversion into 50 picks - Meter 20,352,500 20,352,500 19,771,000 19,771,000 19,771,000 Profit and loss account 20,352,500 20,352,500 5,765,769 7,379,595 5,765,769 Gross profit 10,71,515 798,444 521,135 550,230 7,379,596 5,765,769 Profit and loss account 10,257,434 8,064,238 6,846,744 7,623,285 7,379,596 5,765,769 Profit before tax 503,396 377,493 119,076 228,790 444,624 Profit after tax 368,475 245,797 94,938 82,001 233,536 399,081 Cash dividend 147,936 98,10 32,160 32,160 32,160 32,160 32,160 32,160 32,160 32,160 32,160 32,160 32,160 32,160,300 2,678,411 2,619,025		25,240,000	21,911,000	20,979,751	19,934,197	18,657,200	16,220,000
Air jet looms worked Installed capacity after conversion Into 50 prcks. Meter Actual production converted to 50 prcks. Meter 140 140 139 139 136 136 Profit and loss account 20,352,500 20,352,500 19,771,000 19,771,000 19,771,000 19,771,000 Profit and loss account Year wise Financial Data (50,016) Year wise Financial Data (50,016) 774,305 57,65,769 Gross profit 10,257,434 6,042,386 6,846,744 7,623,285 7,73,959 5,765,769 Financial expenses 10,071,515 796,444 521,135 766,2385 7,73,959 5,765,769 Profit after tax 503,936 377,493 127,444 521,010 228,790 444,624 Balance Sheet 5 545,793 99,410 32,160 23,2160 23,2160 243,203 443,624 Share Capital 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 62,0100 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000<	Weaving Unit						
Installed capacity after conversion into 50 picks - Meter 20,352,500 19,771,000 19,771,000 19,771,000 Actual production converted to 50 picks - Meter 26,942,000 14,491,059 11,634,888 11,456,148 19,735,000 Profit and loss account Vear wise Financial Base 7,632,285 7,379,595 5,765,769 Gross profit 10,257,434 8,064,238 6,846,744 7,623,285 7,379,595 5,765,768 Operating profit 660,724 543,851 266,346 379,266 466,438 582,917 Financial expenses 186,778 166,053 168,906 260,100 257,648 138,293 Profit baffer tax 368,475 245,797 94,938 82,011 233,558 399,081 Cash dividend 147,936 98,410 32,160 16,080 32,160 Balance Sheet 0 2,400,00 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,400,000 Share Capital 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320	Air jet looms installed	140	140	139	139	136	136
conversion into 60 picks - Meter 20,352,500 19,771,000 19,771,000 19,771,000 19,771,000 Actual production converted to 50 picks - Meter 26,942,000 14,491,059 11,634,888 11,454,148 19,735,000 19,771,000 2,750,050 2,750,050 2,750,050 2,750,050 2,750,050 2,750,050 2,750,050 2,750,050	Air jet looms worked	140	140	139	139	136	136
to 50 picks - Meter 26,942,000 14,491,059 11,634,888 11,456,188 17,35,000 19,735,000 Profit and loss account Year wise Financial Dat Year wise Financial Dat Vear wise Financial Control Cont Control	conversion into 50 picks - Meter	20,352,500	20,352,500	19,771,000	19,771,000	19,771,000	19,771,000
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Gross profit 1,071,515 795,444 521,135 650,200 774,305 819,115 Operating profit 690,724 543,551 296,346 379,266 486,438 138,293 Profit before tax 503,936 377,493 127,440 119,076 228,790 444,624 Profit after tax 503,936 377,493 127,440 119,076 228,790 444,624 Profit after tax 503,936 377,493 127,440 119,076 228,790 444,624 Share Capital 64,320	Profit and loss account			Year wise F	inancial Data	а	
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Financial expenses 186,788 166,058 188,906 260,190 257,648 138,293 Profit before tax 503,936 377,493 127,440 119,076 228,790 444,624 Profit flee tax 368,475 245,797 94,393 82,001 233,536 399,081 Cash dividend 147,936 98,410 32,160 32,160 16,080 32,160 Balance Sheet Stare Capital 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 2,600,000 2,600,000 2,600,000 2,000,00	•						
Profit before tax 503,936 377,493 127,440 119,076 228,790 444,624 Profit after tax 368,475 245,797 94,938 82,001 233,536 399,081 Cash dividend 147,936 98,410 32,160 16,080 32,160 Balance Sheet 64,320 64,421 1,35,61 1,361,40 1,321,203 472,720 747,765 62,720 25,55,76 62,740 1,765 1,404,99							
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Cash dividend 147,936 99,410 32,160 32,160 16,080 32,160 Balance Sheet Share Capital 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 64,320 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,500,000 2,300,000 Shareholder equity 3,251,805 2,973,279 2,759,050 2,678,841 2,619,025 2,421,221 Long term liabilities 1,543,020 1,817,591 1,376,316 1,063,744 1,321,203 475,706 Short term loan 3,146,462 1,242,801 1,765,146 1,038,510 1,404,997 1,149,966 Current portion of long 3903,439 221,742 254,009 280,492 274,746 160,272 Fixed assets 5,595,552 3,897,891 3,512,679 3,052,232 3,237,433 1,994,405 Current assets 5,695,622 3,169,630 2,593,542 1,877,665 2,217,505 2,147,819 Ratios 10.450 9.86% 7.61% 8.53%							
Balance Sheet International and the serves Internatesets Internatesets <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>,</td><td></td><td></td></t<>					,		
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Reserves 3,000,000 2,800,000 2,600,000 2,500,000 2,300,000 Shareholder equity 3,251,805 2,973,279 2,759,050 2,678,841 2,619,025 2,421,221 Long term liabilities 1,543,020 1,817,591 1,376,316 1,063,744 1,321,203 475,706 Short term loan 3,146,462 1,242,801 1,153,712 380,500 682,904 627,290 Current portion of long term loans 303,439 221,742 254,009 280,492 274,746 160,272 Fixed assets 3,595,552 3,897,891 3,512,679 3,052,232 3,237,433 1,994,405 Current assets 5,695,622 3,169,630 2,593,542 1,877,665 2,217,505 2,147,819 Ratios Performance Sales growth percentage - Year to Year basis 27,20% 17,78% -10,19% 3,30% 27,99% 5,83% Gross profit (%) 10,45% 9,86% 7,61% 8,53% 10,49% 14,21% Profit before tax (%) 3,59% 3.05% <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>							
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Current portion of long term loans 303,439 221,742 254,009 280,492 274,746 160,272 Fixed assets 3,595,552 3,897,891 3,512,679 3,052,232 3,237,433 1,994,405 Current assets 5,695,622 3,169,630 2,593,542 1,877,665 2,217,505 2,147,819 Ratios Performance Sales growth percentage - Year to Year basis 27.20% 17.78% -10.19% 3.30% 27.99% 5.83% Gross profit (%) 10.45% 9.86% 7.61% 8.53% 10.49% 14.21% Profit before tax (%) 4.91% 4.68% 1.86% 1.66% 3.10% 7.71% Profit dafter tax (%) 3.59% 3.05% 1.39% 1.08% 3.16% 6.92% Breakup value per share - Rupees per share 505.57 462.26 428.96 416.49 407.19 376.43 Market value of share - at the year end - Rupees per share 55.30 240.36 150.00 146.00 151.96 118.00 Earnings per share - Rupees 57.29 <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>							
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Current assets 5,695,622 3,169,630 2,593,542 1,877,665 2,217,505 2,147,819 Ratios Performance Sales growth percentage - Year to Year basis 27,20% 17,78% -10.19% 3.30% 27.99% 5.83% Gross profit (%) 10.45% 9.86% 7.61% 8.53% 10.49% 14.21% Profit before tax (%) 4.91% 4.68% 1.86% 1.56% 3.10% 7.71% Profit after tax (%) 3.59% 3.05% 1.39% 1.08% 3.16% 6.92% Breakup value per share - Rupees per share 505.57 462.26 428.96 416.49 407.19 376.43 Market value of share - at the year end - Rupees per share 355.30 240.36 150.00 146.00 151.96 118.00 Earnings per share 57.29 38.21 14.76 12.75 36.31 62.05 Price earning ratio 1.54 1.10 1.01 0.64 0.87 0.52 Debt to equity (%) 1.54 1.10	term loans						
Ratios Performance Sales growth percentage - Year to Year basis 27.20% 17.78% -10.19% 3.30% 27.99% 5.83% Gross profit (%) 10.45% 9.86% 7.61% 8.53% 10.49% 14.21% Profit before tax (%) 4.91% 4.68% 1.86% 1.56% 3.10% 7.71% Profit after tax (%) 3.59% 3.05% 1.39% 1.08% 3.16% 6.92% Breakup value per share - Rupees per share 505.57 462.26 428.96 416.49 407.19 376.43 Market value of share - at the year end - Rupees per share 355.30 240.36 150.00 146.00 151.96 118.00 Earnings per share 57.29 38.21 14.76 12.75 36.31 62.05 Price earning ratio 6.20 6.29 10.16 11.45 4.19 1.90 Leverage							
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Sales growth percentage - Year to Year basis 27.20% 17.78% -10.19% 3.30% 27.99% 5.83% Gross profit (%) 10.45% 9.86% 7.61% 8.53% 10.49% 14.21% Profit before tax (%) 4.91% 4.68% 1.86% 1.56% 3.10% 7.71% Profit after tax (%) 3.59% 3.05% 1.39% 1.08% 3.16% 6.92% Breakup value per share - Rupees per share 505.57 462.26 428.96 416.49 407.19 376.43 Market value of share - at the year end - Rupees per share 355.30 240.36 150.00 146.00 151.96 118.00 Earnings per share - Rupees per share 57.29 38.21 14.76 12.75 36.31 62.05 Price earning ratio 6.20 6.29 10.16 11.45 4.19 1.90 Leverage 3.70 3.27 1.75 3.46 1.89 4.22 Debt to equity (%) 47.45% 61.13% 49.88% 39.71% 50.45% 19.65% Interest covering ratio 3.70 3.27							
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Profit before tax (%)4.91%4.68%1.86%1.56%3.10%7.71%Profit after tax (%)3.59%3.05%1.39%1.08%3.16%6.92%Breakup value per share - Rupees per share505.57462.26428.96416.49407.19376.43Market value of share - at the year end - Rupees per share355.30240.36150.00146.00151.96118.00Earnings per share - Rupees per share57.2938.2114.7612.7536.3162.05Price earning ratio6.206.2910.1611.454.191.90LeverageU1.541.101.010.640.870.52Debt to equity (%)47.45%61.13%49.88%39.71%50.45%19.65%Interest covering ratio3.703.271.751.461.894.22Liquidity ratio1.431.721.471.811.581.88							
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per share 57.29 38.21 14.76 12.75 36.31 62.05 Price earning ratio 6.20 6.29 10.16 11.45 4.19 1.90 Leverage Image		355.30	240.36	150.00	146.00	151.96	118.00
Price earning ratio 6.20 6.29 10.16 11.45 4.19 1.90 Leverage 1.54 1.10 1.01 0.64 0.87 0.52 Gearing ratio 47.45% 61.13% 49.88% 39.71% 50.45% 19.65% Interest covering ratio 3.70 3.27 1.75 1.46 1.89 4.22 Liquidity ratio 1.43 1.72 1.47 1.81 1.58 1.88		57.29	38.21	14.76	12.75	36.31	62.05
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Interest covering ratio 3.70 3.27 1.75 1.46 1.89 4.22 Liquidity ratio 1.43 1.72 1.47 1.81 1.58 1.88	Gearing ratio	1.54	1.10	1.01	0.64	0.87	0.52
Interest covering ratio 3.70 3.27 1.75 1.46 1.89 4.22 Liquidity ratio 1.43 1.72 1.47 1.81 1.58 1.88	-	47.45%	61.13%	49.88%	39.71%	50.45%	19.65%
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Current ratio 1.43 1.72 1.47 1.81 1.58 1.88	Ū.						
ANNUAL REPORT 2018 61		1.43	1.72	1.47	1.81	1.58	1.88
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JamaPunji

Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan's Landmark Initiative for Investor Education





ا گیزیکٹوڈائر کیٹرز کے معاوضے کے طور مارکیٹ مسابقت میں کیساں کمپنیاں ایک جیسی ہے جس کوسا منے رکھتے ہوئے کی طرف سے متعین کی جاتی ہے، کی حالت میں بھی مہارت کی سطح کوسا منے رکھتے ہوئے ، تجربہ، بورڈ اسائمنٹس اور سالانہ اجلاسوں کی گنجائش ہے۔

ہررک جو بورڈ کی ملاقات میں منظور کیا ہے کی طرف سے تبحویز کردہ مقررہ ماہانتہ خواہ کی پیروی کے لئے منظوری کے ارکان کی طرف سے عام طور پرستحق اکیزیکٹوڈ ائر کیٹرز سے ملاقات۔

کوئی فیس یامزدوری داجب ہوگایا تو کرنے کے لئے غیرا کیزیکٹویا آزادڈائر کیٹرز ہیں۔

كاركردكيوں

ا کتوبر ,25 سیڈنی کوکی میقات بندی کی سالانہ جزل میٹنگ کے انفشام پر موجود کارکردگیوں بیٹھ کی فی رٹیولک رحمان سرفراز رحیم اقبال رفیق، چارٹرڈا کائٹٹس ریٹائر ہو گئے۔ اہل جارہا ہے، وہ اپنے آپ کو دوبارہ ملاقات کے لئے پیش کررہے ہیں۔ کمیٹی نے آڈٹ کی ند کورہ بالا بیٹھگ دف رخیولک رحمان سرفراز رحیم اقبال رفیق، تقرری چارٹرڈا کائٹٹس ، بیرونی آڈیٹر سال 30 جون 2019 کے خاتمے کے لئے کے طور پر تجویز دی۔ خارجی کارکردگیوں، بیٹھگ دف رخیولک رحمان سرفراز رحیم اقبال رفیق، تقرری چارٹرڈا کائٹٹس ، بیرونی آڈیٹر سال 30 جون 2019 کے خاتمے کے لئے کے طور پر تجویز دی۔ خارجی کارکردگیوں، بیٹھگ دف رخیولک رحمان سرفراز رحیم اقبال رفیق، تقرری چارٹر این میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں کوڈ کے اسٹی ٹیون آف کی میں میں میں کوڈ کائٹٹس کے پاکستان کی طرف سے اپنایاس اخلاقیات پر بین الاقوا می فیڈریشن این میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں کوڈ کے اسٹی ٹیون آف چارٹرڈا کائٹٹس کی پاکستان کی طرف سے اپنایاس اخلاقیات پر بین الاقوا می فیڈریشن کے این میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں میں کوڈ کے اسٹی ٹیون آف چارٹرڈا کائٹٹس کی پاکستان کی طرف سے اپنایاس اخلاقیات پر بین الاقوا می فیڈریشن کے اکنٹٹس کی ہدایات ۔ بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز بھی ہو محمان مرفراز دیم اقبال رفیق، کی تقرری چارٹرڈ کائٹٹس کی ہونے کی طرف سے اپنایاس اخلاقیات پر بین الاقوا می فیڈریشن کے سفارش کی گئی ہے۔

موادیں تبدیلیاں اور دعدے کوئی موادیس تبدیلیاں اور کمپنی کی مالی پوزیشن کو متاثر کرنے والے وعدوں کو کمپنی کی طرف سے مالی سال کے افقدام کے درمیان واقع ہوا ہے جو بیکنس شیٹ سے متعلق اور ڈائر کیٹرز کی رپورٹ کی رپورٹ کی تاریخ ہے۔

شکر بیر میں بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز، قابل قدرشار یہولڈرس، گا ہلوں، بینکاروں، سپلائرز اور دیگر اسٹیک ہولڈرز کے لئے اپنی جمایت، اعتباراوراعتمادانتہائی مقروض ہوں۔ میں بھی ان کی وفادار کالکن اور سخت محنت جو کمپنی اپنے مقاصد سے حصول کے لئے اہل کے لئے تمام ملاز مین کی تعریف۔

بحكم بورد MiAnny . فحرامين جف الكَزيكِثيو

م سلیم محمد سلیم ڈائریکٹر

كراچى27 ستمبر 2018ء



آ ڈٹ کمیٹی

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی جس کے چیئر مین ایک آ زاد ڈائر کیٹر ہے جبکہ تمام دوسرے غیرا گیز کیٹو ڈائر کیٹرز بیں اور بورڈ آف ڈائر کیٹرز کی طرف سے تفویض کردہ حوالہ کی شرائط کے تحت اپنی ذمہ داریاں discharge نتین ارکان پڑشتل ہوتا ہے۔

ہرسہ ماہی کے مالی نتائج کی منظوری کے لیے ملاقات کے علاوہ بھیٹی بھی سال میں ایک بار کفااور ایک بار بغیر بیرونی کارکرد گیوں کے ساتھ داخلی آڈیٹر کار پوریٹ کی ضرورت کے تحت ضابطہ طور پر کفااور بیرونی آڈیٹر کی موجود گی کے بغیر کے ساتھ ملاقات اسلوب حکمر انی ضابطہ ہے۔

آ ڈٹ کمیٹی مالی رپورٹنگ عمل، آ ڈٹ عمل،، نظام کی اندرونی کنٹرول اورقوا نین اور ضوابط کی تقربل کی نگرانی فراہم کرنے کے لیے تفکیل دیا ہے۔ کمیٹی نے آ ڈٹ پنجمنٹ اور کار پوریٹ گورنٹ کے کوڈ کی ضرورت کے طور پر کمیٹی کو طلح کیا کرنے کے لیے ضروری معاملات سمیت ہیرونی کارکرد گیوں کے ساتھ کے نتائج کا جائزہ۔

سمیٹی نے آ ڈٹ کونیمت اور ہر طح پراندرونی کنٹرول پڑمل در آ مدکا جائزہ کے لئے مضبوط اندرونی آ ڈٹ نظام قائم کیا ہے۔ آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کے اجلاس میں با قاعدہ دقفوں کے ساتھ کار پوریٹ گورنٹ کے ضابط اخلاق کے نقاضوں کی قتیل میں منعقد ہوئیں یے بوری اور سالانہ مالی گوشوارے آ ڈٹ کمیٹی کی منظوری کے بورڈ آ ف ڈائر بیٹرز سے پہلے جائزہ لیا گیا۔

انسانی وسائل اور صله مینی انسانی وسائل اور صله مینی) ہررک (نے تین ارکان کوجن کی اکثریت غیرا یکز کیلوڈائر یکٹرز ہیں جبکہ چیئر مین ایک آ زادڈائر یکٹر پر شتمل ہے۔آ واز اور مثر طلاز مین نے ترقیاتی پروگرام جوتمام وفاقی اور صوبائی قوانین اور ضوابط روزگار متاثر کھل طور پرخری ہونا چاہیے کہ باتی ہے کہ کیٹی قائم کی ہے۔

ہررک سیٹ اور سینٹرا بگزیکٹوافسران کے چیف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسرکوتفویض کردہ مقاصد واہداف کےخلاف کارکردگی کا ہے۔کمیٹی کوجومز دوری ڈائزیکٹرز اور سینئرا ہلکاروں کے لئے بورڈ اور کمیٹی کے ارکان کا تشخیص عمل کی سفارش بھی شامل ہے بورڈ آف ڈائزیکٹرز کی طرف سے تفویض کردہ حوالہ کی شرائط کے تحت چلاتا ہے۔

کاروباری ساتی ذمہداری کی پالیسی اس کمپنی کو CSR کی پالیسی سے ذریعے معروف رہتے بذات خود مجموعی طور پرفائد سے کے معاشر سے اور کمیونٹی کے لیے فلاحی خدمات کی طرح مختلف فورم پرکٹی پروگراموں میں ۔ بیآخرکار کار پوریشن جوملاز مین سے وصلے اپ کوفروغ دینے اور ملازم سے درمیان ایک مضبوط تعلق ہیدا کرتا ہے اوروہ دنیا بھر کے ان سے ساتھ زیادہ نسلک محسوس کرتے ہیں۔

صحت سیفٹی اور ماحولیات کی پالیسی کمپنی کوکمل طور پرصحت کے لئے طے کیا ہے اور سب کامعمل میں لاتا ہے کہ بات کو یقینی بنانے کا مقصد ہے کہ رحفاظتی اقدامات کو تحفوظ طریقے سے کیا جاتا ہے۔اسے ہٹایا خطرہ کم صحت، تمام ملاز مین، ٹھیکیداروں اورزائزین اور جو کاروباری امور کی طرف سے متاثر ہوسکتا ہے کہی اور کی حفاظت کے لیے ہرمکن کوشش بنادیا ہے۔اس کے علاوہ ،عنائت ماحولیاتی پنجمنٹ کے معیارات پیداوار کے کمل کے ماحولیاتی اثرات کو کم سے کم اور کس کی کارکردگی کو بہتر بنانے کی یقین دہانی۔

انسانی وسائل اثر پذیری کو بہتر بنانے اور کمپنی میں ہماری افرادی قوت کے معیار کو بڑھانے پرتوجہ دی۔تجربہ کاراورتعلیم یافتہ انسانی چیلنجوں کو پورا کرنے کے لئے وسائل کمپنی میں ملازم ہے۔کمپنی بھی کرنے کاارادہ رکھتی اپنی ٹیم کو صنبوط بنانے، تنظیم کے ڈھانچے اورتا شیر میں مزید کرنے کے طریقوں کو مرکز دگی کے اس جائزے کو استعال کریں۔

ا یگزیکوڈائر کیٹر سے بدلہ پالیس سے ڈائر کیٹر سے بدلہ فیچر تیاراور دفعات کمپنیوں ایک 2017 کمپنیوں کی تنظیم سے صفون کا بوارد سو بجیکٹ سے لئے انسانی وسائل اور صلہ کیٹی) ہررک (کی طرف سے سفارش کی جاتی ہےاورکار پوریٹ گورنٹ شوابط کا کوڈ۔



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شاريبولڈا تک کانمونہ

شار یہولڈانگ ادرشار یہولڈانگ کے اسلوب کے بارے میں اضافی معلومات کانمونہ علیحدہ علیحدہ سے منسلک ہے۔

متعلقه يار ٹی كے تمام متعلقه يارٹى لين دين (RPT) يس سيكور ٹيز اين يخ كميشن كى طرف سے پاكستان كے جارى كردہ مدايات كما حقد في سے پاكستى ش شامل كيا كيا ہے ايس آراد (1) 768 سیژنی اطلاع کے بموجب جگہ میں ایک بخت یا لیسی بے لین دین اور ریکارڈ کی دیکھ بھال۔

بورد كيشخص سمپنی بورڈ کے جائزے کے عمل اندرونی ریگولیٹن (۷)(3)10 کے ضابطہ کا بورڈ کی کارکردگی، بورڈ کے ارکان اوراس کمیٹی سے مبران کا اندازہ کے لئے کار پوریٹ گوزنس 2017 کی قتیل میں منعقد کرنے کی چالیں ہیں۔

ایک جامع جائزہ لینے عمل ہور ہا ہے، قانونی دستاویزات منٹ بورڈ اور کمیٹی میٹنگوں، جگہ اور دیگر صنی دستاویزات میں پالیسیاں اس وقت با ہرانتالا تک questionnaires، بورڈ اور کمیٹیوں کے ارکان سے بات چیت۔

بورڈ کی تفکیل کی تکرانی کلک 2017 نوڈ ائر کیٹرز کی بورڈ تحت 36 کی ضرورت کے طور برمندرجہ ذیل بر شتمل ہے۔

ېزرگ کوئې زمره صنفي کل آ زاد (i) ډائر يکثر مرد 1 (ii) ایگزیکٹوڈائریکٹرزم د3 ()غير -ايگزيکٹوڈائريکٹرزمرد5

بورڈ اور آ ڈٹ کمیٹی اجلاس

كميثياں مثاهيره يورد آف دائر يكثر افرادي قوت اور آثث شريک ثريک شركت ك_ابل شركت كالل شركت ك_ابل دائر يكثركانام شريک جناب محرسليم 4 4 _ جناب محمد شريف 4 4 جناب محد شابين _ --_ 4 4 جناب خرم سليم 2 2 6 6 4 4 جناب بلال شريف _ 6 _ 6 4 4 جنامحمرامين 4 -_ 4 _ جنابعادل شكيل 2 2 _ _ 4 4 جناب حمزه فثليل

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درج ذیل منعقداور 18-2017 کے دوران بورڈ آف ڈائر بیٹرز، آڈٹ کمیٹی اورانسانی وسائل & صلہ کمیٹی کی طرف سے شرکت کی ملاقات کی تعداد ہیں:

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جناب اقبال محبوب

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فيكسثائل سيكثر كى قبوليت

زرع ماہرین سے ملک میں کراپا تک پیرن آب وہوا کی موجودہ منفی اثر سے خاتمے سے لئے را ٹادنالیزا تک کی ضرورت پر زوردیا کہ مقامی زرعی شیسے پرتبدیل کریں۔وہ بھی خاص طور پر بوی تیزی سے کم آبی وسائل زراعت سے لئے زیادہ مزاحت کم استعال اورجلدی بنچ کی اقسام گندم، کپاس، گنا اور قیتی قدرتی وسائل سے تحفظ سے لئے کئی مارا تک پانی متعارف کرانے پر زوردیا اورانسانی استعال۔

مجموع طور پرزراعت کے شیسے بری طرح گرمی کی حالیہ اہر سے متاثر تقاادر پرالونگا نگ موسم کے پیٹرن ہے جور میڑھ کی ہتو کہ کی قومی کہیقور ملک کے طور پر گذم، دالیں ادر کپاس کی پیداوار کی طرح اہم نفذ فصلوں کو متاثر کرر ہاتھا۔ اس کے نیتیج میں، پیدادارکم کر دیا گیا اور پانی کی کی کی وجہ سے موسم کپاس کی ایک اور ہت کا سامنا کر نا پڑے گا کہ کے فیصد پانی کی کی اور پنجاب 42 کا سامنا کرے گا حالیہ موسم کے دوران فی صد، اس صورت حال کپاس مشوروں کے لئے پالیسی کا نتیجہ 16 فیصد کی علاقوں اور کیوں کی مقافل تقاضل تعامیں سند ھا در پڑی کی توقع سند ھے کہارے میں 45 کا سامنا کر نا پڑے گا کہ کے فیصد پانی کی کی اور پنجاب 42 کا سامنا کرے گا حالیہ موسم کے دوران فی صد، اس صورت حال کپاس مشوروں کے لئے پالیسی کا متیجہ 16 فیصد کی علاقوں اور کیون میں دیکھا تھا۔



مالی کے بیانات

کمپنیوں کے ایکٹ سے تحت درکار ہے، بطور 2017 سلنگ ریگولیشنز کے چیف ایگزیکٹوآ فیسر کے تباد لے اسٹاک کے نرخ اور چیف مالی افسر پیش مالی ہیانات کو کماحقہ زیر نیورا در بورڈ کی منظوری کے لیے اپنے متعلقہ دستخط کی توثیق ہدایت کارادرغوراد منظوری کے بعد بورڈ کے مالی ہیانات کے اجراادرگردش کے لئے دستخط مجاز بنا کمیں۔

سمپنی سے مالی بیانات کماحقہ کمپنی، رحمان سرفراز رحیما قبال رفیق، چارٹرڈا کانٹٹس کی کارکر د گیوں کی کا آڈٹ کیا گیا ہےاور کارکرد گیوں سال 30 جون سیڈنی سے خاتمے سے لیے پاک آڈٹ رپورٹ پر مالی بیانات جاری کیا ہےاورصاف بیان کے کوڈ کے کار پوریٹ گورٹن پرر پورٹ کا جائزہ لیس ۔ بیر پورٹیں مالی بیانات کے ساتھ نسلک ہیں۔

اکا نٹنگ کے معیارات کمپنی کے اکا نٹنگ پالیسیاں کمل طور پر کمپنیوں ایک ، 2017اوراس طرح منظور شدہ بین الاقوامی حمارات اور بین الاقوامی مالیاتی رپورٹنگ کے معیار کی ضروریات اس ایک کے تحت ہی نے ذریعے طلع کیا گیا ہے کے طور پر عکامی سیکور ٹیز اینچہ کمیشن آف پاکستان کی طرف سے جاری کردہ ہدایات۔

کپاس تجزیداگرچہ بارشیں معیار فسلول لیکن ختم آ پریشن اٹھا،صوف کی شرح کوآ گے بڑھانے حالیہ بارشوں میں ملک کے لیے فائدہ مند ہے۔کسانوں اور کاشت کاروں کے ان منفی پیش دفتوں خیال تو نہیں جود پانی کھیت میں کپاس کی فصل کو نقصان کر سکتے ہیں،مزید بارش موسم وائر س بھی کپاس کے معیار کو فقصان پنچ سکتا ہے۔

کپاس کی قیمتوں سندھ میں ابتدائی طور پر 8,200 کے اردگردتجارت تھ 9,500 کے گلاب تھا اور اب جبکہ پنجاب کے معیار پر مخصر کے لئے اس کے درمیان حدود اطلاق مانگنا فی 8,200 کے لئے اس کے درمیان حدود اطلاق مانگنا فی 8,200 کے لئے ال کی قدم بیار پر مخصر کے لئے اس کے درمیان حدود اطلاق مانگنا فی 8,200 کے لئے ال کی قدم بیار پر محصور کے لئے اس کے درمیان حدود اطلاق مانگنا فی 8,200 کے لئے ال کے درمیان حدود اطلاق مانگنا فی 8,200 کے لئے ال کی تو بی محمود میں معاد پر مخصور کے لئے اس کے درمیان حدود اطلاق مانگنا فی 8,200 کے لئے ال کی قدم بی معاد پر محمود محمود کے لئے ال کے درمیان حدود اطلاق مانگنا فی 8,200 کے لئے ال کی تو ب

یہآ گے چل کہ مقامی مارکیٹ میں قیمتیں مشحکم رجحان تھااوران کے منافع کو بڑھانے کے لئے زیادہ فصل اگانے کے لیے مقامی کاشت کاروں کے لیےا بک حوصلہ افزانشان نظر آئٹیں گے خیال کیا جاتا ہے۔

اس بے علاوہ بیسفارش کی جاتی کہ حکومت صنعت ضرورت ہے جس سے اردگرد 15.00 ملین بیلز کافی بطورخام مال کی دستیابی کودرآ مدی ڈیوٹی درآ مدشدہ خام کپاس پر عائذ نبیس چاہیے ہے۔

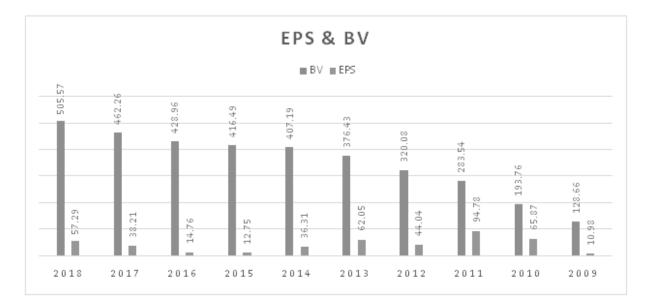
اقتصادی جائزہ کی ٹیکسٹائل کے شعبے میں پاکستان قوم خاک یوں ہےاوراب تاجروں ایک معاشی طور پر مضبوط پاکستان کی تعمیر کی طرف سے ترقی کی امید ہے کیکن اقتصادی مینچر کو پر بہت انحصار کرتا ہے کے طور پر پرامید مثبت تہدیلیاں سیڈنی انتخابات کے بعد کی ہے جامح اور پائیدار پالیسی میں منتقبل کے لیے ایجاد ہے۔

بیکونی رازنہیں یہ پیداوار اور برآ مدکے لئے آتا ہے جب پاکستان میں ٹیکسٹائل کی صنعت پہلے ہی چہرہ متعدد چینٹی ہے کہ ہے ، کاروبار کے خاص طور پر توانائی کے ٹیرف کے بڑھتے ہوئے اخراجات دیت نام، بھارت بنگلہ دیش اور چین جیسے علاقائی ساتھیوں کے مقابلے میں مسابقت کو نقصان پنچایا ہے۔

اس کے برعکس، رو پی تخفیف 14 کی طرف سے بڑھنے کی ٹیکسٹائل برآ مدات میں مدودی۔ 15 فی صدسال کے دوران مالی 1,303 18-2017 ارب روپ کے مقابلے میں گزشتہ مالی سال، پاکستان ہورو کے اعدادو شمار کے مطابق 1,488 ارب روپ کے لئے مقامی کرنی کے لحاظ سے ۔ پاک بڑے پیانے پر 18 فیصد تک جولائی 2017 کے دوران تمبر سیڈنی کرنے سے روپ 105 روپ 124 per ڈالرتقر بیا پذیر دو پید۔

تاہم، ڈالرکی اصطلاح میں 8.67 فیصداضافہ ہوا 13.53 ارب امریکی ڈالرگزشتہ مالی سال 12.45 ارب ڈالرمقابلے میں گزشتہ مالی جو بنیادی طور پروز ریاعظم جس کے تحت بعض رعایتوں اور ریبا میں ٹیکس دیلیفیا ککا گا کی وجہ سے سال کے دوران برآ مدات رجٹر ڈبرآ مدات کوفروغ دینے کی اجازت دے دی گئی ہے۔





اس کے علاوہ، ڈائر کیٹرز نے منتقبل میں کسی بھی نا گہانی مصیبت نا گہانی سے ملنے کے لئے جزل ریزرو کے لئے 200.000 ملین روپے کی رقم منتقل کرنے کے لئے تجویز پیش کی۔ حصہ داری اور بر یک اپ کی قدر کا اشتر اک کریں فی آ مدنی فی شیئر سال 30 جون 2018 کے خاتمے کے لیے کمانی روپ 27.50 سال 30 جون ، جہاں اسے 38.21 پر کھڑے 2017 مقابلے ہے۔ اسی طرح رجیم قدر حصہ سال 30 جون، سیڈنی کے خاتمے کے لئے فی PKR 505.57 سال 30 جون ، جہاں اسے 2011 مقابلے کیش فلو کے انتظام کے انتظام کی مکسی علی کی گھرانی اور کاروباری دارالحکومت سے انواز کی تو پی میں کا ڈو شیٹ کر ان کی میں کہاں میں میں میں میں کہ میں کہ میں میں میں میں کسی مقابلے ہے۔ لئے انتہائی مالی طور پرموثر انداز میں استعمال کرنے کے لئے زیاد کی کئی کی کہ کی روپ کا کہ مند پیدا کرتا ہے۔

سمپنی 90.852 ملین روپے کی طرف دارالحکومت کے اخراجات کی سرمایہ کاری کی ہے اور سال کے دوران طویل مدتی مالیات کی والیسی کے باعث روپے 221.742 ملین روپے 97.790 ثمرات کے طور پرشار یہولڈرس کودی جاتی ہے جبکہ جون سیڈنی ختم ہوئی۔

> س**اخت کی مالی امداد** ایک کمپنی کی مسادات اوراس قدرشار یہولڈرس کے لئے زیادہ سے زیادہ گاطرح قرض کا مجموعہ کے ساتھا س کی دارالحکومت ساخت کا انتظام کرتا ہے۔

طویل مدتی قرض 30 جون، سیڈنی ختم ہوگیا ہے کہ سال کے دوران 1,543.020 ملین متعلقہ مدت کے مقابلے میں جہاں یہ 1,817.591 ملین کھڑی ہے۔

اس دوران 1.10 بركفر يت جبكبر بجنونتاسب 1.54 مت كدوران 30 جون، سيدني اخترام بذير يوليا ب-

توسیع منصوب اور بمر بورڈ نے منظور تقریبا 369.50 ملین بمرکے لئے کارڈ کی درآ مدکے لئے سال کے دوران ، رنگ فریم کرتا ہے، خودکونار، کمپر یسر اورا خجن پلانٹ اور مشینری ٹیکنالو جی کی ترقی کے ساتھ نمٹنے کیلئے نہ ہی جدیدیت دنیا بھرکے۔

کر **پڑٹ ریٹنگ** - A کی حتمی درجہ بندی) A1 /داحدایک مانوس (A-One / کو کمپنی کی طرف ریٹنگ کمپنی میںار سے جکر .VIS- کی طرف سے تفویض کیا گیا ہیا شعر تفویض کردہ ریٹنگ " مشتحکم " ہے۔



دائر يكثرزى ريورك

محتر ماراكين آپ كى كمينى ك ذائر يكثرز بليد شيك الزلمين كمينى ك مالياتى بيان 30 جون 2018 ختم بولى سال ك لتے برآ ذف ريورف پيش كرنے ك لتے راضى بين -

2017 روپے	2018 روپ	مالی <i>نما تند</i> گ
8,064,238,429	10,257,434,039	فروخت
7,268,794,921	9,185,919,277	سامان کی قیمت فروخت
795,443,508	1,071,514,762	مجموعی منافع
35,742,158	3,830,127	شدوسرے آپریٹنگ آمدنی / دوسرے آپریٹنگ آمدنی
831,185,666	1,075,344,889	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *
150,627,722	227,393,453	تقشيم قيمت فروخت
112,640,636	121,714,680	ا نتظامی اخراجات
24,366,361	35,512,372	دوسرے آپریڈنگ اخراجات
166,058,495	186,788,164	ماليات کی قیمت
453,693,214	571,408,669	
377,492,452	503,936,220	می <i>س سے پہلے</i> نفع
		عمیس سے پہلے نفع عمیس کی دصولی کے لئے رزق
7,929,134	133,637,362	موجوده سال
-	-	گزشته سال
123,766,818	1,823,664	تاير
131,695,952	135,461,026	
368,475,194	368,461,026	قٹیس کے بعد فائدہ فی شیتر -باسا کنددلو مید آمد نی
38.21	57.29	فی شیئر -باسا کنددلومید آمدنی

ملکی آمدنی 8,064.238 ملین روپے سے PKR10، 257.434 پیگر دوت %27.20 ریو نیو میں سیلز اجزا کی لاگت پر کنٹرول کی دجہ سے رداں سال کے دوران پراپر ٹی ملین سے بڑھ گیا ہے، ایکیچنیخ حاصل اور برآ مدی فروخت پر چھوٹ۔

اس طرح مجموع منافع موجودہ سال میں فروخت کرنے کے لئے 10.45 فیصد کو پچھلے سال کے مقابلے میں جہاں اس ke9.86% پر کھڑا ہے۔

سمینی منافع 245.797 ملین روبے پر کھڑے تھے جبکہ سال 2017 مقابلے سیڈنی ختم ہوگیا کہ سال کے دوران PKR368.475 ملین کا منافع کمایا ہے۔

انس اور جزل ذخائر ہیت گزشتہ سال 2017 میں منافع 153.00 فیصد یعنی 15.30 روپے میں ۔فی شیئر کمپنی کی طرف سے ادانہیں کیا گیا ہے جبکہ رواں سال کے ڈائر یکٹرز کی بورڈ کے ایک ختمی نفتہ منافع 230 فیصد یعنی23.00 روپے فی شیئر کی آڈٹ کمیٹی کی منظوری کے شار یہولڈرس کے لئے سفارش میں آئندہ سالانہ مطابق سفارش کرنے کے لئے خوش ہیں عمومی اجلاس25 اکتوبر 2018 کو کی میقات بندی نہیں۔



PROXY FORM

being a member of BI	LESSED TEXTILES	LIMITED and hold	ler of		
ordinary share as per S	Share Register Folio N	0		_and/or CDC	C Participant
ID No	and Sub A	ccount No		her	reby appoint
Mr./Mrs./Miss		C	of		or failing
him/her		of			as my / our
proxy to act on my/our	behalf at the 31 st Ann	ual General Meetin	ng of the	Company to	o be held on
Thursday October 25t	h, 2018 at 16:30 a	at Umer House,	23/1, \$	Sector 23, S	S.M. Farooq
Road, Korangi Industria	al Area, Karachi. and/o	r at any adjournmer	nt therec	of.	
Road, Korangi Industria	al Area, Karachi. and/o	r at any adjournmer	nt therec	of.	
	al Area, Karachi. and/o	r at any adjournmer	nt therec	of. Affix	
WITNESS		r at any adjournmer	nt therec	Affix Rs. 5/-	
Road, Korangi Industria WITNESS Signature Name		r at any adjournmer	nt therec	Affix	
WITNESS Signature		r at any adjournmer	nt therec	Affix Rs. 5/- Revenue	
WITNESS Signature Name		r at any adjournmer	nt thereo	Affix Rs. 5/- Revenue	
WITNESS Signature Name		(S	ignature	Affix Rs. 5/- Revenue Stamp	
WITNESS Signature Name Address		(S	ignature	Affix Rs. 5/- Revenue Stamp	egistered

Notes:

If a member is unable to attend the meeting, they may complete and sign this form and sent it to the Company Secretary, **BLESSED TEXTILES LIMITED**, Umer House, 23/1, Sector 23, S.M. Farooq Road, Korangi Industrial Area, Karachi. so as to reach not less than 48 hours before the time scheduled for holding the meeting.

- (i) The Proxy form shall be witnessed by a person whose name, address and CNIC/Passport number should be stated on the form.
- (ii) Attested copy of CNIC or the Passport of the beneficial owner alongwith the Proxy form should also be submitted.
- (iii) The Proxy nominee shall produce his / her original CNIC or original Passport at the time of the meeting.
- (iv) In case of a Corporate entity, the Board of Directors Resolution/Power of Attorney with specimen signature should be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with Proxy form to the Company.



پر*ک*سی فارم

			میں
(شیئر کی تعداد)		باحنیت کے۔۔۔۔۔	کے رکن اور عام شیئر کے حامل کی
	اورذيلي اكاؤنث نمبر	اوراياس ڈی ی فوليوکا آ کی ڈی نمبر۔۔۔۔۔	رچشر کا فولیونمبر
وں ا کرتے ہیں۔	ماری طرف سے بحثیت اپنا پراکسی ، ووٹ دینے کے لئے نامز دکرتا ہ	2 اکتوبر 2018 کومنعقد ہوگا، میں میرے/ ^ہ ارے لئے اور میر ی <i>ا ہ</i>	کو مینی کے سالا نہ اچلاسِ جو 25
	ارل رفع بيك پي دِن الدون ديني اور دار	۲ ⁻ و رفا کو د شره دون یکی <u>بر س</u> ار کر کر در بر ک	⁽¹ , 0) <u>-</u> 0, 0, ∞ <u>-</u> 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0,

بتاريخُ2018-	
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::	گواہا
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ويتخط
ئام:
: <i>z</i> ç
كمپيوژائز قومى شاختى كارڈنمير:
 پاسپورٹ نمبر: ۔۔۔۔۔

دستخطشيئر مولذر

(د پنځط کا کمپنی میں رجسڑ ڈنمونے کے ہو بہومطابق ہونا ضروری ہے)

	دستخط:
	نام:
	پة
می شناختی کارڈنمیر:	كمپيوٹرا ئزقو
ÿ	پاسپورٹ نمب

نوٹ: نمائند ے کوفعال بنانے کے لئے نامزدگی کافارم میٹینگ سے کم از کم48 گھنے تل کمپنی کوموصول ہوجانا چاہے۔نمائند ے کوئپٹی کارکن ہوناضروری نہیں۔ سی ڈی سی شیئر ہولڈرزاوران نےنمائندوں سے فردافر دادرخواست ہے کہ وہ اپنے کمپیوٹرائز ڈتو می شناختی کارڈ نصدیق شدہ فقل یا پاسپورٹ، پراکسی فارم داخل کرنے سے قبل اس کے ساتھ منسلک کریں۔

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